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4122-LLJ3/LDH1-S00**

PREFACE

This Service Manual describes the technical features and servicing procedures for the KYMCO **People/People s 250**.

Section 1 contains the precautions for all operations stated in this manual. Read them carefully before any operation is started.

Section 2 is the removal/installation procedures for the frame covers which are subject to higher removal/installation frequency during maintenance and servicing operations.

Section 3 describes the inspection/adjustment procedures, safety rules and service information for each part, starting from periodic maintenance.

Sections 5 through 13 give instructions for disassembly, assembly and adjustment of engine parts. Section 14 is the removal/ installation of chassis. Section 16 states the testing and measuring methods of electrical equipment.

Most sections start with an assembly or system illustration and troubleshooting for the section. The subsequent pages give detailed procedures for the section.

The information and contents included in this manual may be different from the motorcycle in case specifications are changed.

KWANG YANG MOTOR CO., LTD.
OVERSEAS SALES DEPARTMENT
OVERSEAS SERVICE SECTION

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1

GENERAL INFORMATION

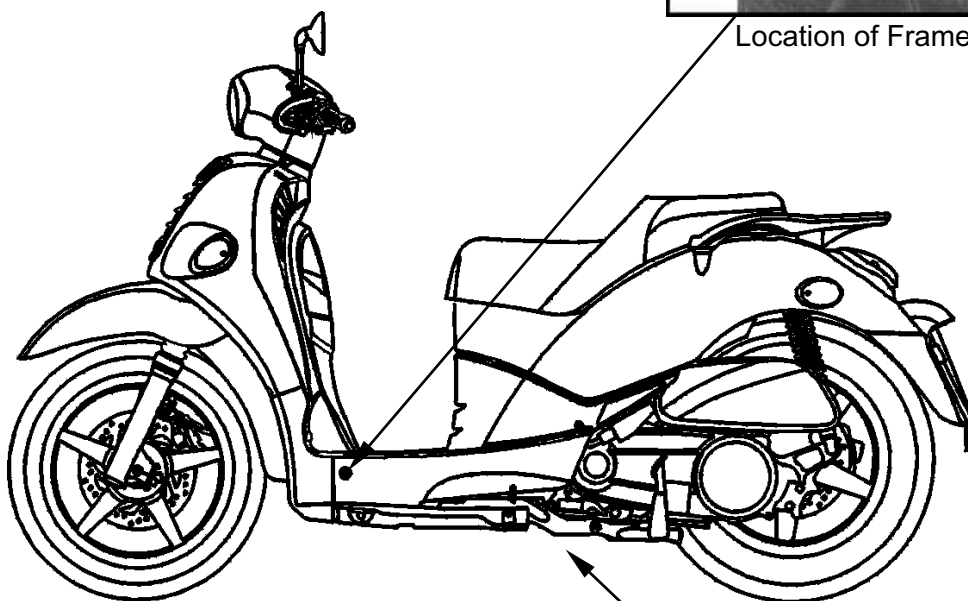
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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

SERIAL NUMBER



Location of Frame Serial Number



Location of Engine Serial Number

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

SPECIFICATIONS

Name & Model No.			BC50AA			
Motorcycle Name & Type			PEOPLE 250			
Overall length			2130mm			
Overall width			750mm			
Overall height			1170mm			
Wheel base			1430mm			
Engine type			Water cooled 4-stroke, OHC engine			
Displacement			251/249.1cc			
Fuel Used			92# unleaded gasoline			
1 person (55kg) weight (kg)	Front wheel	86				
	Rear wheel	127				
	Total	213				
2 person (110kg) weight(kg)	Front wheel	93				
	Rear wheel	175				
	Total	268				
Tires	Front wheel	110/70-16 52P				
	Rear wheel	140/70-16 65P				
Ground clearance			140mm			
Performance	Braking distance (m)		4.0m/30km/hr			
	Min. turning radius		2350mm			
Engine	Starting system		Starting motor			
	Type		Gasoline, 4-stroke			
	Cylinder arrangement		Single cylinder			
	Combustion chamber type		Semi-sphere			
	Valve arrangement		O.H.C.			
	Bore x stroke (mm)		72.7 x 60			
	Compression ratio		10.3:1			
	Compression pressure (kg/cm ²)		15±2			
	Max. output (ps/rpm)		18.3/7000			
	Max. torque (kg.m/rpm)		2.0/5500			
	Port timing	Intake	BTDC	-8°		
			ABDC	42°		
		Exhaust	BBDC	33°		
			ATDC	1°		
	Valve clearance (cold)	Intake	0.1			
		Exhaust	0.1			
	Idle speed (rpm)			1700±100rpm		
	Lubrication System	Lubrication type		Forced pressure & Wet sump		
		Oil pump type		Inner/outer rotor type		
		Oil filter type		Full-flow filtration		
		Oil capacity		1.1 liters		
	Cooling Type			Water cooling		

Fuel System	Air cleaner type & No			Paper element, wet		
	Fuel capacity			8.5 liters		
	Carburetor	Type		CVK		
		Piston dia.		30		
		Venturi dia.		30 equivalent		
Throttle type		Butterfly type				
Electrical Equipment	Ignition System	Type		Full transistor igniter		
		Ignition timing		Repeatedly		
		Contact breaker		Non-contact point type		
		Spark plug		NGK DPR7EA-9		
	Spark plug gap		0.7mm			
	Battery	Capacity		12V10AH		
Power Drive System	Clutch	Type		Dry multi-disc clutch		
	Transmission Gear	Type		Non-stage transmission		
		Operation		Automatic centrifugal Type		
	Reduction Gear	Type		Two-stage reduction		
		Reduction ratio	1st	0.83~2.2		
	Final		8.72			
	Moving Device	Tire pressure (kgf/cm ²)		Front	1.75	
				Rear	2.0	
Turning angle		Left	45°			
		Right	45°			
Brake system type			Front	Disk brake		
			Rear	Disk brake		
Damping Device	Suspension type		Front	Telescope		
			Rear	Double swing		
	Shock absorber type		Front	Telescope		
			Rear	Double swing		
Frame type				Under bone		

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

SPECIFICATIONS

Name & Model No.			BA50AA	
Motorcycle Name & Type			PEOPLE S 250	
Overall length			2140mm	
Overall width			750mm	
Overall height			1370mm	
Wheel base			1480mm	
Engine type			Water cooled 4-stroke, OHC engine	
Displacement			251/249.1cc	
Fuel Used			92# unleaded gasoline	
1 person (55kg) weight (kg)	Front wheel		86	
	Rear wheel		127	
	Total		213	
2 person (110kg) weight(kg)	Front wheel		93	
	Rear wheel		175	
	Total		268	
Tires	Front wheel		110/70-16 52P	
	Rear wheel		140/70-16 65P	
Ground clearance			145mm	
Performance	Braking distance (m)		4.0m/30km/hr	
	Min. turning radius		2350mm	
Engine	Starting system		Starting motor	
	Type		Gasoline, 4-stroke	
	Cylinder arrangement		Single cylinder	
	Combustion chamber type		Semi-sphere	
	Valve arrangement		O.H.C.	
	Bore x stroke (mm)		72.9 x 60/72.7 x 60	
	Compression ratio		10.3:1	
	Compression pressure (kg/cm ²)		15±2	
	Max. output (ps/rpm)		20.1/7500	
	Max. torque (kg.m/rpm)		2.1/6500	
	Port timing	Intake	BTDC	9°
			ABDC	40°
		Exhaust	BBDC	42°
			ATDC	7°
	Valve clearance (cold)		Intake	0.1
			Exhaust	0.1
	Idle speed (rpm)			1600±100rpm
	Lubrication System	Lubrication type		Forced pressure & Wet sump
		Oil pump type		Inner/outer rotor type
		Oil filter type		Full-flow filtration
		Oil capacity		1.1 liters
	Cooling Type			Water cooling

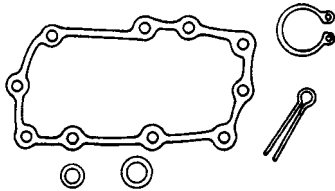
Fuel System	Air cleaner type & No			Paper element, wet	
	Fuel capacity			10.0 liters	
	Carburetor	Type		CVK	
		Piston dia.		30	
		Venturi dia.		30 equivalent	
Throttle type		Butterfly type			
Electrical Equipment	Ignition System	Type		Full transistor igniter	
		Ignition timing		Repeatedly	
		Contact breaker		Non-contact point type	
		Spark plug		NGK DPR7EA-9	
		Spark plug gap		0.7mm	
	Battery	Capacity		12V10AH	
Power Drive System	Clutch	Type		Dry multi-disc clutch	
	Transmission Gear	Type		Non-stage transmission	
		Operation		Automatic centrifugal Type	
	Reduction Gear	Type		Two-stage reduction	
		Reduction ratio	1st	0.83~2.2	
			Final	8.72	
Moving Device	Tire pressure (kgf/cm ²)		Front	1.75	
			Rear	2.0	
	Turning angle		Left	45°	
			Right	45°	
Brake system type			Front	Disk brake	
			Rear	Disk brake	
Damping Device	Suspension type		Front	Telescope	
			Rear	Double swing	
	Shock absorber type		Front	Telescope	
			Rear	Double swing	
Frame type				Under bone	

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

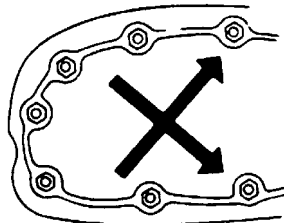
PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

SERVICE PRECAUTIONS

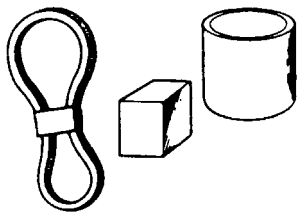
- Make sure to install new gaskets, O-rings, circlips, cotter pins, etc. when reassembling.



- When tightening bolts or nuts, begin with larger-diameter to smaller ones at several times, and tighten to the specified torque diagonally.



- Use genuine parts and lubricants.



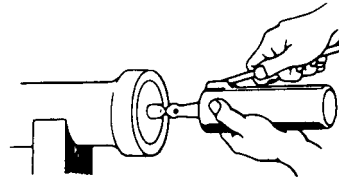
- When servicing the motorcycle, be sure to use special tools for removal and installation.



- After disassembly, clean removed parts. Lubricate sliding surfaces with engine oil before reassembly.



- Apply or add designated greases and lubricants to the specified lubrication points.



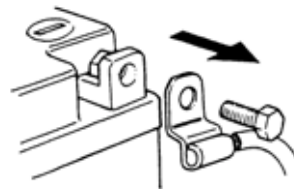
- After reassembly, check all parts for proper tightening and operation.



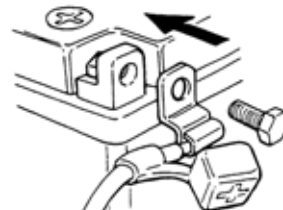
- When two persons work together, pay attention to the mutual working safety.



- Disconnect the battery negative (-) terminal before operation.
- When using a spanner or other tools, make sure not to damage the motorcycle surface.

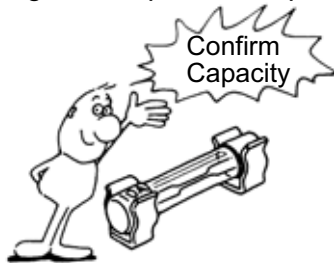


- After operation, check all connecting points, fasteners, and lines for proper connection and installation.
- When connecting the battery, the positive (+) terminal must be connected first.
- After connection, apply grease to the battery terminals.
- Terminal caps shall be installed securely.

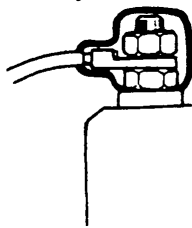


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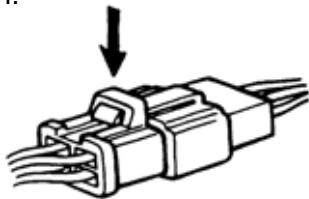
- If the fuse is burned out, find the cause and repair it. Replace it with a new one according to the specified capacity.



- After operation, terminal caps shall be installed securely.



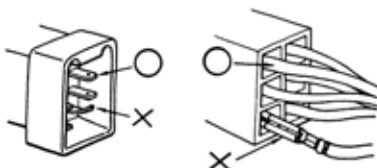
- When taking out the connector, the lock on the connector shall be released before operation.



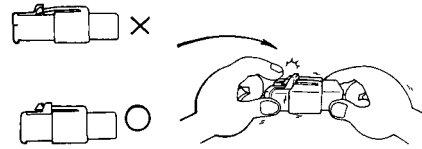
- Hold the connector body when connecting or disconnecting it.
- Do not pull the connector wire.



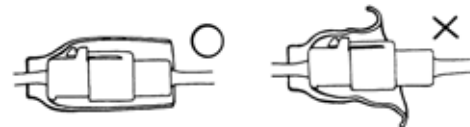
- Check if any connector terminal is bending, protruding or loose.



- The connector shall be inserted completely.
- If the double connector has a lock, lock it at the correct position.
- Check if there is any loose wire.



- Before connecting a terminal, check for damaged terminal cover or loose negative terminal.



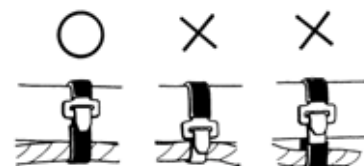
- Check the double connector cover for proper coverage and installation.



- Insert the terminal completely.
- Check the terminal cover for proper coverage.
- Do not make the terminal cover opening face up.

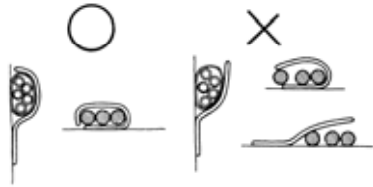


- Secure wire harnesses to the frame with their respective wire bands at the designated locations. Tighten the bands so that only the insulated surfaces contact the wire harnesses.



1. GENERAL INFORMATION

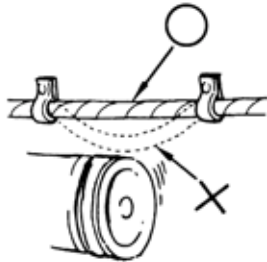
- After clamping, check each wire to make sure it is secure.



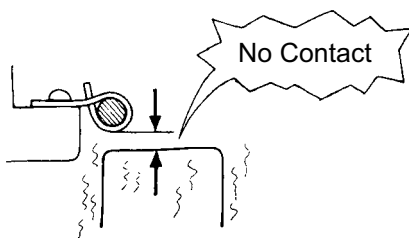
- Do not squeeze wires against the weld or its clamp.



- After clamping, check each harness to make sure that it is not interfering with any moving or sliding parts.



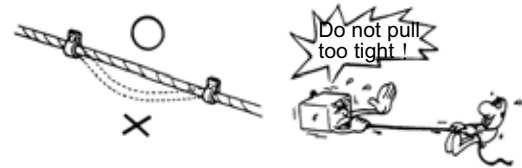
- When fixing the wire harnesses, do not make it contact the parts which will generate high heat.



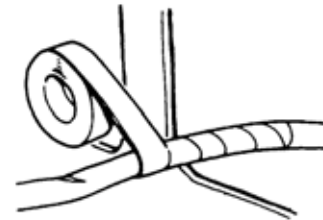
- Route wire harnesses to avoid sharp edges or corners. Avoid the projected ends of bolts and screws.
- Route wire harnesses passing through the side of bolts and screws. Avoid the projected ends of bolts and screws.



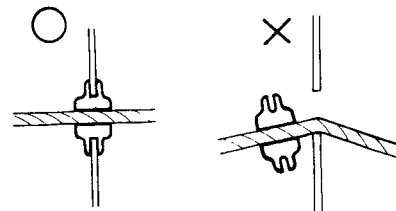
- Route harnesses so they are neither pulled tight nor have excessive slack.



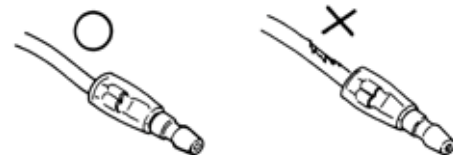
- Protect wires and harnesses with electrical tape or tube if they contact a sharp edge or corner.



- When rubber protecting cover is used to protect the wire harnesses, it shall be installed securely.



- Do not break the sheath of wire.
- If a wire or harness is with a broken sheath, repair by wrapping it with protective tape or replace it.

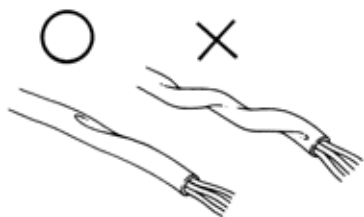


- When installing other parts, do not press or squeeze the wires.

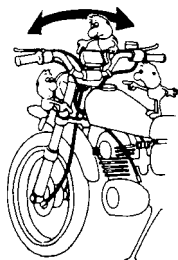


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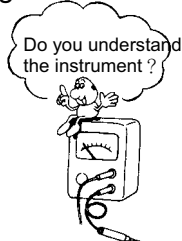
- After routing, check that the wire harnesses are not twisted or kinked.



- Wire harnesses routed along with handlebar should not be pulled tight, have excessive slack or interfere with adjacent or surrounding parts in all steering positions.



- When a testing device is used, make sure to understand the operating methods thoroughly and operate according to the operating instructions.



- Be careful not to drop any parts.



- When rust is found on a terminal, remove the rust with sand paper or equivalent before connecting.



- Symbols:

The following symbols represent the servicing methods and cautions included in this service manual.



Engine Oil

: Apply engine oil to the specified points. (Use designated engine oil for lubrication.)



Grease

: Apply grease for lubrication.



Gear Oil

: Transmission Gear Oil (90#)



: Use special tool.



: Caution



: Warning

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

TORQUE VALUES

STANDARD TORQUE VALUES

Item	Torque (N-m)	Item	Torque (N-m)
5mm bolt, nut	4.5~6	5mm screw	3.5~5
6mm bolt, nut	8~12	6mm screw, SH bolt	7~11
8mm bolt, nut	18~25	6mm flange bolt, nut	10~14
10mm bolt, nut	30~40	8mm flange bolt, nut	24~30
12mm bolt, nut	50~60	10mm flange bolt, nut	35~45

Torque specifications listed below are for important fasteners.

ENGINE

Item	Q'ty	Thread dia.(mm)	Torque (N-m)	Remarks
Cylinder head bolt A	2	8	8.9	Double end bolt Double end bolt Apply oil to threads
Cylinder head bolt B	2	8	8.9	
Oil filter screen cap	1	30	12.7	
Cylinder head cap nut	4	8	24.5	
Valve adjusting lock nut	2	5	8.8	
Cam chain tensioner slipper bolt	1	6	8.8	
	1	12	14.7	
Oil bolt	1	12	53.9	
Clutch outer nut	1	12	53.9	
Clutch drive plate nut	1	14	58.8	
Flywheel nut	2	5	3.9	
Oil pump bolt	4	6	11.8	
Cylinder head cover bolt	1	10	17.2	
Spark plug	1	6	11.8	
Cam chain tensioner bolt	1	8	11.8	
Water pump impeller	1	12	93	
Drive face nut	9	8	20	
Transmission case cover bolt	1	8	10	
Gear oil check bolt				

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

FRAME

Item	Q'ty	Thread dia.(mm)	Torque (N-m)	Remarks
Steering stem lock nut	1	10	40~50	
Front axle nut	1	14	60~70	
Rear axle nut	1	16	110~130	
Rear shock absorber upper bolt	2	10	35~45	
Rear shock absorber lower bolt	2	10	35~45	
Front shock absorber lock bolt	4	8	29~35	
Engine hanger bolt (frame side)	2	12	45~55	
Engine hanger bolt (ENG. side)	1	10	45~55	
Front caliper holder bolt	2	8	24~30	
Rear caliper holder bolt	2	8	29~35	
Master cylinder holder bolt	4	6	10~14	
Exhaust muffler pipe nut	2	8	18~22	
Exhaust muffler bolt	3	8	32~38	
Rear fork bolt	2	8	29~35	

SPECIAL TOOLS

Tool Name	Tool No.	Remarks	Ref. Page
Clutch spring compressor	E034	Clutch disassembly	
Bearing puller 10,12,15,18mm	E037	Bearing removal	
Valve spring compressor	E040	Valve removal	
Oil seal & bearing installer	E014	Oil seal & bearing install	
Tappet adjuster	E036	Tappet adjustment	
Flywheel puller	E003	A.C. generator flywheel removal	
Universal holder	E017	Holding clutch for removal	
Flywheel holder	E021	A.C. generator flywheel holding	
Lock nut socket wrench	F002	Steering stem removal or install	
Float level gauge		Carburetor fuel level check	

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

LUBRICATION POINTS

ENGINE

Lubrication Points	Lubricant
Valve guide/valve stem movable part Camshaft protruding surface Valve rocker arm friction surface Camshaft drive chain Cylinder lock bolt and nut Piston surroundings and piston ring grooves Piston pin surroundings Cylinder inside wall Connecting rod/piston pin hole Connecting rod big end Crankshaft Crankshaft one-way clutch movable part Oil pump drive chain Starter reduction gear engaging part Countershaft gear engaging part Final gear engaging part Bearing movable part O-ring face Oil seal lip	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Genuine KYMCO Engine Oil (SAE15W-40) •API SE, SF or SG Engine Oil
Starter idle gear Friction spring movable part/shaft movable part Shaft movable grooved part Starter spindle movable part	High-temperature resistant grease
Starter one-way clutch threads	Thread locking agent
A.C. generator connector Transmission case breather tube	Adhesive

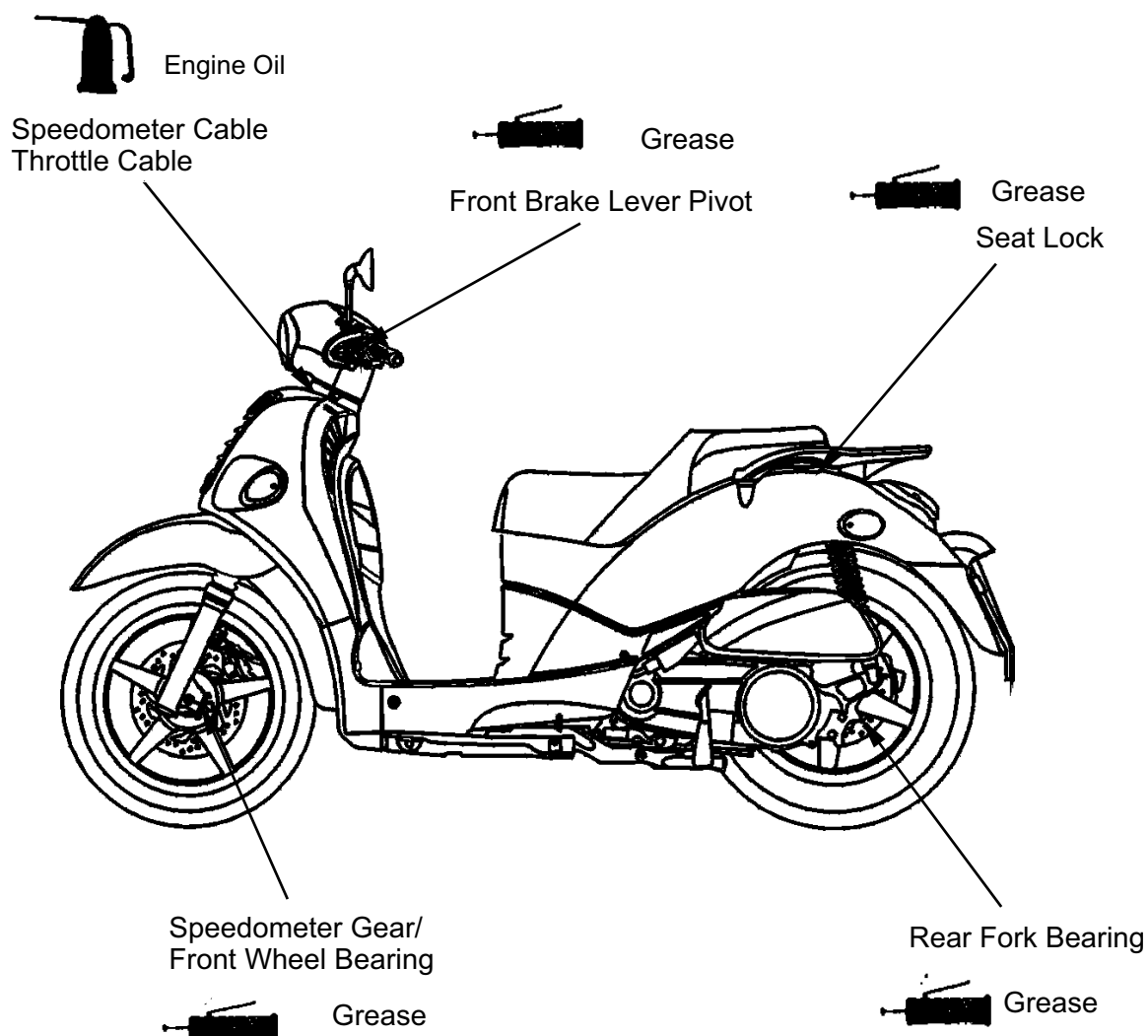
1. GENERAL INFORMATION

FRAME

The following is the lubrication points for the frame.

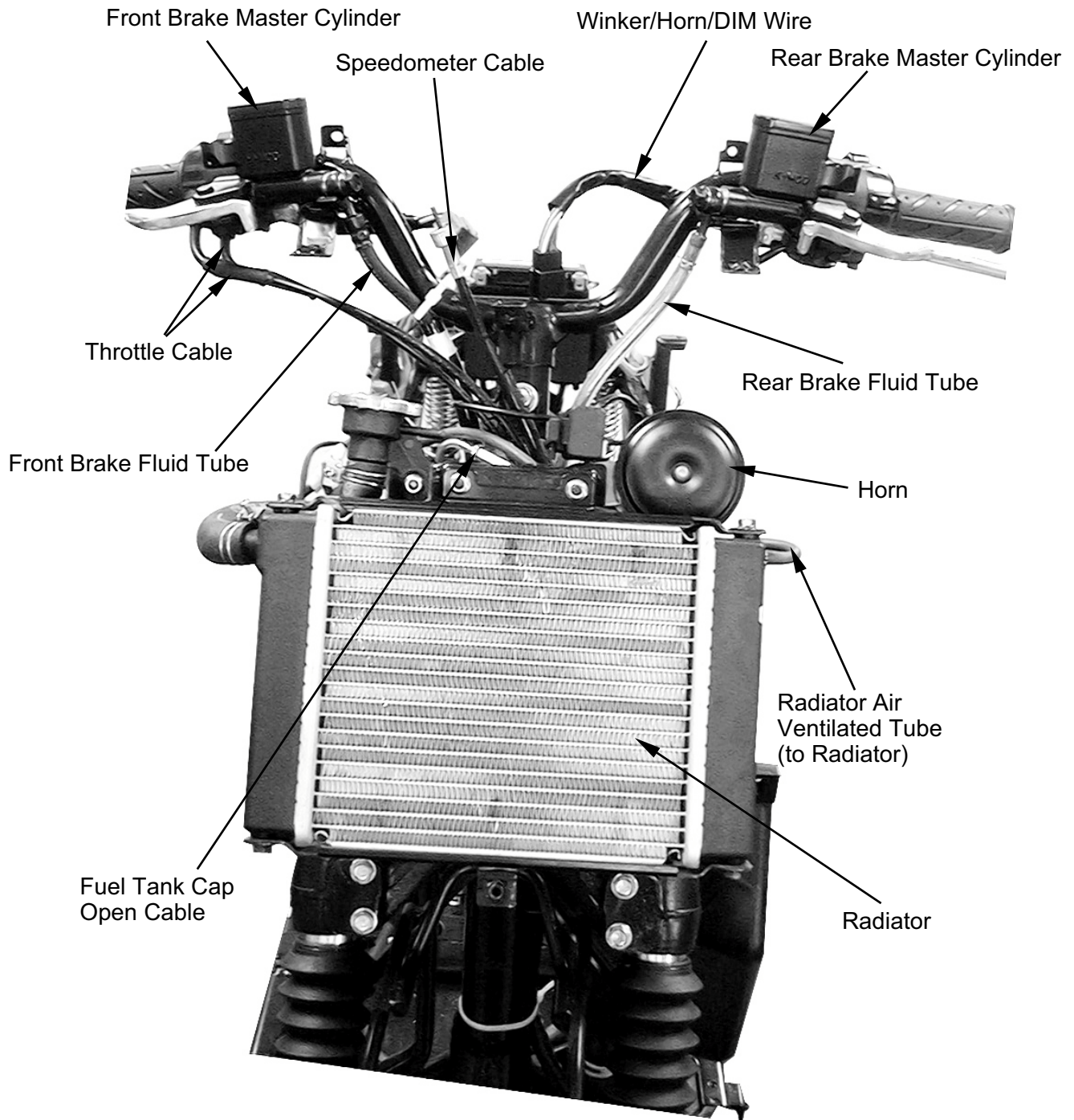
Use general purpose grease for parts not listed.

Apply clean engine oil or grease to cables and movable parts not specified. This will avoid abnormal noise and rise the durability of the motorcycle.

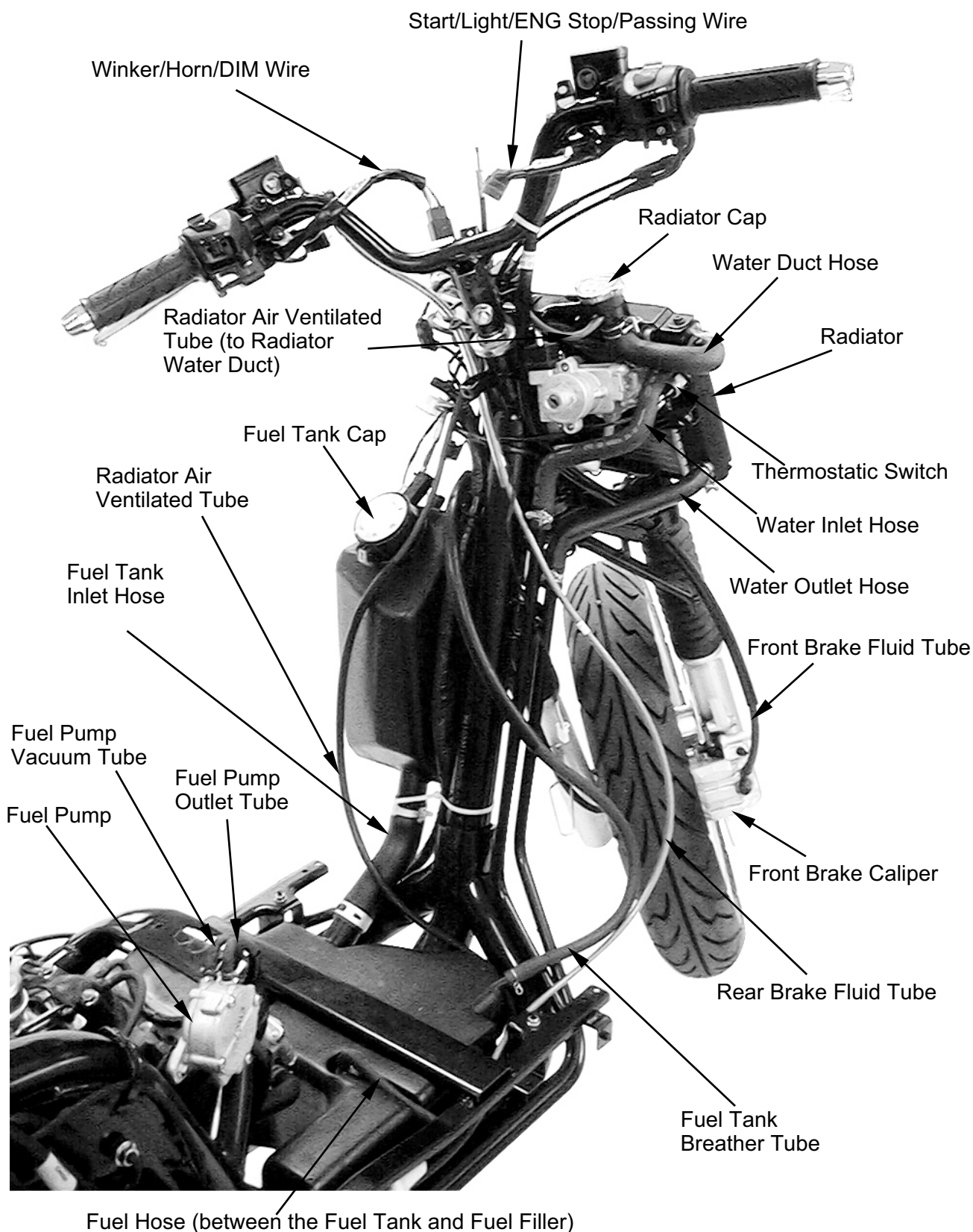


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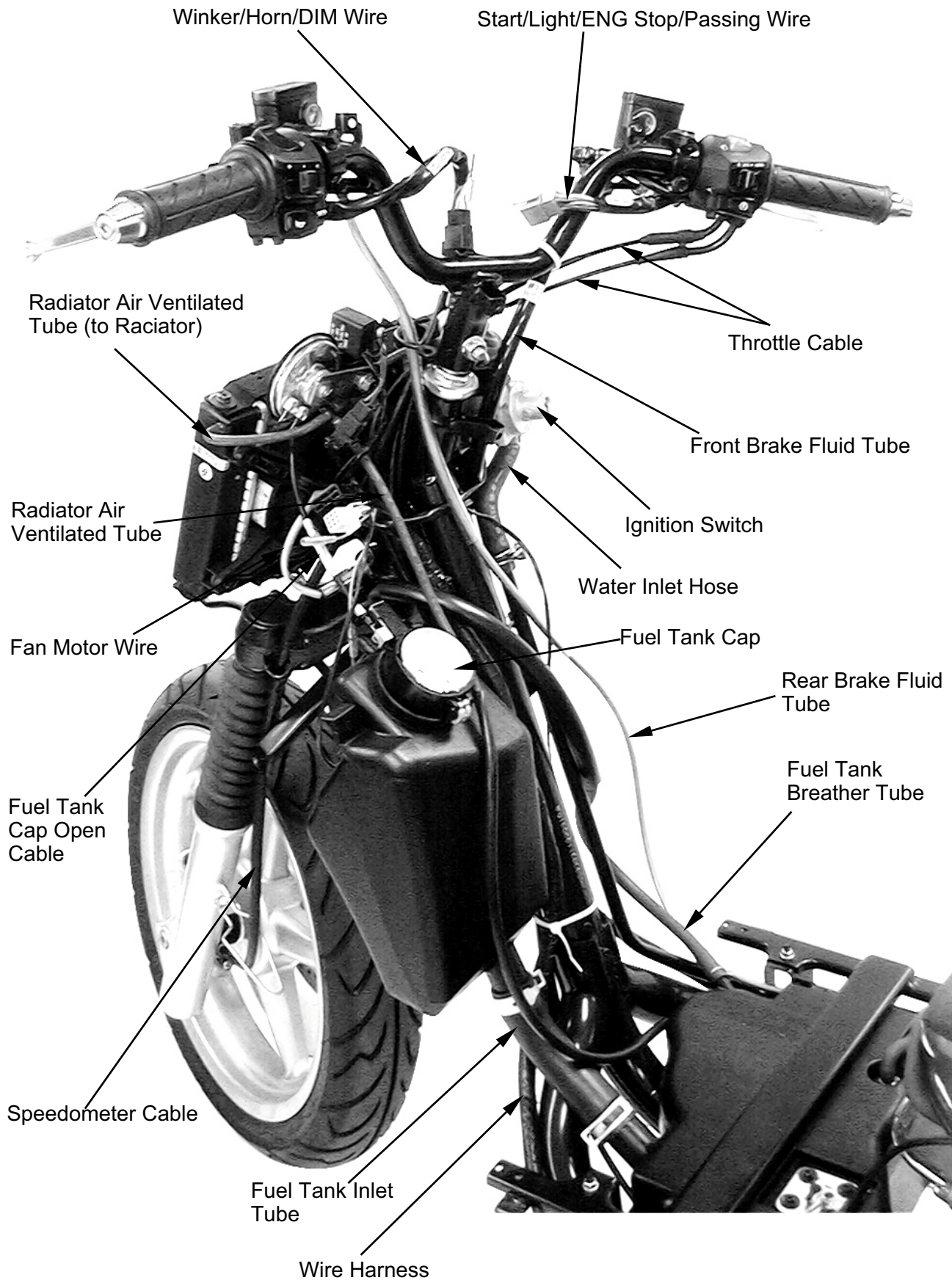
CABLE & HARNESS ROUTING



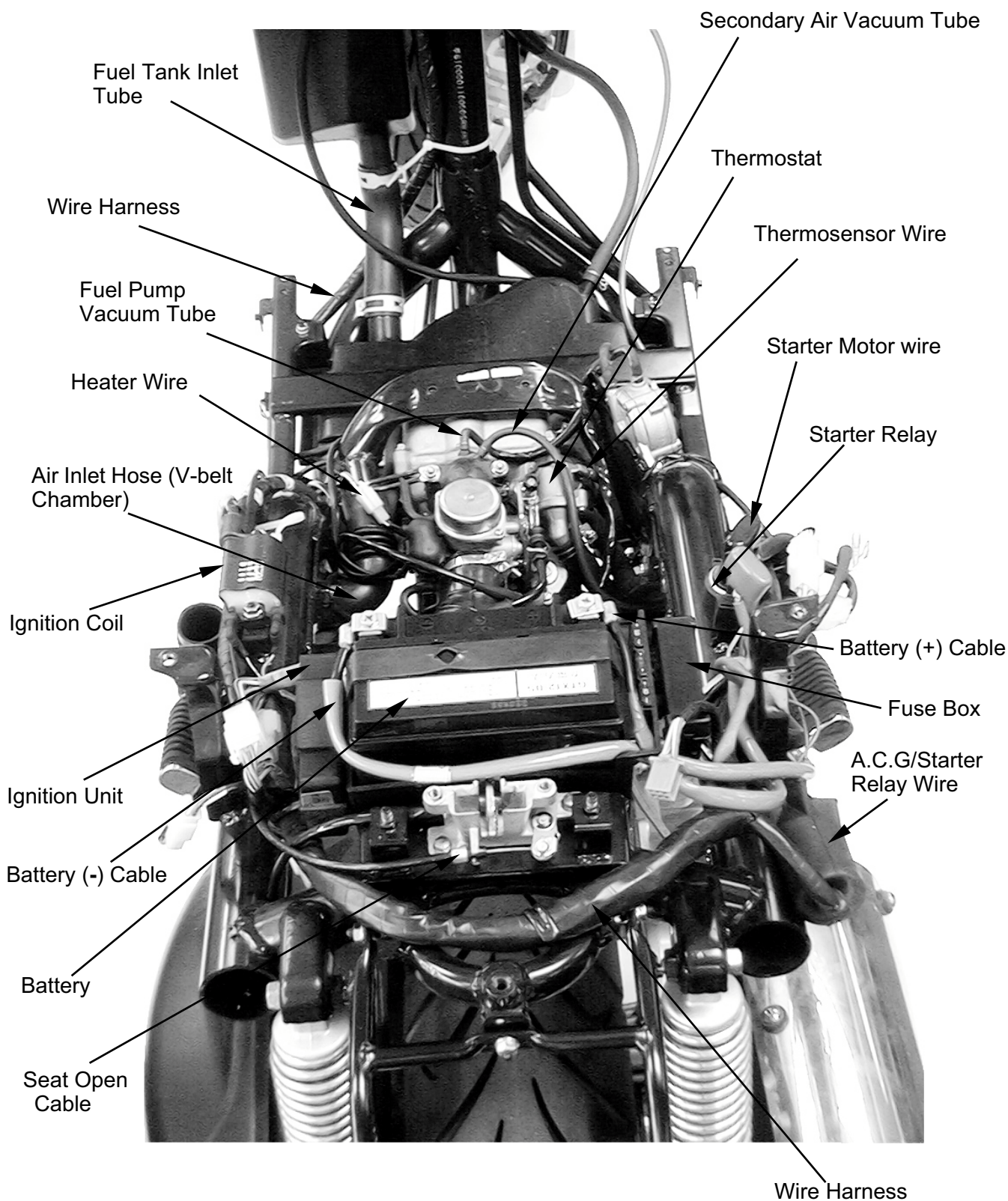
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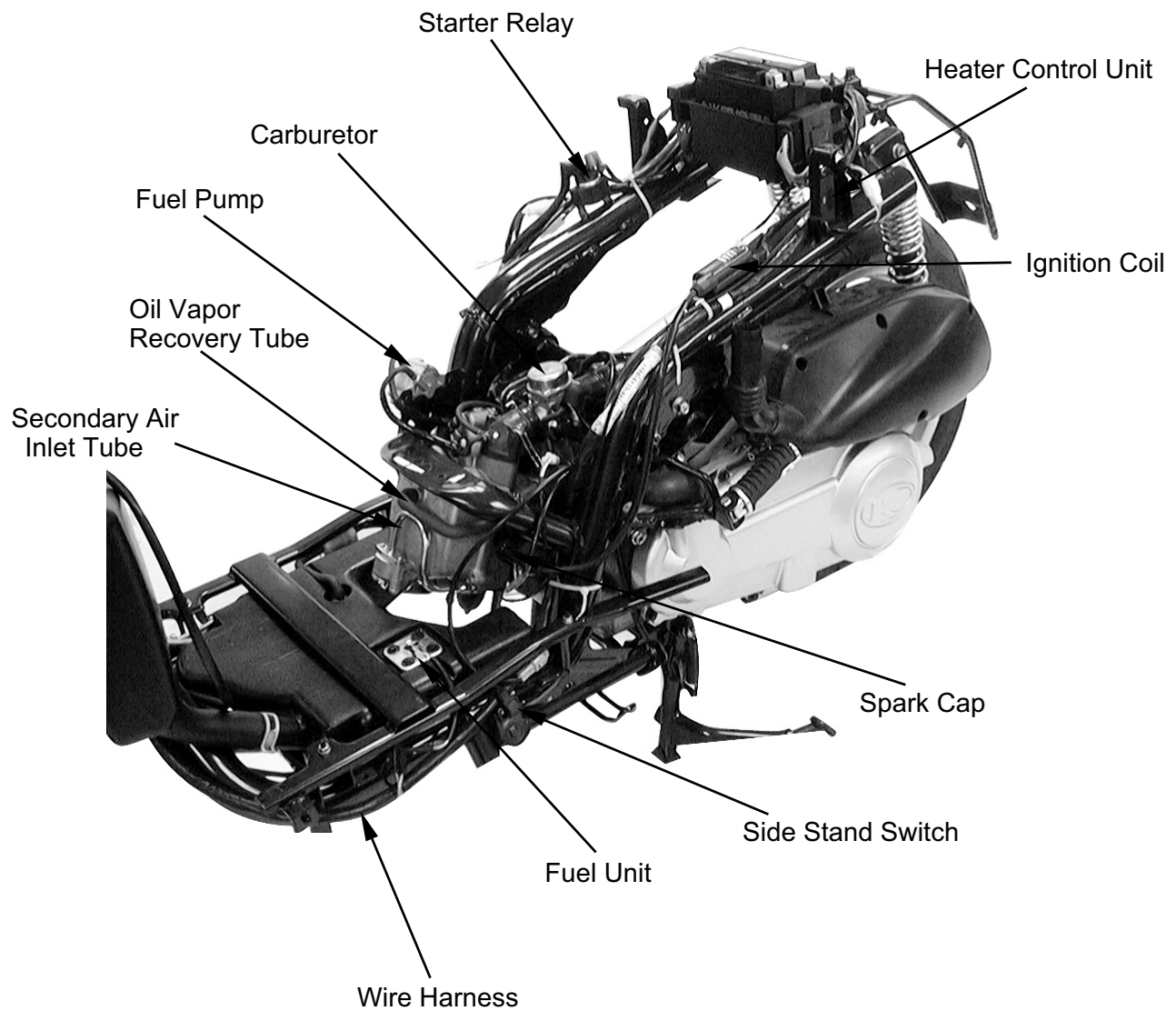
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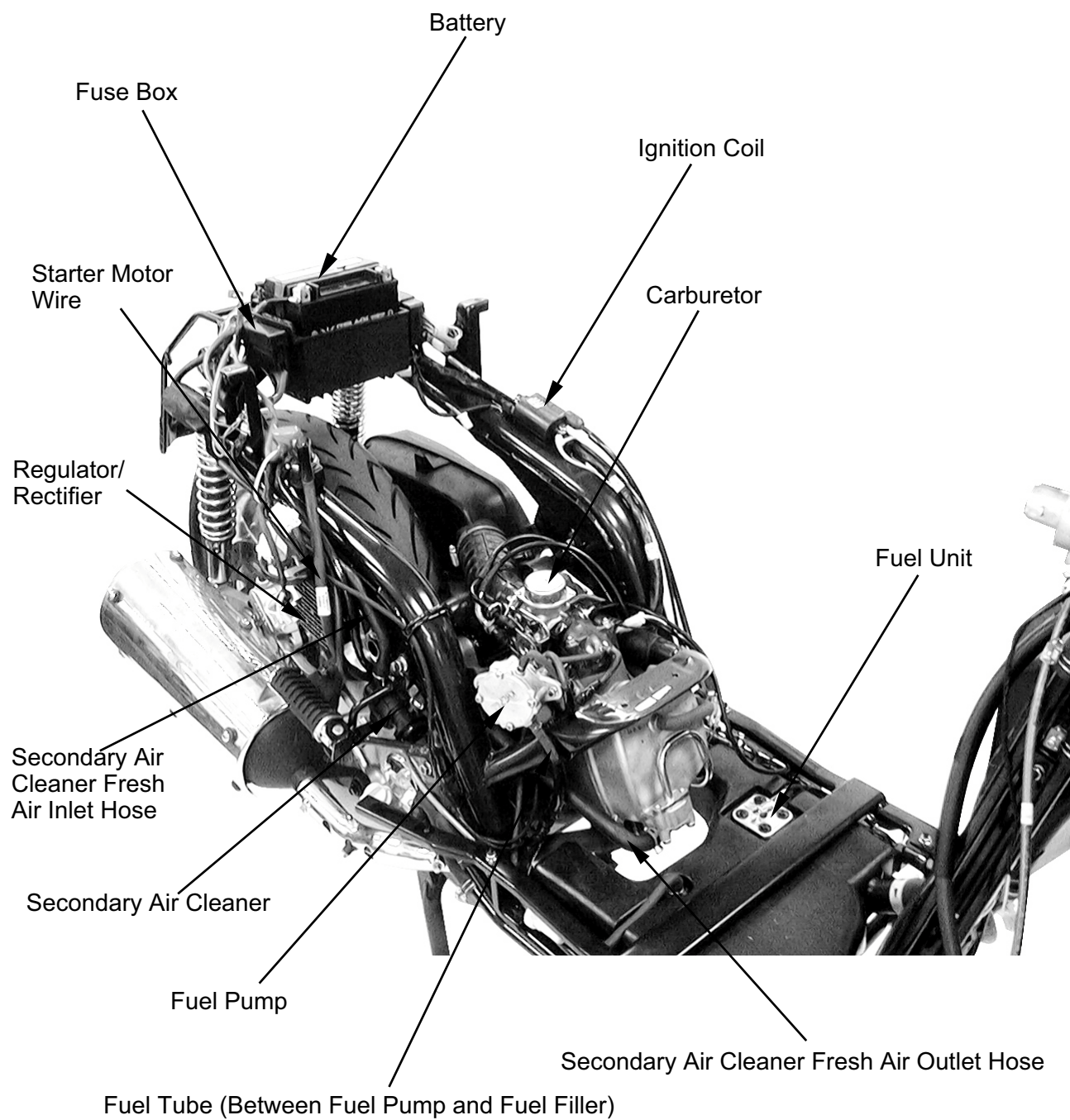
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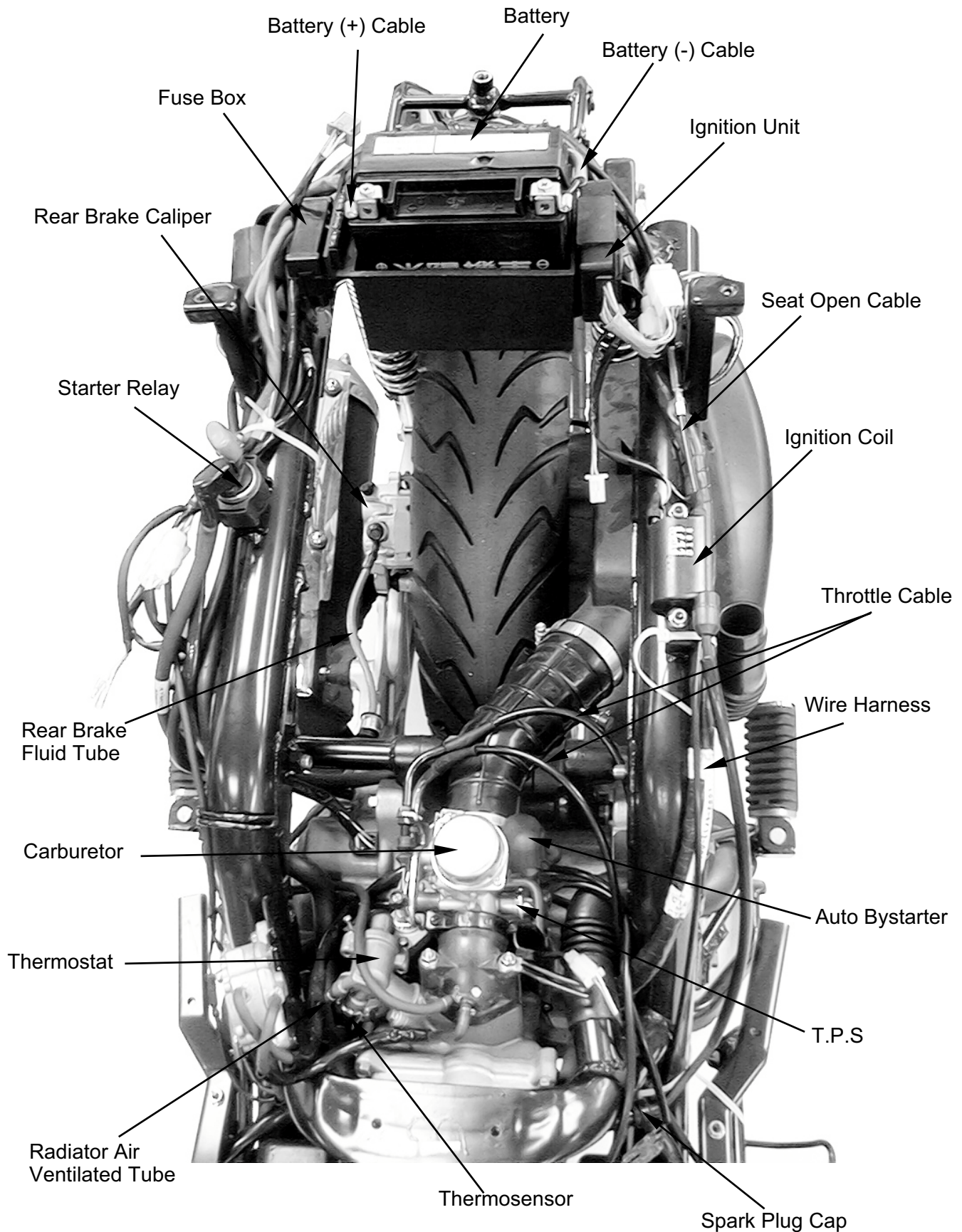
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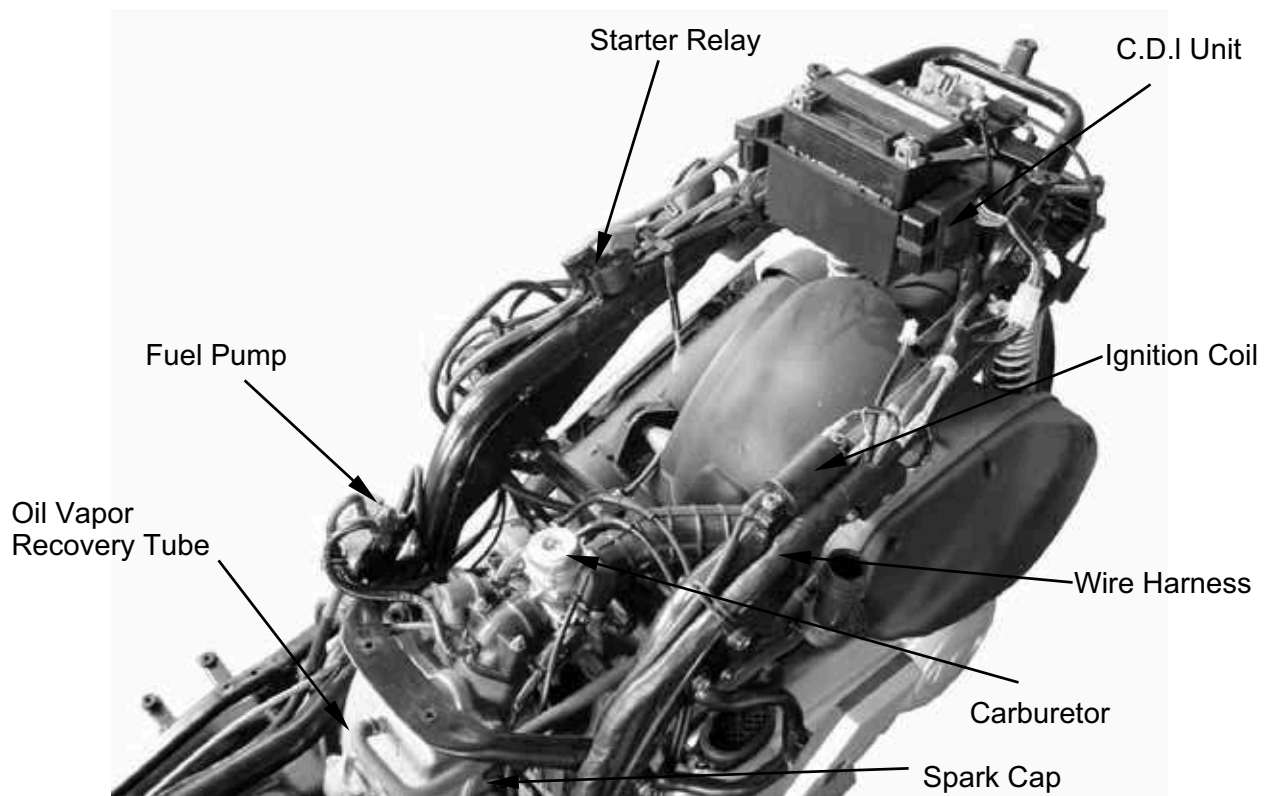
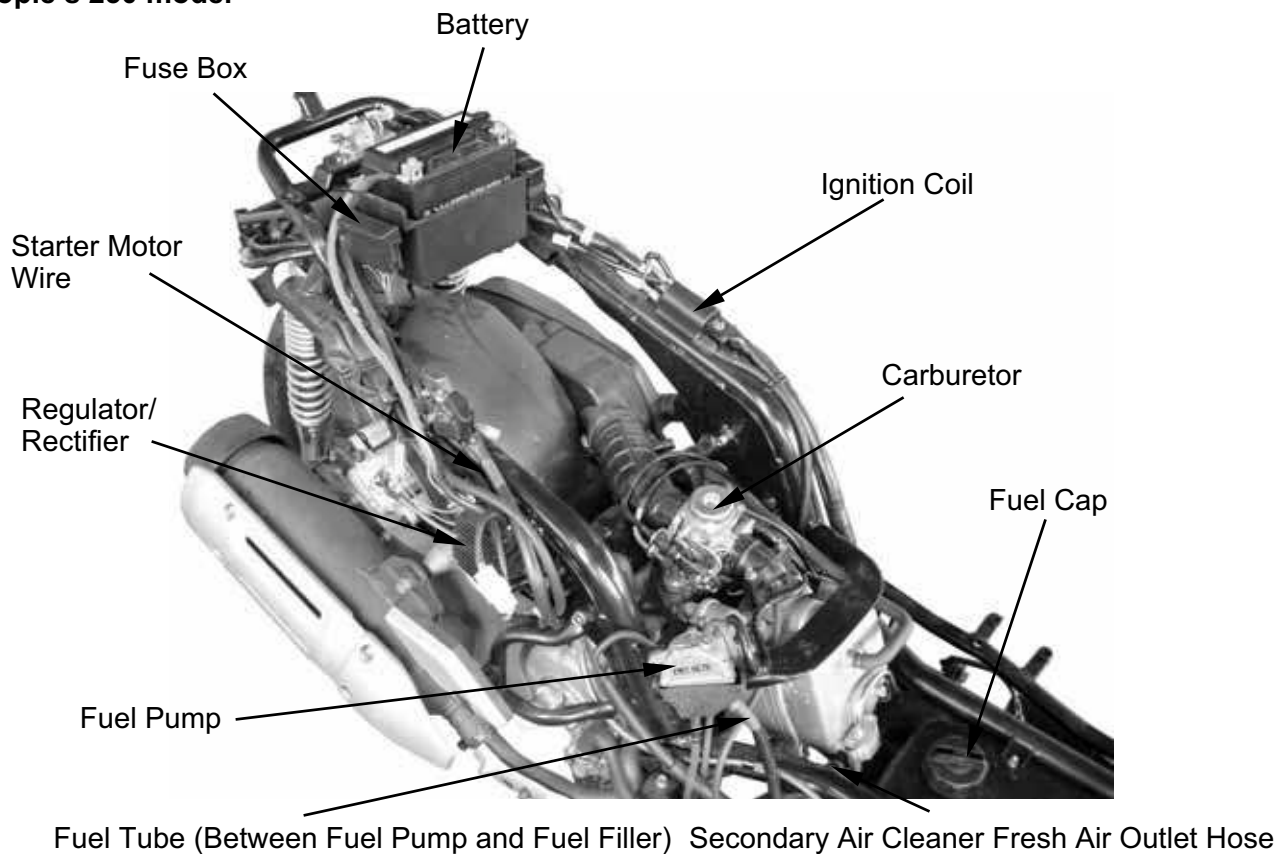


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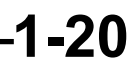


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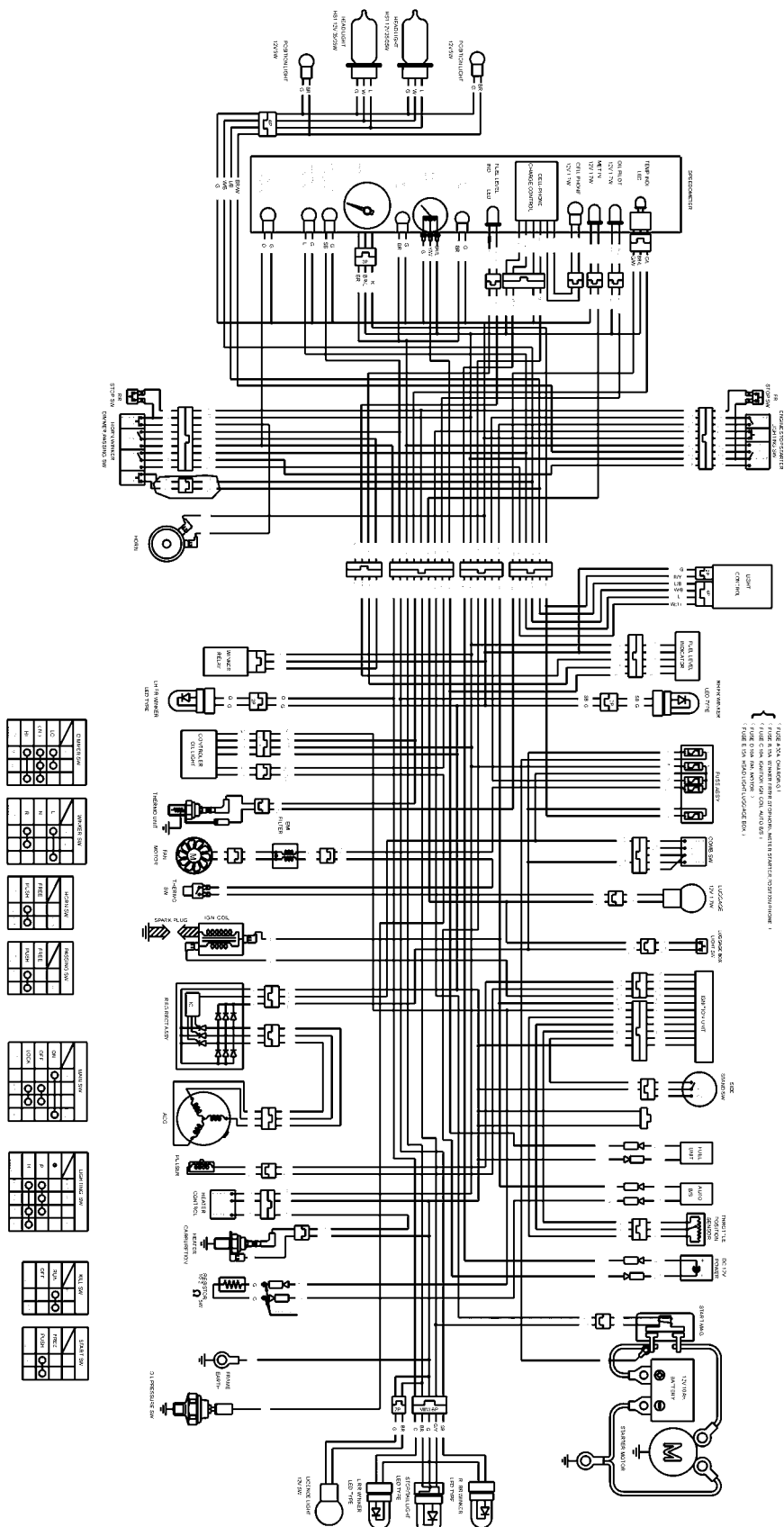
People s 250 model



WIRING DIAGRAM (PEOPLE 250)



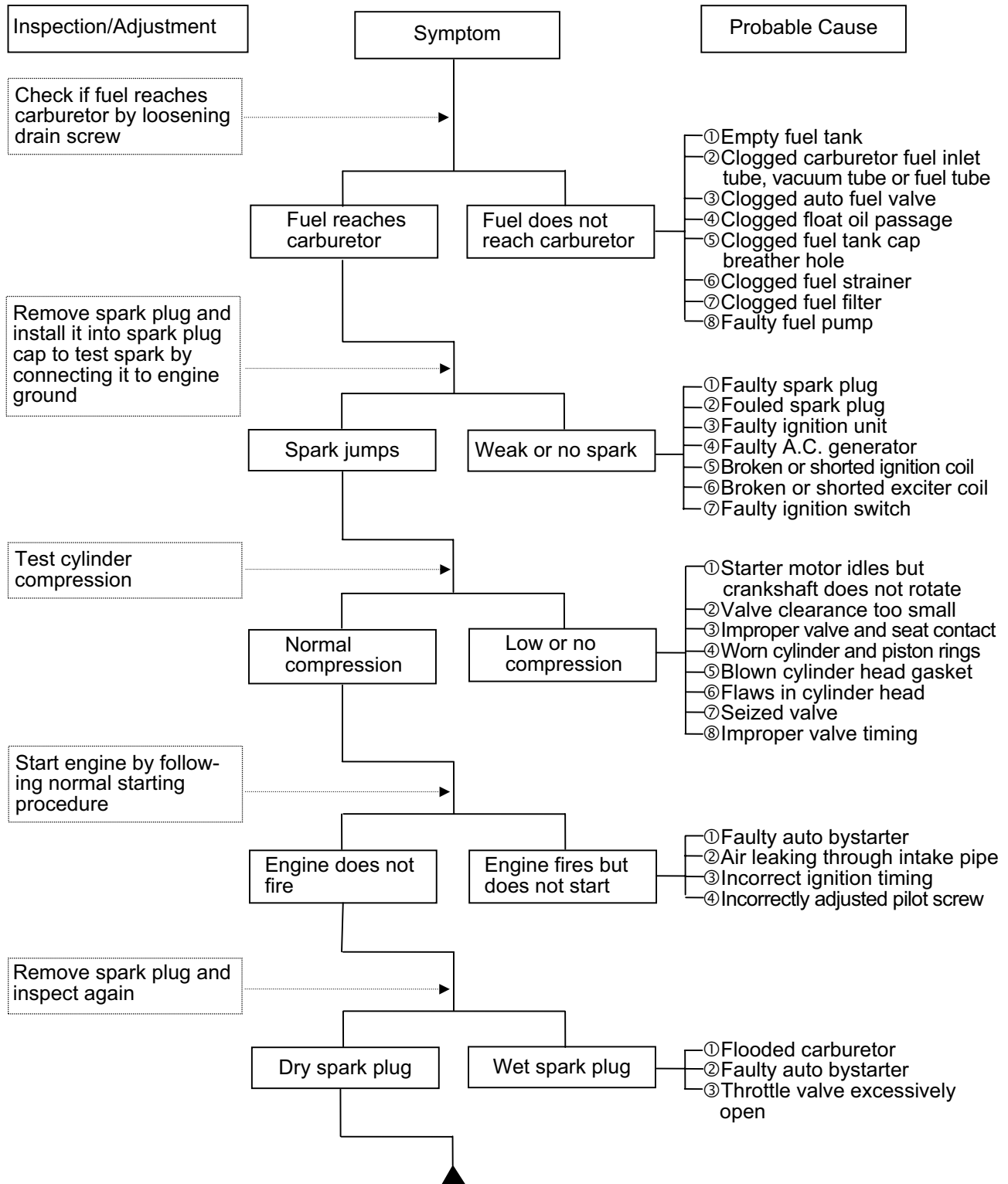
WIRING DIAGRAM (PEOPLE S 250)



1. GENERAL INFORMATION

TROUBLESHOOTING

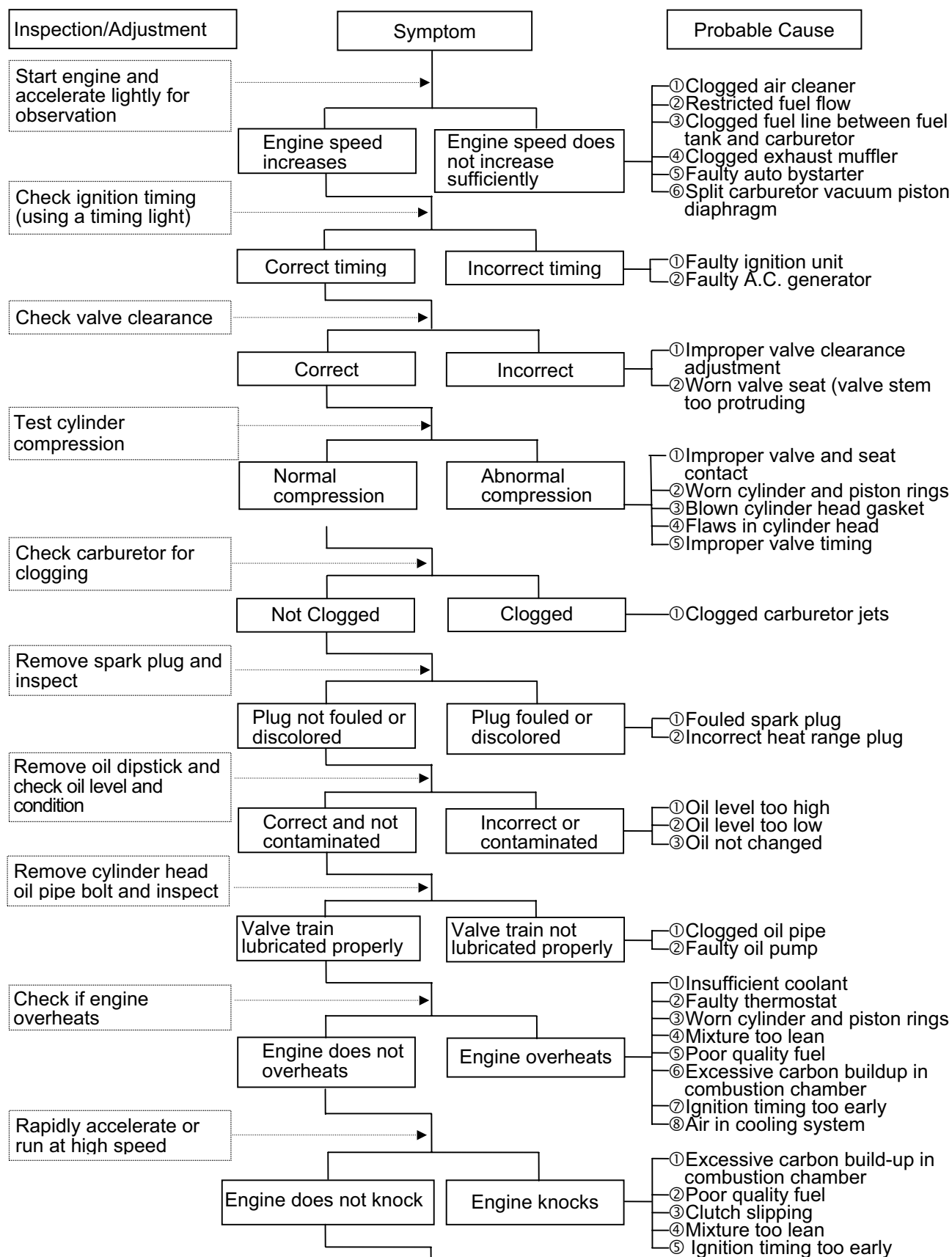
ENGINE WILL NOT START OR IS HARD TO START



1. GENERAL INFORMATION

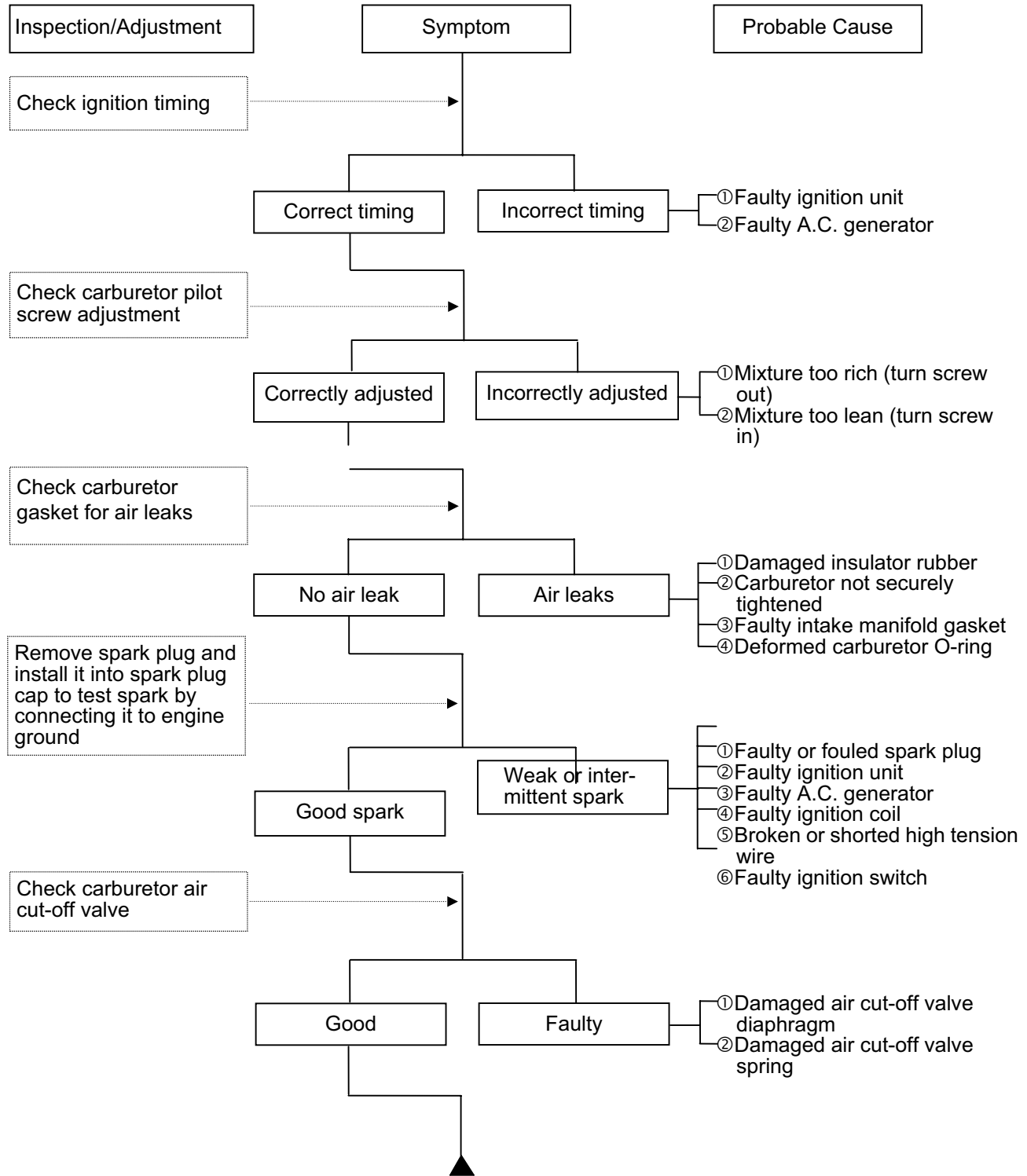
PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

ENGINE LACKS POWER



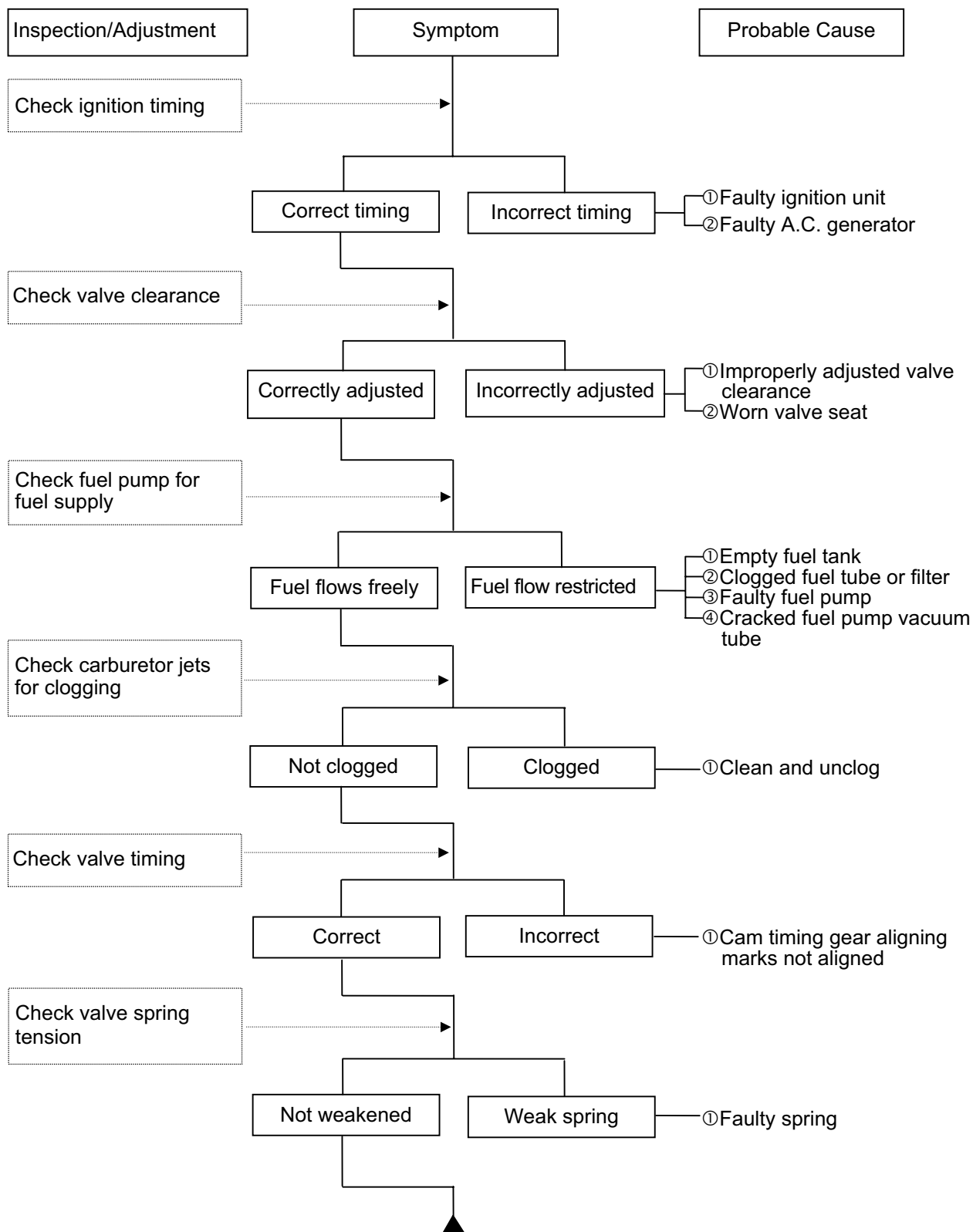
1. GENERAL INFORMATION

POOR PERFORMANCE (ESPECIALLY AT IDLE AND LOW SPEEDS)



1. GENERAL INFORMATION

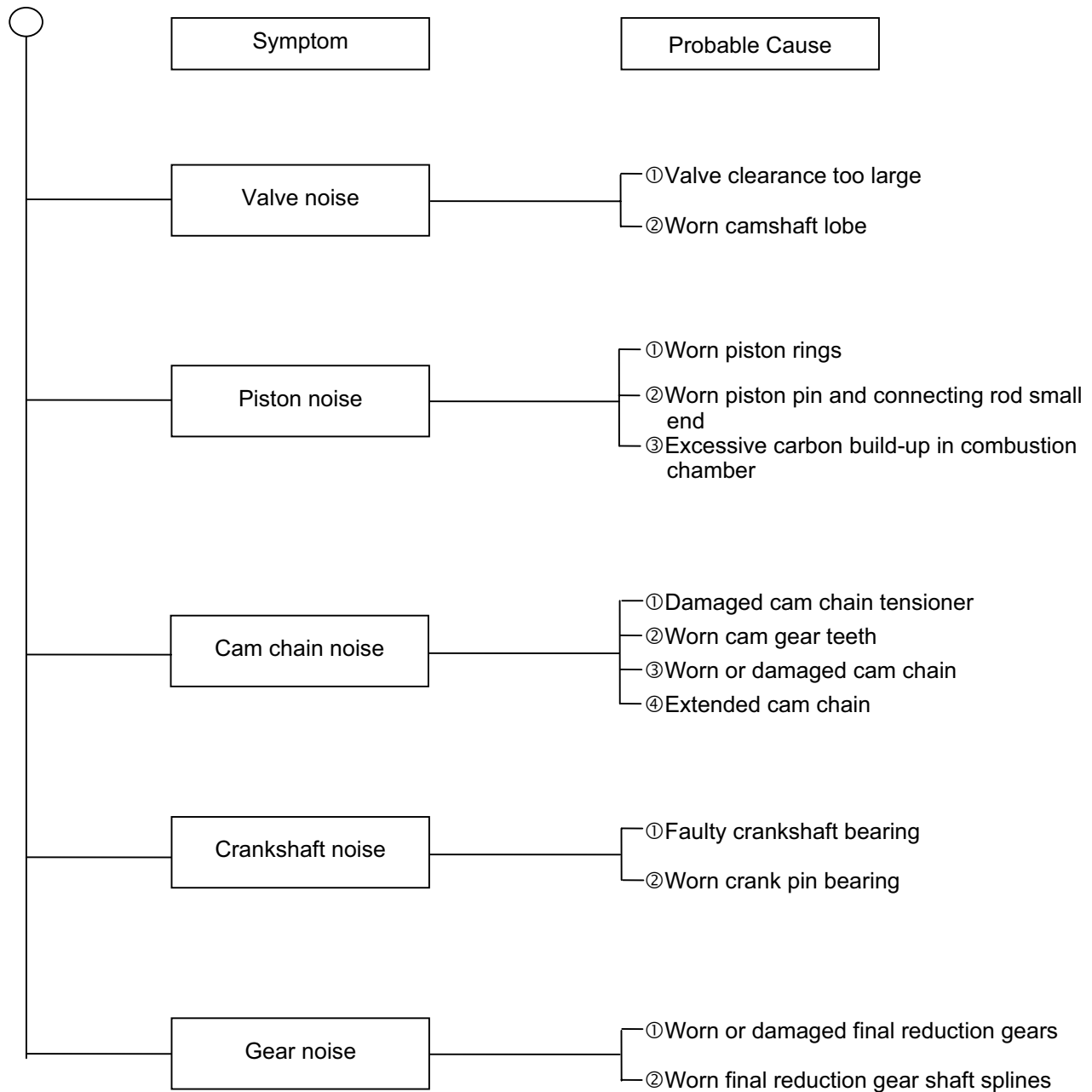
POOR PERFORMANCE (AT HIGH SPEED)



1. GENERAL INFORMATION

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

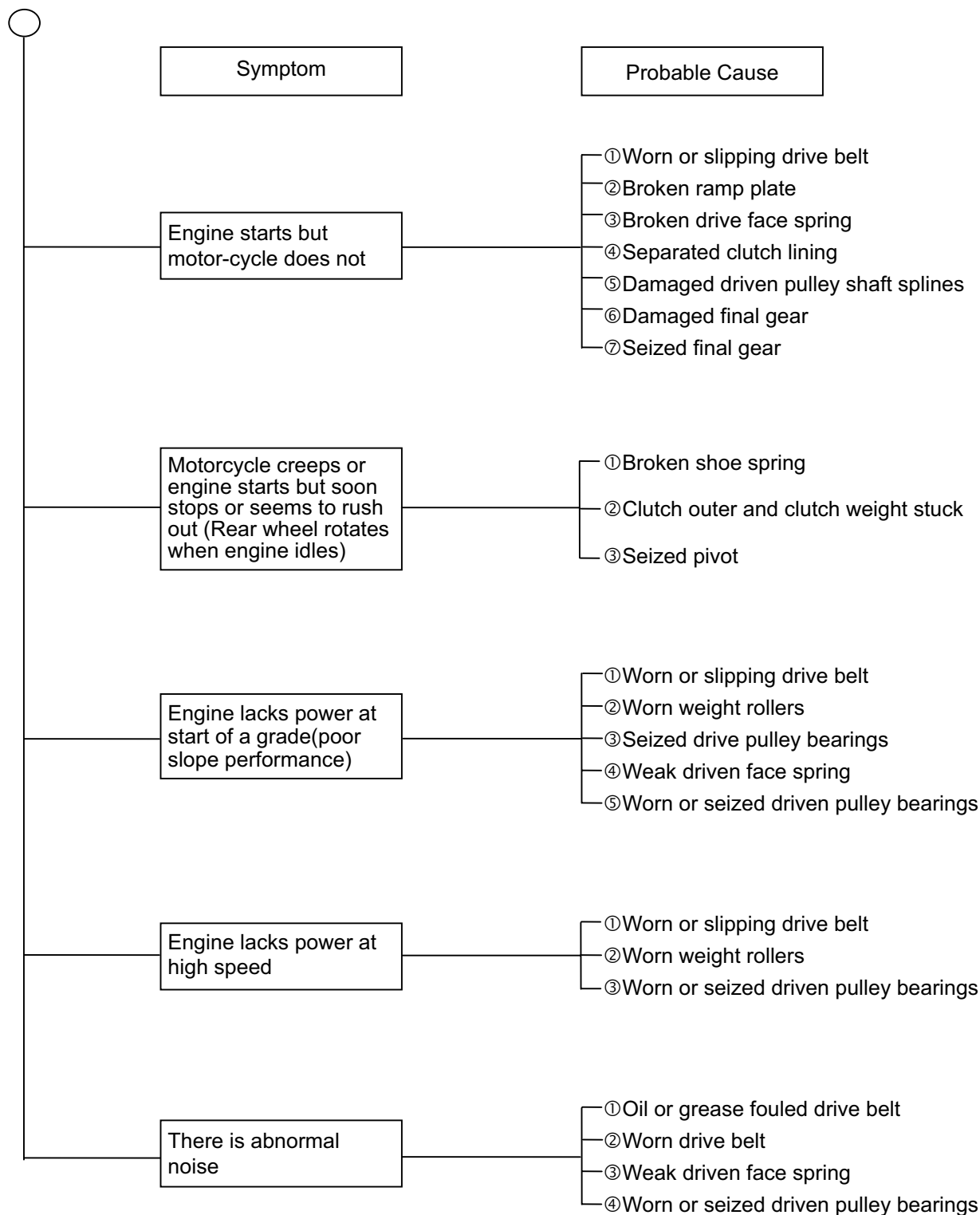
ENGINE NOISE



1. GENERAL INFORMATION

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

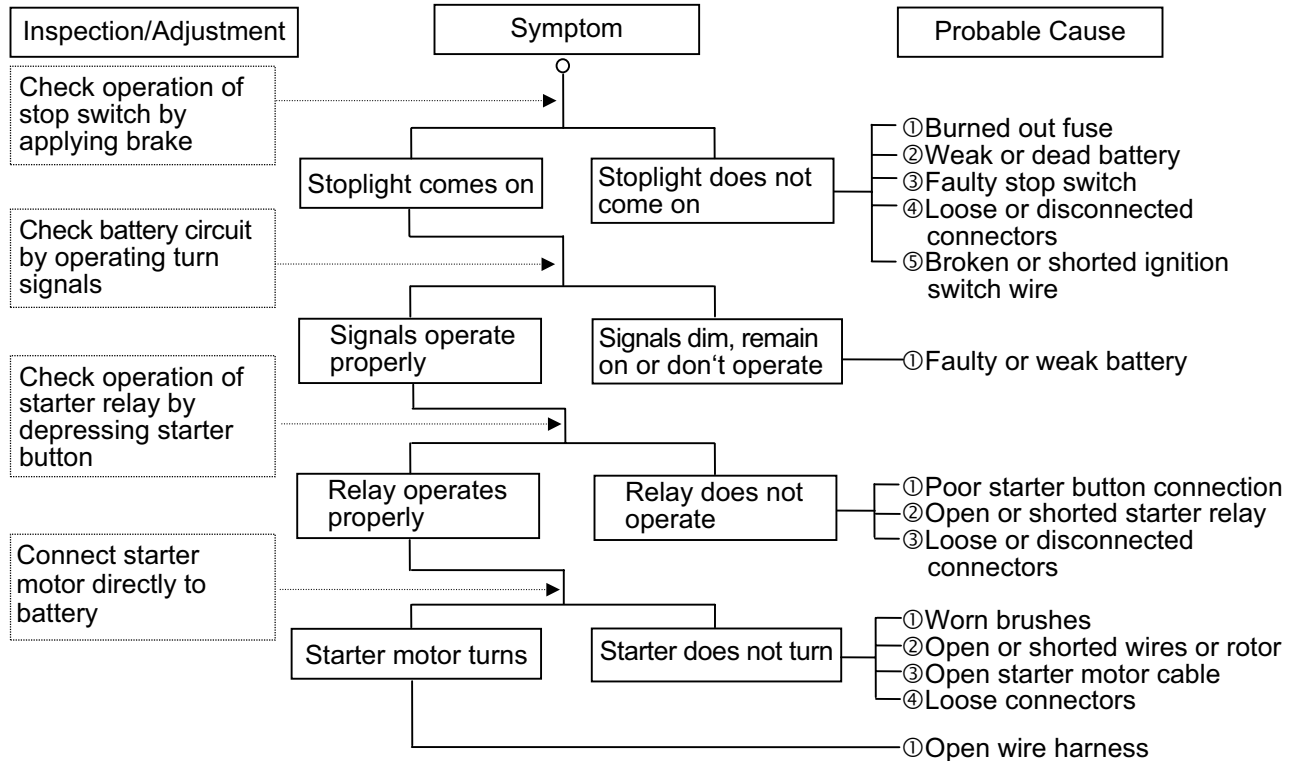
CLUTCH, DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS



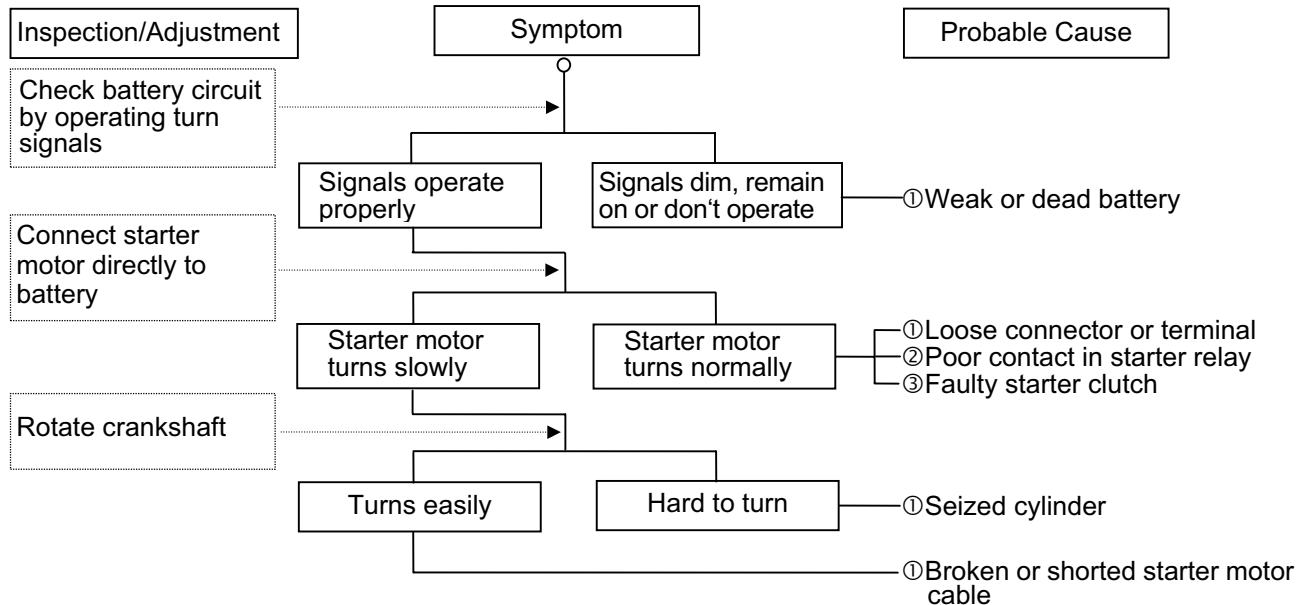
1. GENERAL INFORMATION

STARTER MOTOR

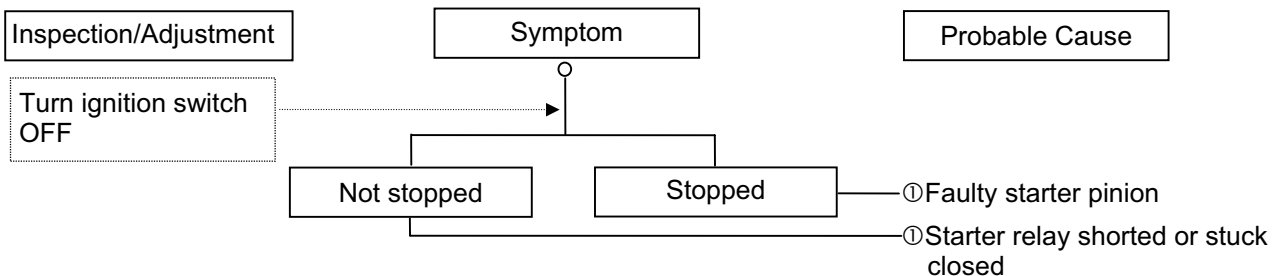
1. Starter motor won't turn



2. Starter motor turns slowly or idles

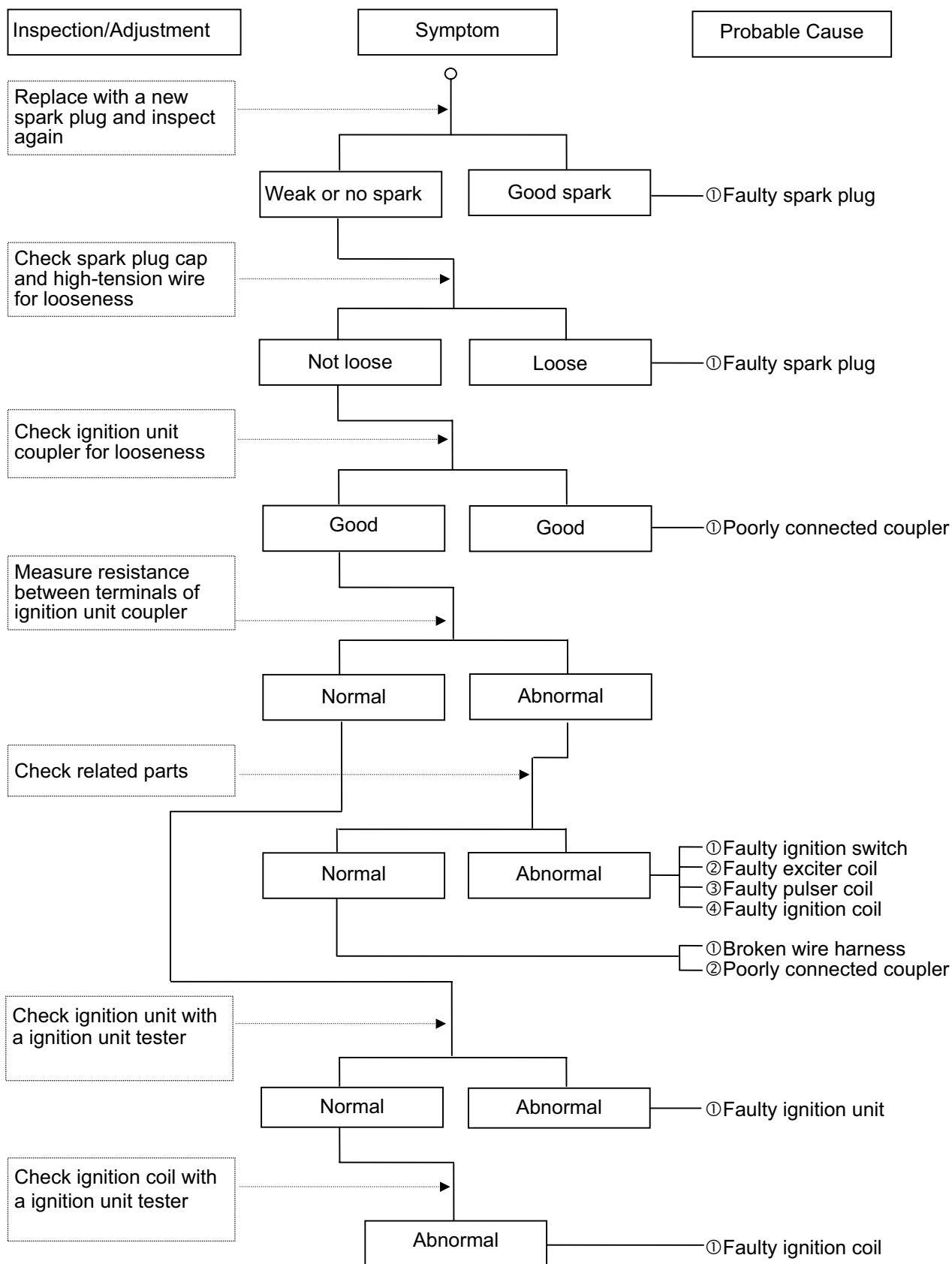


3. Starter motor does not stop turning



1. GENERAL INFORMATION

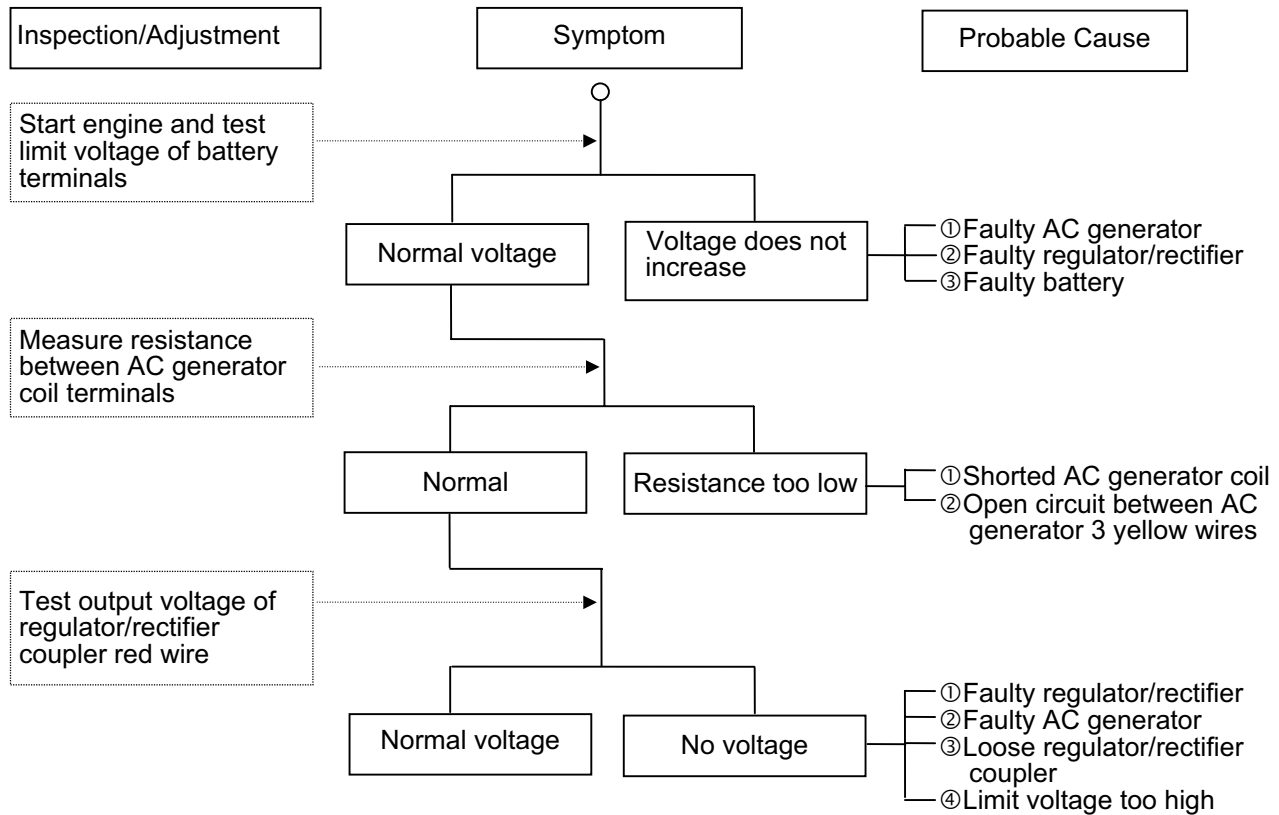
NO SPARK AT SPARK PLUG



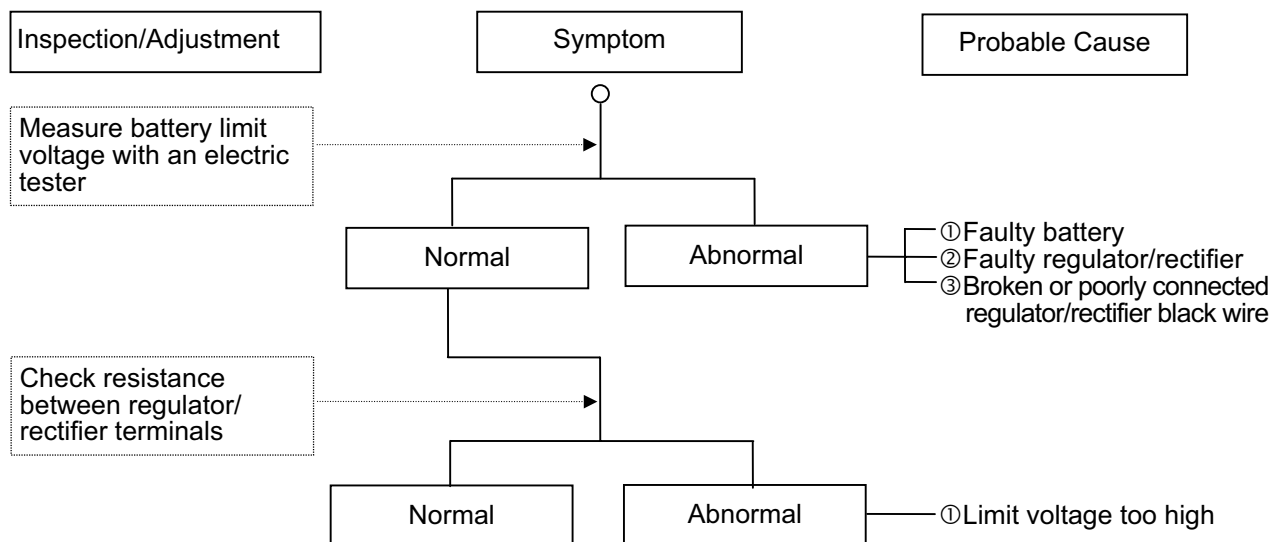
1. GENERAL INFORMATION

POOR CHARGING (BATTERY OVER DISCHARGING OR OVERCHARGING)

Undercharging



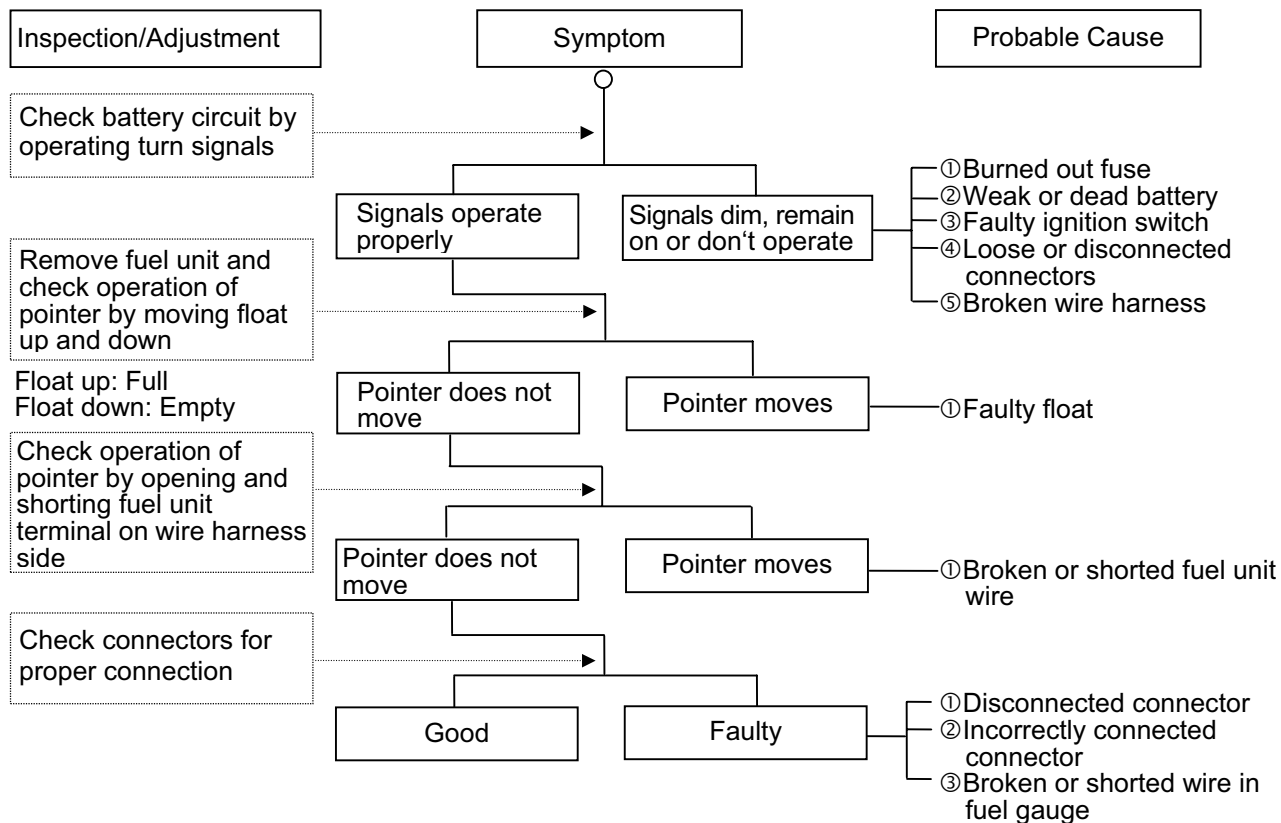
Overcharging



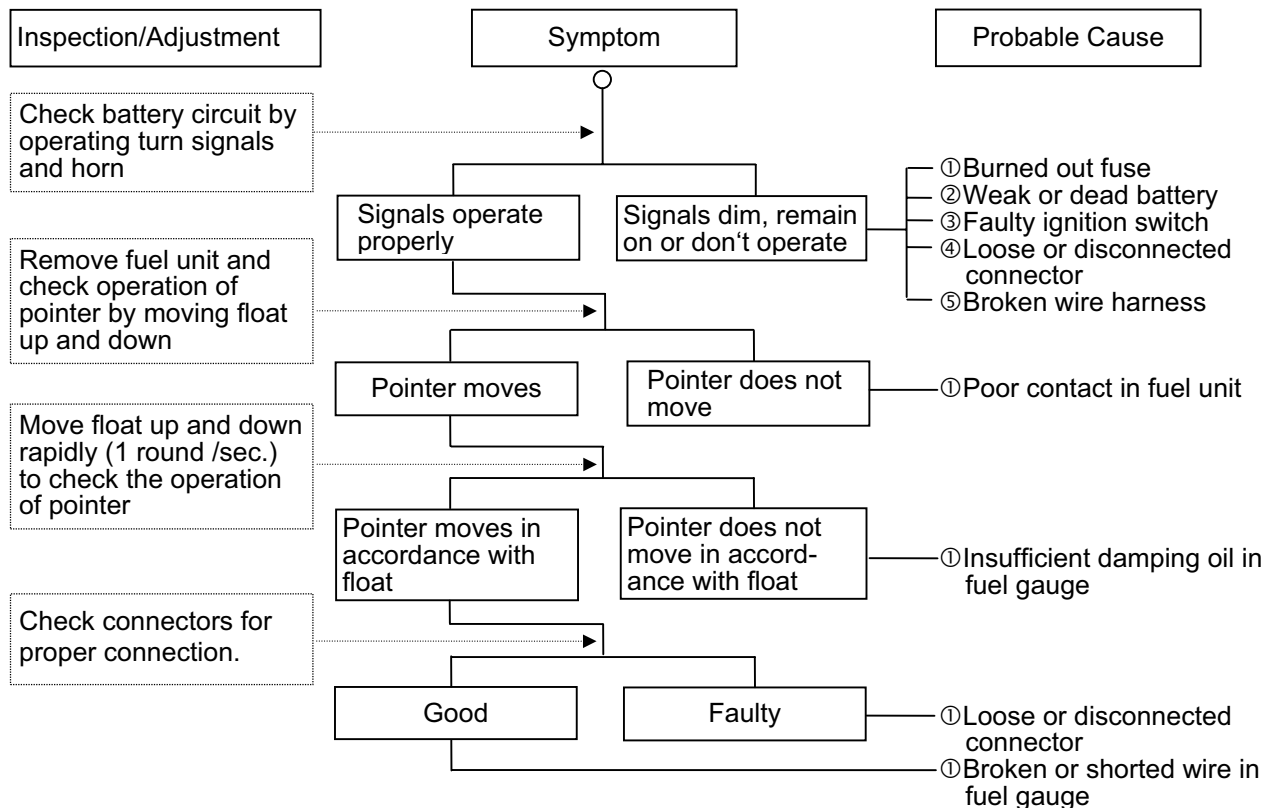
1. GENERAL INFORMATION

FUEL GAUGE

1. Pointer does not register correctly (Ignition switch ON)



2. Pointer fluctuates or swings (Ignition switch ON)



1. GENERAL INFORMATION

STEERING HANDLEBAR DOES NOT TRACK STRAIGHT

Symptom	Probable Cause
	(Front and rear tire pressures are normal)
Steering is heavy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① Steering stem nut too tight ② Broken steering steel balls
Front or rear wheel is wobbling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① Excessive wheel bearing play ② Bent rim ③ Loose axle nut
Steering handlebar pulls to one side	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① Misaligned front and rear wheels ② Bent front fork

POOR SUSPENSION PERFORMANCE

Symptom	Probable Cause
	(Front and rear tire pressures are normal)
Suspension is too soft	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① Weak shock spring ② Excessive load ③ Shock damper oil leaking
Suspension is too hard	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① Bent fork tube or shock rod
Suspension is noisy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① Fork tube and slider binding ② Fork spring and slider binding ③ Damaged shock stopper rubber ④ Loose steering stem nut

POOR BRAKE PERFORMANCE

Symptom	Probable Cause
Soft brake lever	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① Worn brake linings ② Foreign matter on brake linings ③ Rough brake drum contacting area
Hard brake lever	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① Worn brake linings ② Foreign matter on brake linings ③ Rough brake drum contacting area
Hard to brake	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① Worn brake linings ② Worn brake cam contacting area on
Poor brake performance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① Worn brake linings ② Foreign matter on brake linings
Brake squeaks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① Sluggish or elongated brake cables ② Brake shoes improperly contact ③ Water and mud in brake system ④ Oil or grease on brake linings

2. EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME COVERS

2

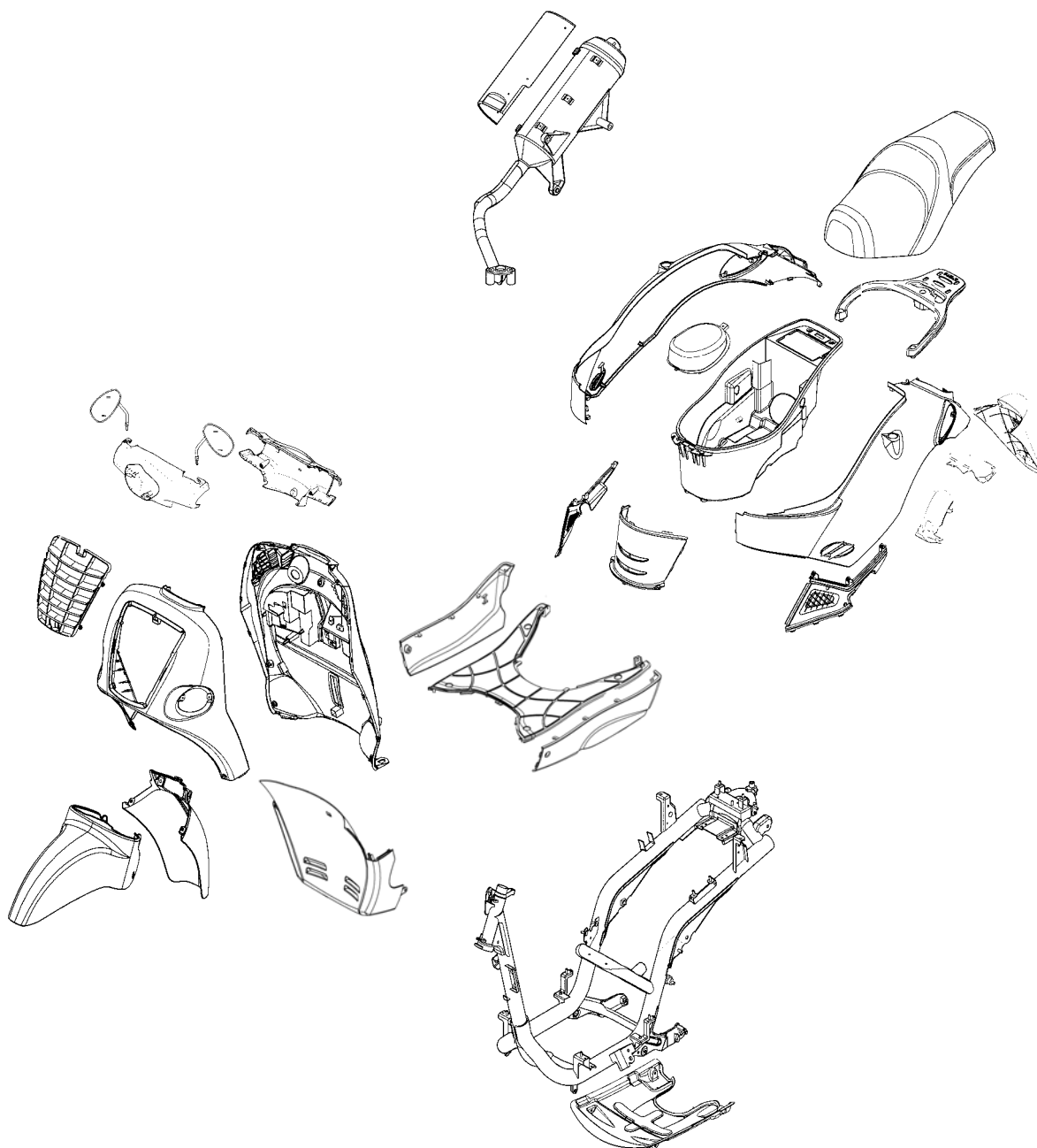
EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME COVERS

SCHEMATIC DRAWING-----	2-1
SERVICE INFORMATION-----	2-2
TROUBLESHOOTING -----	2-3
FRAME COVERS REMOVAL -----	2-4,12
EXHAUST MUFFLER REMOVAL -----	2-10,16

2. EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME COVERS

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

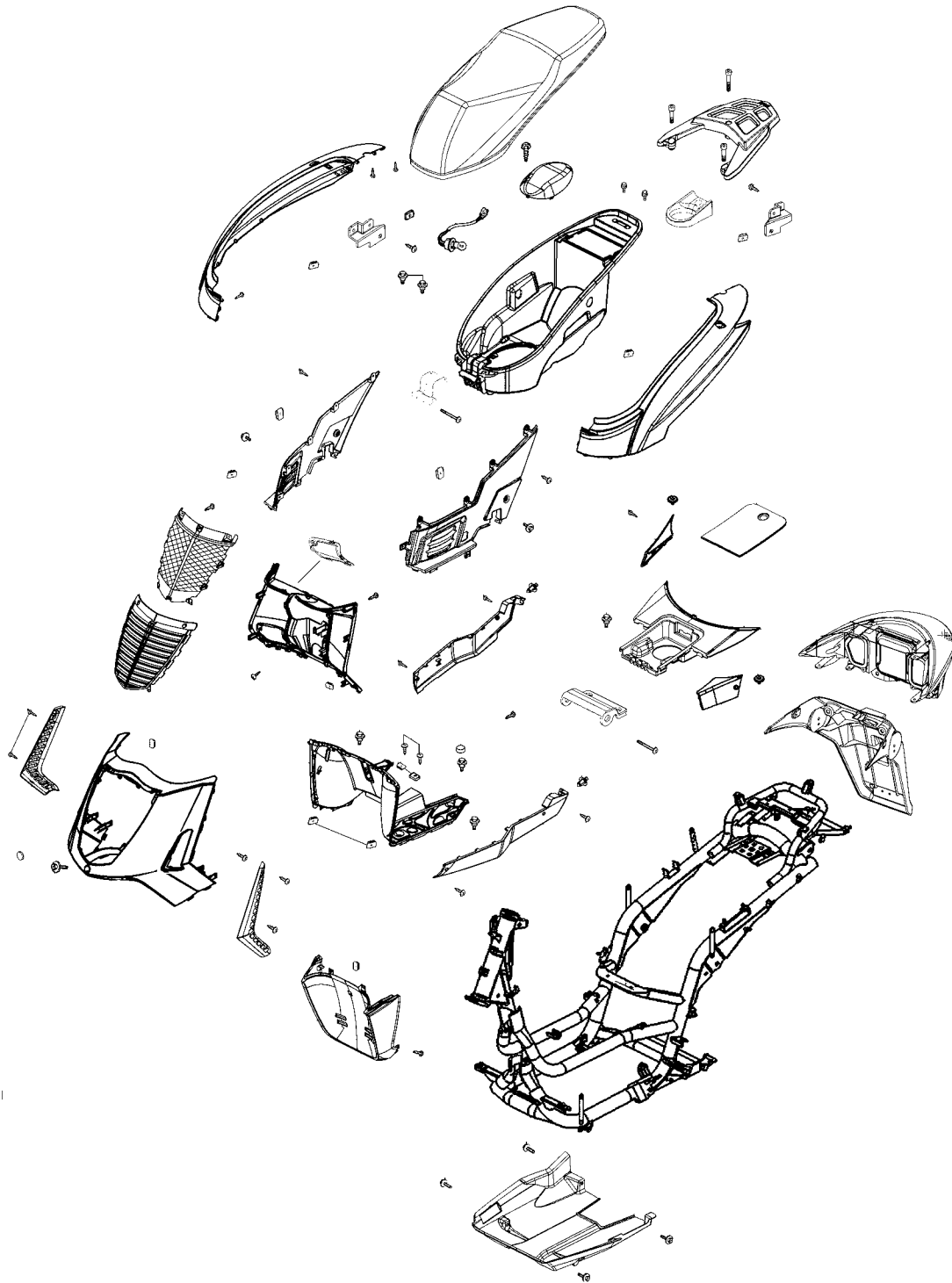
SCHEMATIC DRAWING



2. EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME COVERS

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

PEOPLE S 250



SERVICE INFORMATION**GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

- When removing frame covers, use care not to pull them by force because the cover joint claws may be damaged.
- Make sure to route cables and harnesses according to the Cable & Harness Routing.

TORQUE VALUES

Exhaust muffler lock bolt	32~38N-m
Exhaust muffler joint lock nut	18~22N-m

TROUBLESHOOTING**Noisy exhaust muffler**

- Damaged exhaust muffler
- Exhaust muffler joint air leaks

Lack of power

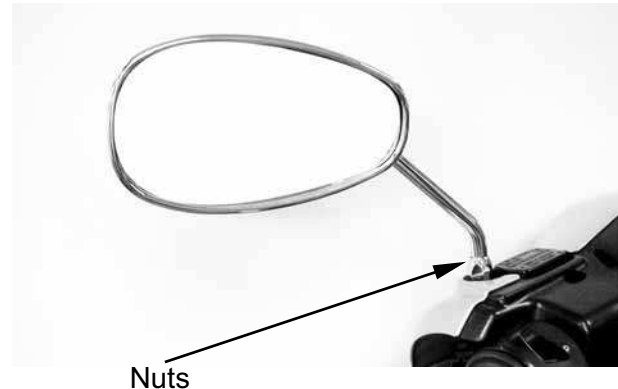
- Caved exhaust muffler
- Clogged exhaust muffler
- Exhaust muffler air leaks

2. EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME COVERS

FRAME COVERS REMOVAL

RIGHT AND LEFT BACK MIRROR REMOVAL

Loosen the nut on the back mirror.
Remove the back mirror.



Nuts

HANDLEBAR FRONT COVER REMOVAL

Remove one bolt on the handlebar front cover.



Bolt

Remove the four screws attaching handlebar rear cover to separate from handlebar rear cover.



Screws

Disconnect all of the wire connectors, couplers.
Remove handlebar front cover.



Wire Connectors

2. EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME COVERS

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

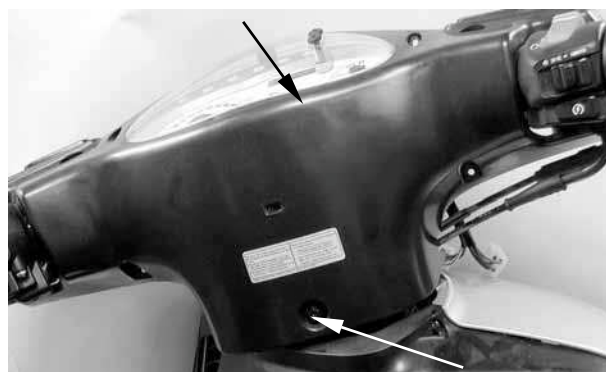
HANDLEBAR REAR COVER REMOVAL

Remove handlebar front cover. (⇒2-3)

Remove front cover. (⇒2-4)

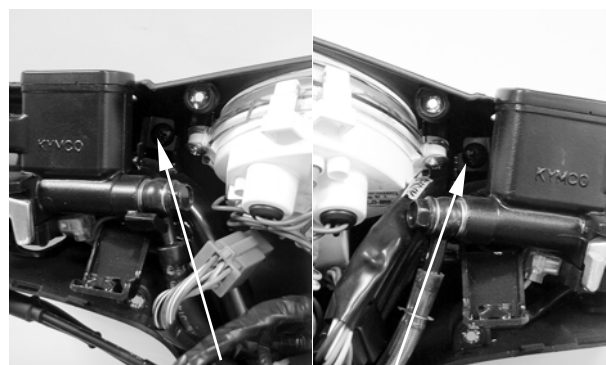
Remove the bolt on the handlebar rear cover.

Handlebar Rear Cover



Blot

Remove the two screws attaching frame.



Screw

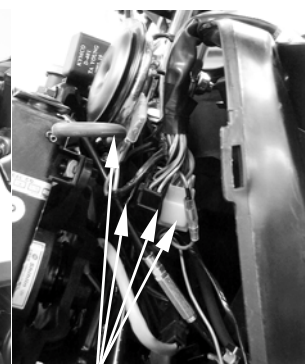
Screw

Disconnect all of the wire connectors, couplers and the speedometer cable.
Remove the handlebar rear cover.

Speed Wire



Wire Connectors

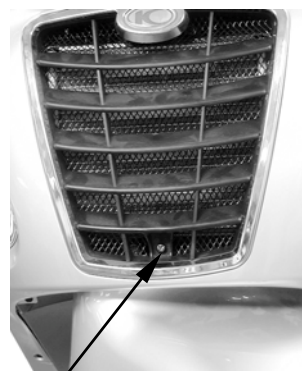


Wire Connectors

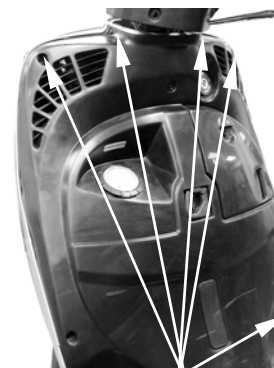
FRONT COVER REMOVAL

Remove the bolt on the front of the front cover.

Remove the six screws attaching the leg shield.



Screw

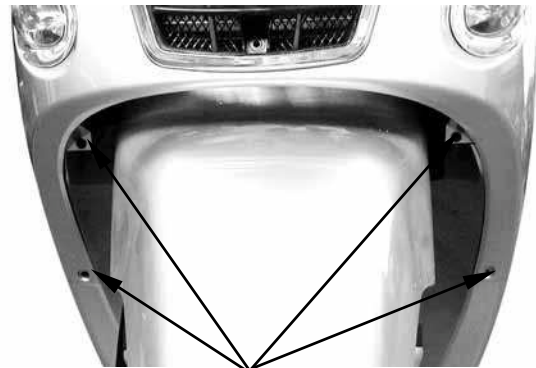


Screws

2. EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME COVERS

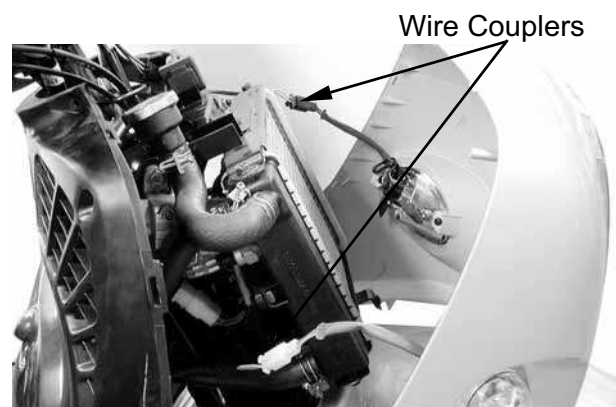
PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

Remove the four screws attaching the front under cover. Disconnect the front cover from leg shield and front under cover.



Screws

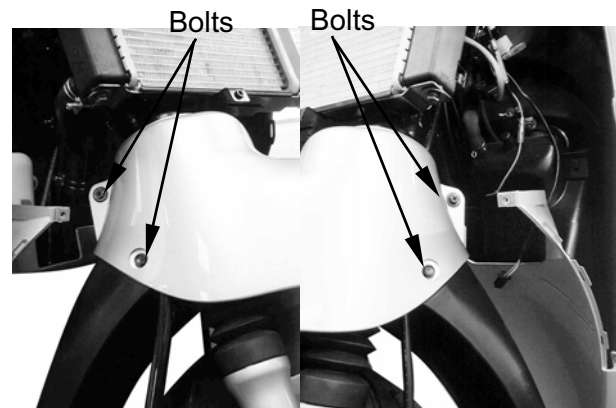
Disconnect all of the wire couplers. Remove the front cover.



Wire Couplers

FRONT FENDER A/B REMOVAL

Remove the two screws that combine front fender A with the front fender B.



Bolts

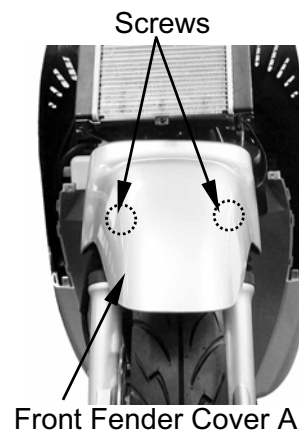
Bolts

Remove the two screws under the front fender A.

Remove the front fender A.

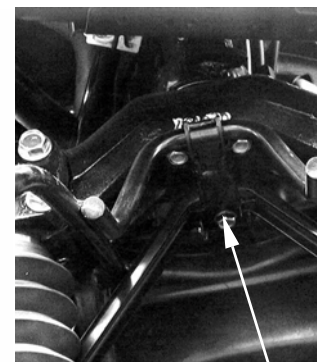
Remove the bolt under front fender B that combine front fender B with frame.

Remove the front fender B.



Screws

Front Fender Cover A



Bolt

2. EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME COVERS

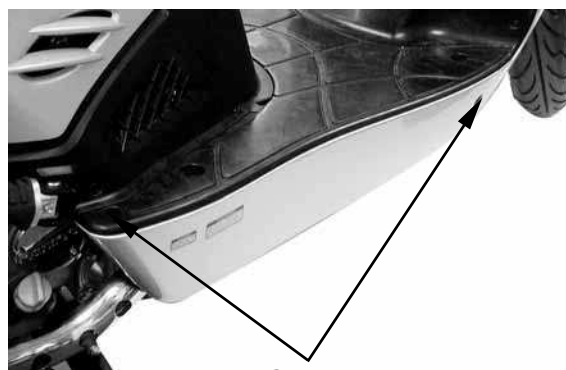
PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

RIGHT/LEFT SIDE COVER REMOVAL

Remove the screw combine right (left) side cover with front under cover.

Remove the screw combine right (left) side cover with the floor board.

Remove the right (left) side cover.



Screws

MET-IN BOX AND REAR CARRIER REMOVAL

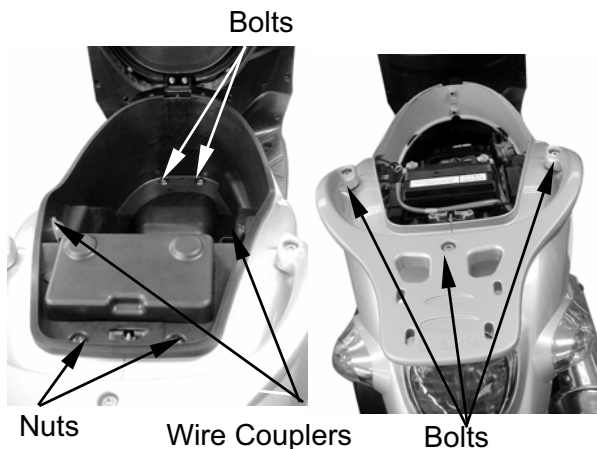
Open the seat with key.

Remove two bolts and two nuts on the met-in box.

Disconnect all of the wire couplers.

Remove met-in box.

Remove three bolts and remove the rear carrier.



Bolts

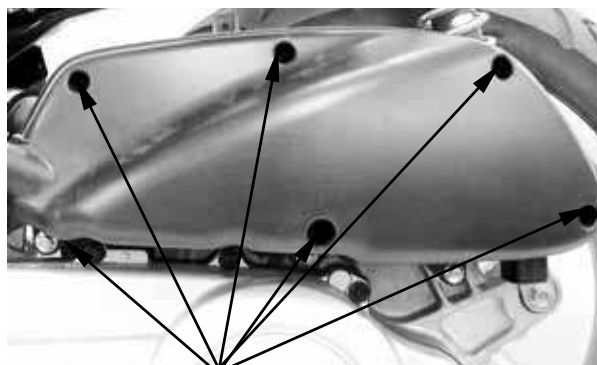
Nuts

Wire Couplers

Bolts

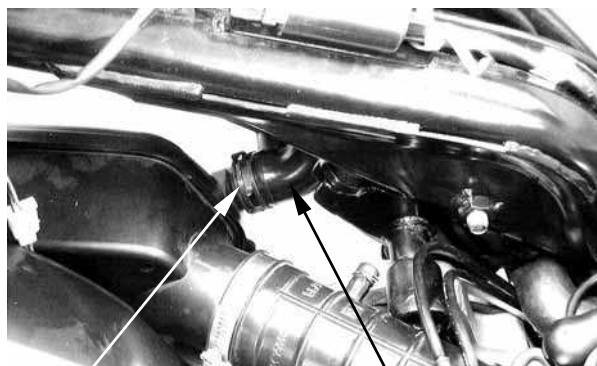
BODY COVER/CENTER COVER/REAR FENDER A REMOVAL

Remove six screws on air cleaner cover.



Screws

Loosen band to remove air cleaner cover and disconnect air duct hose.

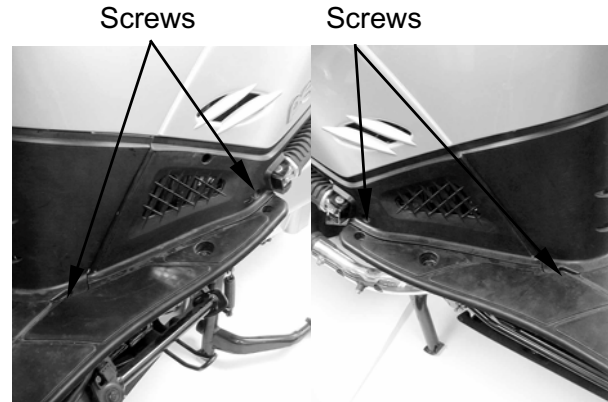


Band

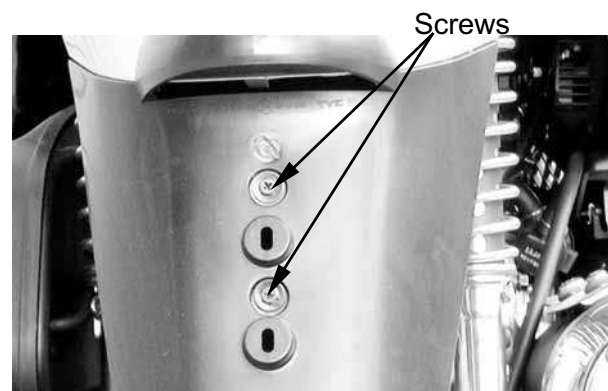
Air Duct Hose

2. EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME COVERS

Remove the met-in box and rear carrier. (⇒2-6)
Remove the four screws attaching the floor board.

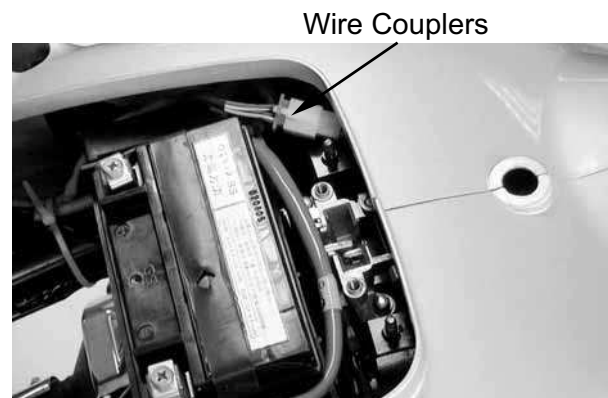


Remove the two screws on the rear fender A.



Disconnect all of the wire couplers.

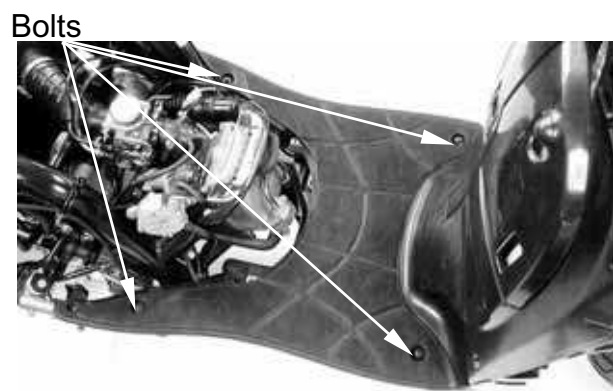
Remove the body cover, center cover and rear fender A together.



FLOOR BOARD REMOVAL

Remove the met-in box and rear carrier. (⇒2-6)
Remove the body cover, center cover and rear fender A together. (⇒2-6)
Remove right and left side cover. (⇒2-6)
Remove the four bolts on the floor board.

Remove the floor board.



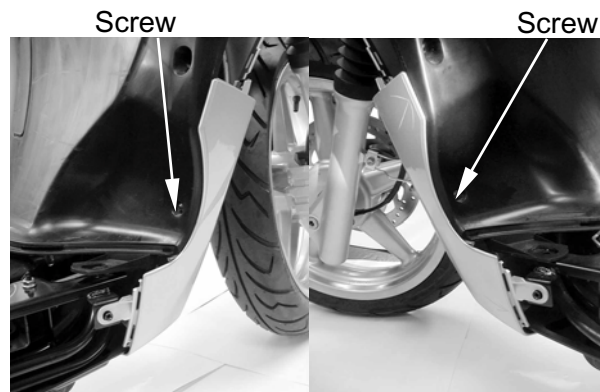
2. EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME COVERS

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

FRONT UNDER COVER REMOVAL

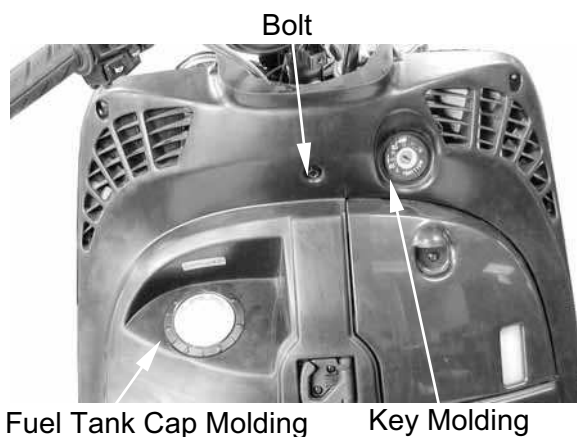
Remove the front cover. (⇒2-8)
 Remove the right and left side cover. (⇒2-6)
 Remove the two screws that combine the front under cover with the leg shield.

Remove the front under cover.



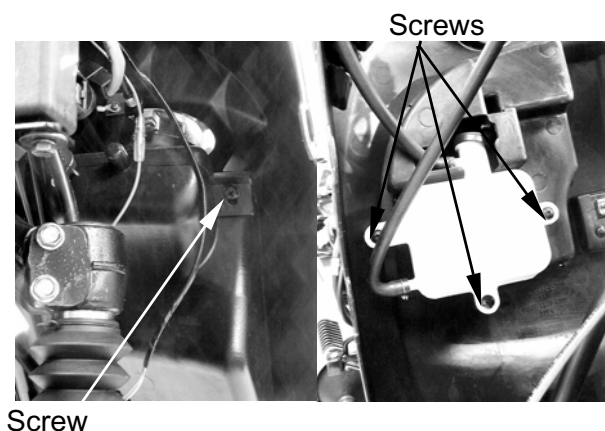
LEG SHIELD REMOVAL

Remove the front cover. (⇒2-4)
 Remove the side cover. (⇒2-6)
 Remove the met-in box and carrier. (⇒2-6)
 Remove the body cover, center cover and rear fender A together. (⇒2-6)
 Remove the floor board. (⇒2-7)
 Remove the front under cover. (⇒2-7)
 Remove the key molding and fuel tank cap molding.
 Remove the bolt on the leg shield.



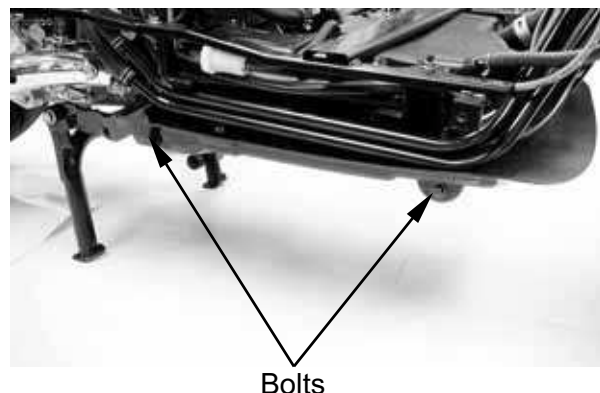
Remove the screw on the frame that combining the frame with the leg shield.
 Remove the three screws that combine the reserve water tank with the leg shield.

Remove the leg shield.



CENTER UNDER COVER REMOVAL

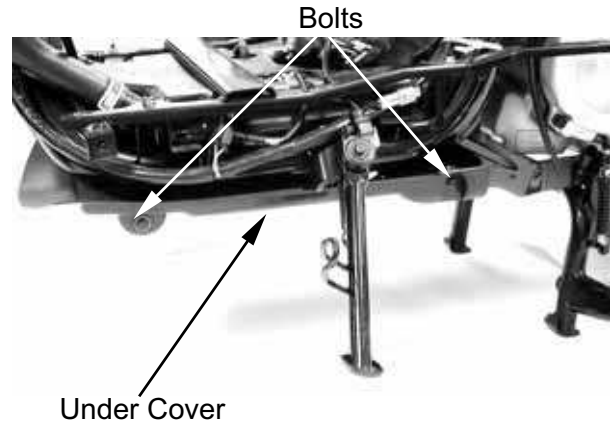
Remove the right and left side cover. (⇒2-6)
 Remove the four bolts on the center under cover.



2. EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME COVERS

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

Remove the center under cover.

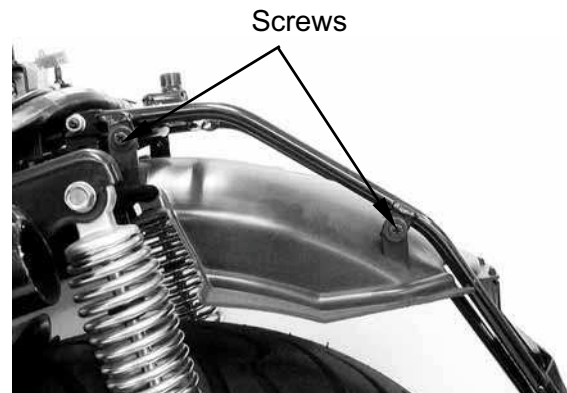


REAR FENDER COVER B/C REMOVAL

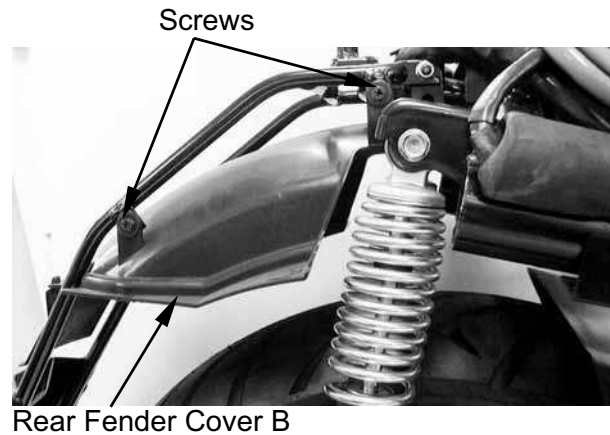
Remove the met-in box. (⇒2-6)

Remove the body cover, center cover and rear fender A together. (⇒2-6)

Remove the four screws on the rear fender B.

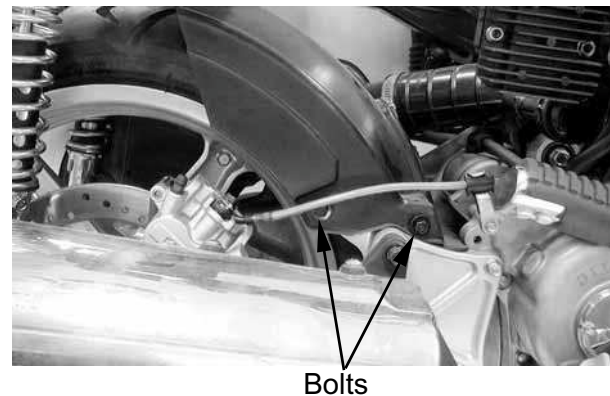


Remove the rear fender B.



Rear Fender Cover B

Remove the two bolts on the rear fender C.



Bolts

2. EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME COVERS

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

Remove the screw attaching the air cleaner case.

Remove the rear fender C.



EXHAUST MUFFLER REMOVAL

Remove the two exhaust muffler joint lock nuts.

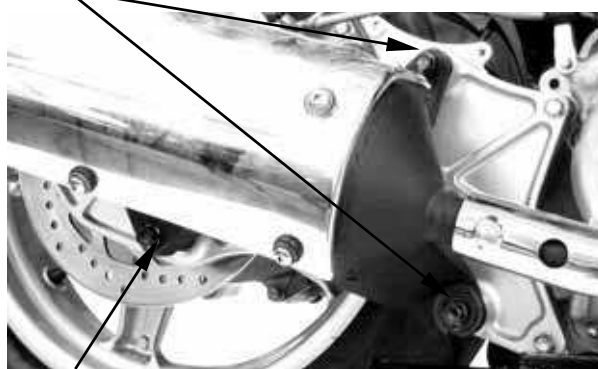
Joint Lock Nuts



Remove the three exhaust muffler lock bolts to remove the exhaust muffler.

Remove the exhaust muffler joint packing collar.

Lock Bolts (next to exhaust pipe)



Lock Bolts

When installing, first install the exhaust muffler packing collar onto the engine and then install the exhaust muffler.

Torques:

Exhaust muffler lock bolt (next to exhaust pipe): 32~38N-m

Exhaust muffler lock bolt: 59N-m

Exhaust muffler joint lock nut: 18~22N-m

* Be sure to install a new exhaust muffler packing collar.

Packing Collar

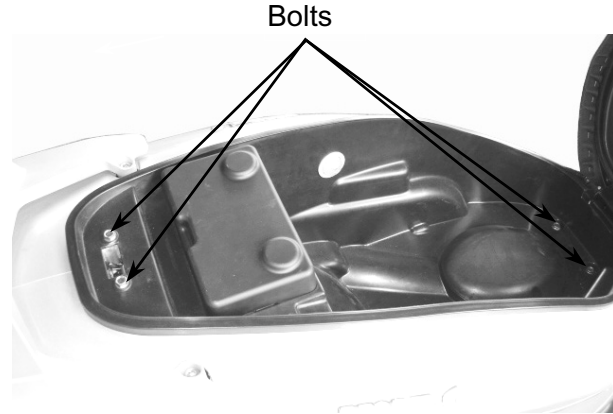


2. EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME COVERS

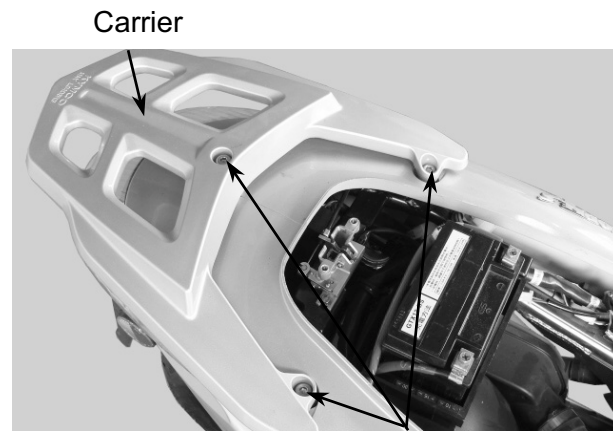
FRAME COVERS REMOVAL

REAR CARRIER

Remove the met-in box.
 First remove the four bolts attaching the met-in box.
 Remove the met-in box.

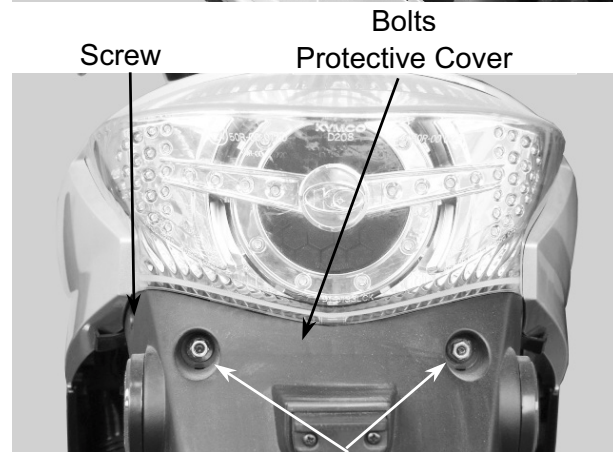


Remove the three bolts attaching the rear carrier.
 Remove the rear carrier.

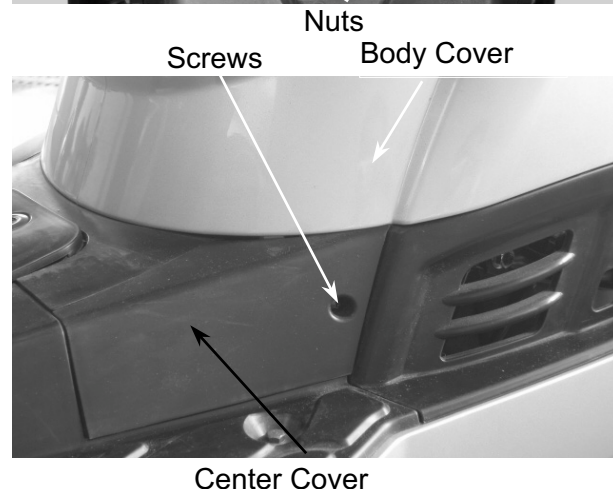


FRAME BODY COVER REMOVAL

Remove the two nuts and screws attaching the rear protective cover.
 Remove the rear protective cover.



Remove the two screws on the bottom of the side center cover.
 Remove the side center cover.
 Remove the body cover.



2. EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME COVERS

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

SIDE COVER REMOVAL

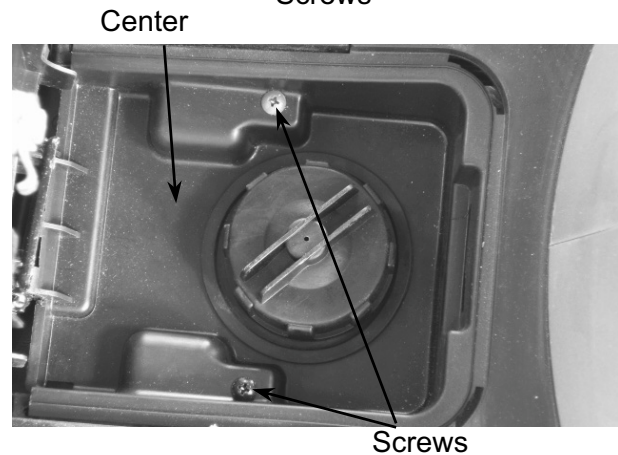
Remove the screws attaching the right and left side covers.

Remove the right and left side covers by pulling them outward.



Disconnect the tow screws attaching the center cover.

Remove the center cover.



FRONT COVER REMOVE

Remove the screws attaching the right and left side covers air outlet.

Disconnect the right and left side cover air outlet.



Remove the two screws on the both sides of front cover.

Remove the two screws on the back of front cover.

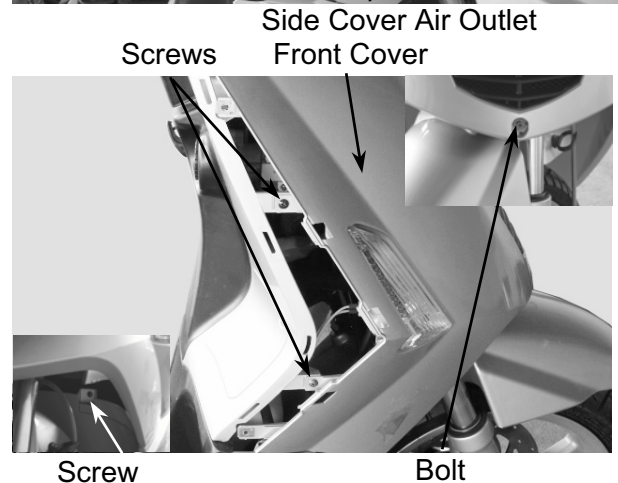
Remove the two screws on the skirt of front cover.

Remove the bolt and two adjusting screws on the front of front cover.

Disconnect the signal light wire connector.

Remove the front cover.

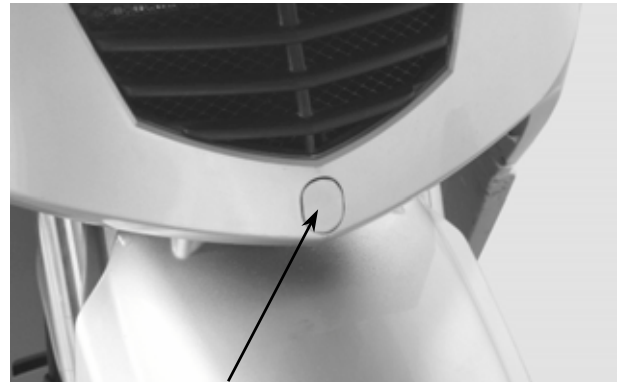
The installation sequence is the reverse of remove.



2. EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME COVERS

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

Remove the front cover of decoration cover.



Decoration Cover

Removes the decoration covers by the little tool push the decoration of a back claw.



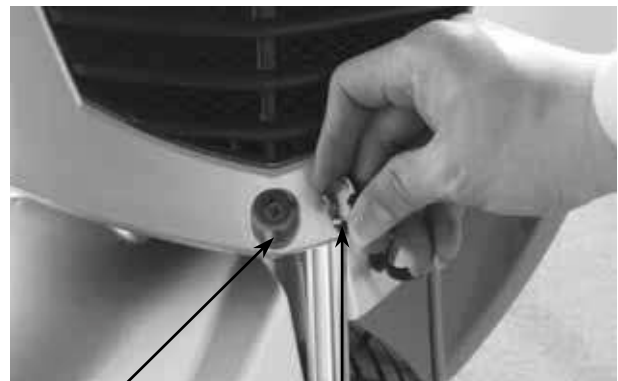
Tool

Remove the bolt on the front cover.



Bolt

Install the decoration cover onto the front cover with the claw aligned with the front cove hole.



Hole

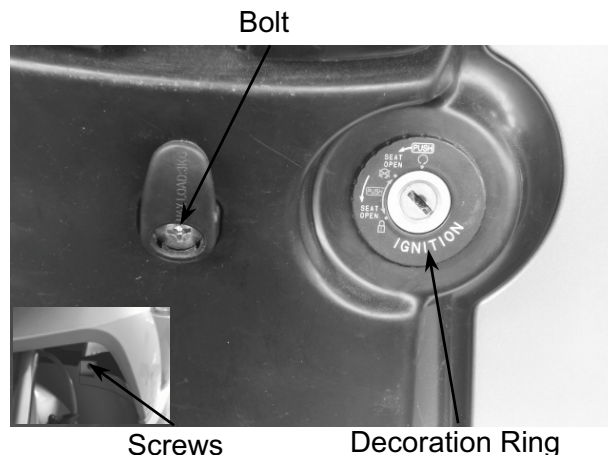
Claw

2. EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME COVERS

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

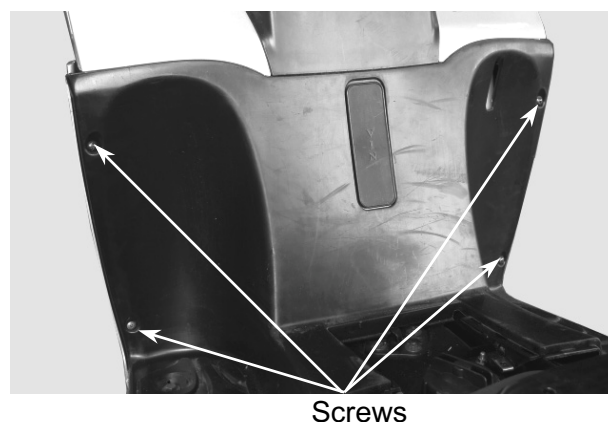
LEG SHIELD COVER REMOVE

Remove the ignition switch decoration ring.
Remove the bolt on the leg shield cover.
Remove the two screws on the back of under position.
Disconnect the leg shield cover.
The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.



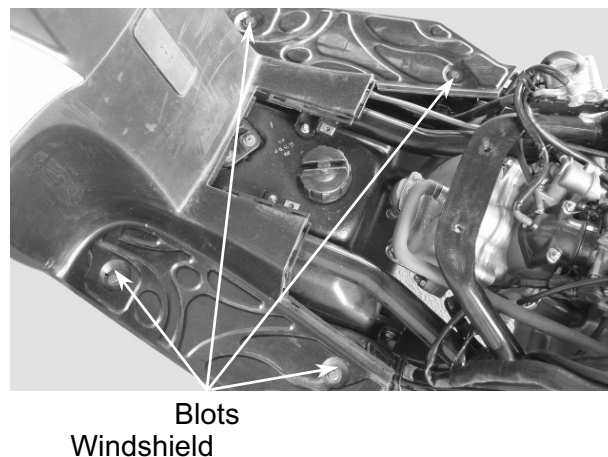
COWL UNDER REMOVE

Remove the front cover.
Remove the four screws attaching the leg shield low.
Disconnect the leg shield low with the cowl under cover.
The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.



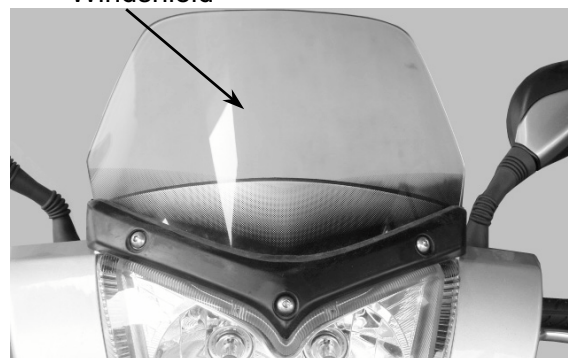
FLOOR-FOOT REMOVE

Remove the met-in box.
Remove the body cover.
Remove the front cover.
Remove the leg shield cover and cowl under cover.
Remove the four bolts attaching the floor-foot.
The installation sequence is the reverse of remove.



WINDSHIELD REMOVAL

Remove the three bolts attaching the front windshield out cover.
Remove the windshield out cover.
Remove the windshield.

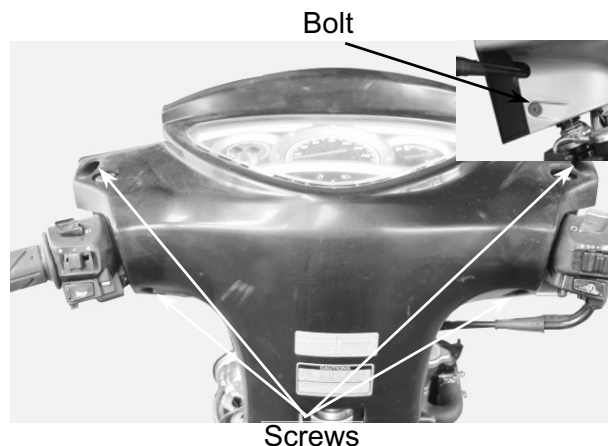


2. EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME COVERS

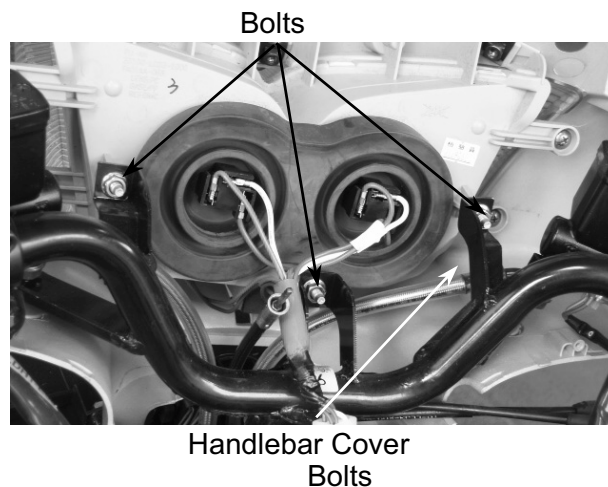
PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

HANDLEBAR COVER REMOVAL

First remove the windshield.
Remove the four screws and two bolts attaching the handlebar rear cover.
Remove the handlebar rear cover.
The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

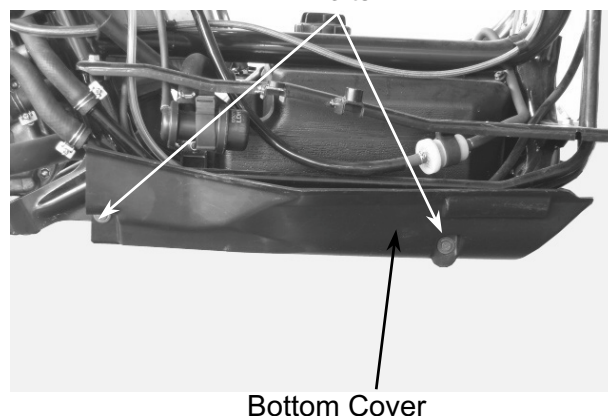


Remove the three nuts attaching the handlebar cover.
Remove the handlebar cover.
The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.



BOTTOM COVER REMOVAL

Remove the four bolts attaching the bottom cover.
Remove the bottom cover.

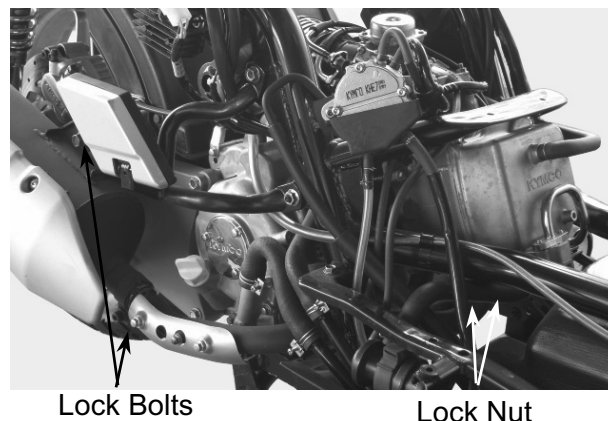


EXHAUST MUFFLER REMOVAL

Remove two lock nuts from joint in the exhaust muffler.
Remove the exhaust muffler two lock bolts to remove the exhaust muffler.
Remove the exhaust muffler joint packing collar.
The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

Torque:

Exhaust muffler joint lock nut: 2.2kg-m
Exhaust muffler lock bolt: 3.3kg-m



3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

3

INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

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3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL



- Before running the engine, make sure that the working area is well ventilated. Never run the engine in a closed area. The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas, which may cause death to people.
- Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under some conditions. The working area must be well ventilated and do not smoke or allow flames or sparks near the working area or fuel storage area.

SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE

Throttle grip free play : 2~6mm
 Spark plug : NGK: DPR7EA9
 Spark plug gap : 0.7mm
 Valve clearance : IN: 0.1mm EX: 0.1mm
 Idle speed : 1700±100rpm/1600±100rpm(people s 250)

Engine oil capacity: Cylinder compression : 15±2kg/cm²
 At disassembly : 1.1 liter Ignition timing : repeatedly
 At change : 0.9 liter Coolant type : water cooling
 Gear oil capacity :
 At disassembly : 0.20 liter
 At change : 0.18 liter

TIRE

	1 Rider	2 Riders
Front	1.75kg/cm ²	1.75kg/cm ²
Rear	2.0kg/cm ²	2.0kg/cm ²

TIRE SPECIFICATION:

Front : 110/70-16 52P
 Rear : 140/70-16 65P

TORQUE VALUES

Front axle : 29~35N-m
 Front axle nut : 60~70N-m (people s 250)
 Rear axle nut : 110~130N-m

3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

Perform the periodic maintenance at each scheduled maintenance period.

I: Inspect, and Clean, Adjust, Lubricate or Replace if necessary.

A: Adjust C: Clean R: Replace T: Tighten

Item	Frequency	Whichever comes first ⇄ ↓	Regular Service Mileage (km)					
			1000	2000	4000	6000	8000	10000
Engine oil			R New scooter 300km	R	R	R	R	R
Engine oil filter screen					C		C	
Fuel filter			Replace at every 6000km					
Gear oil	Note 3		R New scooter 300km		R			R
Valve clearance				A	A		A	
Carburetor					I		I	
Air Cleaner	Note 2,3		I		R			R
Spark plug			Clean at every 3000km and replace if necessary					
Brake system			I	I	I	I	I	I
Drive belt							I	
Suspension					I		I	
Nut, bolt, fastener							I	
Tire					I		I	
Steering head bearing			I			I	I	
Brake fluid			Perform pre-ride inspection daily					
Radiator coolant			Replace every year or at every 10000km (R)					
Radiator core						I		I
Radiator cap						I		I
Brake lever					I			I
Brake shoe wear					I			I
Shock absorber					I			I

- In the interest of safety, we recommend these items be serviced only by an authorized KYMCO motorcycle dealer.

Note: 1. For higher odometer readings, repeat at the frequency interval established here.

2. Service more frequently when riding in dusty or rainy areas.

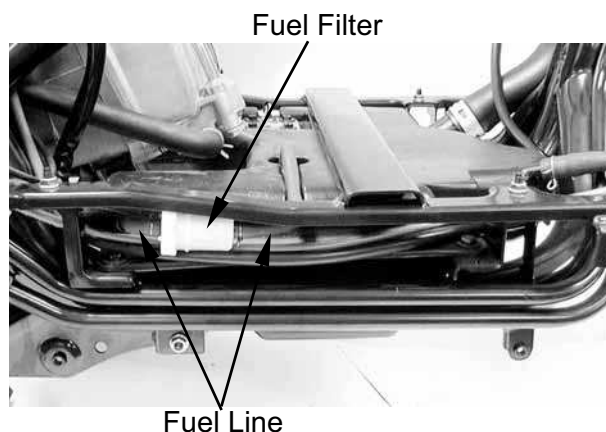
3. Service more frequently when riding in rain or at full throttle.

3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

FUEL LINE/FUEL FILTER

Remove the right side cover.
Check the fuel lines and replace any parts, which show signs of deterioration, damage or leakage.
Check for dirty or clogged fuel filter and replace with a new one if it is clogged.

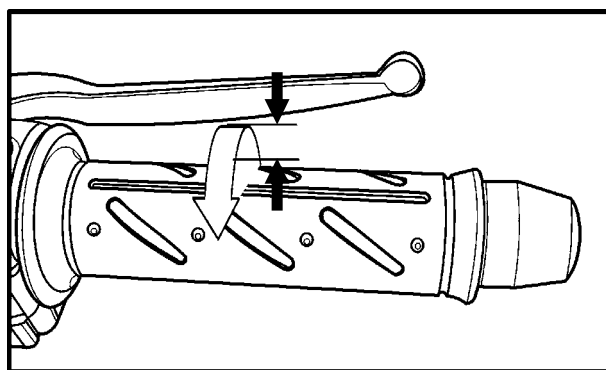
- * • Do not smoke or allow flames or sparks in your working area.



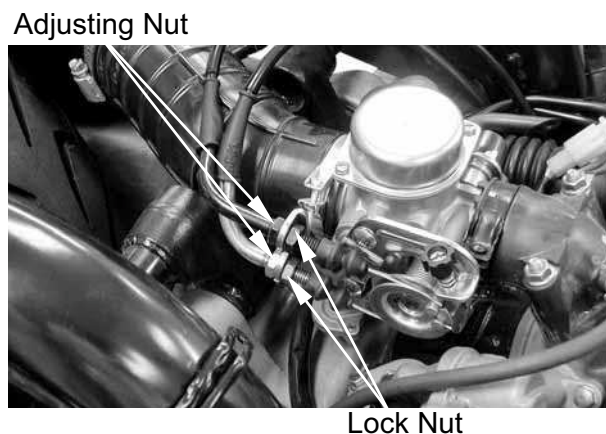
THROTTLE OPERATION

Check the throttle grip for smooth movement.
Measure the throttle grip free play.

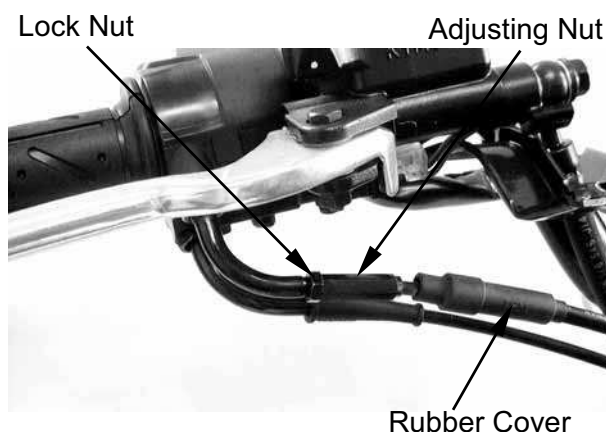
Free Play: 2~6mm



Remove the met-in box.
Major adjustment of the throttle grip free play is made with the adjusting nut at the carburetor side. Adjust by loosening the lock nut and turning the adjusting nut.



Minor adjustment is made with the adjusting nut at the throttle grip side.
Slide the rubber cover out and adjust by loosening the lock nut and turning the adjusting nut.

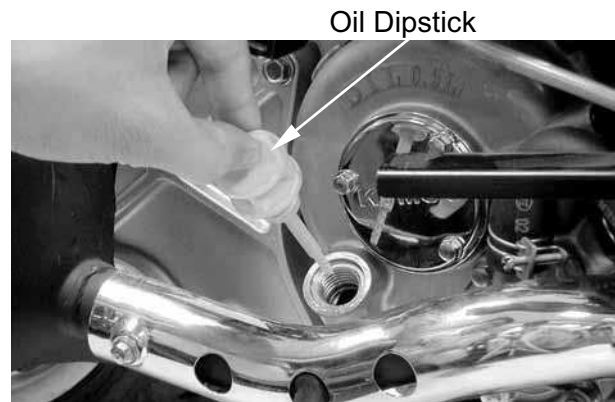


3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

ENGINE OIL

OIL LEVEL INSPECTION

Stop the engine and support the scooter upright on level ground.
Wait for 2~3 minutes and check the oil level with the dipstick. Do not screw in the dipstick when making this check.



OIL CHANGE

- *

• Drain the oil while the engine is warm.

Remove the oil drain bolt to drain the engine oil.

Install the aluminum washer and tighten the oil drain bolt.

Torque: 14.7N-m

- *

• Replace the aluminum washer with a new one if it is deformed or damaged.

Pour the recommended oil through the oil filler hole.

Oil Capacity:

At disassembly: 1.1 liter

At change: 0.9 liter

Recommended Oil:

SAE: 15W40#

API: SJ

Start the engine and check for oil leaks.
Stop the engine and recheck the oil level.



OIL FILTER SCREEN INSPECTION

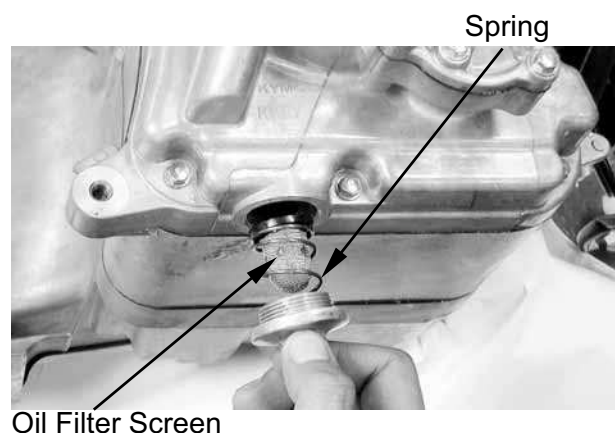
Drain the engine oil.

Remove the oil filter screen and spring.

Clean the oil filter screen.

Install the oil filter screen, spring, and filter screen cap.

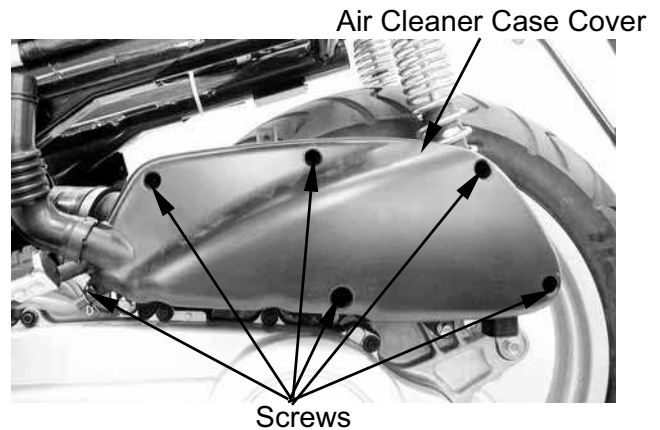
Fill the engine with recommended engine oil.



3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

AIR CLEANER

Remove the six air cleaner case cover screws and the cover.



Remove the air cleaner element. Check the element and replace it if it is excessively dirty or damaged.

CHANGE INTERVAL

More frequent replacement is required when riding in unusually dusty or rainy areas.

- The air cleaner element has a viscous type paper element. Do not clean it with compressed air.
- Be sure to install the air cleaner element and cover securely.



SPARK PLUG

Remove the met-in box and center cover. Remove the spark plug cap and spark plug. Check the spark plug for wear and fouling deposits. Clean any fouling deposits with a spark plug cleaner or a wire brush.



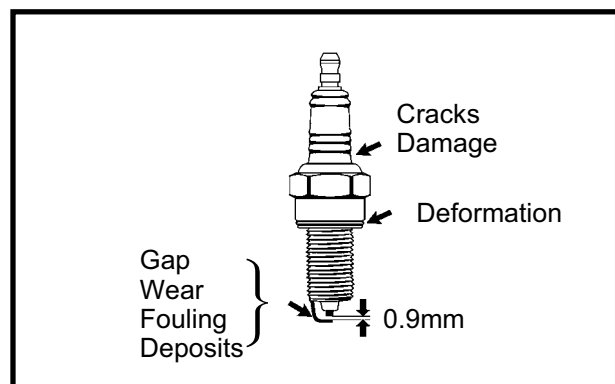
Specified Spark Plug: NGK: DPR7EA9

Measure the spark plug gap.

Spark Plug Gap: 0.7mm

- When installing, first screw in the spark plug by hand and then tighten it with a spark plug wrench.

Torque: 14.7 ~ 19.6N-m



3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

VALVE CLEARANCE

- * Inspect and adjust valve clearance while the engine is cold (below 35°C).

Remove the met-in box and center cover. Disconnect oil vapor recovery tube and secondary air cleaner fresh air outlet hose from cylinder head cover.

Remove two lower bolts and two nuts on the cylinder head cover.

Place the scooter on its side stand and load a person on the rear carrier for remove the two upper bolts on the cylinder head cover and remove cylinder head cover.

Turn the A.C. generator flywheel to the top dead center (TDC) on the compression stroke so that the "T" mark on the flywheel aligns with the index mark on the left crankcase cover.

Inspect and adjust valve clearance.

Valve Clearance: IN: 0.1mm
EX: 0.1mm

Loosen the lock nut and adjust by turning the adjusting nut

Special

Valve Adjuster E036

- * Check the valve clearance again after the lock nut is tightened.

CARBURETOR IDLE SPEED

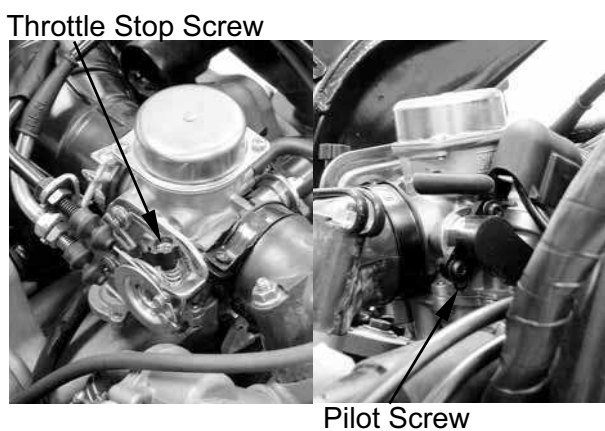
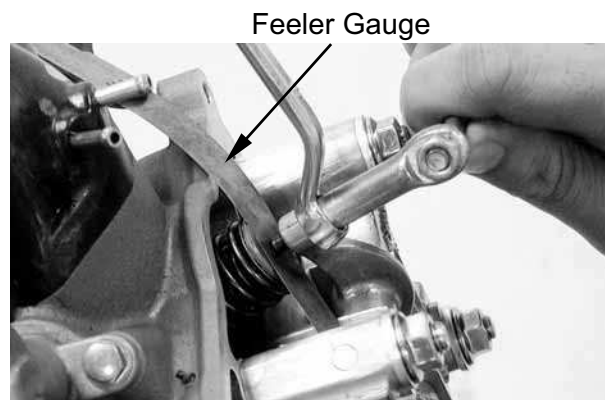
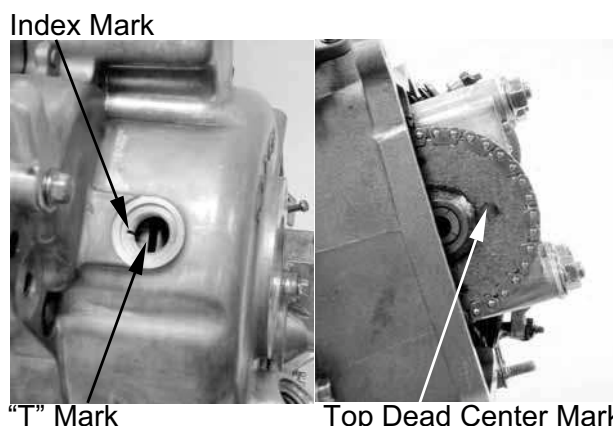
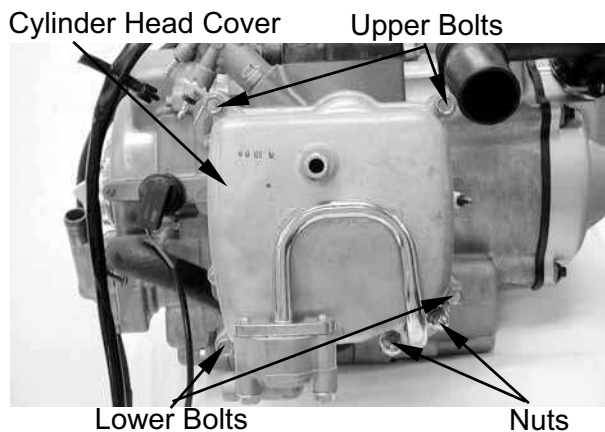
- * The engine must be warm for accurate idle speed inspection and adjustment.

Lift up the seat and remove the inspection cover.

Warm up the engine before this operation. Start the engine and connect a tachometer. Turn the throttle stop screw to obtain the specified idle speed.

Idle Speed: 1700±100rpm

When the engine misses or run erratic, adjust the pilot screw.



3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

CYLINDER COMPRESSION

Warm up the engine before compression test.
Remove the center cover and spark plug cap.
Remove the spark plug.
Insert a compression gauge.
Open the throttle valves fully and push the starter button to test the compression.

Compression: $15 \pm 2 \text{ kg/cm}^2$

If the compression is low, check for the following:

- Leaky valves
- Valve clearance too small
- Leaking cylinder head gasket
- Worn pistons
- Worn piston/cylinder

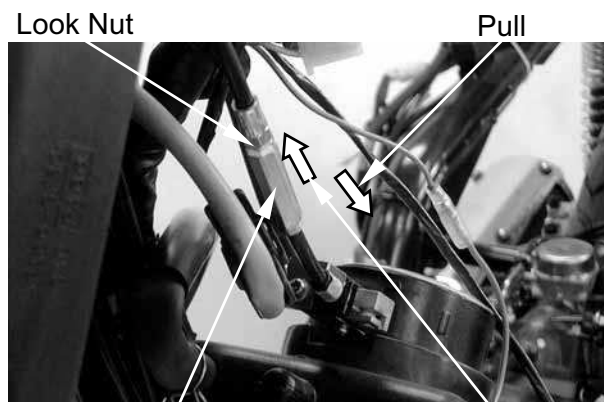
If the compression is high, it indicates that carbon deposits have accumulated on the combustion chamber and the piston head.



Compression Gauge

FUEL TANK CAP CABLE WIRE

Please remove the front cover to inspect the fuel tank cap cable wire slack when operate the fuel tank cap hardly.

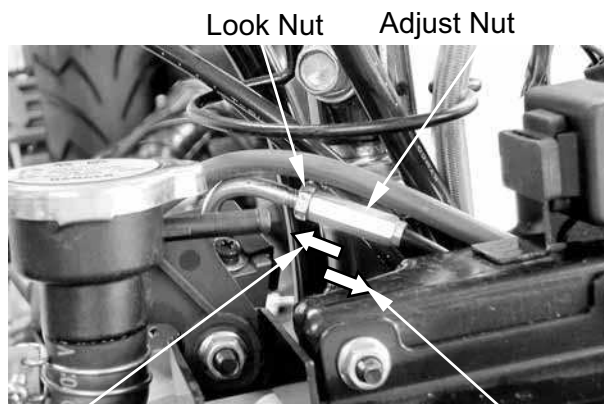


Adjust Nut

Relax

SEAT CABLE WIRE

Please remove the front cover to inspect the seat cable wire when operate the seat hardly.



Relax

Pull

3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

FINAL REDUCTION GEAR OIL

- * Place the scooter on its main stand on level ground.

Stop the engine and remove the oil checks bolt.

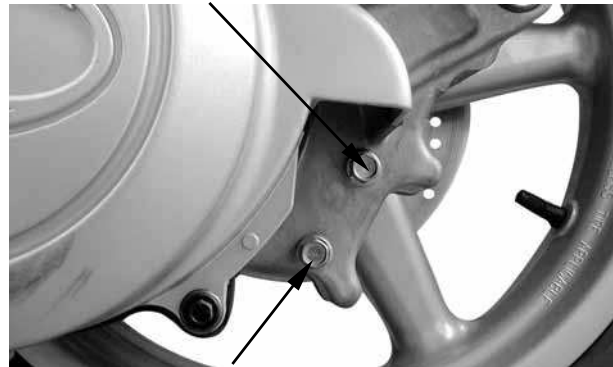
The oil level shall be at the oil check blowhole.

If the oil level is low, add the recommended oil SAE90# to the proper level.

Install the oil check bolt.

- * Make sure that the sealing washer is in good condition.

Oil Check Bolt Hole/Oil Filler



Oil Drain Bolt/Sealing Washer

GEAR OIL CHANGE

Remove the oil check bolt.

Removes the oil drains bolt and drain the oil thoroughly.

Install the oil drain bolt.

Torque: 9.8N-m

- * Make sure that the sealing washer is in good condition.

Fill the final reduction with the recommended oil SAE90#.

Gear Oil Capacity:

At disassembly : 230cc

At change : 180cc

Reinstall the oil check bolt and check for oil leaks.

DRIVE BELT

Remove the left crankcase cover.

Inspect the drive belt for cracks or excessive wear.

Replace the drive belt with a new one if necessary and in accordance with the Maintenance Schedule.



Drive Belt

3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

HEADLIGHT AIM

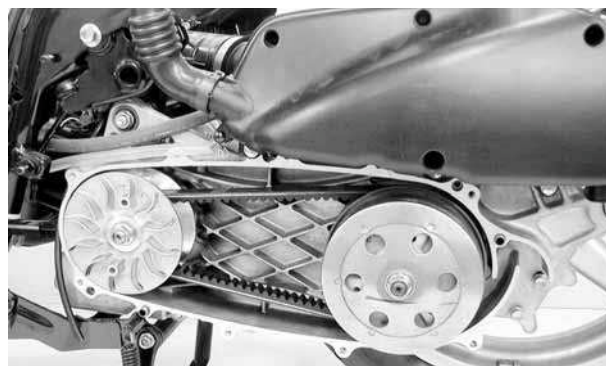
Turn the ignition switch ON.
Turn on the headlight switch.
Adjust the headlight aim by turning the headlight aim adjusting bolt.



Headlight Aim Adjusting Bolt

CLUTCH SHOE WEAR

Start the engine and check the clutch operation by increasing the engine speed gradually.
If the motorcycle tends to creep or the engine stalls, check the clutch shoes for wear and replace if necessary.



COOLING SYSTEM

COOLANT LEVEL INSPECTION

Place the scooter on its main stand on level ground.
Check the coolant level of the reserve tank and the level should be between the upper and lower level lines.

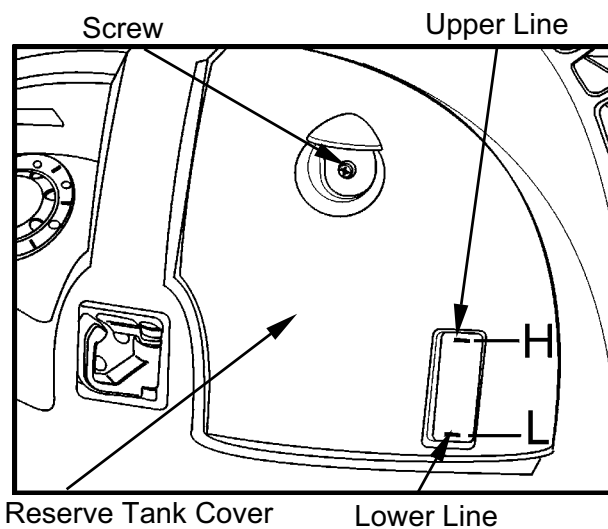
If necessary, remove the screw and reserve tank cover to fill the reserve tank with recommended coolant to the "F" level line.

Recommended Coolant: SIGMA Coolant
(Standard Concentration 30%)

- * The coolant level does not change no matter the engine is warm or cold. Fill to the "F" (upper) line.

COOLANT REPLACEMENT

- * Perform this operation when the engine is cold.



3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

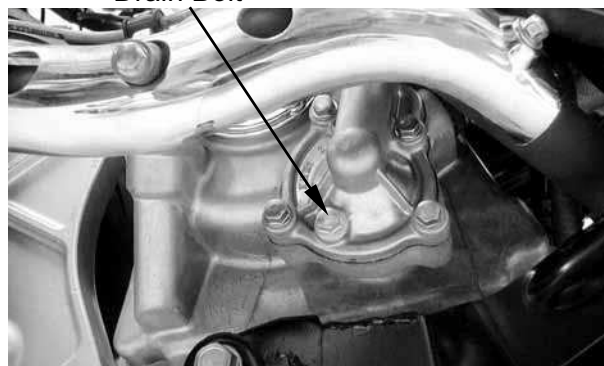
Remove the front cover.
Remove the radiator cap.
Remove the drain bolt to drain the coolant and tilt the scooter to the right and the coolant will drain more easily.
Drain the coolant in the reserve tank.
Reinstall the drain bolt.
Fill the radiator coolant.

- * • The coolant freezing point should be 5 °C lower than the temperature of the riding area.

Radiator Cap



Drain Bolt



Start the engine and check if there are no bubbles in the coolant and the coolant level is stable. Reinstall the radiator cap.
If there are bubbles in the coolant, bleed air from the system.
Fill the reserve tank with the recommended coolant up to the upper line.

BRAKE SYSTEM

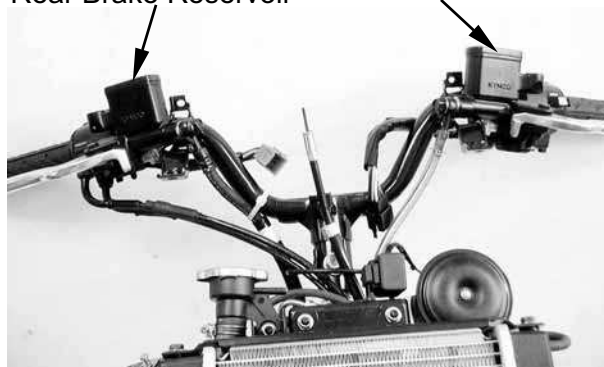
BRAKE FLUID

Turn the steering handlebar upright and check if the front/rear brake fluid level is at the upper limit. If the brake fluid is insufficient, fill to the upper limit.

Specified Brake Fluid: DOT-4

- * • The brake fluid level will decrease if the brake pads are worn.

Rear Brake Reservoir Front Brake Reservoir



BRAKE DISK/BRAKE PAD

Check the brake disk surface for scratches, unevenness or abnormal wear.
Check if the brake disk rubout is within the specified service limit.
Check if the brake pad wear exceeds the wear indicator line.

- * • Keep grease or oil off the brake disk to avoid brake failure.

Brake Disk



Wear Indicator Line

3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

NUTS/BOLTS/FASTENERS

Check all important chassis nuts and bolts for looseness.

Tighten them to their specified torque values if any looseness is found.

WHEELS/TIRES

Check the tires for cuts, imbedded nails or other damages.

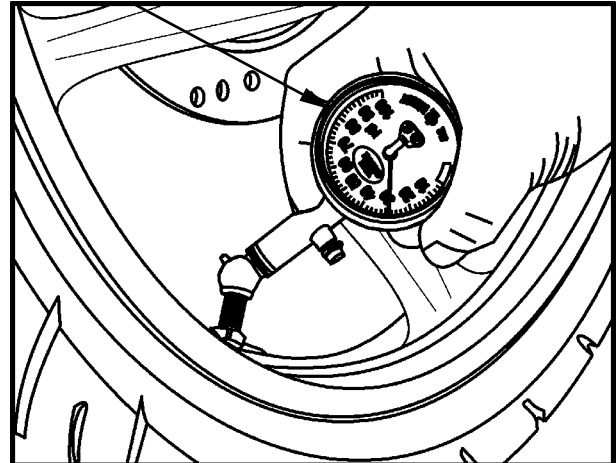
Check the tire pressure.

- * • Tire pressure should be checked when tires are cold.

Tire Pressure

	1 Rider	2 Riders
Front	1.75kg/cm ²	1.75kg/cm ²
Rear	2.00kg/cm ²	2.0kg/cm ²

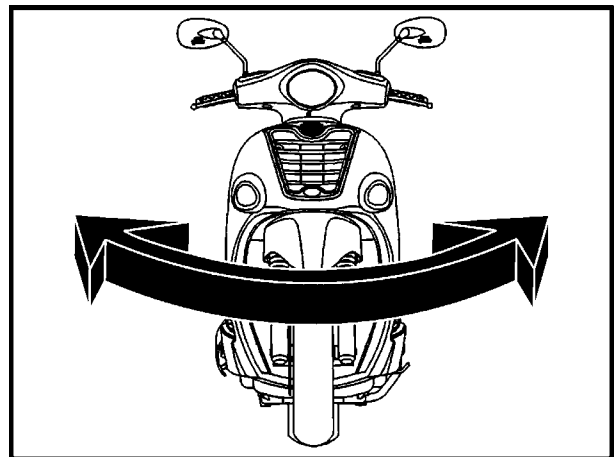
Pressure Gauge



STEERING HANDLEBAR

Raise the front wheel off the ground and check that the steering handlebar rotates freely.

If the handlebar moves unevenly, binds, or has vertical movement, adjust the steering head bearing.



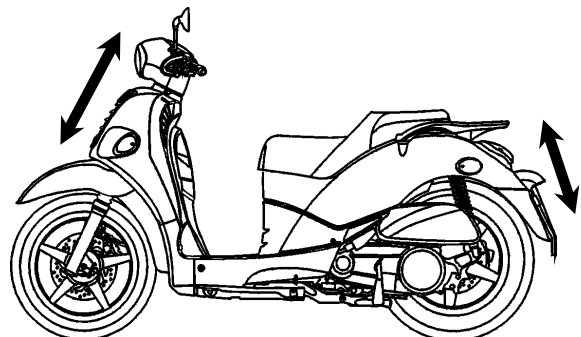
SUSPENSION

Check the action of the front/rear shock absorbers by compressing them several times.

Check the entire shock absorber assembly for oil leaks looseness or damage.

Jack the rear wheels off the ground and move the rear wheel sideways with force to see if the engine hanger bushings are worn.

Replace the engine hanger bushings if there is any looseness.

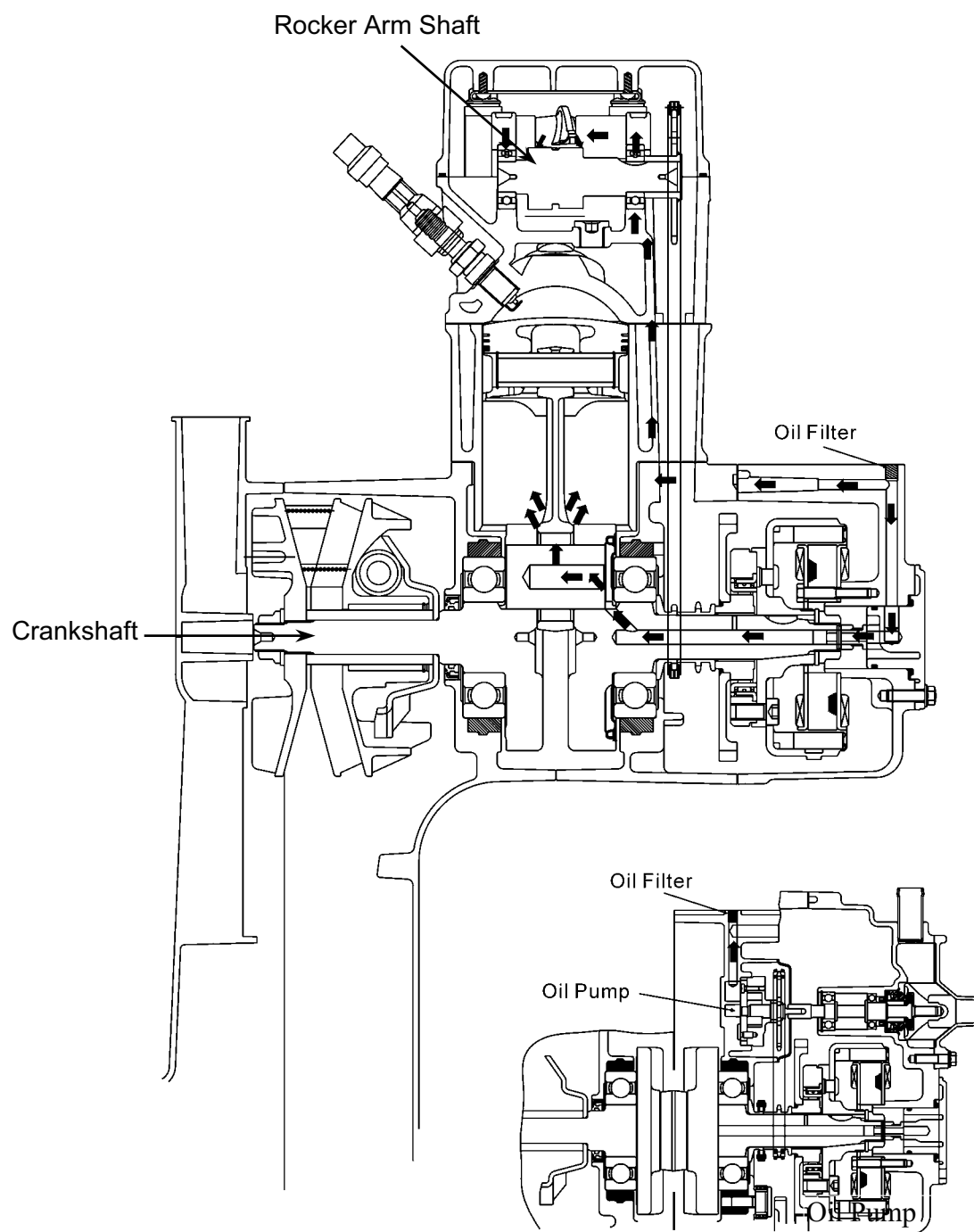


4

LUBRICATION SYSTEM DIAGRAM	4-1
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OIL PUMP DISASSEMBLY	4-4
OIL PUMP INSPECTION	4-5
OIL PUMP ASSEMBLY	4-5
OIL PUMP INSTALLATION	4-6

4. LUBRICATION SYSTEM

LUBRICATION SYSTEM



4. LUBRICATION SYSTEM

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The maintenance of lubrication system can be performed with the engine installed in the frame.
- Drain the coolant before starting any operations.
- Use care when removing and installing the oil pump not to allow dust and foreign matters to enter the engine and oil line.
- Do not attempt to disassemble the oil pump. The oil pump must be replaced as a set when it reaches its service limit.
- After the oil pump is installed, check each part for oil leaks.

SPECIFICATIONS

OIL PUMP

	Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
Inner rotor-to-outer rotor clearance	0.15	0.20
Outer rotor-to-pump body clearance	0.15~0.20	0.25
Rotor end-to-pump body clearance	0.04~0.09	0.12

ENGINE OIL

Engine Oil Capacity	At disassembly: 1.1 liter At change: 0.9 liter
Recommended Oil	SAE15W40# API: SJ

TROUBLESHOOTING

Oil level too low

- Natural oil consumption
- Oil leaks
- Worn piston rings
- Worn valve guide
- Worn valve guide seal

Poor lubrication pressure

- Oil level too low
- Clogged oil filter or oil passage
- Faulty oil pump

Oil contamination

- Oil not changed often enough
- Faulty cylinder head gasket
- Loose cylinder head bolts

4. LUBRICATION SYSTEM

ENGINE OIL/OIL FILTER

- * Place the scooter upright on level ground for engine oil level check.
- * Run the engine for 2~3 minutes and check the oil level after the engine is stopped for 2~3 minutes.

Remove the oil dipstick and check the oil level with the oil dipstick.
If the level is near the lower level, fill to the upper level with the recommended engine oil.

OIL CHANGE

- * The engine oil will drain more easily while the engine is warm.

Remove the oil drain bolt located at the left side of the engine to drain the engine oil.
After the oil has been completely drained, install the aluminum washer and tighten the oil drain bolt.

Torque: 14.7N-m

Pour the recommended oil through the oil filler hole.



OIL FILTER SCREEN

Drain the engine oil.
Remove the oil filter screen cap.
Remove the oil filter screen and spring.
Check the oil filter screen for clogging or damage and replace if necessary. Check the filter screen O-ring for damage and replace if necessary.
Install the oil filter screen, spring, O-ring and filter screen cap.

Torque: 12.7N-m

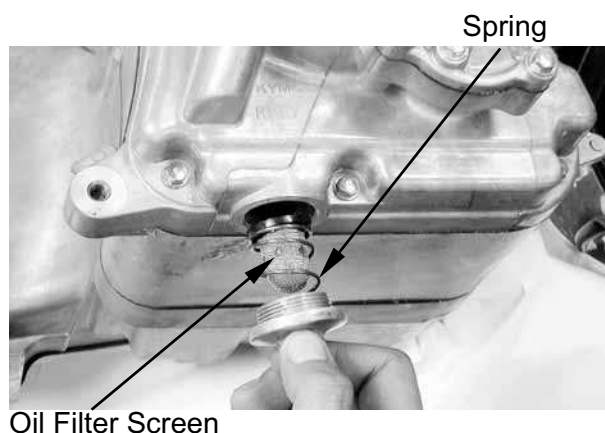
Recommended Oil: SAE15W40# API: SJ

Oil Capacity:

At disassembly: 1.1 liter

At change: 0.9 liter

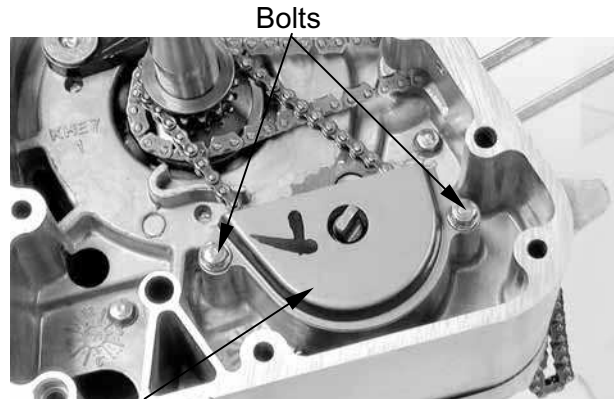
Start the engine and check for oil leaks.
Start the engine and let it idle for few minutes, then recheck the oil level.



4. LUBRICATION SYSTEM

OIL PUMP REMOVAL

First drain the coolant.
 Remove the right crankcase cover. (⇒10-3)
 Remove the A.C. generator starter driven gear. (⇒10-3)
 Remove the attaching bolt and oil separator cover.



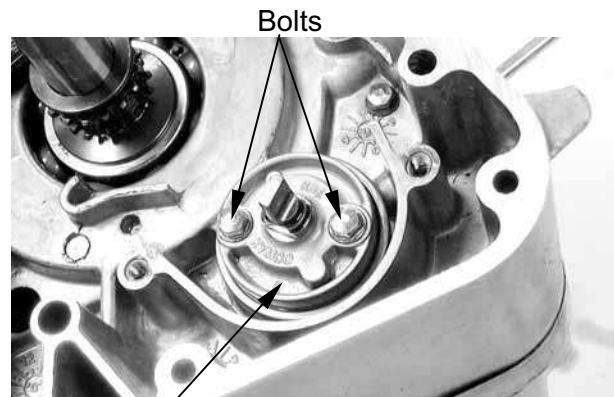
Oil Separator Cover

Pry the circlip off and remove the oil pump driven gear, then remove the oil pump drive chain.



Oil Pump Drive chain

Remove the two oil pump bolts to remove the oil pump.



Oil Pump

OIL PUMP DISASSEMBLY

Remove the screw and disassemble the oil pump as shown.

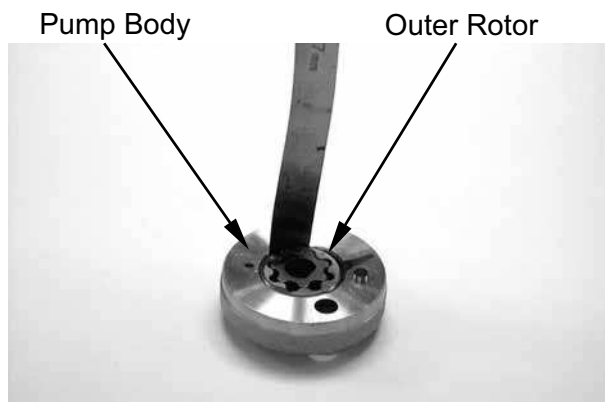


4. LUBRICATION SYSTEM

OIL PUMP INSPECTION

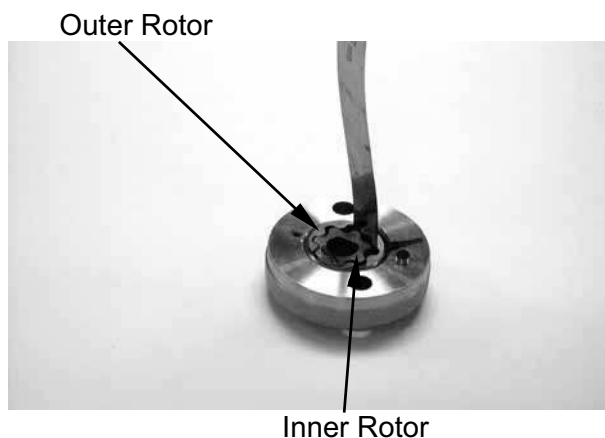
Measure the pump body-to-outer rotor clearance.

Service Limit: 0.25mm replace if over



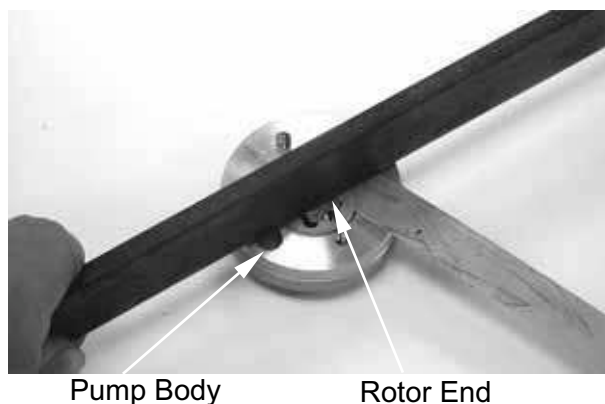
Measure the inner rotor-to-outer rotor clearance.

Service Limit: 0.20mm replace if over



Measure the rotor end-to-pump body clearance.

Service Limit: 0.12mm replace if over



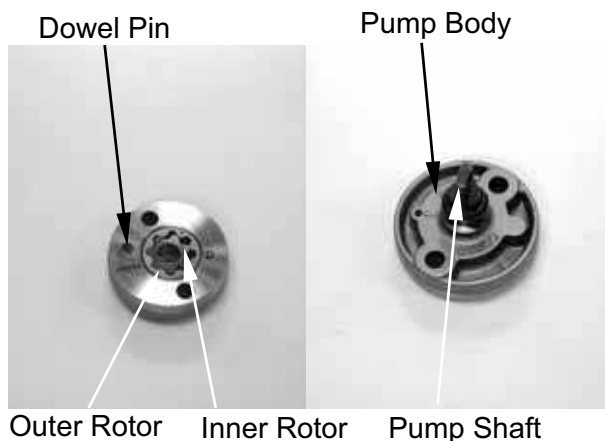
OIL PUMP ASSEMBLY

Install the outer rotor, inner rotor and pump shaft into the pump body.

* Insert the pump shaft by aligning the flat on the shaft with the flat in the inner rotor. Install the dowel pin.

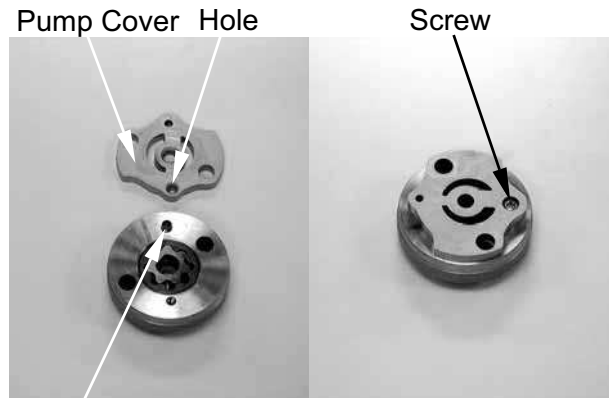
There is one mark on the surface of the inner rotor and outer rotor.

The mark is upside.



4. LUBRICATION SYSTEM

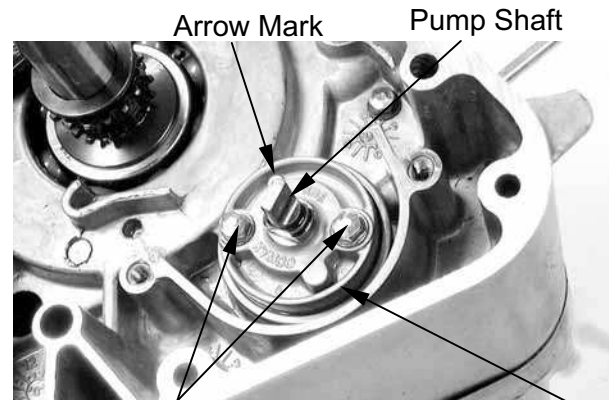
Install the pump cover by aligning the hole in the cover with the dowel pin.
Tighten the screw to secure the pump cover.
Make sure that the pump shaft rotates freely without binding.



Dowel Pin

OIL PUMP INSTALLATION

Install the oil pump and oil separator and tighten the two bolts.
Make sure that the pump shaft rotates freely.
The arrow of oil pump is upside.



Bolts

Oil Pump

Install the pump drive chain and driven gear, then set the circlip securely on the pump shaft.

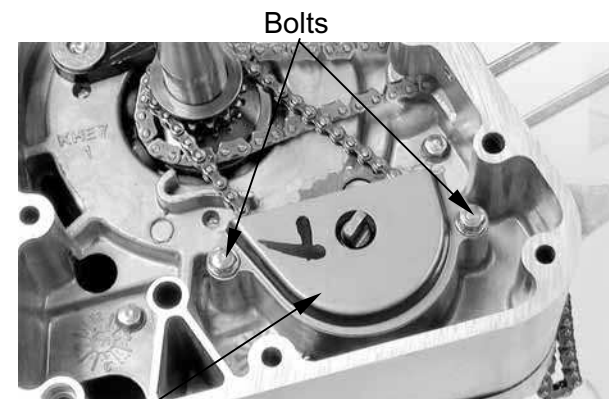


Oil Pump Drive chain

Install the oil separator cover properly.

* Fit the tab of the separator cover into the slit in the separator.

Install the A.C. generator starter driven gear.
(⇒10-8)



Oil Separator Cover

5. ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

5

ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

SERVICE INFORMATION-----	5-1
ENGINE REMOVAL-----	5-2
ENGINE INSTALLATION-----	5-5
ENGINE HANGER REMOVAL-----	5-4

5. ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- A floor jack or other adjustable support is required to support and maneuver the engine. Be careful not to damage the motorcycle body, cables and wires during engine removal.
- Use shop towels to protect the motorcycle body during engine removal.
- Drain the coolant before removing the engine.
- After the engine is installed, fill the cooling system with coolant and be sure to bleed air from the water jacket. Start the engine to check for coolant leaks.
- Before removing the engine, the rear brake caliper must be removed first. Be careful not to bend or twist the brake fluid tube.

SPECIFICATIONS

Engine oil capacity: at disassembly: 1.1 liter

TORQUE VALUES

Rear shock absorber upper mount bolt	35~45N-m
Rear shock absorber lower mount bolt	35~45N-m
Rear axle nut	110~130N-m
Engine hanger bolt (frame side)	45~55N-m
Engine hanger bolt (ENG. side)	45~55N-m
Rear caliper holder bolt	29~35N-m
Exhaust muffler pipe nut	18~22N-m
Exhaust muffler bolt	32~38N-m
Rear fork bolt	29~35N-m

5. ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

ENGINE REMOVAL

Drain the coolant. (⇒3-9)

Remove the met-in box, carrier. (⇒2-6)

Remove the frame body cover, center cover and rear fender A together. (⇒2-6)

Remove the exhaust muffler. (⇒2-10)

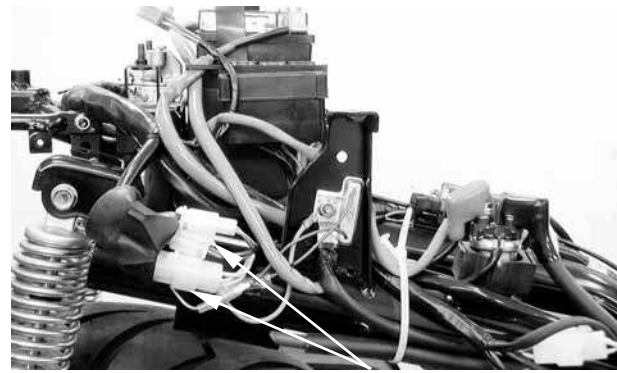
Disconnect all of the A.C. generator.

Remove the nut to disconnect the starter motor wire that goes to the starter relay.

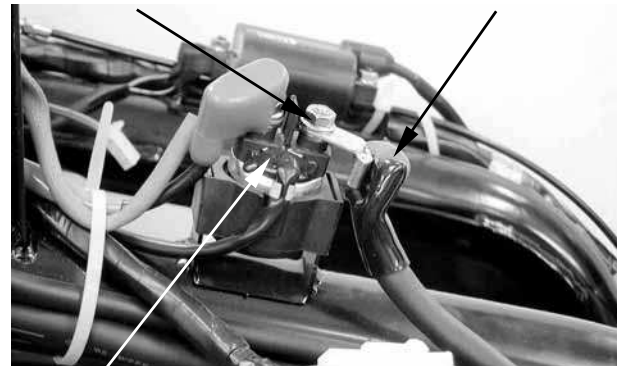
Disconnect the secondary air vacuum tube and fuel pump vacuum tube from inlet pipe. Disconnect the air inlet hose (v-belt chamber) from frame.

Loosen the intake manifold band (air cleaner tube and inlet pipe).

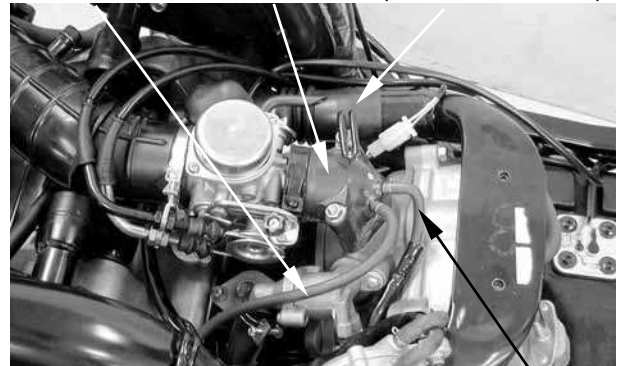
Disconnect the radiator air ventilated tube and thermosensor wire coupler from thermostat.



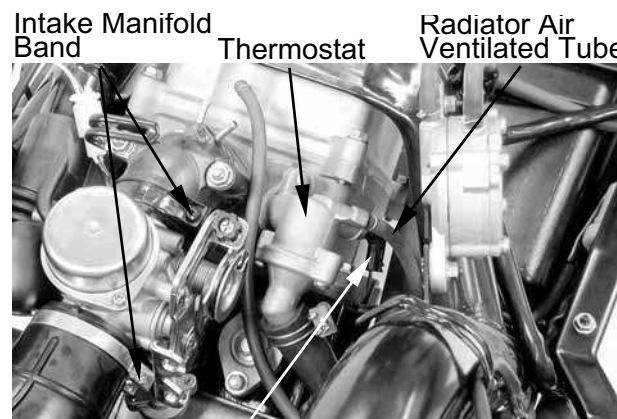
A.C. Generator Wire Connectors
Nut Starter Motor Wire



Starter Relay
Secondary Air Vacuum Tube Inlet Pipe Air Inlet Hose (V-belt Chamber)



Fuel Pump Vacuum Tube

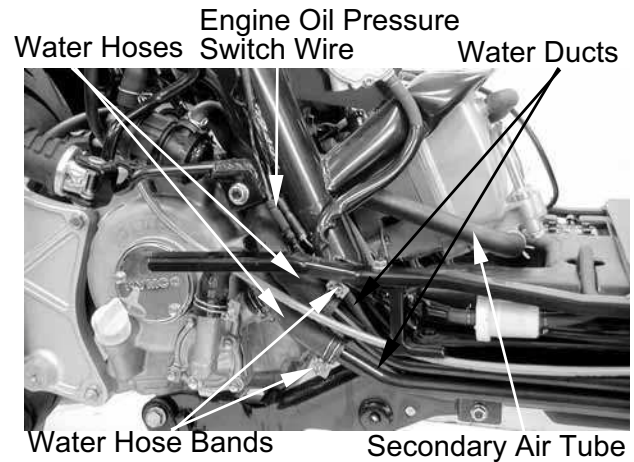


Intake Manifold Band
Thermostat Radiator Air Ventilated Tube
Thermosensor Wire Coupler

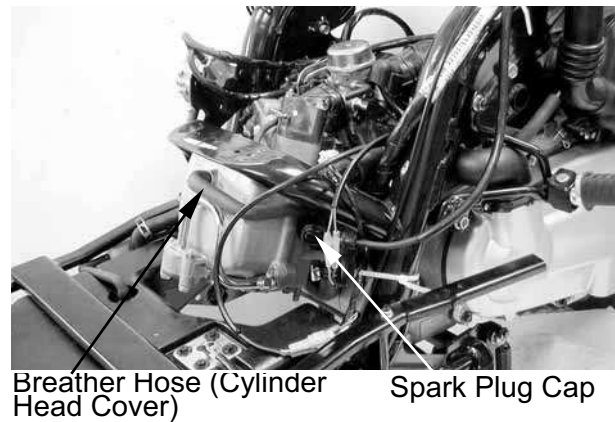
5. ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

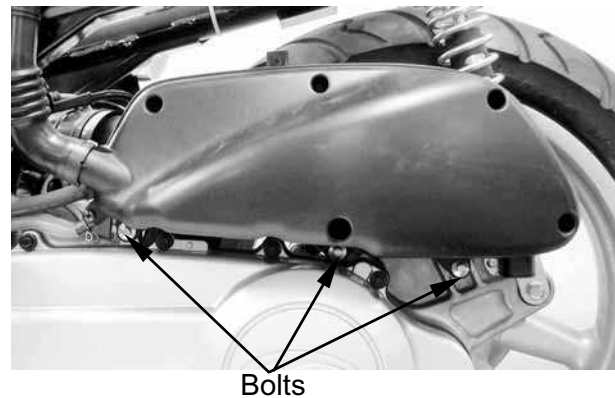
Disconnect the engine oil pressure switch wire.
Loosen the water hose bands to disconnect water hoses from the water ducts.
Disconnect the secondary air tube from the secondary air inlet tube.



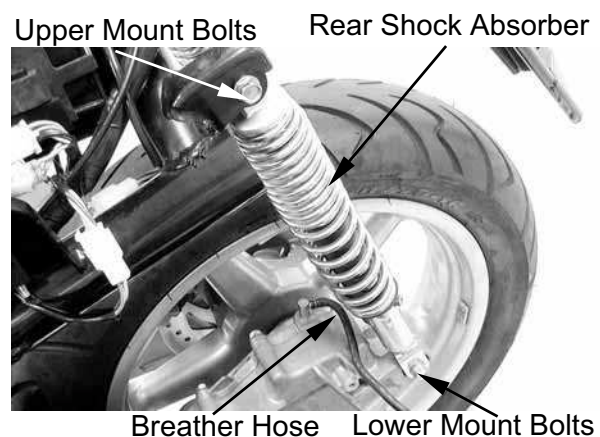
Disconnect the breather hose (air cleaner) from cylinder head cover.
Disconnect the spark plug cap from cylinder head.



Remove the screw attaching rear fender C.
Remove the three bolts on the air cleaner.



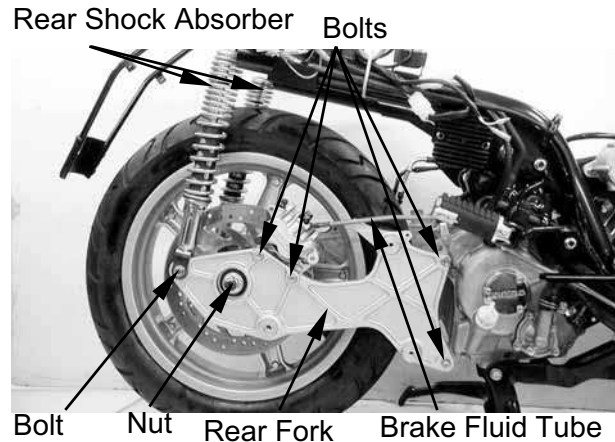
Remove the air cleaner and disconnect breather hose from transmission case cover.
Remove the right/left rear shock absorber upper mount bolts.
Remove the left rear shock absorber lower mount bolts.



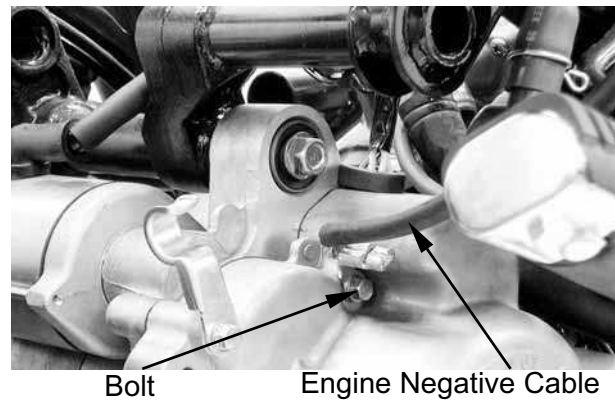
5. ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

Remove the left rear shock absorber.
 Remove the right rear shock absorber lower mount bolts.
 Remove the right rear shock absorber.
 Remove the rear wheel nut.
 Disconnect the rear brake fluid tube from the guide.
 Remove the four bolts on the rear fork to remove rear brake caliper and rear fork.



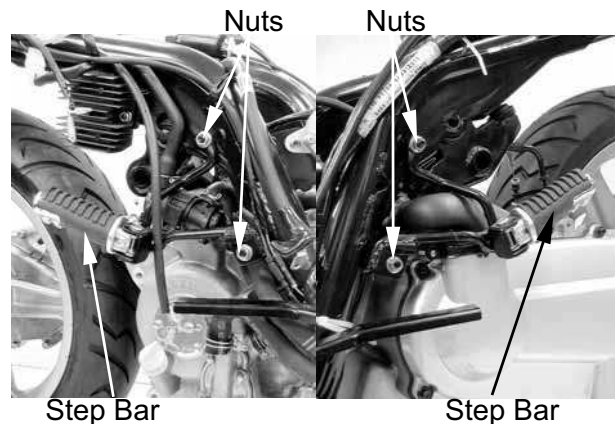
Remove the bolt to disconnect the engine negative cable.



Remove the engine mounting nut.



Remove the two nuts of the right and left step bar.
 Remove the right and left step bar.



5. ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

Remove the engine mounting bolt and pull out the engine.

ENGINE INSTALLATION

Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedures.

* Apply grease onto the O-rings, oil seals and bush).



Engine Mounting Bolt

ENGINE HANGER REMOVAL

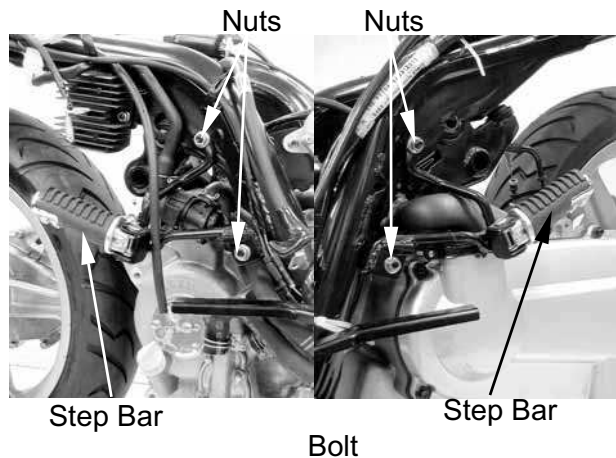
Remove met-in box and carrier. (⇒2-6)

Remove the body cover, center cover and rear fender A together. (⇒2-6)

Remove air cleaner. (⇒5-3)

Remove the two nuts of the right and left step bar.

Remove the right and left step bar.



Step Bar

Bolt

Step Bar

Remove the engine mounting nut and engine hanger bolt (left side).

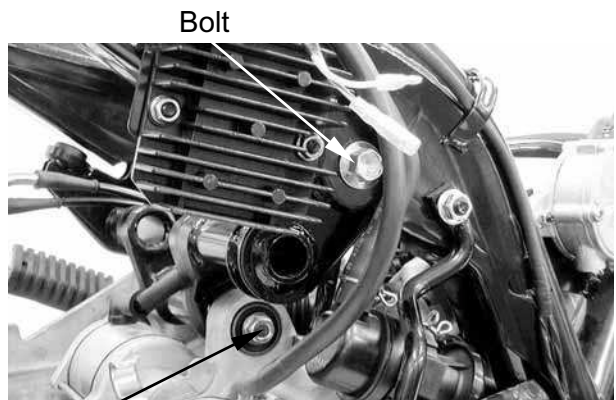


Engine Mounting Nut

Remove the engine mounting bolt and engine hanger bolt (right side).

Remove the starter motor. (⇒18-3)

Remove the engine hanger.



Engine Mounting Bolt

5. ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

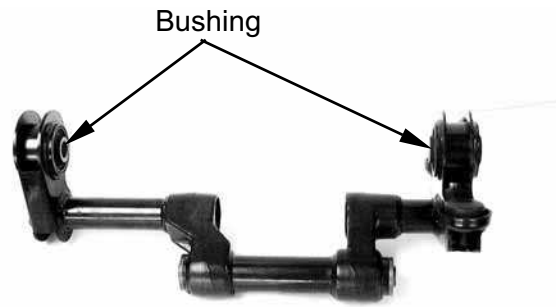
Inspect the engine hanger bushings and stopper rubber for wear or damage.

INSTALLATION

Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedures.

- *

Apply grease onto the bush.



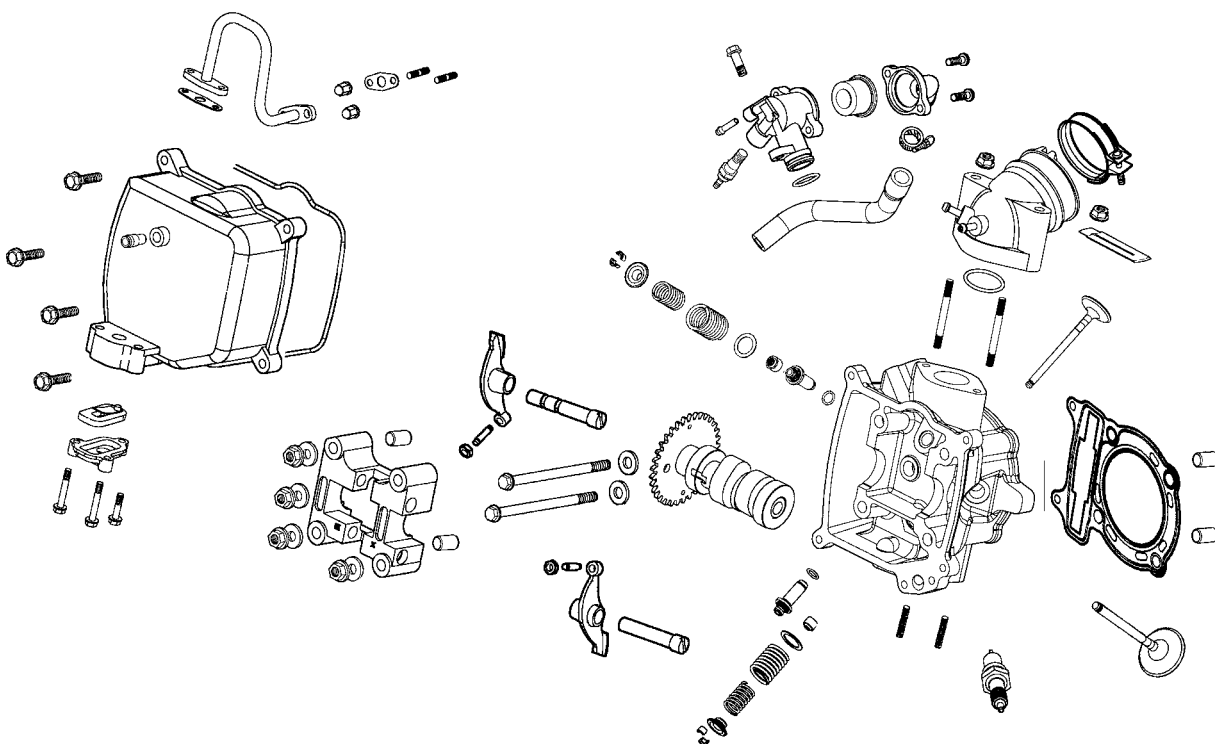
CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

SCHEMATIC DRAWING-----	6- 1
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6. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

SCHEMATIC DRAWING



6. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The cylinder head can be serviced with the engine installed in the frame. Coolant in the radiator and water jacket must be drained first.
- When assembling, apply molybdenum disulfide grease or engine oil to the valve guide movable parts and valve arm sliding surfaces for initial lubrication.
- The valve rocker arms are lubricated by engine oil through the cylinder head engine oil passages. Clean and unclog the oil passages before assembling the cylinder head.
- After disassembly, clean the removed parts and dry them with compressed air before inspection.
- After removal, mark and arrange the removed parts in order. When assembling, install them in the reverse order of removal.

SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
		PEOPLE/PEOPLE S	PEOPLE/PEOPLE S
Valve clearance (cold)	IN	0.10	—
	EX	0.10	—
Cylinder head compression pressure		15kg/cm ²	—
Cylinder head warpage		—	0.05
Camshaft cam height	IN	34.2987	34.14
	EX	34.1721	34.02
Valve rocker arm I.D.	IN	10.00~10.015	10.10
	EX	10.00~10.015	10.10
Valve rocker arm shaft O.D.	IN	9.972~9.987	9.9
	EX	9.972~9.987	9.9
Valve seat width	IN	1.2	1.8
	EX	1.2	1.8
Valve stem O.D.	IN	4.990~4.975	4.925
	EX	4.970~4.955	4.915
Valve guide I.D.	IN	5.00~5.012	5.03
	EX	5.00~5.012	5.03
Valve stem-to-guide clearance	IN	0.010~0.037	0.08
	EX	0.030~0.057	0.10

TORQUE VALUES

Cylinder head cap nut	24.5N-m	Apply engine oil to threads
Valve clearance adjusting nut	8.8N-m	Apply engine oil to threads
Cylinder head cover bolt	7.8~11.8N-m	

SPECIAL TOOL

Valve spring compressor	E040
-------------------------	------

6. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

TROUBLESHOOTING

- The poor cylinder head operation can be diagnosed by a compression test or by tracing engine top-end noises.

Poor performance at idle speed

- Compression too low

Compression too low

- Incorrect valve clearance adjustment
- Burned or bend valves
- Incorrect valve timing
- Broken valve spring
- Poor valve and seat contact
- Leaking cylinder head gasket
- Warped or cracked cylinder head
- Poorly installed spark plug

Compression too high

- Excessive carbon build-up in combustion chamber

White smoke from exhaust muffler

- Worn valve stem or valve guide
- Damaged valve stem oil seal

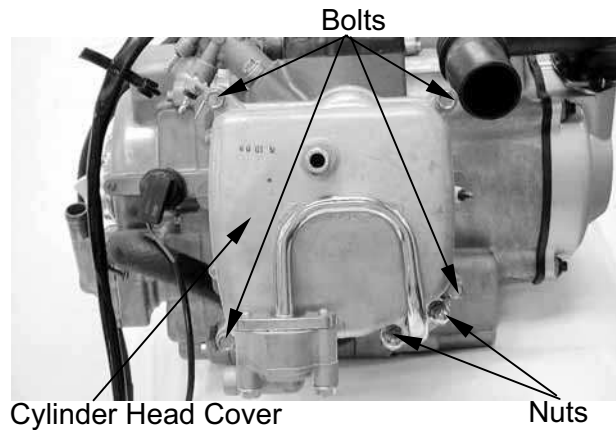
Abnormal noise

- Incorrect valve clearance adjustment
- Sticking valve or broken valve spring
- Damaged or worn camshaft
- Worn cam chain tensioner
- Worn camshaft and rocker arm

6. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

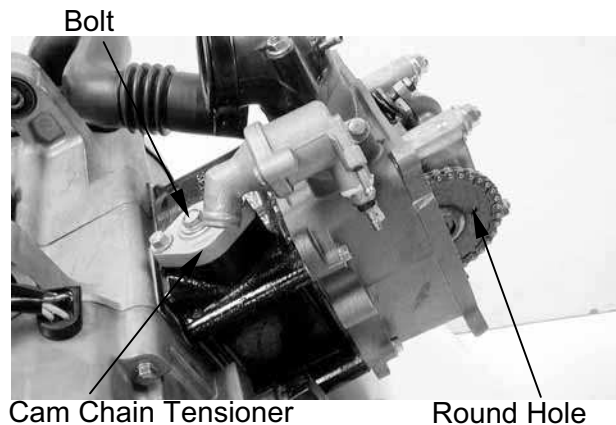
CYLINDER HEAD COVER REMOVAL

Remove the met-in box, carrier. (⇒2-6)
 Remove the body cover, center cover and rear fender A. (⇒2-6)
 Disconnect the secondary air inlet tube connector and breather hose (air cleaner). (⇒5-2)
 Remove the cylinder head cover four bolts and two nuts attaching the secondary air inlet duct.
 Remove the cylinder head cover.

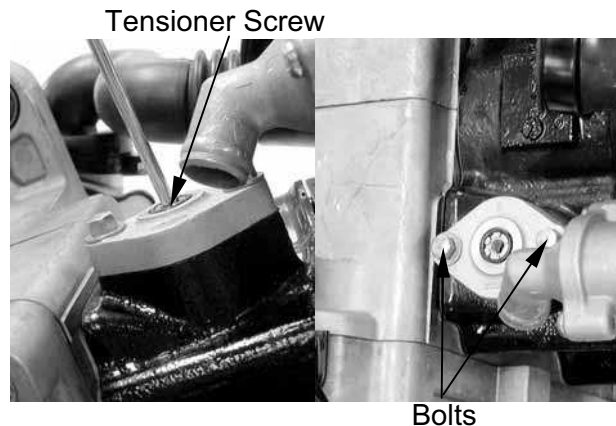


CAMSHAFT REMOVAL

Turn the A.C. generator flywheel so that the "T" mark on the flywheel aligns with the index mark on the right crankcase cover.
 Hold the round hole on the camshaft gear facing up and the location is the top dead center on the compression stroke.
 Remove the cam chain tensioner cap bolt.

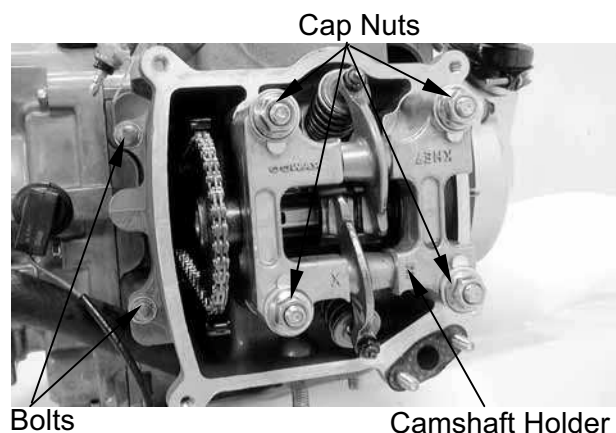


Turn the cam chain tensioner screw clockwise to tighten it.
 Remove the two bolts attaching cam chain tensioner and the tensioner.



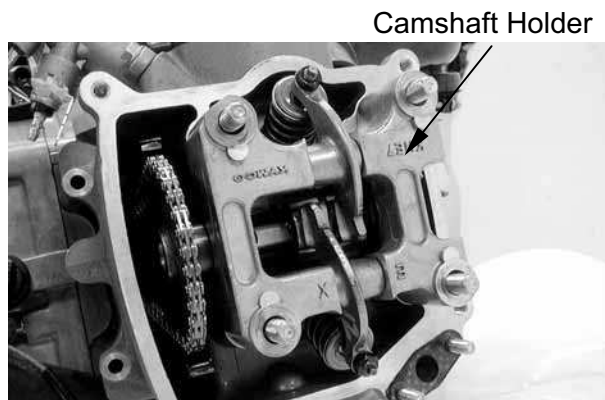
First remove the two bolts between the cylinder head and cylinder.
 Then, remove the four cap nuts and washers on the camshaft holder.

- * • Diagonally loosen the cylinder head cap nuts in 2 or 3 times.

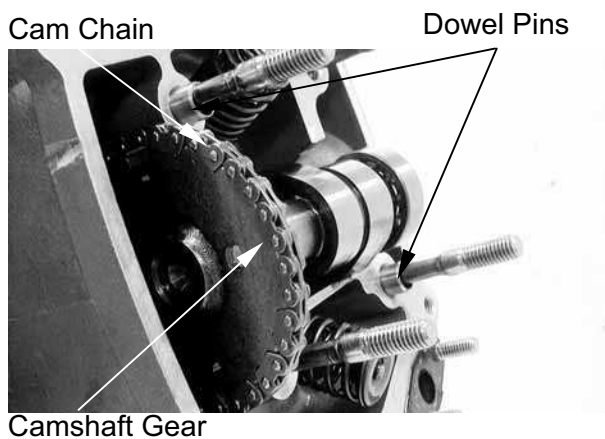


6. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

Remove the camshaft holder.



Remove the dowel pins.
Remove the camshaft gear from the cam chain to remove the camshaft.



CAMSHAFT INSPECTION

Check each cam lobe for wear or damage.
Measure the cam lobe height.

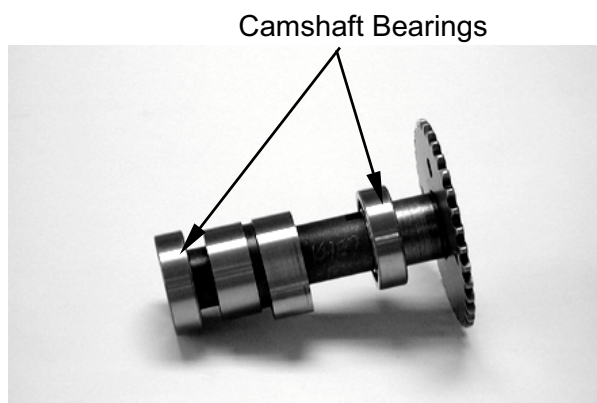
Service Limits:

IN: 34.14mm replace if below

EX:34.02mm replace if below



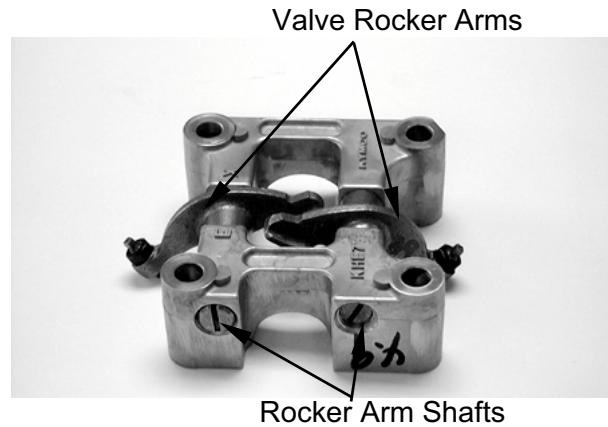
Check each camshaft bearing for play or damage. Replace the camshaft assembly with a new one if the bearings are noisy or have excessive play.



6. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

CAMSHAFT HOLDER DISASSEMBLY

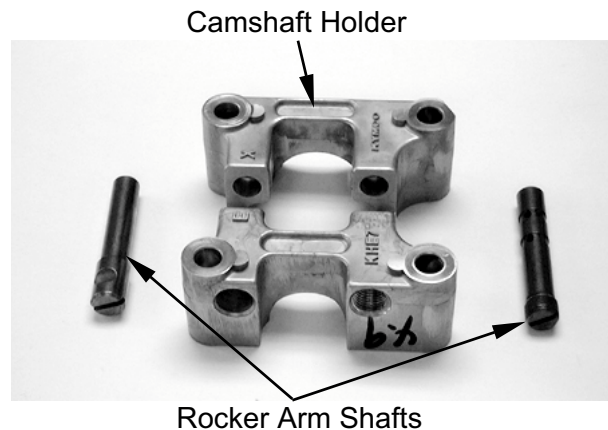
Remove the valve rocker arms.



CAMSHAFT HOLDER INSPECTION

Inspect the camshaft holder, valve rocker arms and rocker arm shafts for wear or damage.

* If the valve rocker arm contact surface is worn, check each cam lobe for wear or damage.

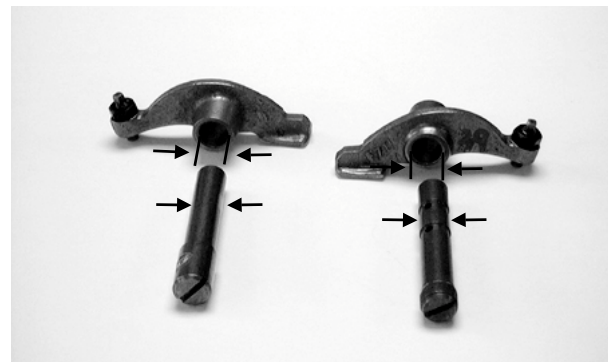


Measure the I.D. of each valve rocker arm.

Service Limits: IN: 10.10mm replace if over
EX: 10.10mm replace if over

Measure each rocker arm shaft O.D.

Service Limits: IN: 9.90mm replace if below
EX: 9.90mm replace if below



CYLINDER HEAD REMOVAL

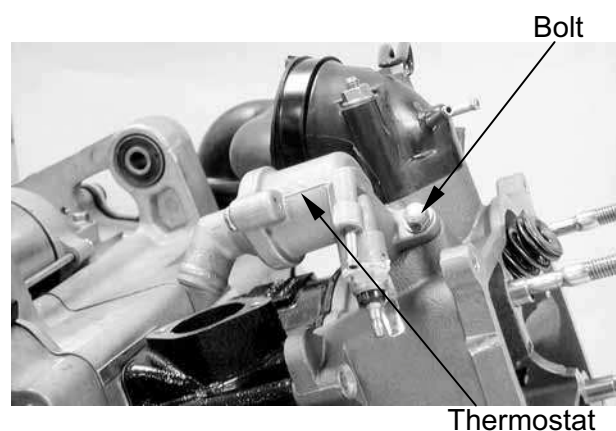
First drain the coolant from the radiator and water jacket, then remove the thermostat water hose.

Remove the camshaft. (⇒6-4)

Remove the carburetor and intake manifold.

Remove the bolt attaching the thermostat housing and the thermostat housing.

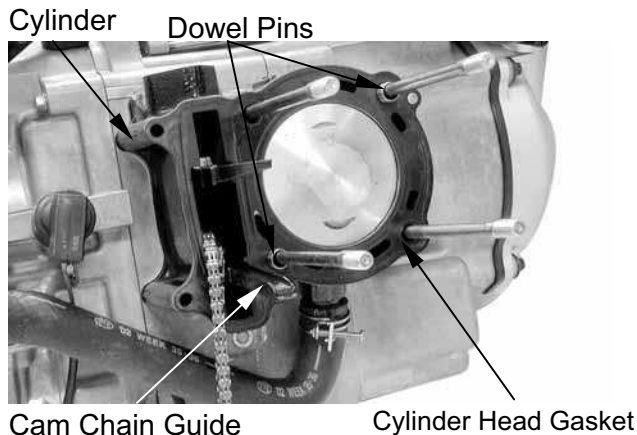
Remove the cylinder head.



6. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

Remove the dowel pins and cylinder head gasket.
Remove the cam chain guide.
Remove all gasket material from the cylinder head mating surface.

- * Be careful not to drop any gasket material into the engine.



CYLINDER HEAD DISASSEMBLY

Remove the valve spring cotters, retainers, springs, spring seats and valve stem seals using a valve spring compressor.

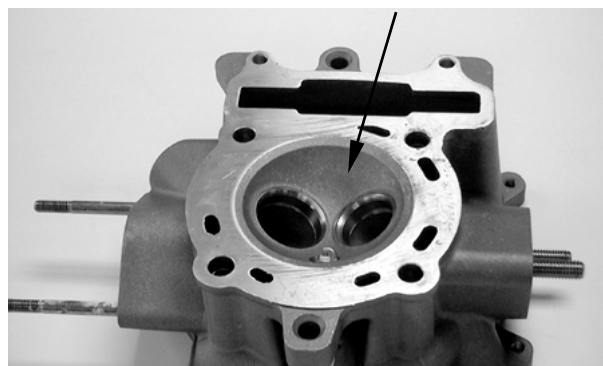
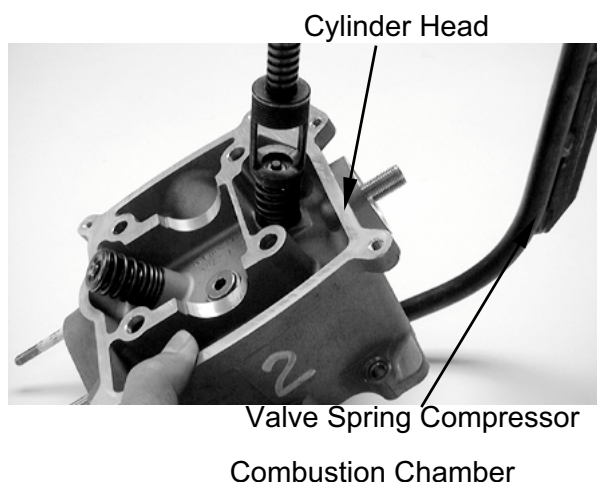
- * Be sure to compress the valve springs with a valve spring compressor.
- * Mark all disassembled parts to ensure correct reassembly.

Special

Valve spring compressor E040

Remove carbon deposits from the exhaust port and combustion chamber.

- * Be careful not to damage the cylinder head mating surface.



6. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

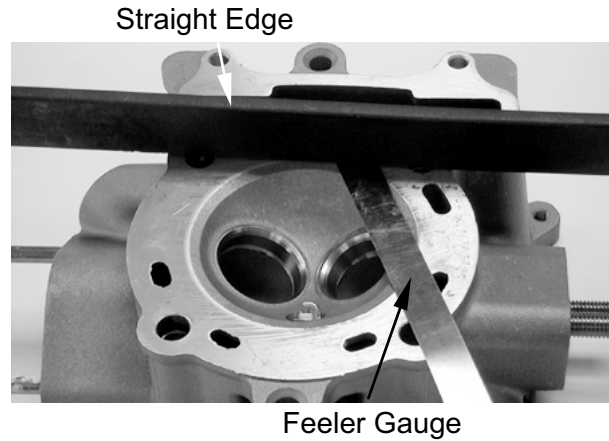
INSPECTION

CYLINDER HEAD

Check the spark plug hole and valve areas for cracks.

Check the cylinder head for warpage with a straight edge and feeler gauge.

Service Limit: 0.05mm repair or replace if over



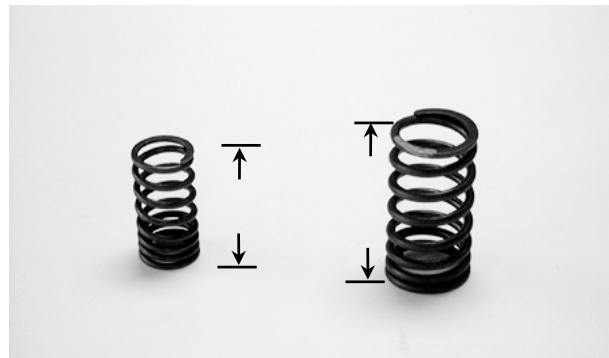
VALVE SPRING FREE LENGTH

Measure the free length of the inner and outer valve springs.

Service Limits:

Inner (IN, EX) : 29.5mm replace if below

Outer (IN, EX): 39.5mm replace if below



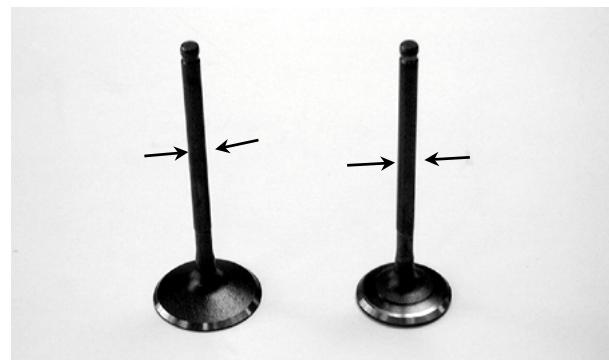
VALVE /VALVE GUIDE

Inspect each valve for bending, burning, scratches or abnormal stem wear.

Check valve movement in the guide.

Measure each valve stem O.D.

Service Limits: IN: 4.925mm replace if below
EX: 4.915mm replace if below



CYLINDER HEAD ASSEMBLY

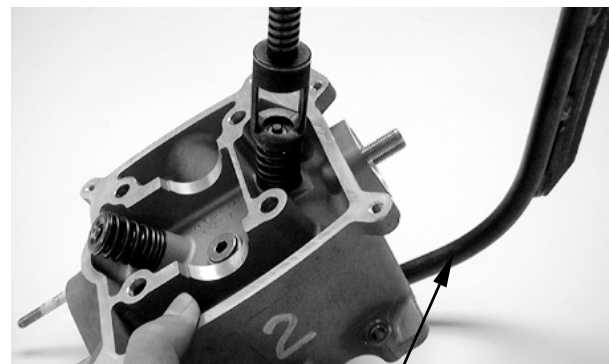
Install the valve spring seats and stem seals.

Lubricate each valve stem with engine oil and insert the valves into the valve guides.

Be sure to install new valve stem seals.

Special

Valve spring compressor E040

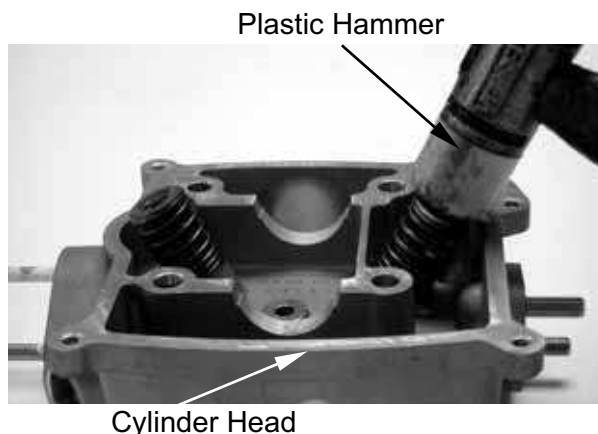


Valve Spring Compressor

6. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

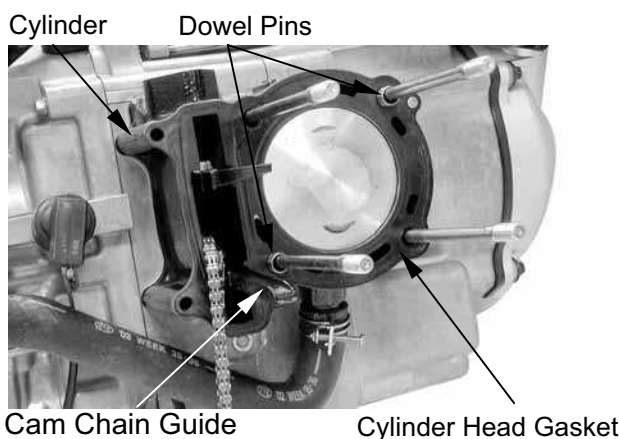
Tap the valve stems gently with a plastic hammer to firmly seat the cotters.

* Be careful not to damage the valves.

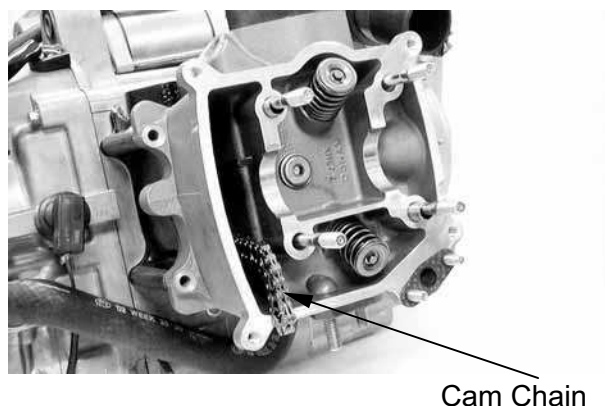


CYLINDER HEAD INSTALLATION

Install the cam chain guide.
Install the dowel pins and a new cylinder head gasket.

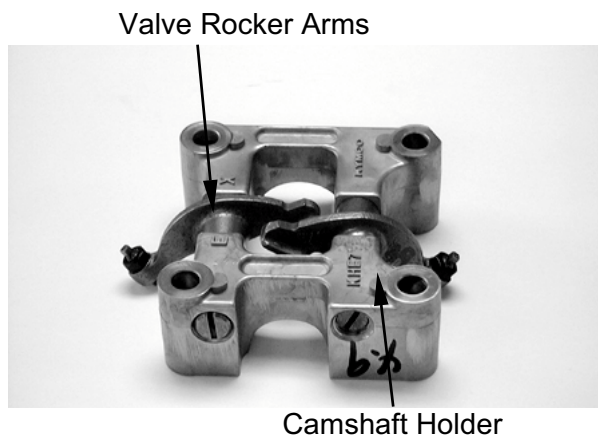


Install the cylinder head and take out the cam chain



Assemble the camshaft holder.
First install the intake and exhaust valve rocker arms; then install the rocker arm shafts.

- *
- Install the exhaust valve rocker arm shaft on the "EX" side of the camshaft holder and the exhaust rocker arm shaft is shorter.
 - Clean the intake valve rocker arm shaft off any grease before installation.
 - Align the cutout on the exhaust valve rocker arm shaft with the bolt of the camshaft holder.



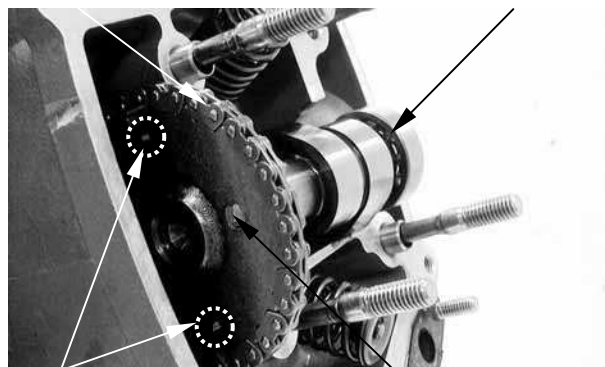
CAMSHAFT INSTALLATION

Turn the A.C. generator flywheel so that the "T" mark on the flywheel aligns with the index mark on the right crankcase cover.

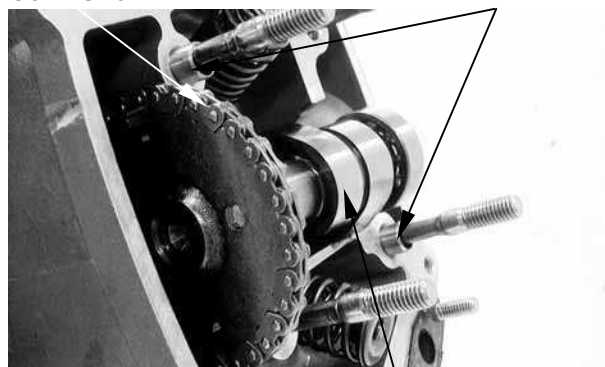
Keep the round hole on the camshaft gear facing up and align the punch marks on the camshaft gear with the cylinder head surface (Position the intake and exhaust cam lobes down.) and install the cam chain over the camshaft gear.

Install the dowel pins.

Cam Chain Camshaft Gear



Punch Marks Camshaft Gear
Cam Chain Dowel Pins



Camshaft

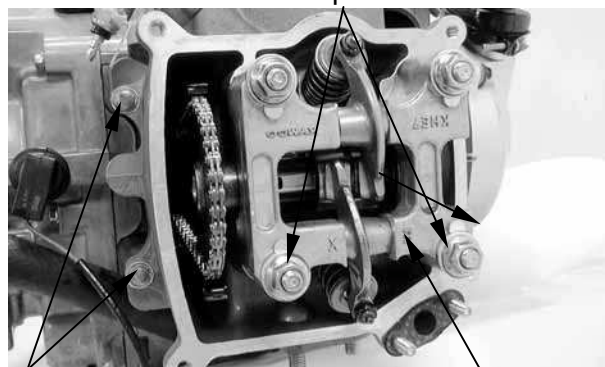
Install the camshaft holder, washers and nuts on the camshaft holder.

Tighten the four cylinder head nuts and the two bolts between the cylinder head and cylinder.

Torque: Cylinder head cap nut: 24.5N-m
Cylinder & cylinder head bolt: 7.8 ~ 11.8N-m

- * • Apply engine oil to the threads of the cylinder head cap nuts.
• Diagonally tighten the cylinder head cap nuts in 2~3 times.
• First tighten the cylinder head cap nuts and then tighten the bolts between the cylinder and cylinder head to avoid cracks.

Cap Nuts

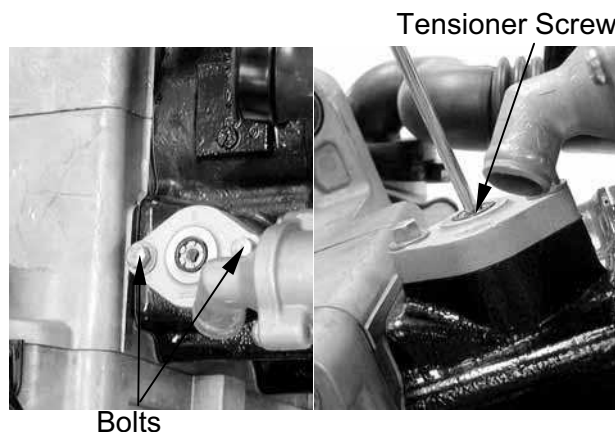


Bolts

Camshaft Holder

6. CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

Turn the cam chain tension screw counter clockwise to release it.

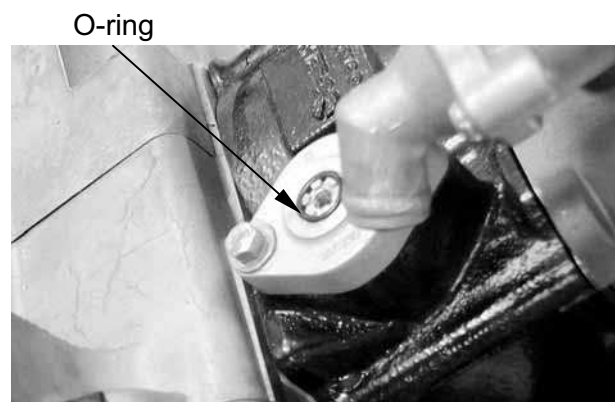


Bolts

Tensioner Screw

Apply engine oil to a new O-ring and install it. Tighten the cam chain tension cap screw.

* Be sure to install the gasket into the groove properly.

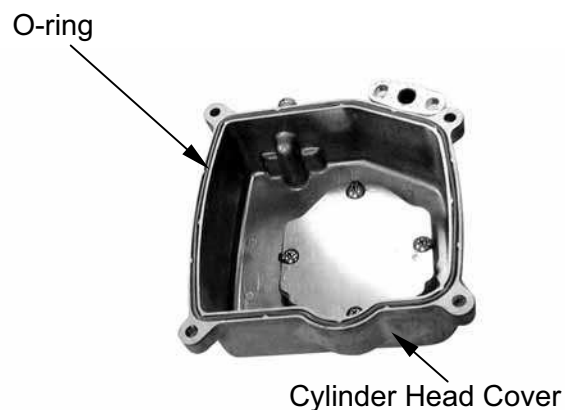


O-ring

CYLINDER HEAD COVER INSTALLATION

Adjust the valve clearance. (⇒3-6)
Install a new cylinder head cover O-ring and install the cylinder head cover.

* Be sure to install the O-ring into the groove properly.

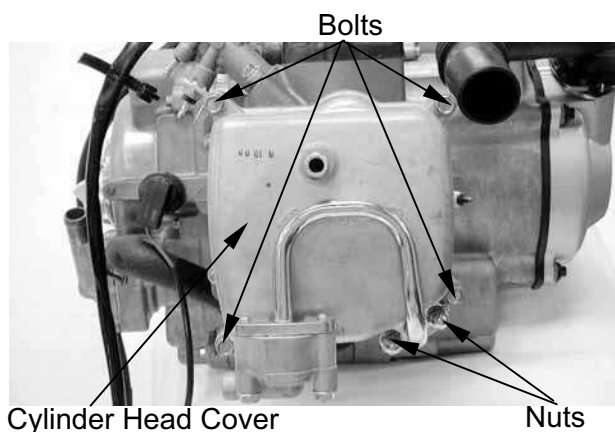


O-ring

Cylinder Head Cover

Install and tighten the cylinder head cover bolts and nuts.

Torque: 7.8~11.8N-m



Bolts

Cylinder Head Cover

Nuts

7. CYLINDER/PISTON

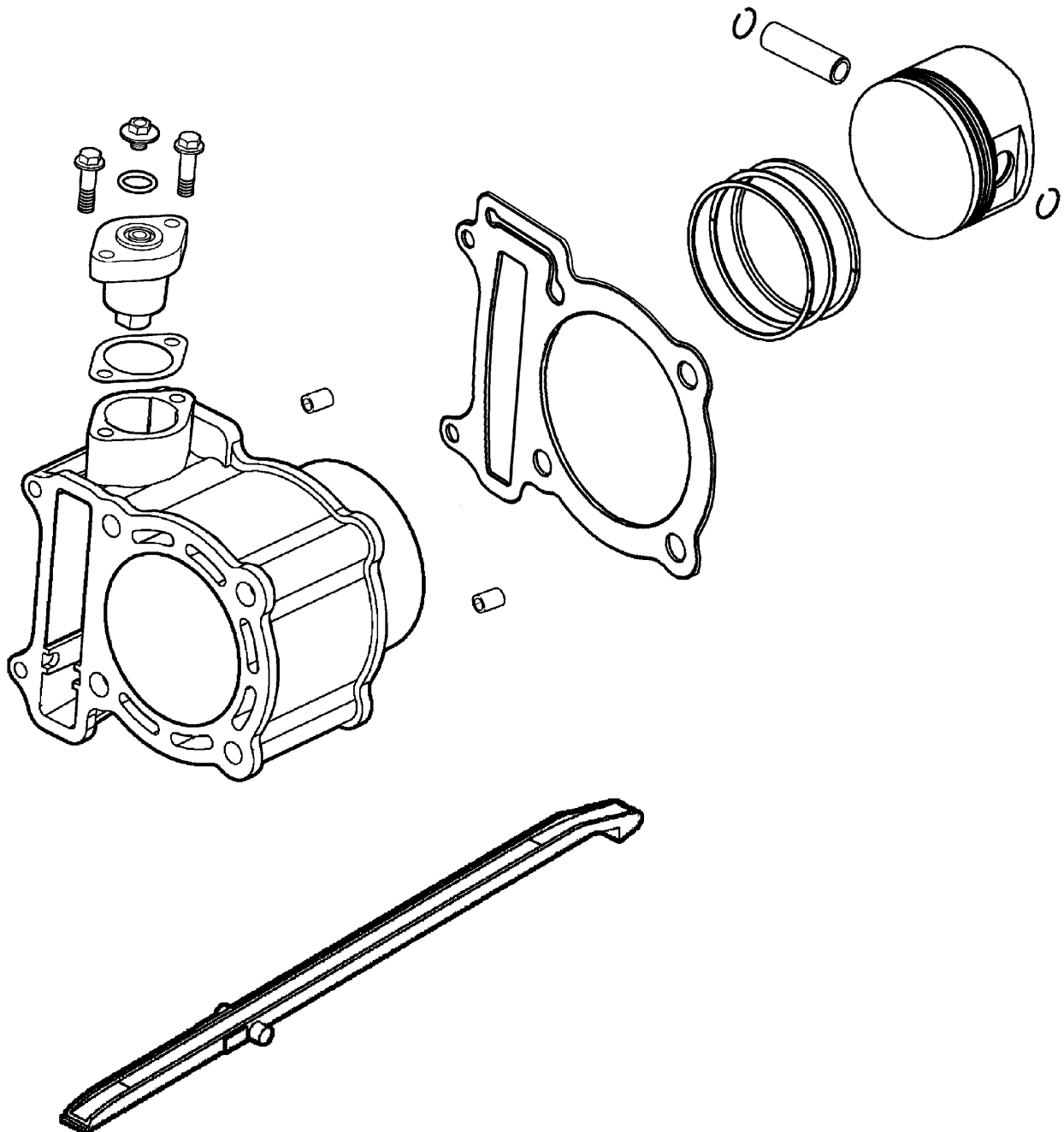
CYLINDER/PISTON

7

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CYLINDER INSTALLATION -----	7-7

7. CYLINDER/PISTON

SCHEMATIC DRAWING



7. CYLINDER/PISTON

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The cylinder and piston can be serviced with the engine installed in the frame.
- When installing the cylinder, use a new cylinder gasket and make sure that the dowel pins are correctly installed.
- After disassembly, clean the removed parts and dry them with compressed air before inspection.

SPECIFICATIONS

			Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
Item			PEOPLE/PEOPLE S	PEOPLE/PEOPLE S
Cylinder	I.D.		72.705~72.715	72.80
	Warpage		0.01	0.05
	Cylindricity		0.01	0.05
	True roundness		0.01	0.05
Piston, piston ring	Ring-to-groove clearance	top	0.02	0.09
		Second	0.015~0.050	0.09
	Ring end gap	top	0.1~0.25	0.50
		Second	0.15~0.30	0.50
		Oil side rail	0.25~0.7	1.0
	Piston O.D.		72.67~72.69	72.6
	Piston O.D. measuring position		9mm from bottom of skirt	9mm from bottom of skirt
	Piston-to-cylinder clearance		0.010~0.040	0.1
	Piston pin hole I.D.		17.002~17.008	17.04
Piston pin O.D			16.994~17.000	16.96
Piston-to-piston pin clearance			0.002~0.014	0.02
Connecting rod small end I.D. bore			17.016~17.034	17.06

TROUBLESHOOTING

- When hard starting or poor performance at low speed occurs, check the crankcase breather for white smoke. If white smoke is found, it means that the piston rings are worn, stuck or broken.

Compression too low or uneven compression

- Worn or damaged cylinder and piston rings
- Worn, stuck or broken piston rings

Compression too high

- Excessive carbon build-up in combustion chamber or on piston head

Excessive smoke from exhaust muffler

- Worn or damaged piston rings
- Worn or damaged cylinder and piston

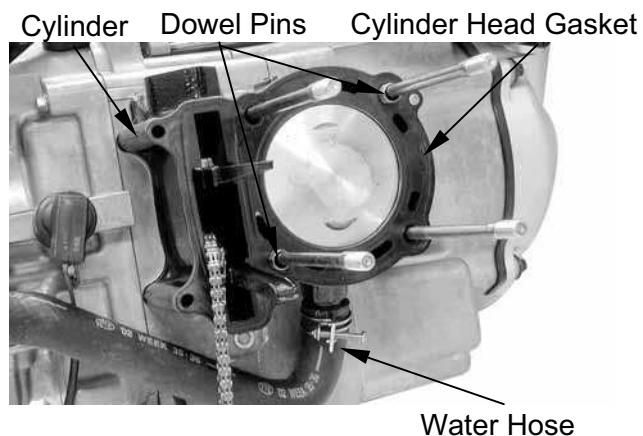
Abnormal noisy piston

- Worn cylinder, piston and piston rings
- Worn piston pin hole and piston pin
- Incorrectly installed piston

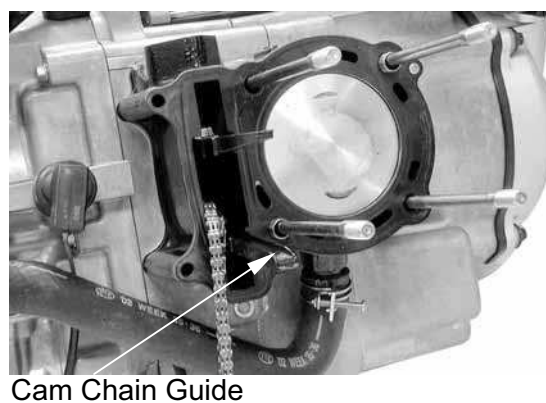
7. CYLINDER/PISTON

CYLINDER REMOVAL

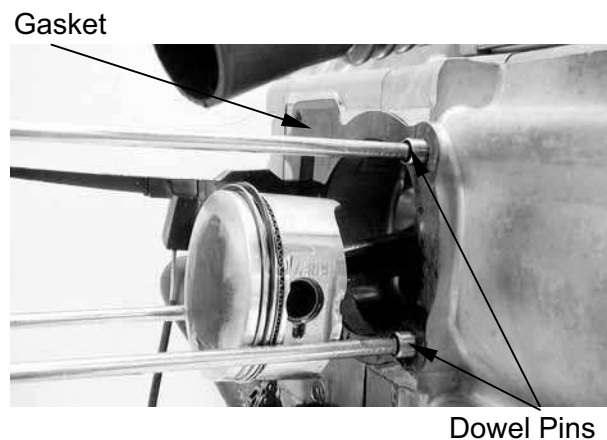
Remove the cylinder head. (⇒chapter 6)
Remove the dowel pins and cylinder head gasket.
Remove the water hose from the cylinder.



Remove the cam chain guide.
Remove the cylinder.



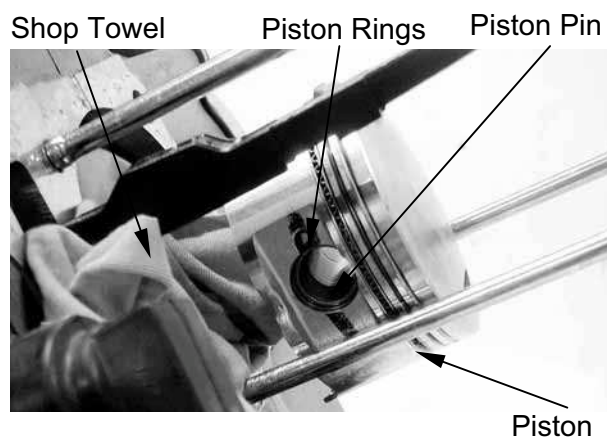
Remove the cylinder gasket and dowel pins.
Clean any gasket material from the cylinder surface.



PISTON REMOVAL

Remove the piston pin clip.
Press the piston pin out of the piston.

* Place a clean shop towel in the crankcase to keep the piston pin clip from falling into the crankcase.



7. CYLINDER/PISTON

Inspect the piston, piston pin and piston rings.
Remove the piston rings.

- * Take care not to damage or break the piston rings during removal.

Clean carbon deposits from the piston ring grooves.



Install the piston rings onto the piston and measure the piston ring-to-groove clearance.

Service Limits:

Top: 0.09mm replace if over

2nd: 0.09mm replace if over



Remove the piston rings and insert each piston ring into the cylinder bottom.

- * Use the piston head to push each piston ring into the cylinder.

Measure the piston ring end gap.

Service Limit: 0.5mm replace if over



Measure the piston pin hole I.D.

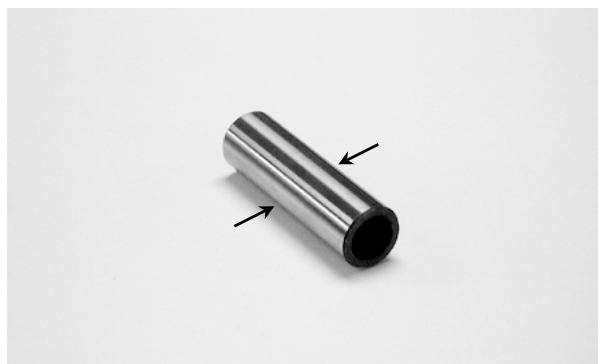
Service Limit: 17.04mm replace if over



7. CYLINDER/PISTON

Measure the piston pin O.D.

Service Limit: 16.96mm replace if below



Measure the piston O.D.

- * • Take measurement at 9mm from the bottom and 90° to the piston pin hole.

Service Limit: 72.60mm replace if below

Measure the piston-to-piston pin clearance.

Service Limit: 0.02mm replace if over



CYLINDER INSPECTION

Inspect the cylinder bore for wear or damage.

Measure the cylinder I.D. at three levels of top, middle and bottom at 90° to the piston pin (in both X and Y directions).

Service Limit: 72.80mm repair or replace if Over

Measure the cylinder-to-piston clearance.

Service Limit: 0.1mm repair or replace if Over

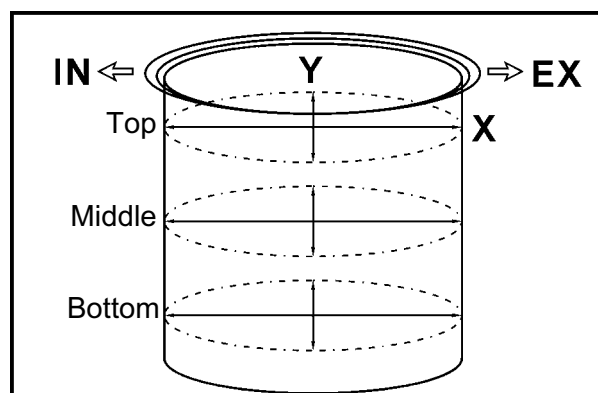


The true roundness is the difference between the values measured in X and Y directions. The cylindricity (difference between the values measured at the three levels) is subject to the maximum value calculated.

Service Limits:

True Roundness: 0.09mm repair or replace if over

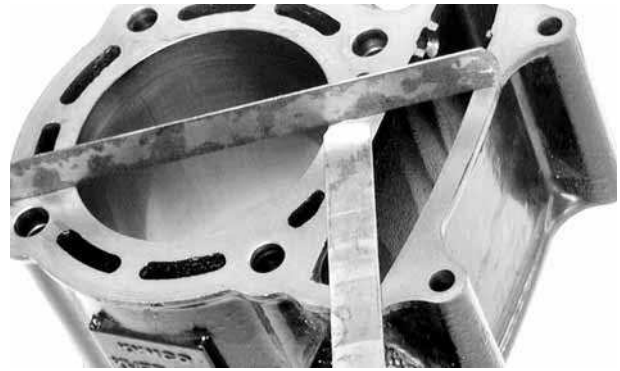
Cylindricity: 0.09mm repair or replace if over



7. CYLINDER/PISTON

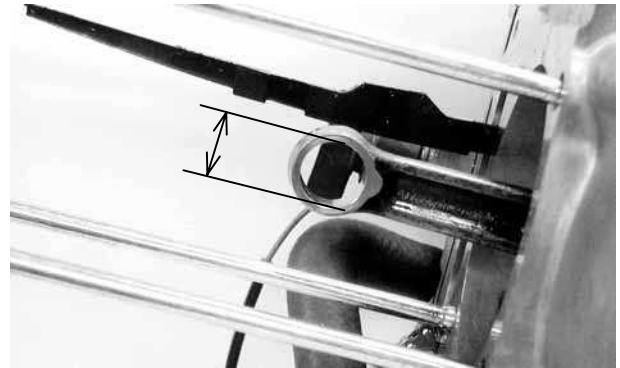
Inspect the top of the cylinder for warpage.

Service Limit: 0.05mm repair or replace if over



Measure the connecting rod small end I.D.

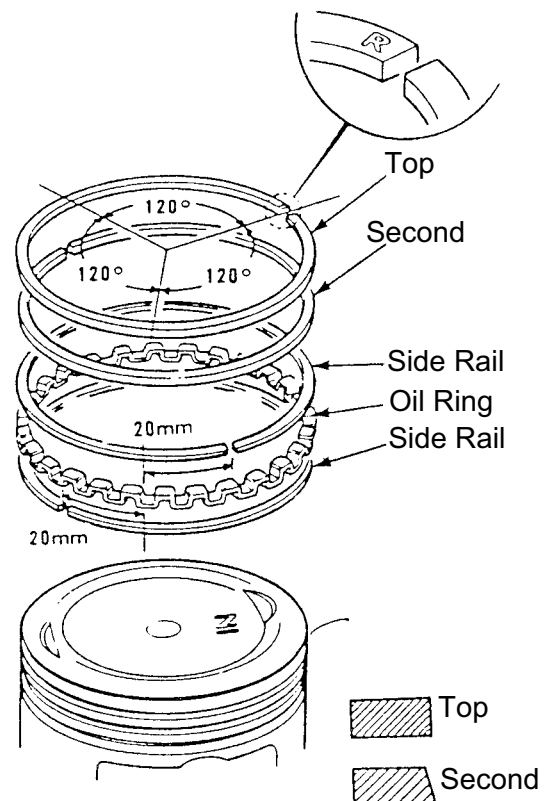
Service Limit: 17.06mm replace if over



PISTON RING INSTALLATION

Install the piston rings onto the piston.
Apply engine oil to each piston ring.

- *
- Be careful not to damage the piston and piston rings during assembly.
 - All rings should be installed with the markings facing up.
 - After installing the rings, they should rotate freely without sticking.
 - Stagger the ring end gaps as the figure shown.



7. CYLINDER/PISTON

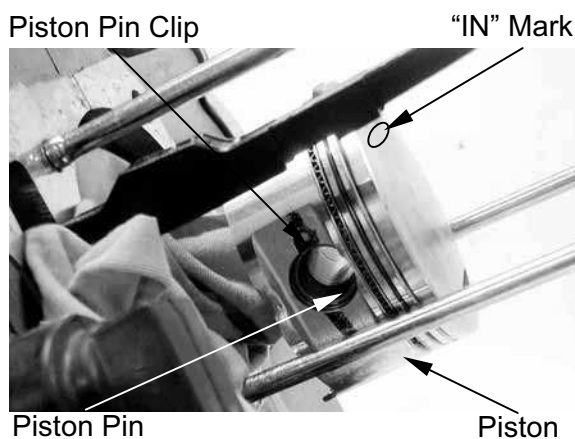
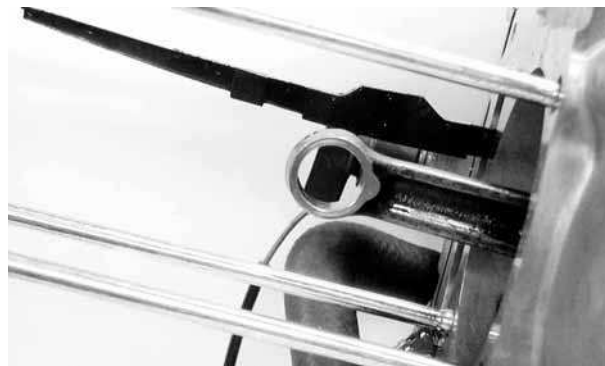
PISTON INSTALLATION

Remove any gasket material from the crankcase surface.

- * • Be careful not to drop foreign matters into the crankcase.

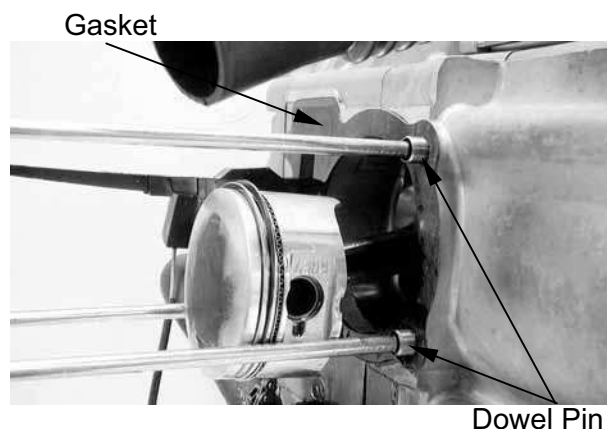
Install the piston, piston pin and a new piston pin clip.

- * • Position the piston "IN" mark on the intake valve side.
- Place a clean shop towel in the crankcase to keep the piston pin clip from falling into the crankcase.



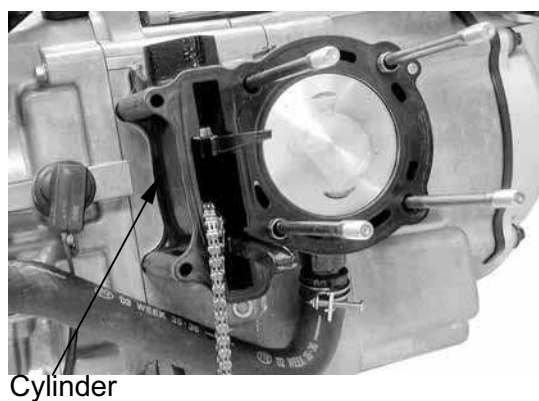
CYLINDER INSTALLATION

Install the dowel pins and a new cylinder gasket on the crankcase.



Coat the cylinder bore, piston and piston rings with clean engine oil.
Carefully lower the cylinder over the piston by compressing the piston rings.

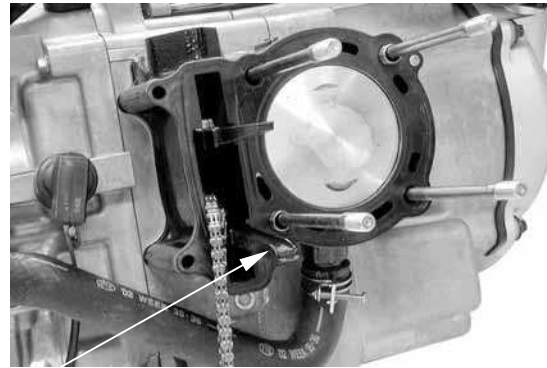
- * • Be careful not to damage or break the piston rings.
- The piston ring end gaps should not be parallel with or at 90° to the piston pin.



7. CYLINDER/PISTON

Install the cam chain guide.

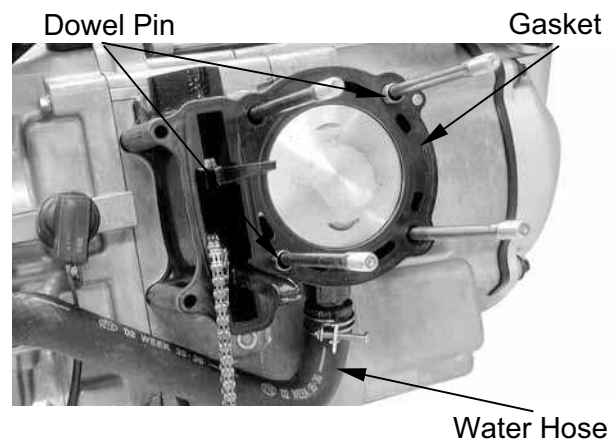
- * • Insert the tab on the cam chain guide into the cylinder groove.



Cam Chain Guide

Install the cylinder head gasket and dowel pins.

Connect the water hose to the cylinder.



Install the cylinder head. (⇒chapter 6)
Tighten the cylinder base bolt.



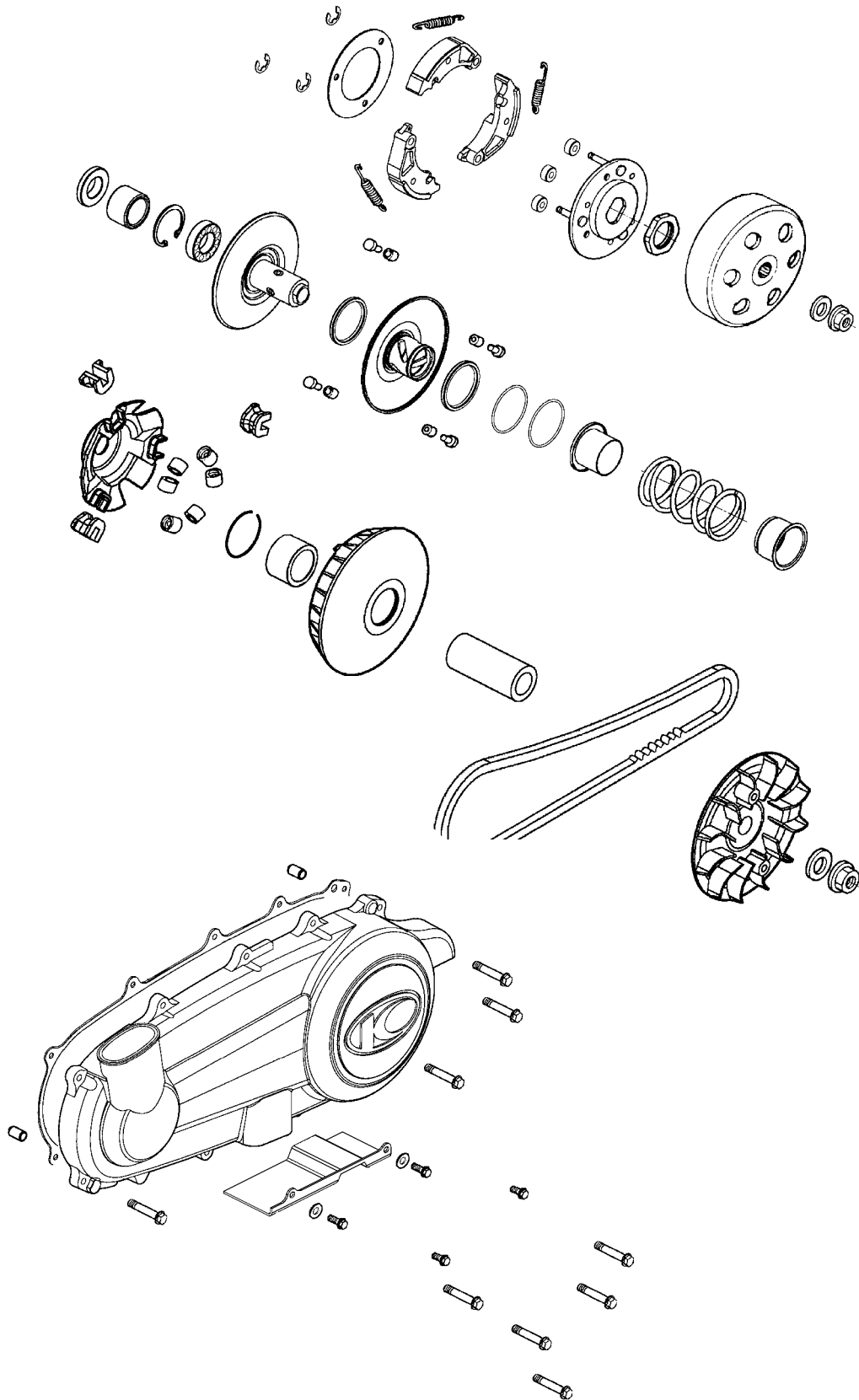
DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS/V-BELT

SCHEMATIC DRAWING-----	8- 1
SERVICE INFORMATION-----	8- 2
TROUBLESHOOTING -----	8- 2
LEFT CRANKCASE COVER -----	8- 3
DRIVE PULLEY -----	8- 4
CLUTCH OUTER/DRIVEN PULLEY/V-BELT -----	8- 4



8. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS/ V-BELT

SCHEMATIC DRAWING



SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The drive pulley, clutch and driven pulley can be serviced with the engine installed.
- Avoid getting grease and oil on the drive belt and pulley faces. Remove any oil or grease from them to minimize the slipping of drive belt and drive pulley.

SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
Movable driven face bushing I.D.	40.000~40.025	40.06
Driven face collar O.D.	39.965~39.955	39.85
Drive belt width	23.6~24.4	22.0
Clutch lining thickness	3.963~4.037	2.0
Clutch outer I.D.	153.0~153.2	153.5
Weight roller O.D	22.92~23.08	22.0
Drive pulley collar O.D.	26.960~26.974	26.90

TORQUE VALUES

Drive face nut	88.2~98N-m
Clutch outer nut	49.0~58.8N-m
Clutch drive plate nut	49.0~58.8N-m

SPECIAL TOOLS

Universal holder	E017
Clutch spring compressor	E034

TROUBLESHOOTING

Engine starts but motorcycle won't move

- Worn drive belt
- Broken ramp plate
- Worn or damaged clutch lining
- Broken driven face spring

Lack of power

- Worn drive belt
- Weak driven face spring
- Worn weight roller
- Faulty driven face

Engine stalls or motorcycle creeps

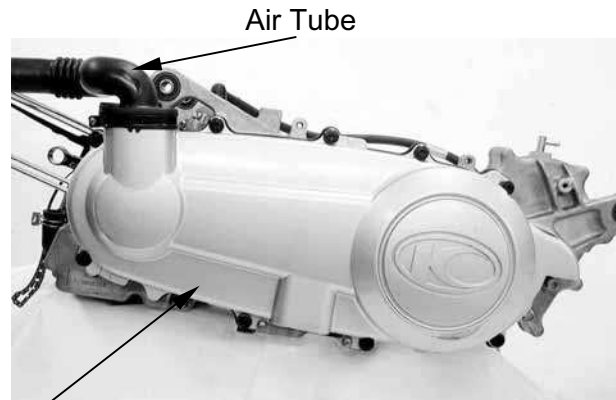
- Broken clutch weight spring

8. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS/ V-BELT

LEFT CRANKCASE COVER

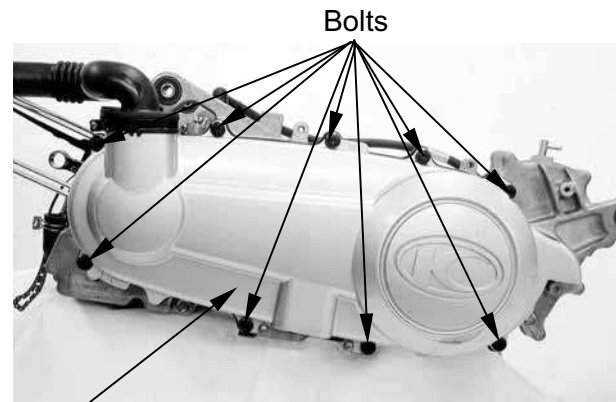
REMOVAL

Remove the met-in box and carrier. (⇒2-6)
Remove the body cover, center cover and rear fender A together. (⇒2-6)
Disconnect the belt air tube from the frame



Left Crankcase

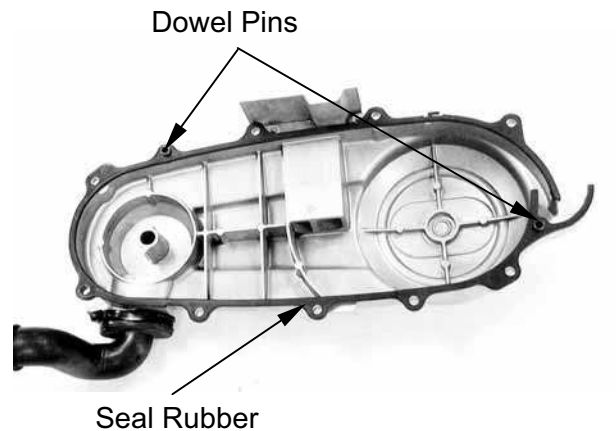
Remove the left crankcase cover bolts and left crankcase covers.
Remove the seal rubber and dowel pins.



Left Crankcase Cover

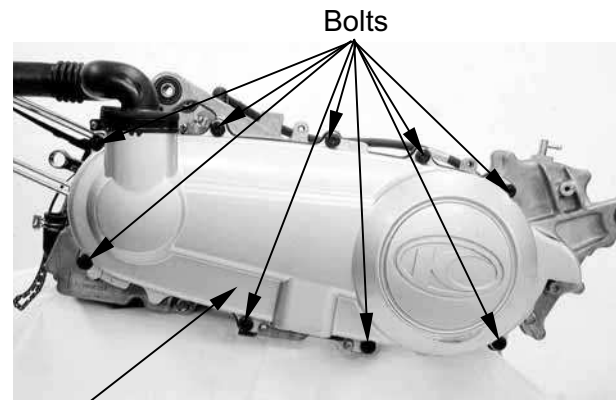
INSTALLATION

Install the dowel pins and the seal rubber.



Left Crankcase Cover

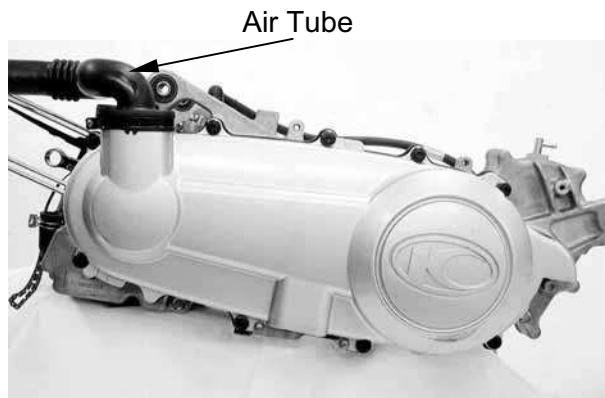
Install the left crankcase cover.
Install and tighten the left crankcase cover bolts.



Left Crankcase Cover

8. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS/ V-BELT

Connect the drive belt air tube to frame.



DRIVE PULLEY

DRIVE PULLEY FACE REMOVAL

Remove the left crankcase cover. (⇒8-3)
Hold the drive pulley using a universal holder
and remove the drive face nut and washer.
Remove the drive pulley face.

Special

Universal HolderE017

Drive Pulley Face

Universal Holder



CLUTCH OUTER/DRIVEN PULLEY/V-BELT REMOVAL

Remove the left crankcase cover. (⇒8-3)
Remove the drive pulley face. (⇒8-4)
Hold the clutch outer with the universal holder
and remove the clutch outer nut and washer.

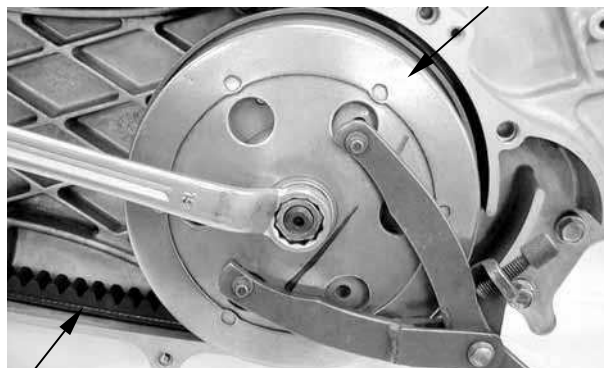
Special

Universal HolderE017

Remove the clutch outer, driven pulley and
belt together.

Remove the drive belt from the movable drive
face.

Movable Drive Face



Drive Belt

INSPECTION

Check the drive belt for cracks, separation or
abnormal or excessive wear.
Measure the drive belt width.

Service Limit: 22.0mm replace if below

- * Use specified genuine parts for replacement.



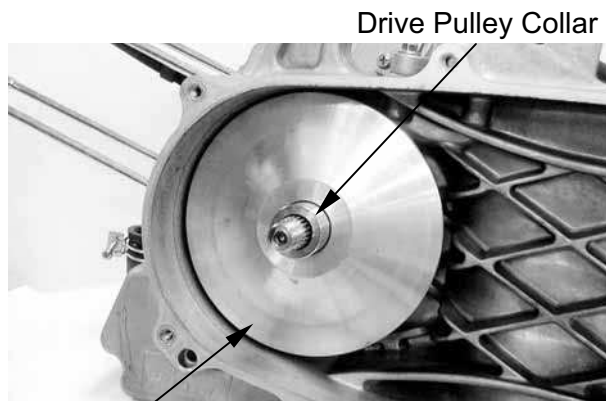
8. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS/ V-BELT

MOVABLE DRIVE FACE ASSEMBLY

Remove the pulley face, clutch outer, driven pulley and belt. (⇒8-4))

Remove the movable drive face assembly.

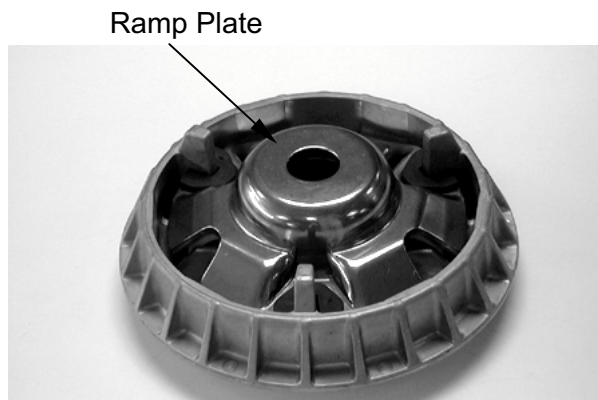
Remove the drive pulley collar.



Movable Drive Face Assembly

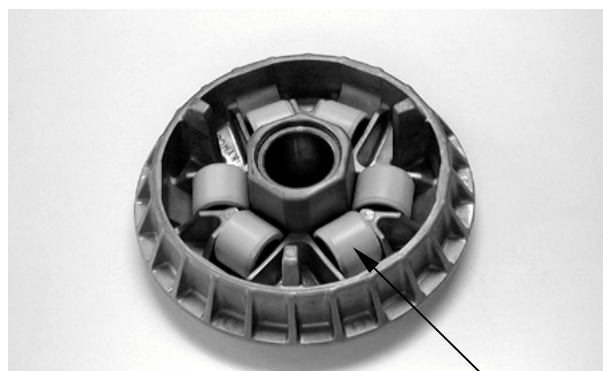
DISASSEMBLY

Remove the ramp plate.



Ramp Plate

Remove the weight rollers.

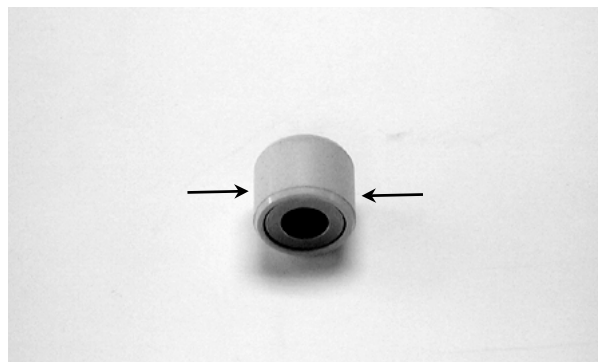


Weight Roller

INSPECTION

Check each weight roller for wear or damage.
Measure each weight roller O.D.

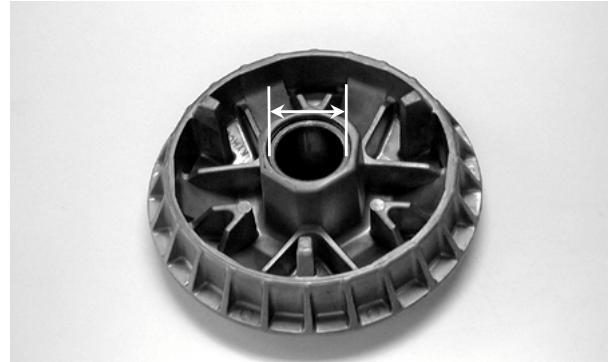
Service Limit: 22.00mm replace if below



8. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS/ V-BELT

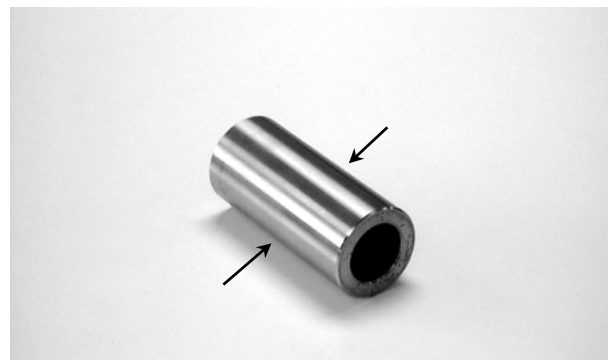
Measure the movable drive face bushing assembly I.D.

Service Limit: 27.13mm replace if over

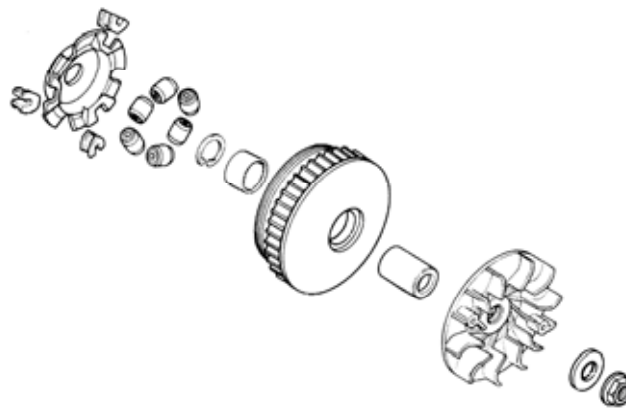


Check the drive pulley collar for wear or damage.
Measure the O.D. of the drive pulley collar sliding surface.

Service Limit: 26.90mm replace if below



ASSEMBLY



Install the weight rollers into the movable drive face.

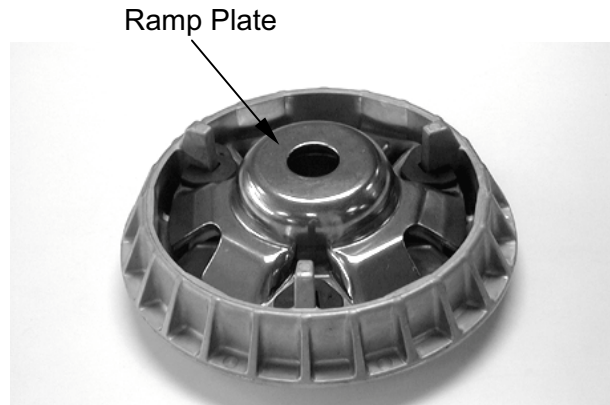
- * The direction of all weight rolls is same.
The color side is towards to clockwise.



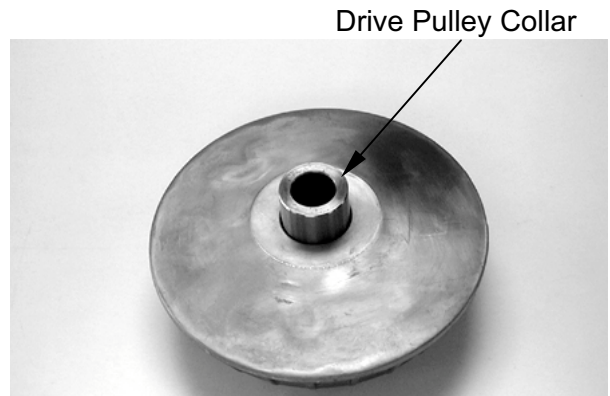
Weight Roller

8. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS/ V-BELT

Install the ramp plate.



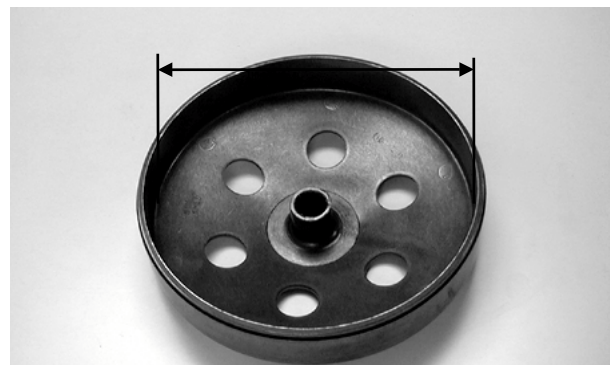
Insert the drive pulley collar into the movable drive face.



INSPECTION

Inspect the clutch outer for wear or damage.
Measure the clutch outer I.D.

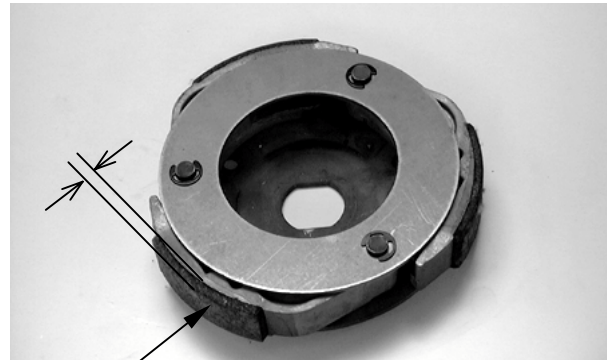
Service Limit: 153.5mm replace if over



8. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS/ V-BELT

Check the clutch shoes for wear or damage.
Measure the clutch lining thickness.

Service Limit: 2.0mm replace if below



Clutch Lining

CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY DISASSEMBLY

Clutch/Driven Pulley



Hold the clutch/driven pulley assembly with
the clutch spring compressor.

- * Be sure to use a clutch spring compressor to avoid spring damage.

Special

Clutch Spring Compressor E034

Set the tool in a vise and remove the clutch
drive plate nut.

Lock Nut Wrench, 39mm

Clutch Spring Compressor Lock Nut Wrench

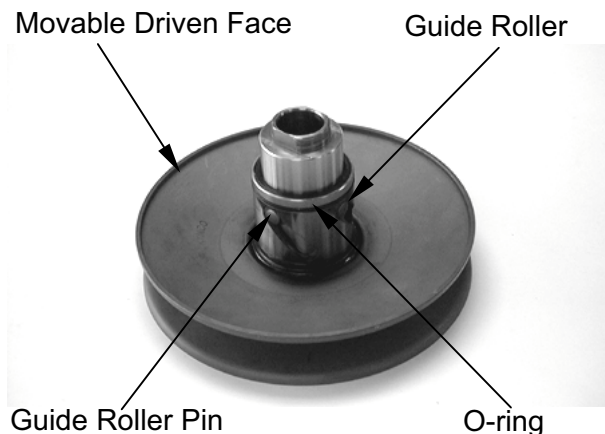


Loosen the clutch spring compressor and
disassemble the clutch/driven pulley
assembly.
Remove the seal collar.

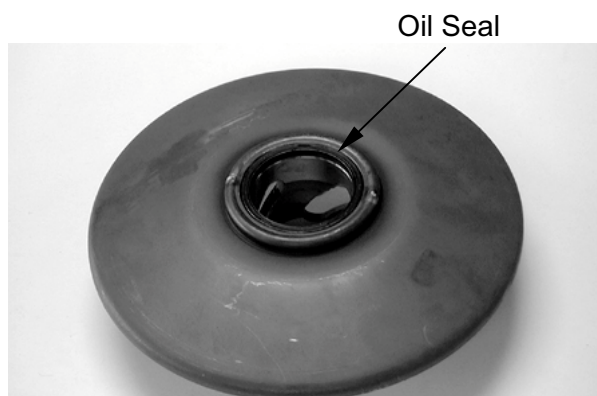


8. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS/ V-BELT

Pull out the guide roller pins and guide rollers.
Remove the movable driven face from the
driven face.



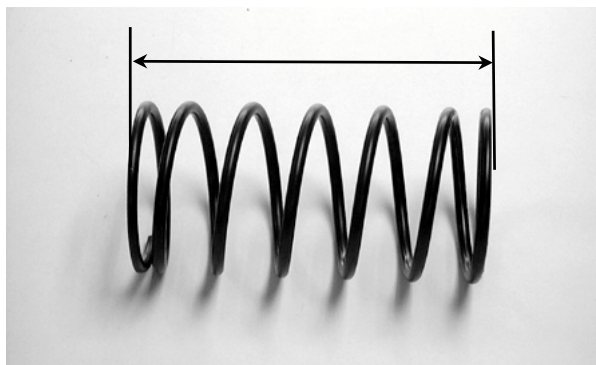
Remove the oil seal from the movable driven
face.



INSPECTION

Measure the driven face spring free length.

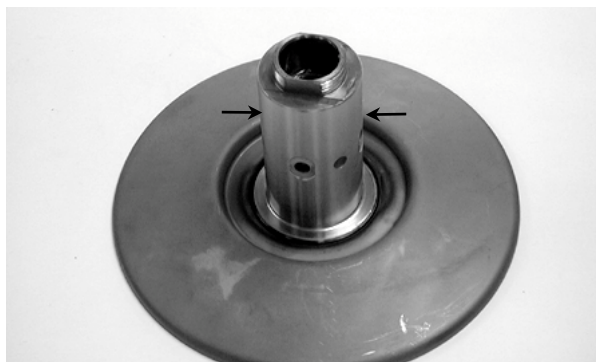
Service Limit: 130.5mm replace if below



Check the driven face assembly for wear or
damage.

Measure the driven face O.D.

Service Limit: 39.85mm replace if below

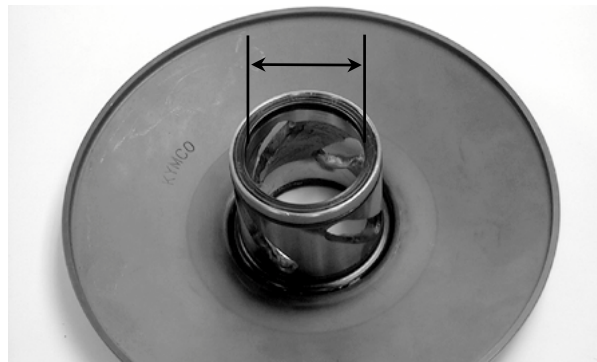


8. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS/ V-BELT

Check the movable driven face for wear or damage.

Measure the movable driven face I.D.

Service Limit: 40.06mm replace if over

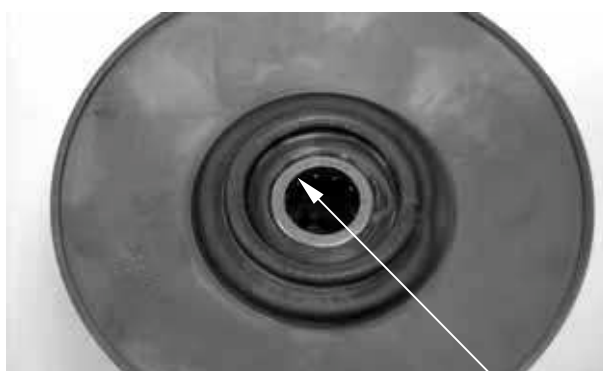


DRIVEN PULLEY FACE BEARING REPLACEMENT

Check the bearings for play and replace them if they have excessive play.

Drive the inner needle bearing out of the driven pulley face.

- * Discard the removed bearing and replace with a new one.

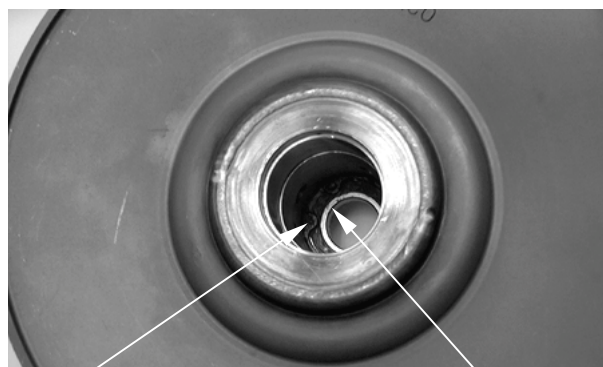


Inner Bearing

Remove the snap ring and drive the outer bearing out of the driven face.

- * Discard the removed bearing and replace with a new one.

Apply grease to the outer bearing.
Drive a new outer bearing into the driven face with the sealed end facing up.



Snap Ring

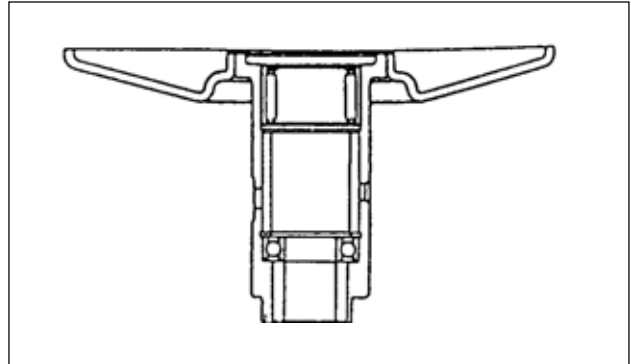
Outer Bearing

Seat the snap ring in its groove.
Apply grease to the driven face bore areas.

- * Pack all bearing cavities with 9~9.5g grease.

8. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS/ V-BELT

Press a new needle bearing into the driven face.

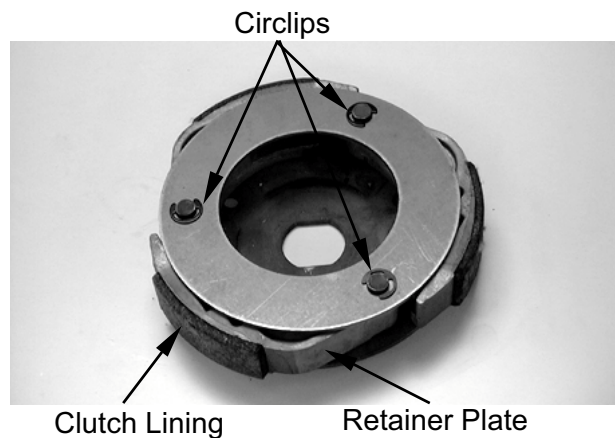


CLUTCH DISASSEMBLY

Remove the circlips and retainer plate to disassemble the clutch.

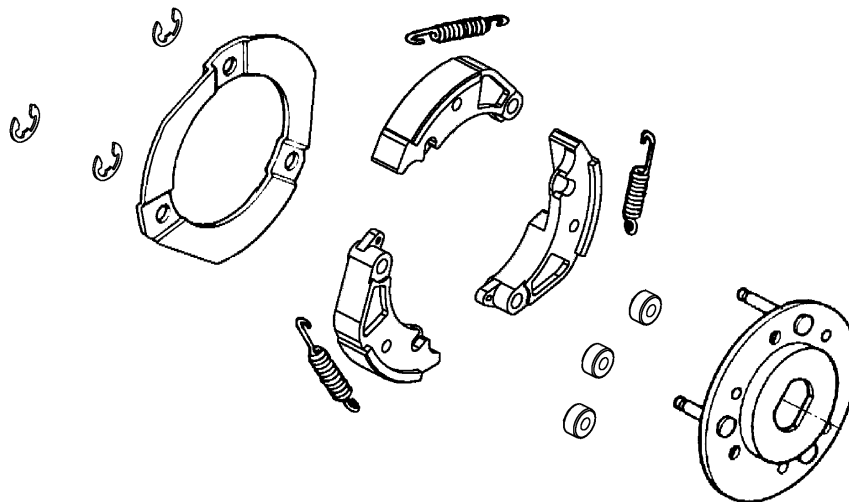
*

- Keep grease off the clutch linings.

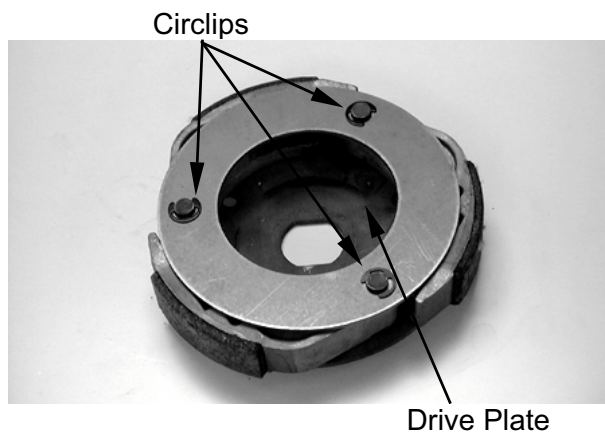


8. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS/ V-BELT

CLUTCH ASSEMBLY

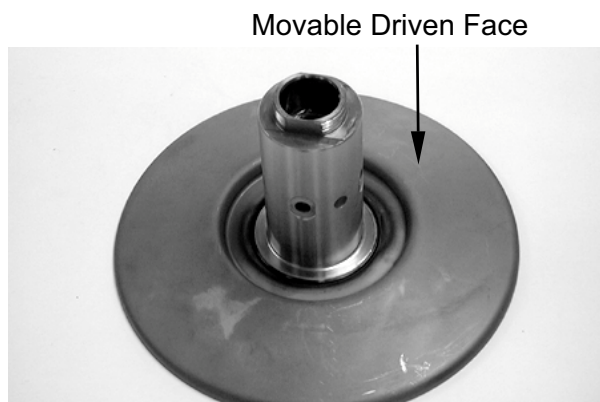


Install the damper rubbers on the drive plate pins.
Install the clutch weights/shoes and clutch springs onto the drive plate.
Install the retainer plate and secure with the circlips.



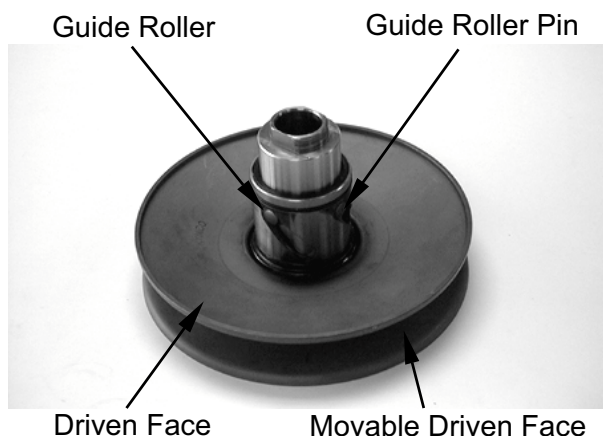
CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY ASSEMBLY

Clean the pulley faces and remove any grease from them.
Apply grease to the O-rings and install them onto the moveable driven face.



8. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS/ V-BELT

Install the movable driven face onto the driven face.
Apply grease to the guide rollers and guide roller pins and then install them into the holes of the driven face.



Install the seal collar.
Remove any excessive grease.

- * Be sure to clean the driven face off any grease.

Set the driven pulley assembly, driven face spring and clutch assembly onto the clutch spring compressor.

- * Align the flat surface of the driven face with the flat on the clutch drive plate.

Compress the tool and install the drive plate nut.

Set the tool in a vise and tighten the drive plate nut to the specified torque.

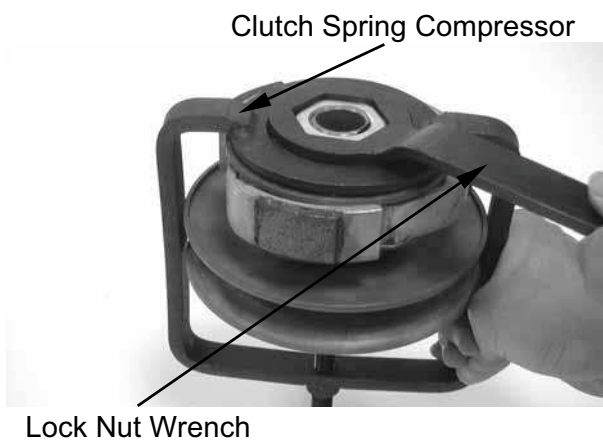
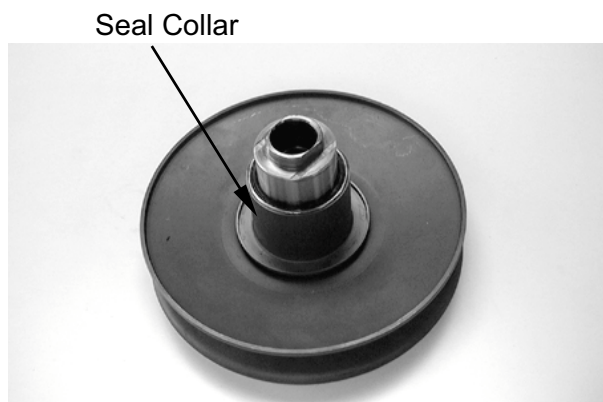
Torque: 49.0~58.8N-m

- * Be sure to use a clutch spring compressor to avoid spring damage.

Special

Clutch Spring Compressor

E034



8. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS/ V-BELT

INSTALLATION

Install the movable drive face assembly and drive pulley collar onto the crankshaft.

Lay the drive belt on the driven pulley.
Set the drive belt on the drive pulley collar.
Install the clutch/driven pulley and clutch outer onto the drive shaft.

- * • Keep grease off the drive shaft.

Install washer and the clutch outer nut.
Hold the clutch outer with the universal holder
to tighten clutch outer nut.

Torque: 49.0~58.8kg-m

Special

Universal HolderE017

Install the drive pulley face, washer and drive face nut.

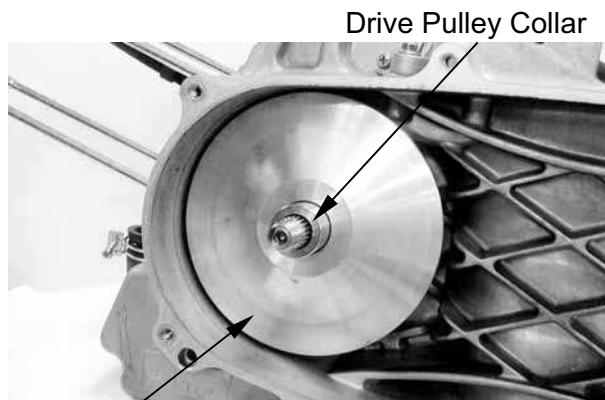
Hold the drive pulley with the universal holder
and tighten the drive face nut.

Torque: 88.2~98N-m

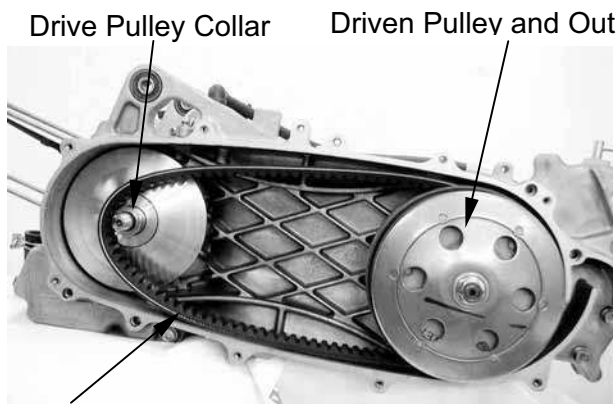
Special

Universal HolderE017

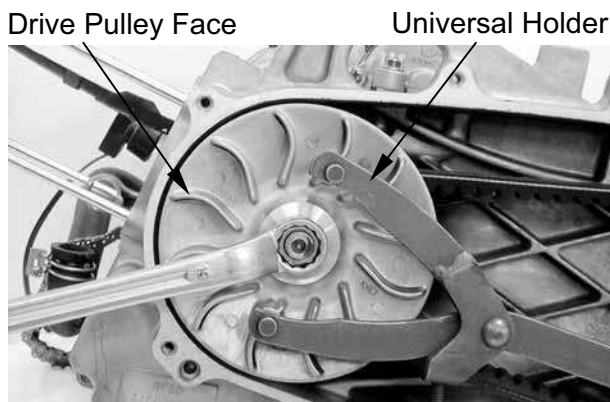
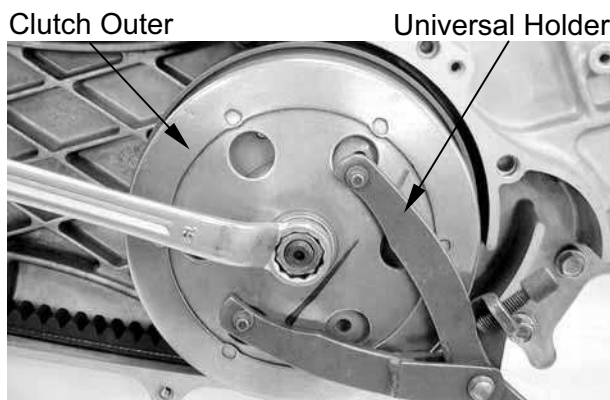
- * • Do not get oil or grease on the drive belt or drive pulley faces.



Movable Drive Face Assembly



Drive Belt



8. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS/ V-BELT

Install the left crankcase cover. (⇒8-3)



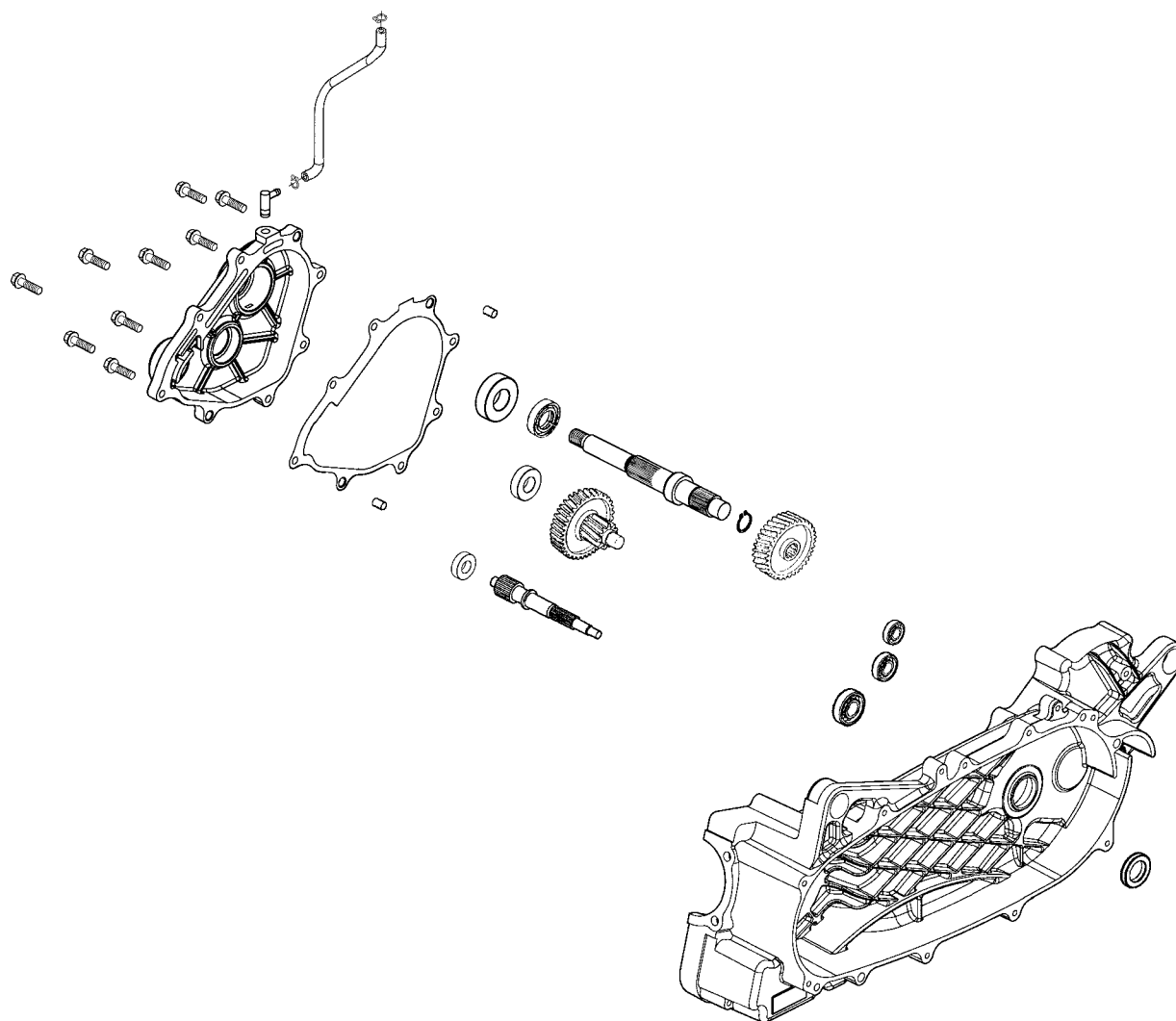
9. FINAL REDUCTION

FINAL REDUCTION

SCHEMATIC DRAWING-----	9-1
SERVICE INFORMATION-----	9-2
TROUBLESHOOTING -----	9-2
FINAL REDUCTION DISASSEMBLY -----	9-3
FINAL REDUCTION INSPECTION -----	9-3
FINAL REDUCTION ASSEMBLY -----	9-6

9. FINAL REDUCTION

SCHEMATIC DRAWING



9. FINAL REDUCTION

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The servicing operations of this section can be made with the engine installed.
- When replacing the drive shaft, use a special tool to hold the bearing inner race for this operation.

SPECIFICATIONS

Specified Oil: SAE 90#

Oil Capacity:

At disassembly : 0.20 liter

At change : 0.18 liter

TORQUE VALUES

Transmission case cover bolt 17.7~21.6N-m

Oil check bolt 7.8~11.8N-m

SPECIAL TOOLS

Bearing puller E037

TROUBLESHOOTING

Engine starts but motorcycle won't move

- Damaged transmission
- Seized or burnt transmission

Abnormal noise

- Worn, seized or chipped gears
- Worn bearing

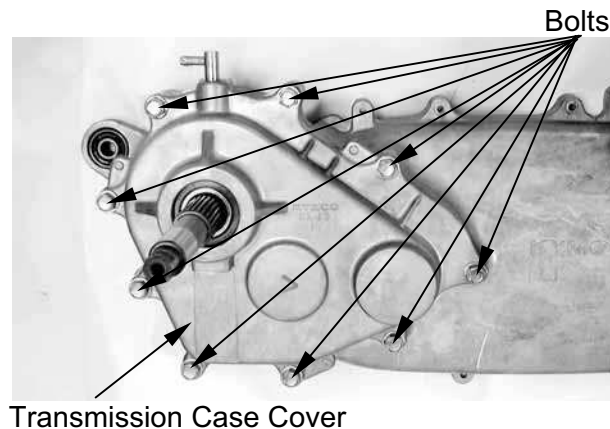
Oil leaks

- Oil level too high
- Worn or damaged oil seal

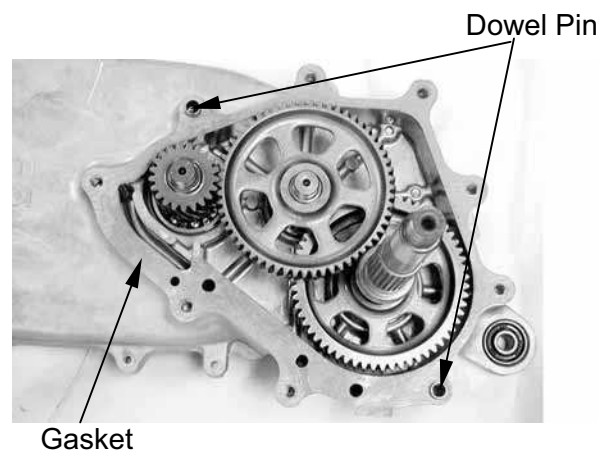
9. FINAL REDUCTION

FINAL REDUCTION DISASSEMBLY

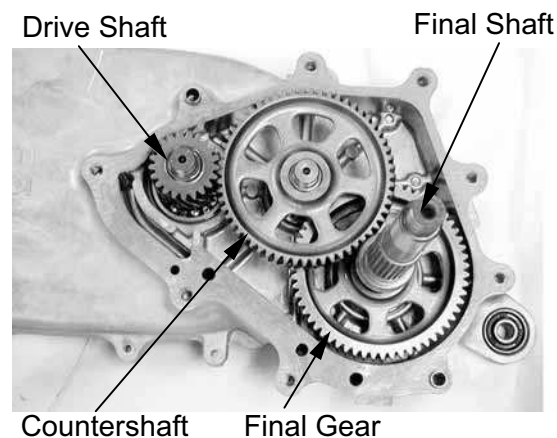
Remove the exhaust muffler. (⇒2-10)
 Remove the rear brake caliper. (⇒15-3)
 Remove the right rear shock absorber. (⇒15-7)
 Remove the rear fork. (⇒15-6)
 Remove the rear wheel. (⇒15-7)
 Remove the left crankcase cover. (⇒8-3)
 Remove the clutch outer/driven pulleys. (⇒8-4)
 Drain the transmission gear oil into a clean container.
 Remove the transmission case cover attaching bolts.
 Remove the transmission case cover.



Remove the gasket and dowel pins.

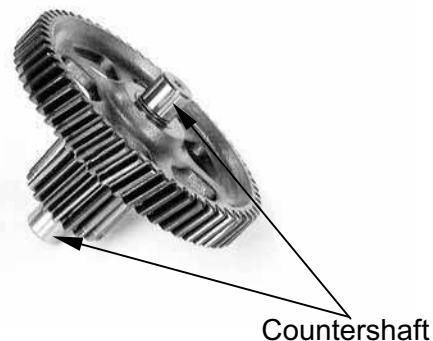


Remove the final shaft.
 Remove the final gear and countershaft.



FINAL REDUCTION INSPECTION

Inspect the countershaft and gear for wear or damage.



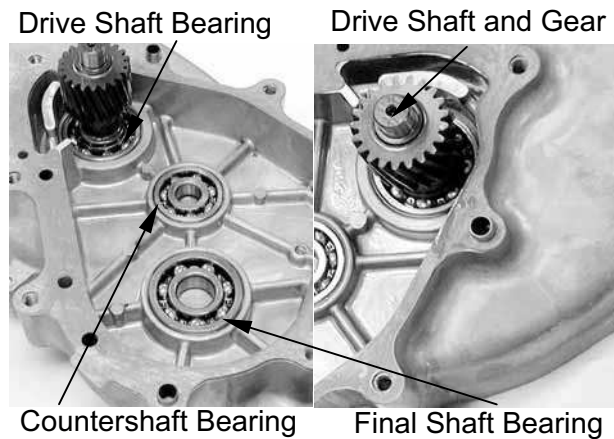
9. FINAL REDUCTION

Inspect the final gear and final shaft for wear, damage or seizure.



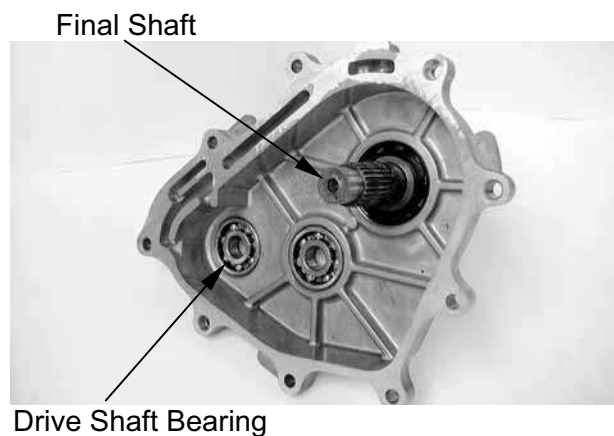
Check the left crankcase bearings for excessive play and inspect the oil seal for wear or damage.

Inspect the drive shaft and gear for wear or damage.



Check the transmission case covers bearings for excessive play and inspect the final shaft bearing oil seal for wear or damage.

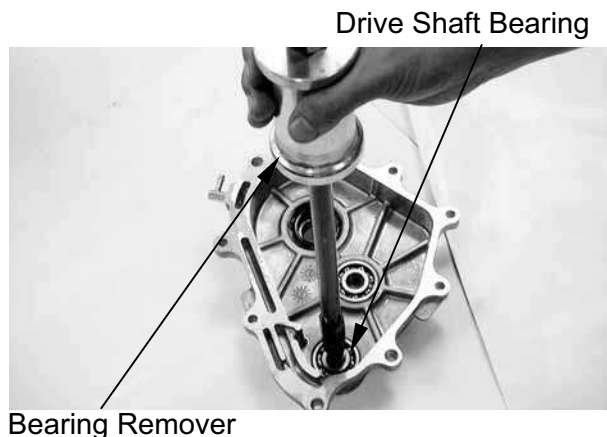
Do not remove the transmission case cover except for necessary part replacement. When replacing the drive shaft, also replace the bearing and oil seal.



9. FINAL REDUCTION

BEARING REPLACEMENT (TRANSMISSION CASE COVER)

Remove the transmission case cover bearings using the bearing remover.
Remove the final shaft oil seal.

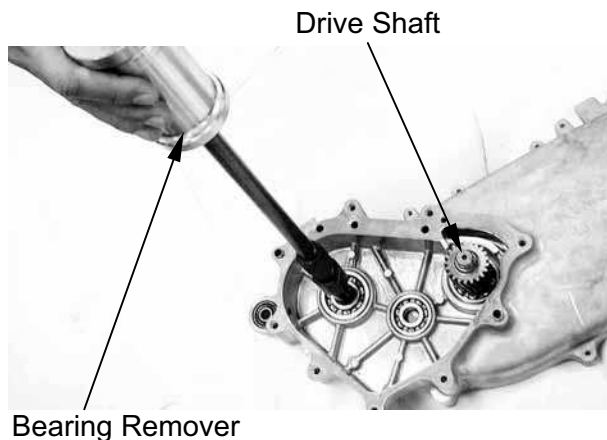


Drive new bearings into the transmission case cover.



BEARING REPLACEMENT (LEFT CRANKCASE COVER)

Remove the drive shaft.
Remove the drive shaft oil seal.
Remove the left crankcase bearings using the bearing remover.



9. FINAL REDUCTION

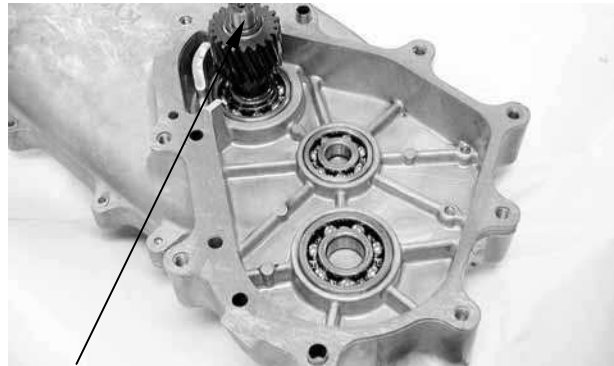
Drive new bearings into the left crankcase.
Install a new drive shaft oil seal.



Pilot

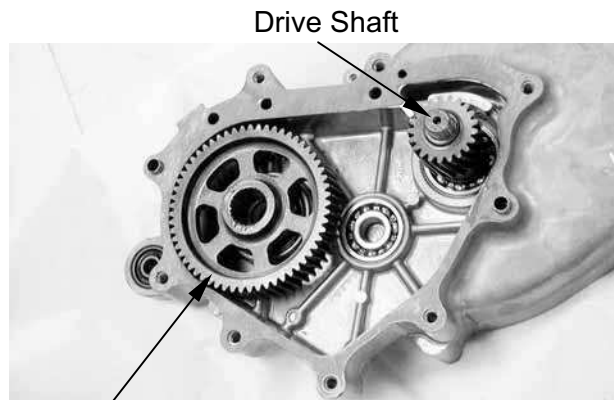
FINAL REDUCTION ASSEMBLY

Install the drive shaft into the left crankcase.



Drive Shaft

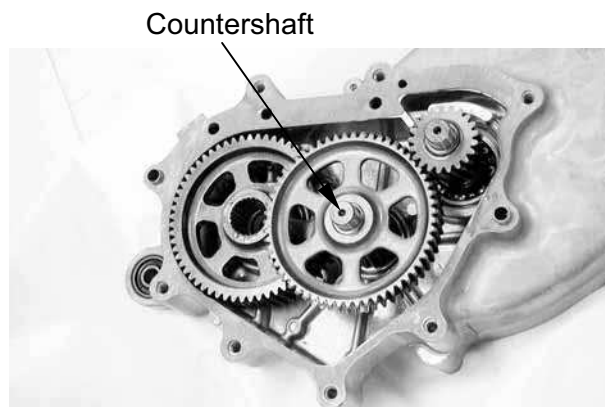
Put the final gear on the left crankcase.



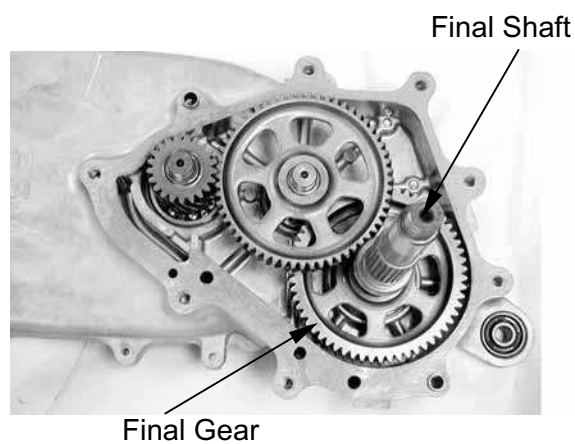
Final Gear

9. FINAL REDUCTION

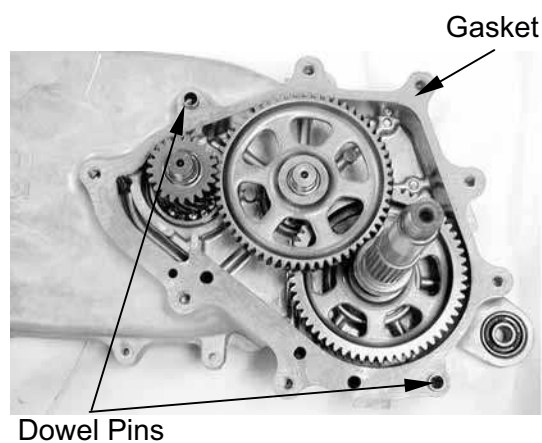
Install the countershaft and gear into the left crankcase.



Install the final shaft into the final gear and transmission case.

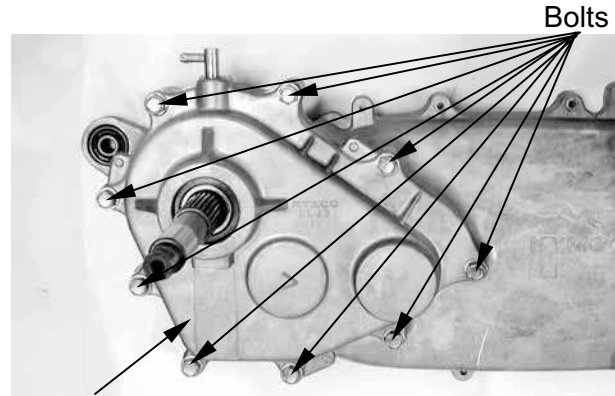


Install the dowel pins and a new gasket.



9. FINAL REDUCTION

Install the transmission case cover.
 Install and tighten the transmission case cover bolts.
 Install the clutch outer/driven pulley.
 Install other removed parts in the reverse order of removal.



Transmission Case Cover

After installation, fill the transmission case with the specified oil.

- Place the scooter on its main stand on level ground.
- Check the oil-sealing washer for wear or damage.

Specified Gear Oil: SAE90#

Oil Capacity:

At disassembly : 0.20 liter

At change : 0.18 liter

Install and tighten the oil check bolt.

Torque: 7.8~11.8N-m

Start the engine and check for oil leaks.
 Check the oil level from the oil check bolt hole and add the specified oil to the proper level if the oil level is low.

Oil Check Bolt Hole/Filler



Drain Bolt

10. A.C. GENERATOR/STARTER CLUTCH

A.C. GENERATOR/STARTER CLUTCH

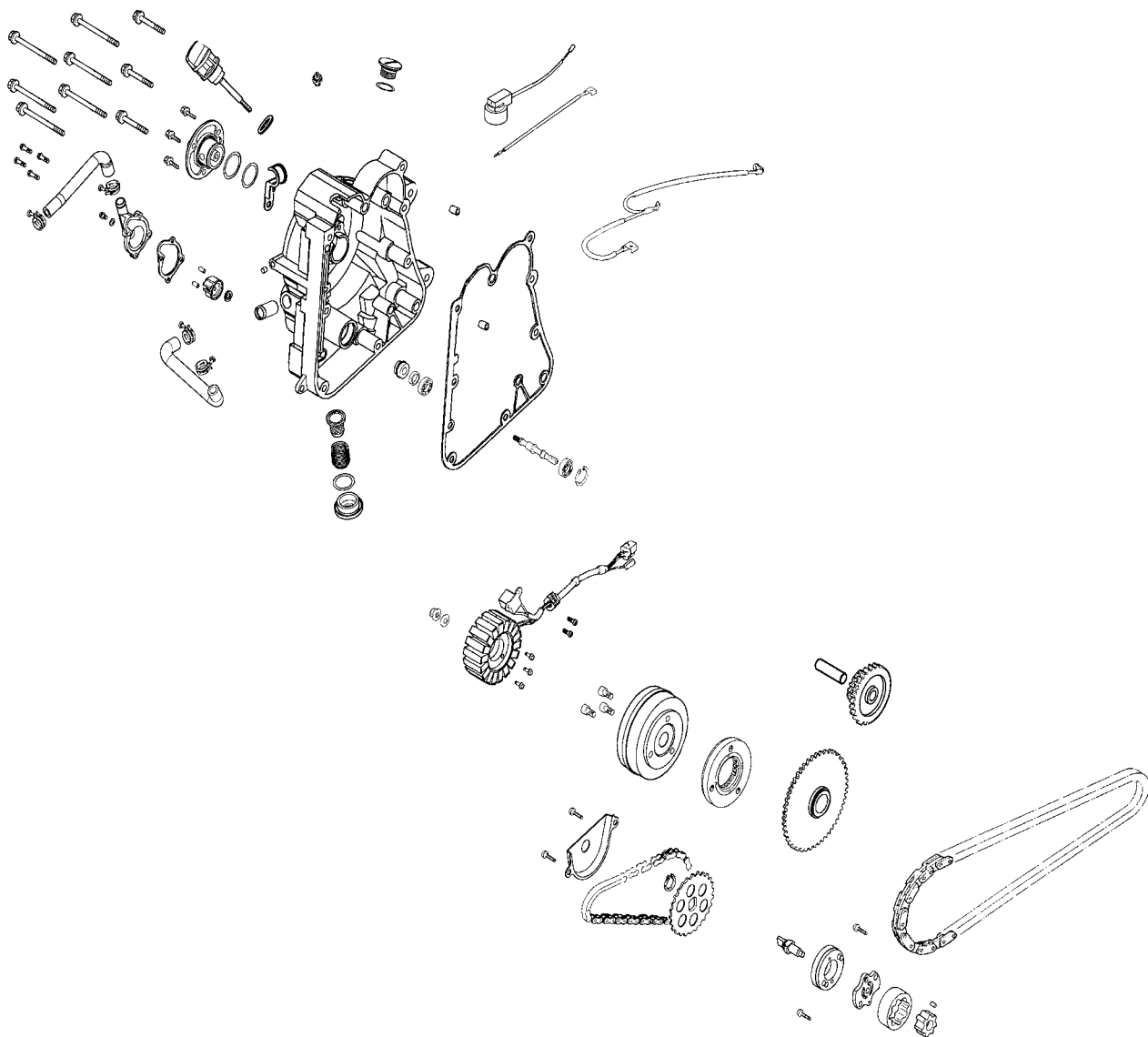
SCHEMATIC DRAWING-----	10-1
SERVICE INFORMATION-----	10-2
TROUBLESHOOTING -----	10-2
RIGHT CRANKCASE COVER REMOVAL-----	10-3
STATOR REMOVAL-----	10-3
FLYWHEEL REMOVAL-----	10-4
STARTER CLUTCH -----	10-4
FLYWHEEL INSTALLATION -----	10-8
STATOR INSTALLATION -----	10-9
RIGHT CRANKCASE COVER INSTALLATION-----	10-9

10

10. A.C. GENERATOR/STARTER CLUTCH

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

SCHEMATIC DRAWING



10. A.C. GENERATOR/STARTER CLUTCH

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- All servicing operations and inspections in this section can be made with the engine installed.
- Drain the coolant before removing the right crankcase cover.
- Be careful not to drain the coolant when the engine temperature is high. (Perform this operation when the engine is cold.)
- Drain the coolant into a clean container.
- Drain the engine oil into a clean container before removing the right crankcase cover.
- When the right crankcase cover is installed, fill with the recommended engine oil and coolant. Then, bleed air from the water jacket.

SPECIFICATIONS

Engine oil: SAE15W/40#
API-SJ

Oil capacity at change: 0.9 liter

Coolant: distilled water + coolant concentrate

SPECIAL TOOLS

Flywheel puller	E003
Flywheel holder	E021

SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
Starter driven gear I.D.	22.026~22.045	22.15mm
Starter driven gear O.D.	42.195~42.208	41.5mm

TORQUE VALUES

Flywheel nut : 53.9~63.7N-m

TROUBLESHOOTING

Refer to page 1-19 for A.C. generator troubleshooting.

Starter motor rotates but engine does not start

- Faulty starter clutch
- Starter motor rotates reversely
- Weak battery

10. A.C. GENERATOR/STARTER CLUTCH

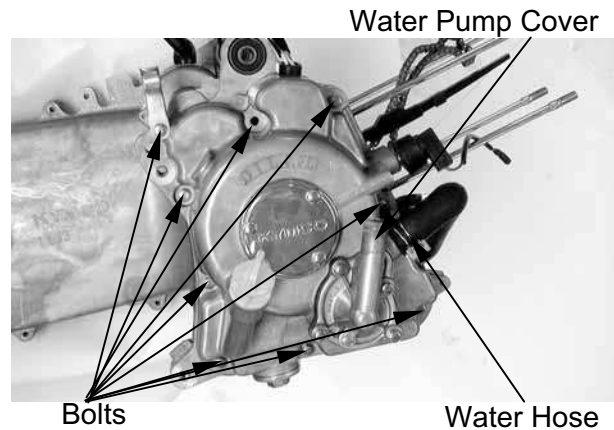
RIGHT CRANKCASE COVER REMOVAL

Disconnect the water hoses from the water pump cover. (⇒chapter 5)

Disconnect the water hoses from the right crankcase cover.

Remove the nine bolts attaching the right crankcase cover and the cover.

Remove right crankcase cover.



RIGHT CRANKCASE COVER REMOVAL(ENGINE INSTALLED)

Remove met-in box and frame body cover. (⇒2-6)

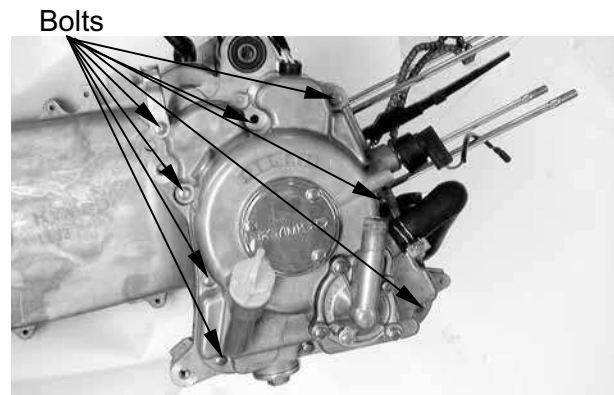
Disconnect the water hoses from the water pump cover. (⇒chapter 5)

Disconnect the water hoses from the right crankcase cover. (⇒chapter 5)

Disconnect A.C. generator wire coupler and oil pressure switch wire. (⇒chapter 5)

Remove the eight bolts attaching the right crankcase cover and the cover.

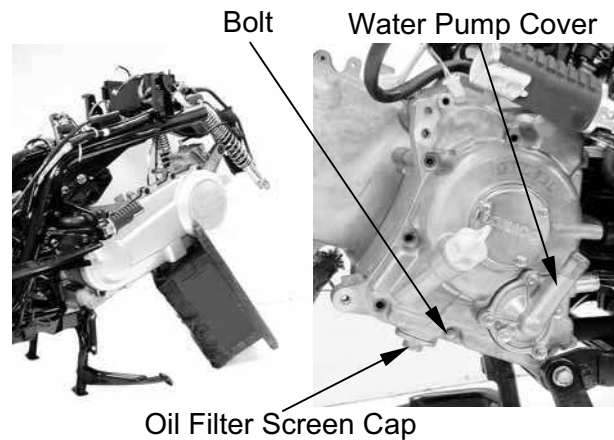
Remove the left and right rear shock absorber lower mount bolts. (⇒chapter 5)



Elevate the back of engine as possible by placing a suitable stand under the back of engine.

Remove the bolt between water pump cover and oil filter screen cap.

Remove right crankcase cover.



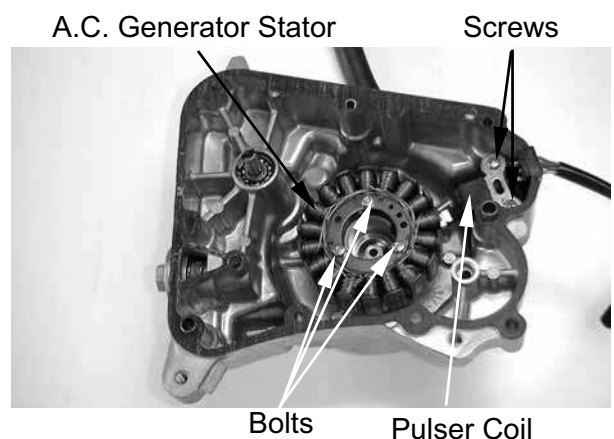
* Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over.

STATOR REMOVAL

Remove the two pulser coil attaching screws and the pulser coil.

Remove the three A.C. generator stator bolts and the stator.

* When removing the pulser coil and stator, be careful not to damage them to avoid shorted or broken wire.



10. A.C. GENERATOR/STARTER CLUTCH

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

Remove the oil through and spring.



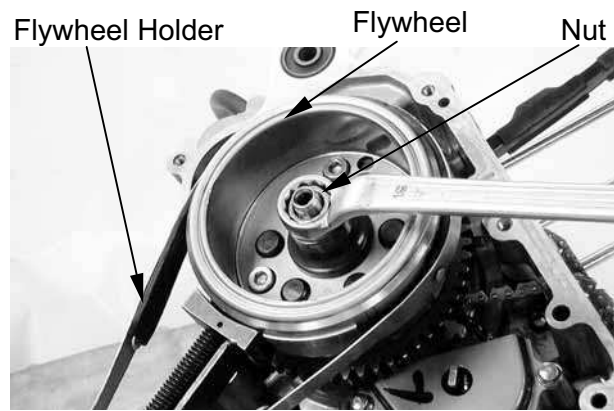
FLYWHEEL REMOVAL

Hold the flywheel with a flywheel holder and remove the flywheel nut and washer.

Special

Flywheel holder

E021

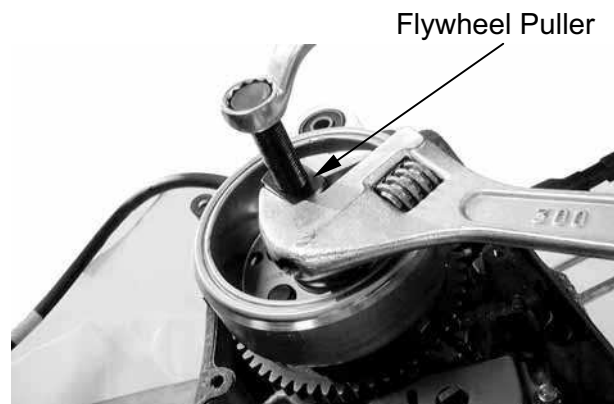


Remove the flywheel with a flywheel puller.

Special

Flywheel puller

E003



STARTER CLUTCH

REMOVAL

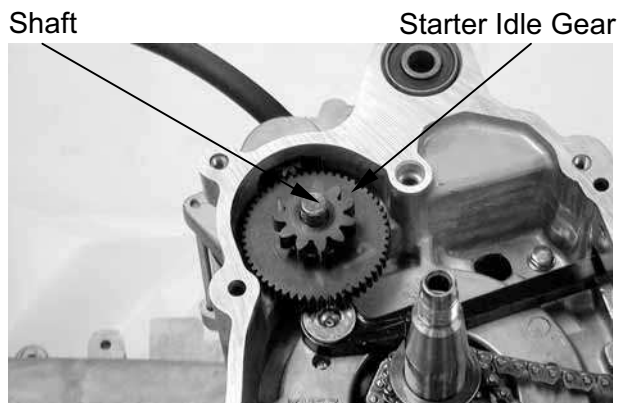
Remove the starter driven gear.



10. A.C. GENERATOR/STARTER CLUTCH

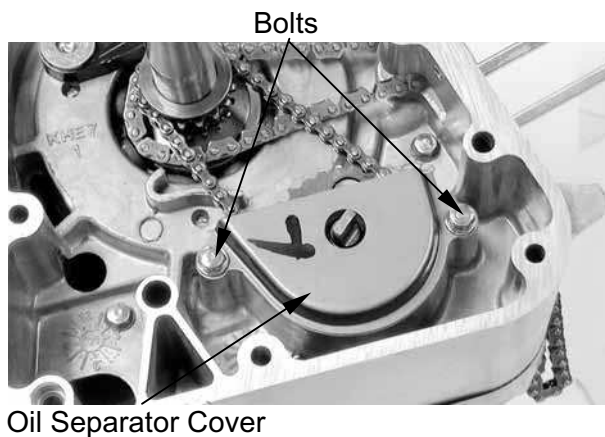
PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

Remove the starter idle gear and shaft.

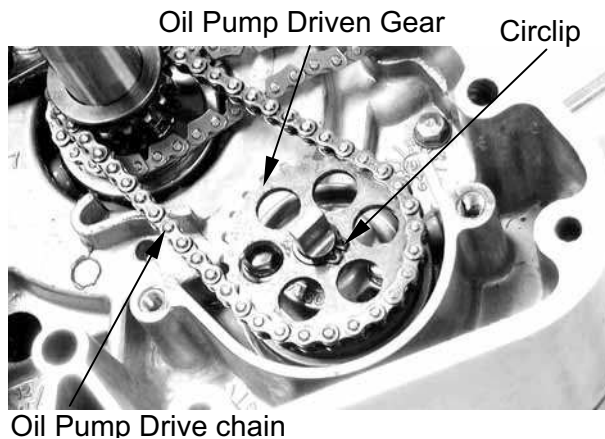


OIL PUMP REMOVAL

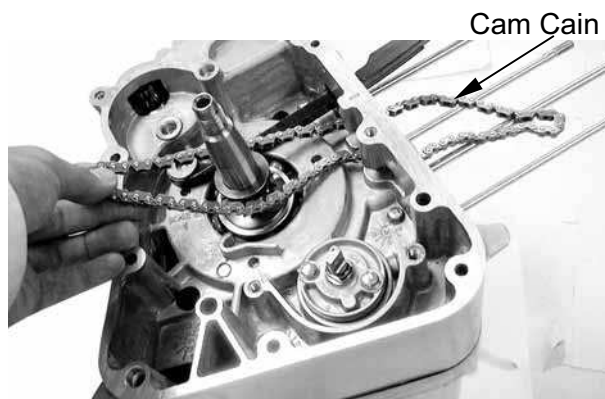
Remove the attaching bolts and oil separator cover.



Pry the circlip off and remove the oil pump driven gear, then remove the oil pump drive chain.

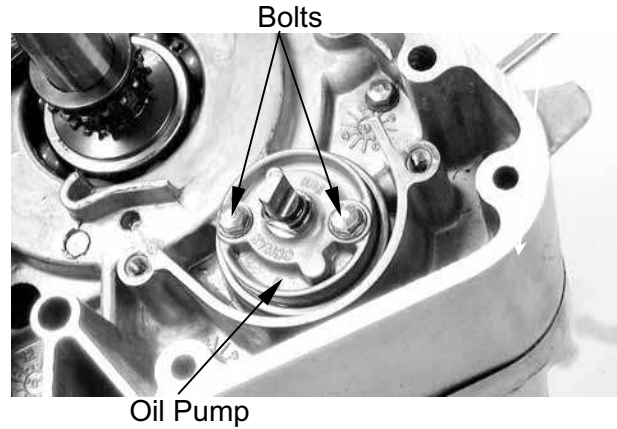


Remove the cam chain.



10. A.C. GENERATOR/STARTER CLUTCH

Remove the two oil pump bolts to remove the oil pump.



INSPECTION

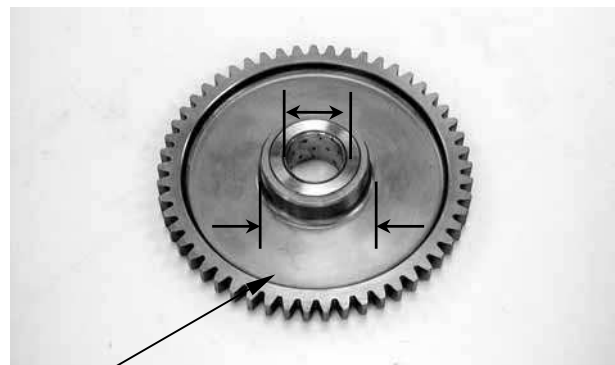
Inspect the starter driven gear for wear or damage.

Measure the starter driven gear I.D. and O.D.

Service Limits:

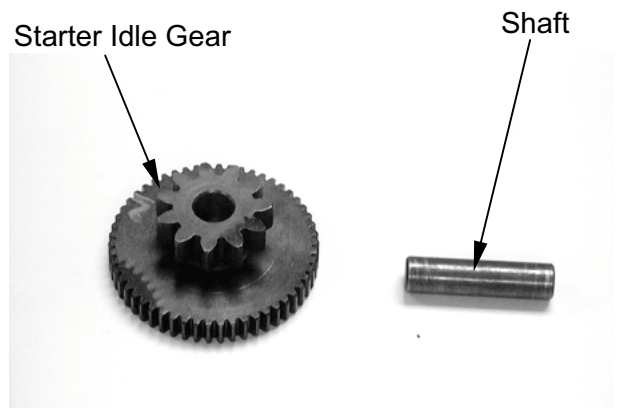
I.D. : 22.15mm replace if over

O.D. : 41.50mm replace if below

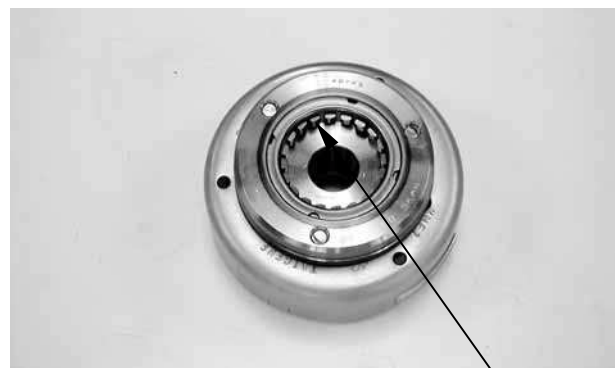


Starter Driven Gear

Inspect the starter idle gear and shaft for wear or damage.



Inspect the starter one-way clutch for wear or damage.

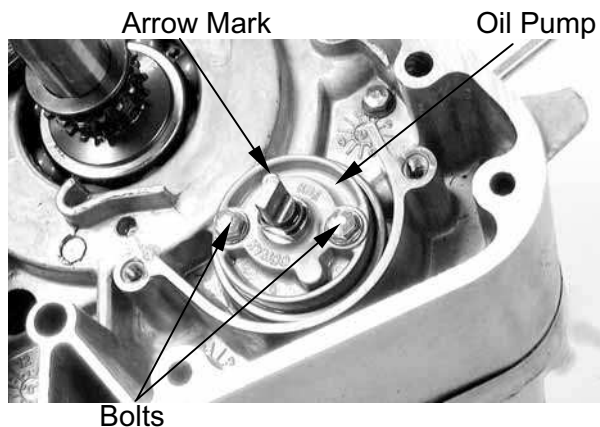


Starter One-way Clutch

10. A.C. GENERATOR/STARTER CLUTCH

INSTALLATION

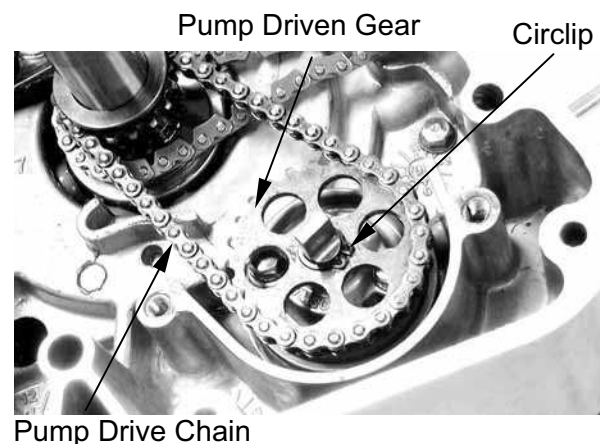
Install oil pump and tighten the two bolts.
Make sure that the pump shaft rotates freely.
The arrow of oil pump is upside.



Install cam chain.

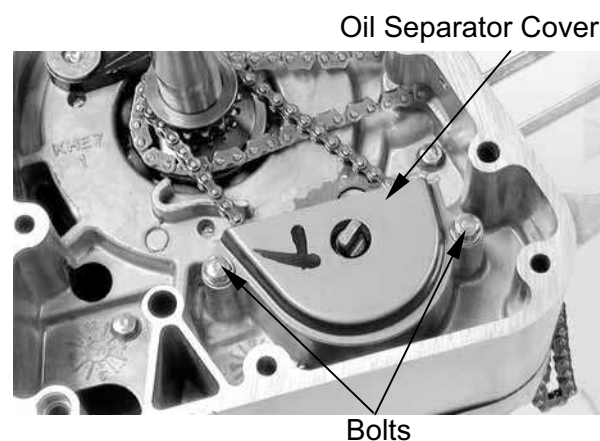


Install the pump drive chain and driven gear, then set the circlip securely on the pump shaft.

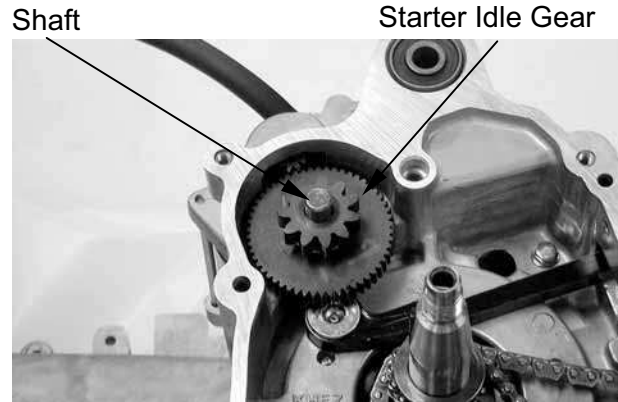


Install the oil separator cover properly.

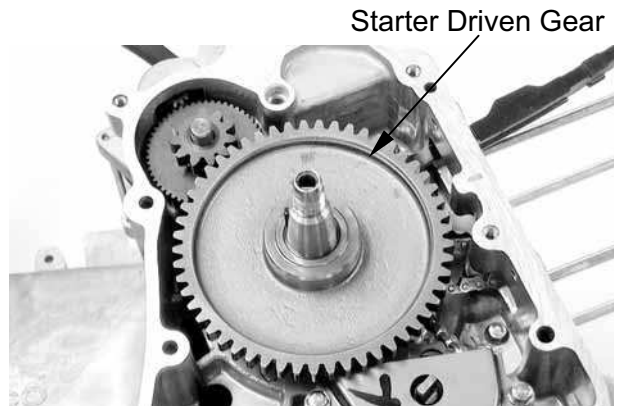
* Fit the tab of the separator cover into the slit in the separator.



Install the starter idle gear and shaft.



Install the starter driven gear onto the crankshaft.

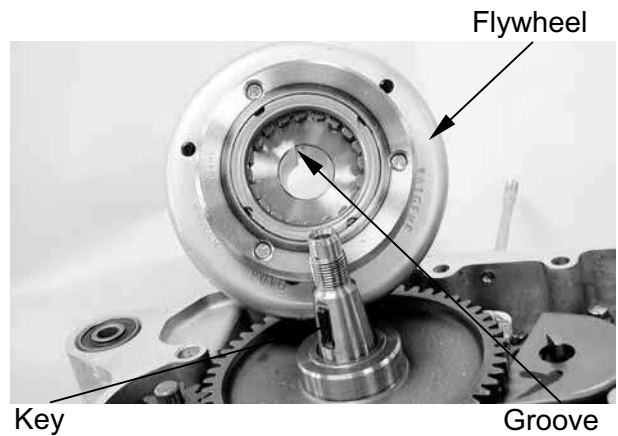


FLYWHEEL INSTALLATION

Install the flywheel onto the crankshaft by aligning the key on the crankshaft with the groove in the flywheel.

*

- Before installation, check and make sure that the inside of the flywheel is not contaminated.



Install washer and nut.

Hold the flywheel with the flywheel holder and tighten the flywheel nut.

Torque: 53.9~63.7N-m

remove the flywheel nut and washer.

Special

Flywheel holder

E021

Flywheel Holder



STATOR INSTALLATION

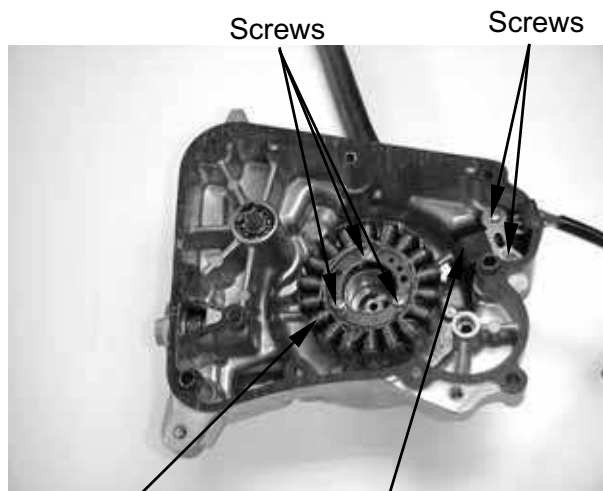
Install the A.C. generator stator on the right crankcase cover and secure it with the three bolts.

Install the pulser coil on the right crankcase cover and secure it with the two screws.

Install the wire grommet in the groove in the right crankcase cover securely.

*

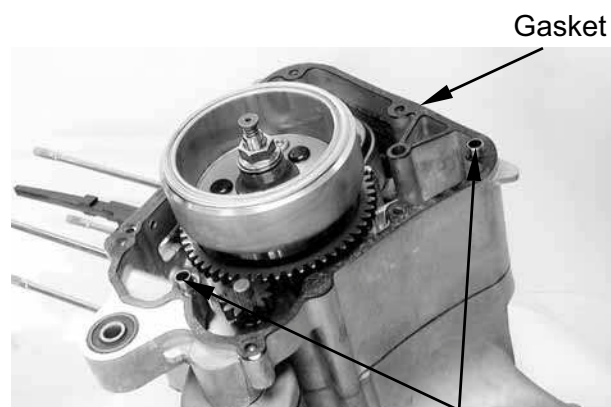
Be sure to route the stator wire under the pulser coil.



A.C. Generator Stator Pulser Coil

RIGHT CRANKCASE COVER INSTALLATION

Install the two dowel pins and a new gasket.



Dowel Pins
Right Crankcase Cover

Install the right crankcase cover over the crankcase, aligning the water pump shaft groove with the oil pump shaft.



Water Pump Shaft Oil Pump Shaft

Tighten the nine right crankcase cover bolts. Connect the water hoses to the right crankcase cover and water pump cover. Add the recommended engine oil. (⇒4-3) Fill the cooling system with the specified coolant. (⇒3-9)

*

Be sure to bleed air from the water jacket after filling the coolant.



11. CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT

CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT

SCHEMATIC DRAWING----- 11-1

SERVICE INFORMATION----- 11-2

TROUBLESHOOTING ----- 11-2

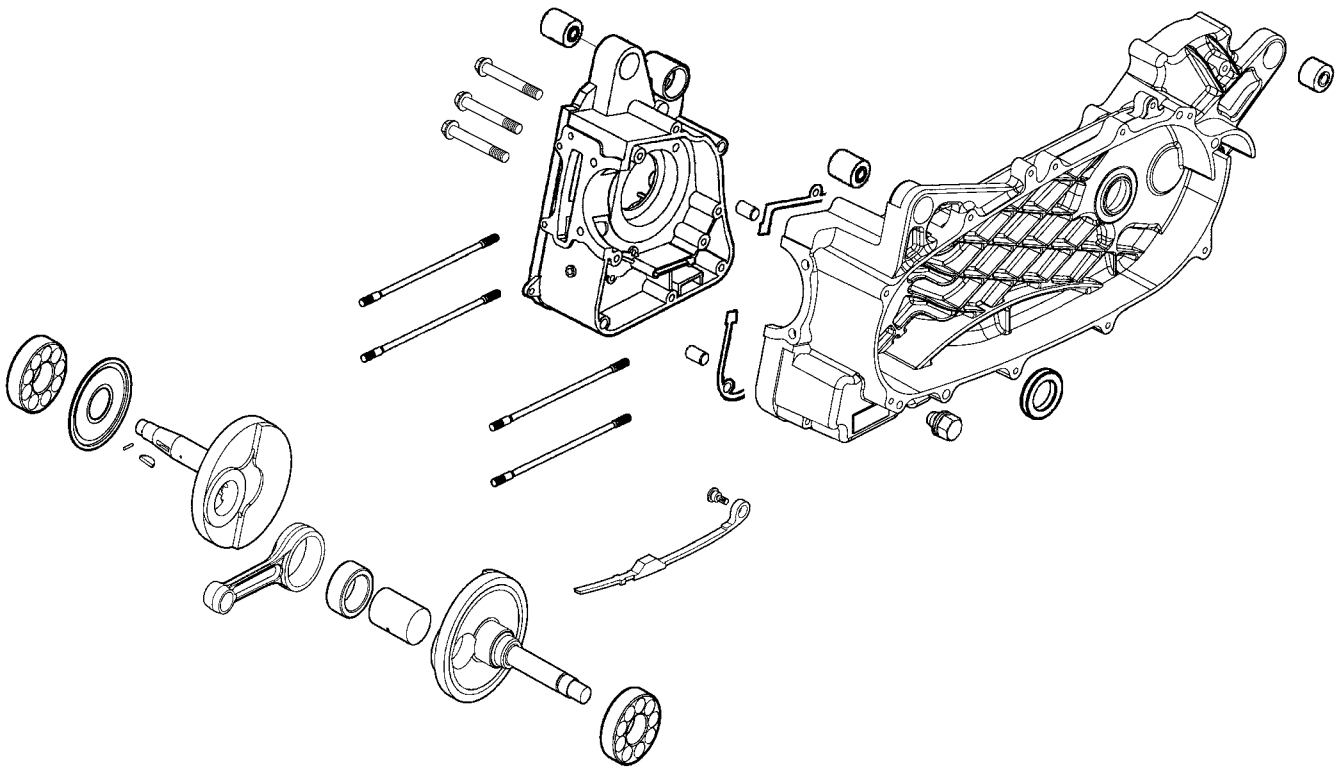
CRANKCASE SEPARATION----- 11-3

CRANKSHAFT INSPECTION ----- 11-4

CRANKCASE ASSEMBLY----- 11-5

11. CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT

SCHEMATIC DRAWING



11. CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- This section covers crankcase separation to service the crankshaft. The engine must be removed for this operation.
- When separating the crankcase, never use a driver to pry the crankcase mating surfaces apart forcibly to prevent damaging the mating surfaces.
- When installing the crankcase, do not use an iron hammer to tap it.
- The following parts must be removed before separating the crankcase.
 - Cylinder head (⇒chapter 6)
 - Cylinder/piston (⇒chapter 7)
 - Right crankcase cover/drive and driven pulley (⇒chapter 8)
 - A.C. generator/starter clutch (⇒chapter 10)
 - Rear wheel/rear shock absorber (⇒chapter 15)
 - Starter motor (⇒chapter 18)
 - Oil pump (⇒chapter 4)

SPECIFICATIONS

	Item	Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
Crankshaft	Connecting rod big end side clearance	0.15~0.35	0.6
	Connecting rod big end radial clearance	0.~0.008	0.05
	Runout	—	0.10

TORQUE VALUES

Crankcase bolt	7.8~10.8N-m
Cam chain tensioner slipper bolt	7.8~11.8N-m

TROUBLESHOOTING

Excessive engine noise

- Excessive bearing play
- Excessive crankpin bearing play
- Worn piston pin and piston pin hole

11. CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

CRANKCASE SEPARATION

Remove the three right crankcase attaching bolts.

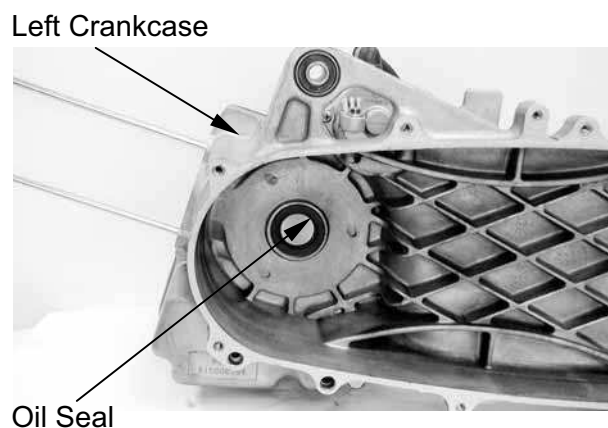
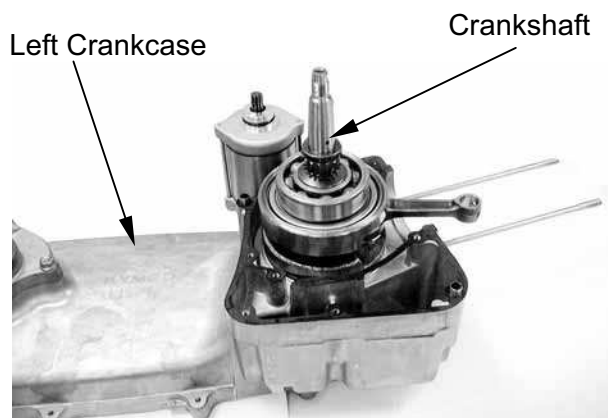
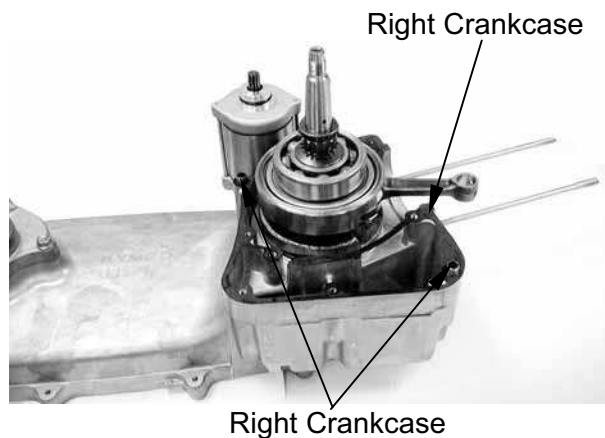
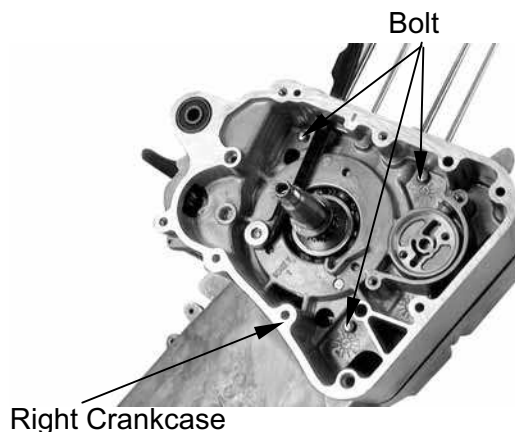
Place the crankcase with the left crankcase down and remove the right crankcase from the left crankcase.

- * • Never use a driver to pry the crankcase mating surfaces apart.

Remove the gasket and dowel pins.

Remove the crankshaft from the left crankcase.

Remove the oil seal from the left crankcase.

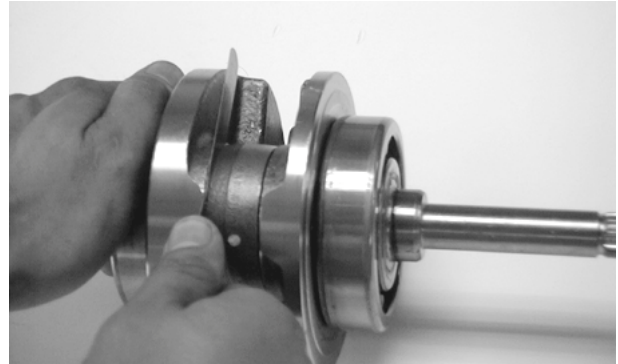


11. CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT

CRANKSHAFT INSPECTION

Measure the connecting rod big end side clearance.

Service Limit: 0.6mm replace if over



Measure the connecting rod small end I.D.

Service Limit: 17.06mm replace if over



11. CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT

Measure the crankshaft runout.

Service Limit: 0.10mm replace if over

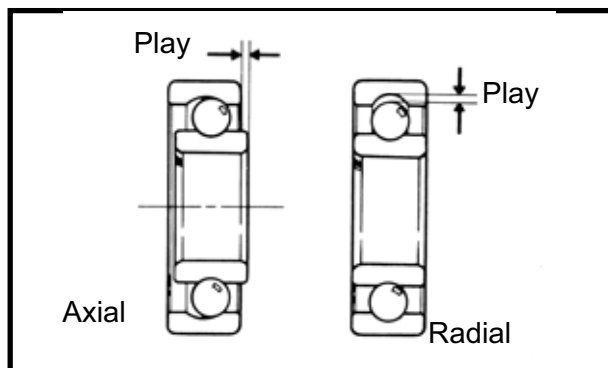


Measure the crankshaft bearing play.

Service Limits:

Axial : 0.20mm replace if over

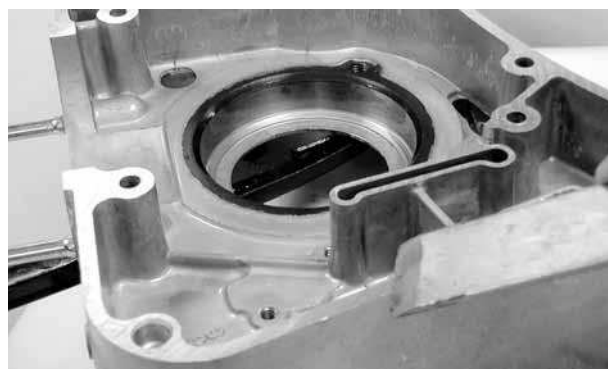
Radial : 0.05mm replace if over



CRANKCASE ASSEMBLY

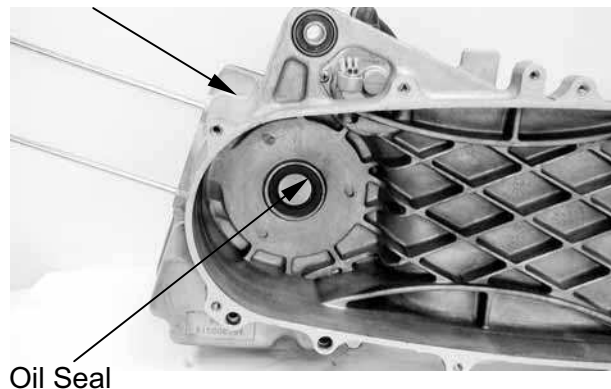
Clean off all gasket material from the crankcase mating surfaces.

- * • Avoid damaging the crankcase mating surfaces.



Install a new oil seal into the left crankcase.

Left Crankcase



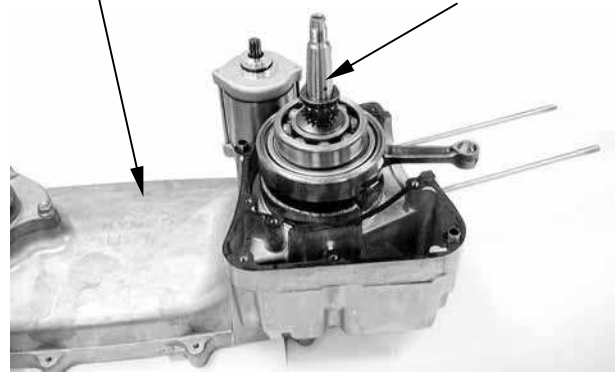
11. CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT

Place the left crankcase down and install the crankshaft into the left crankcase.

- Avoid damaging the oil seal.
- Apply grease to the lip of the oil seal.

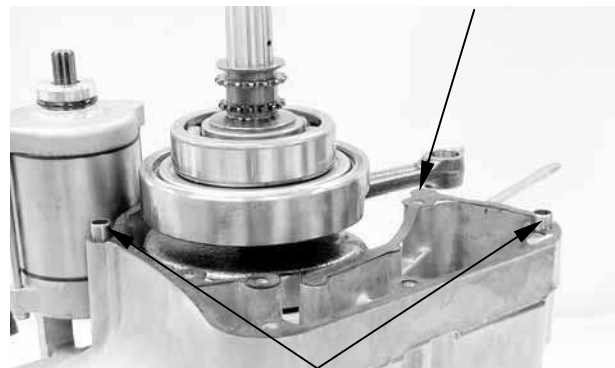
Left Crankcase

Crankshaft



Install the two dowel pins and a new gasket.

Gasket



Dowel Pins

Place the right crankcase over the crankshaft and onto the left crankcase.

- Install the right crankcase squarely and do not tap it with an iron or plastic hammer.

Left Crankcase

Right Crankcase



Install and tighten the right and left crankcase attaching bolts.

Torque: 7.8~10.8N-m

Bolts



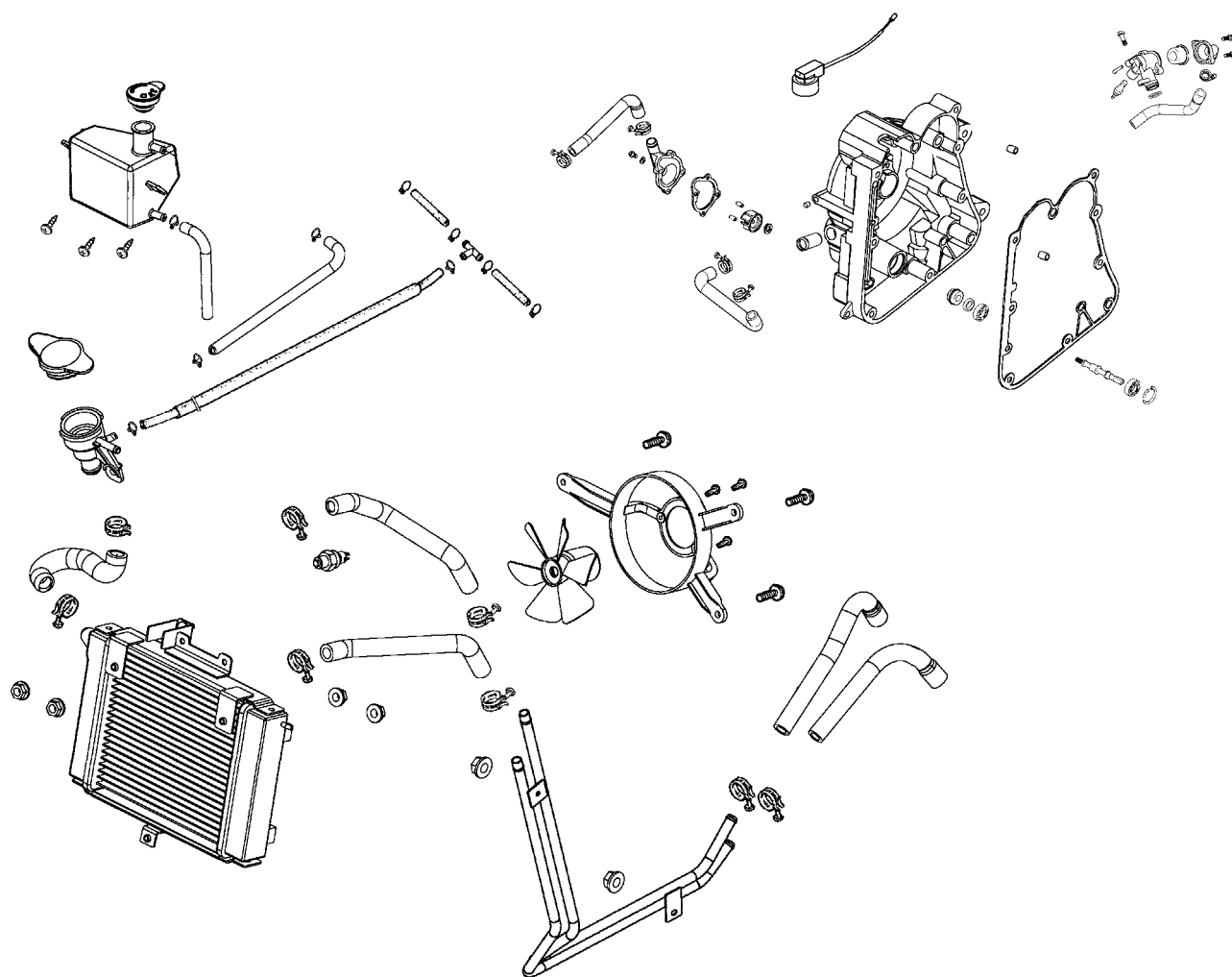
12. COOLING SYSTEM

COOLING SYSTEM

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12. COOLING SYSTEM

SCHEMATIC DRAWING



12. COOLING SYSTEM

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The water pump must be serviced after removing the engine. Other cooling system service can be done with the engine installed in the frame.
- The engine must be cool before servicing the cooling system.
When the coolant temperature is over 100°C, never remove the radiator cap to release the pressure because the boiling coolant may cause danger.
- Avoid spilling coolant on painted surfaces because the coolant will corrode the painted surfaces. Wash off any spilled coolant with fresh water as soon as possible.
- After servicing the system, check for leaks with a cooling system tester.

SPECIAL TOOL

Mechanical seal driver

TORQUE VALUES

Water pump impeller	9.8~13.7N-m
Water pump cover bolt	7.8~11.8N-m

TROUBLESHOOTING

Engine temperature too high

- Faulty temperature gauge or thermosensor
- Faulty radiator cap
- Faulty thermostat
- Insufficient coolant
- Passages blocked in hoses or water jacket
- Clogged radiator fins
- Passages blocked in radiator
- Faulty water pump

Coolant leaks

- Faulty pump mechanical (water) seal
- Deteriorated O-rings
- Damaged or deteriorated water hoses

Temperature gauge pointer does not register the correct coolant temperature

- Faulty temperature gauge or thermosensor
- Faulty thermostat

12. COOLING SYSTEM

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

SPECIFICATIONS

Radiator cap relief pressure		0.9±0.15kg/cm ²	
Thermostat temperature	Begins to open	80±2℃	
	Full-open	90℃	
	Valve lift	3.5~4.5mm	
Coolant capacity		Total system 1400±20cc	Radiator: 1000±20cc Reserve tank: 400±20cc

COOLANT GRAVITY

Temp. °C Coolant concentration	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
5%	1.009	1.009	1.008	1.008	1.007	1.006	1.005	1.003	1.001	0.009	0.997
10%	1.018	1.107	1.017	1.016	1.015	1.014	0.013	1.011	1.009	1.007	1.005
15%	1.028	1.027	1.026	1.025	1.024	1.022	1.020	1.018	1.016	1.014	1.012
20%	1.036	1.035	1.034	1.033	1.031	1.029	1.027	1.025	1.023	1.021	1.019
25%	1.045	1.044	1.043	1.042	1.040	1.038	1.036	1.034	1.031	1.028	1.025
30%	1.053	1.051	1.051	1.049	1.047	1.045	1.043	1.041	1.038	1.035	1.032
35%	1.063	1.062	1.060	1.058	1.056	1.054	1.052	1.049	1.046	1.043	1.040
40%	1.072	1.070	1.068	1.066	1.064	1.062	1.059	1.056	1.053	1.050	1.047
45%	1.080	1.078	1.076	1.074	1.072	1.069	1.056	1.063	1.062	1.057	1.054
50%	1.086	1.084	1.082	1.080	1.077	1.074	1.071	1.068	1.065	1.062	1.059
55%	1.095	1.093	1.091	1.088	1.085	1.082	1.079	1.076	1.073	1.070	1.067
60%	1.100	1.098	1.095	1.092	1.089	1.086	1.083	1.080	1.077	1.074	1.071

COOLANT MIXTURE (WITH ANTI-RUST AND ANTI-FREEZING EFFECTS)

Freezing Point	Mixing Rate	KYMCO SIGMA Coolant Concentrate	Distilled Water
-9℃	20%		
-15℃	30%	425cc	975cc
-25℃	40%		
-37℃	50%		
-44.5℃	55%		

Cautions for Using Coolant:

- Use coolant of specified mixing rate. (The mixing rate of 425cc KYMCO SIGMA coolant concentrate + 975cc distilled water is 30%.)
- Do not mix coolant concentrate of different brands.
- Do not drink the coolant which is poisonous.
- The freezing point of coolant mixture shall be 5℃ lower than the freezing point of the riding area.

12. COOLING SYSTEM

COOLING SYSTEM TESTING

RADIATOR CAP INSPECTION

Install the radiator cap onto the radiator tester and apply specified pressure to it. It must hold specified pressure for at least six seconds.

- * Apply water to the cap sealing surface before testing.

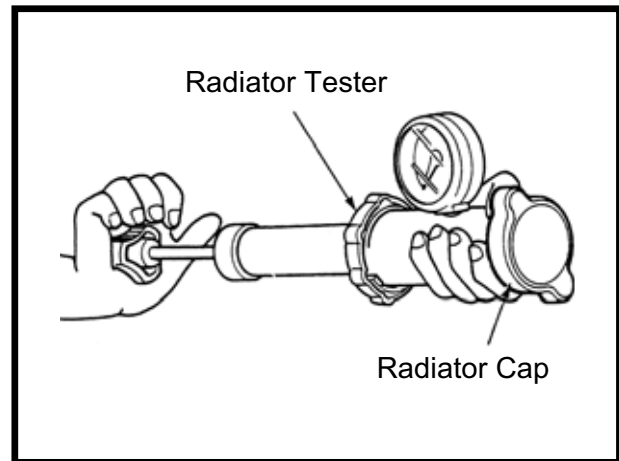
Radiator Cap Relief Pressure:

$0.9 \pm 0.15 \text{ kg/cm}^2$

Install the radiator tester onto the radiator and apply specified pressure to it. It must hold specified pressure for at least six seconds.

Check the water hoses and connectors for leaks.

- * The test pressure should not exceed 1.05 kg/cm^2 . Excessive pressure can damage the radiator and its hose connectors.



RADIATOR

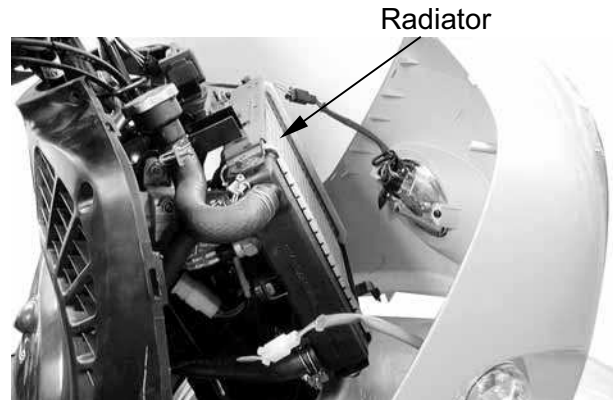
RADIATOR INSPECTION

Remove the front cover. (⇒2-5)



12. COOLING SYSTEM

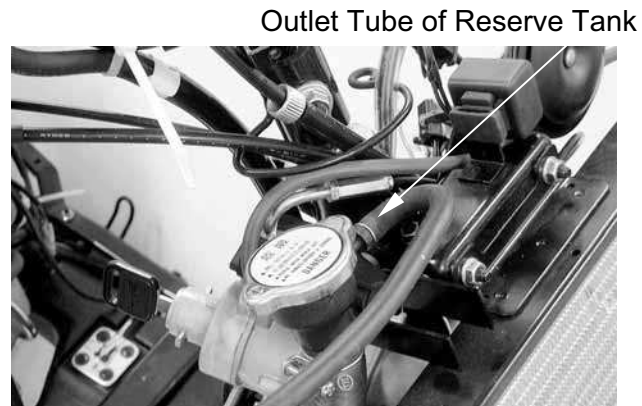
Inspect the radiator soldered joints and seams for leaks.
 Blow dirt out from between core fins with compressed air. If insects, etc., are clogging the radiator, wash them off.
 Carefully straighten any bent fins.



Radiator

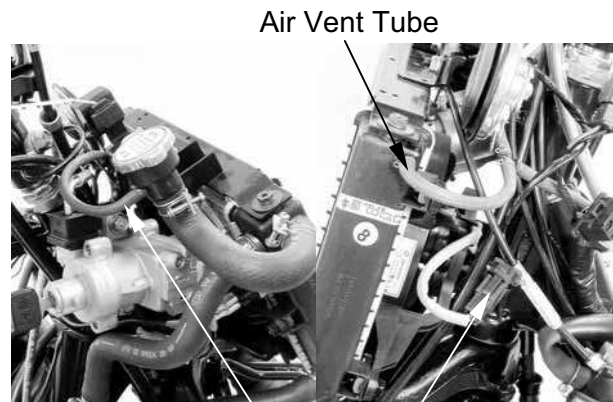
RADIATOR REMOVAL

Drain the coolant. (⇒3-9)
 Disconnect the outlet tube of the reserve tank.



Outlet Tube of Reserve Tank

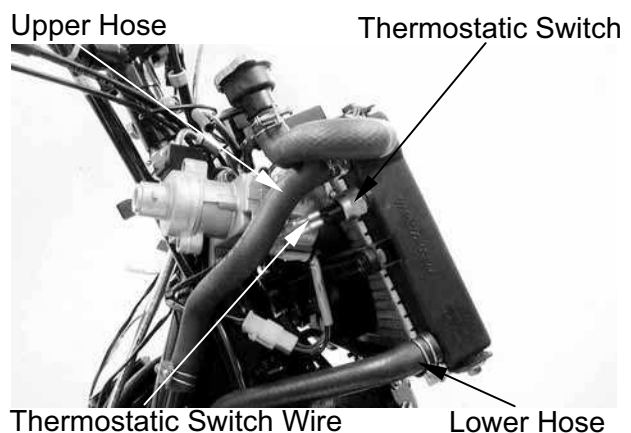
Remove the overflow tube clamp and disconnect the overflow tube.
 Disconnect the air vent tube from the radiator filler.
 Disconnect the fan motor wire coupler.



Air Vent Tube

Overflow Tube Fan Motor Wire Coupler

Loosen the hose band and disconnect the upper hose and lower hose from the radiator.
 Disconnect the thermostatic switch wire coupler.



Upper Hose

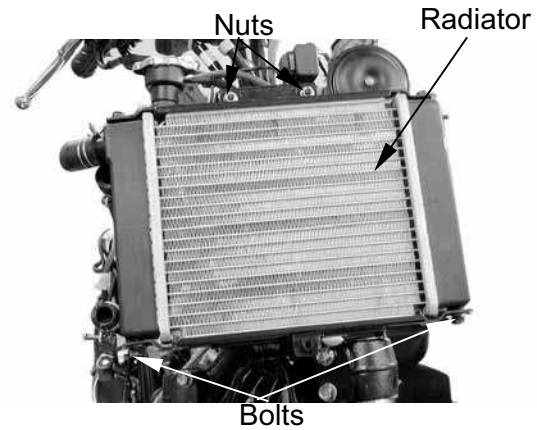
Thermostatic Switch

Thermostatic Switch Wire

Lower Hose

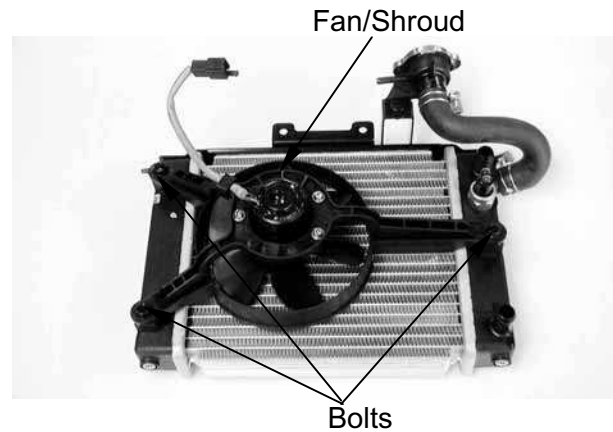
12. COOLING SYSTEM

Remove the two bolts and two nuts on the radiator.
Remove the radiator.

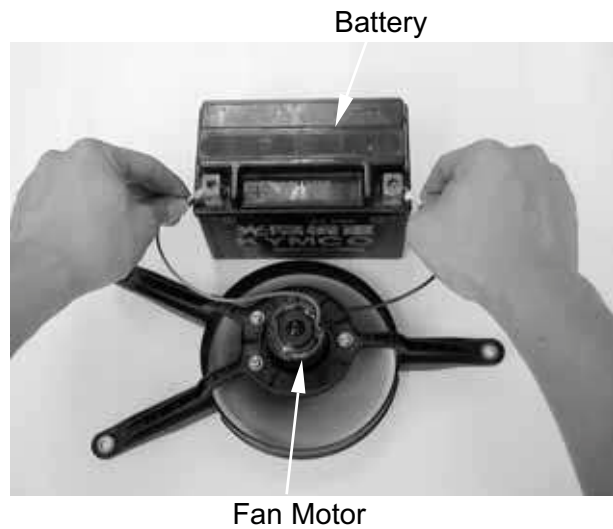


RADIATOR DISASSEMBLY

Remove the three bolts and then remove the fan/shroud from the radiator.



Check fan motor by battery.

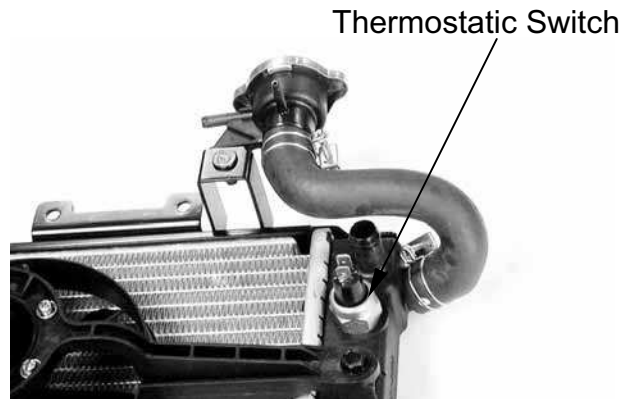


12. COOLING SYSTEM

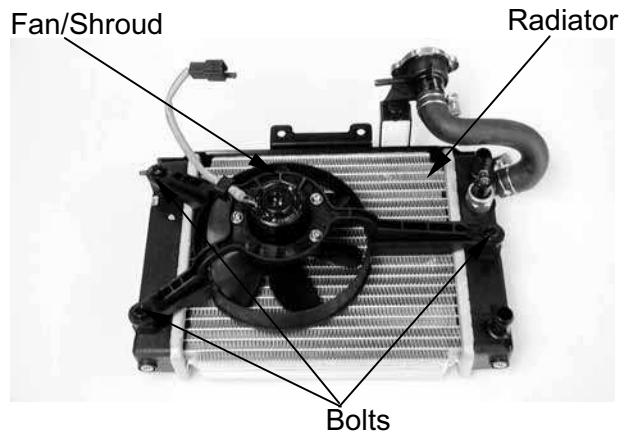
CHECK THERMOSTATIC SWITCH

When coolant temperature lower then 88~92℃ the thermostatic switch OFF.

When coolant temperature over 88~92℃ the thermostatic switch ON.



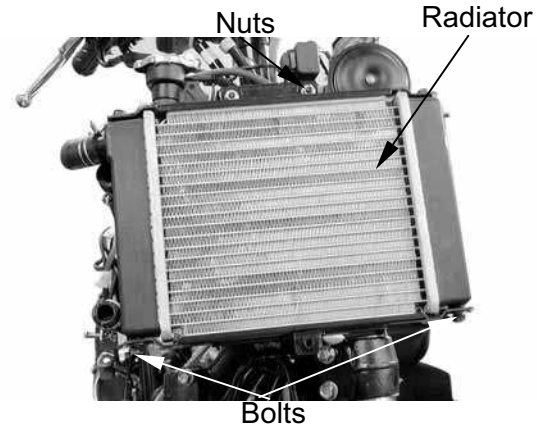
Install the fan shroud on the radiator with the three bolts.



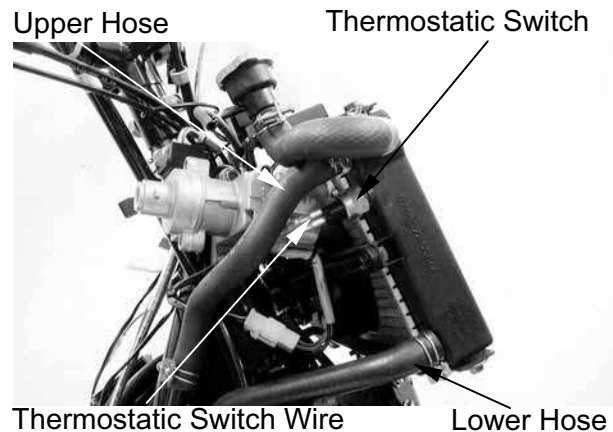
12. COOLING SYSTEM

RADIATOR INSTALLATION

Install the radiator on the radiator bracket with the two bolts and two nuts.



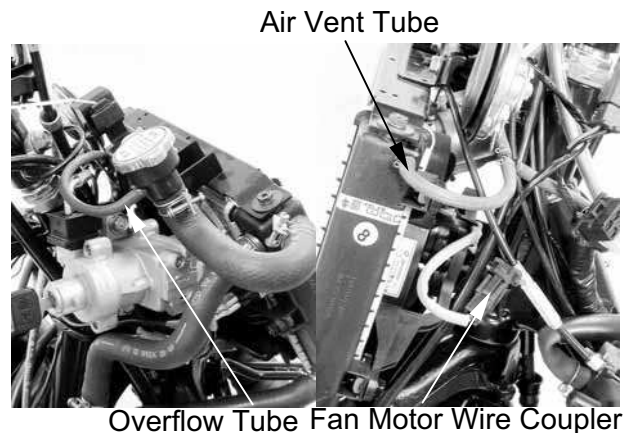
Connect the upper and lower hoses and secure them with hose bands.
Connect the thermostatic switch wire.



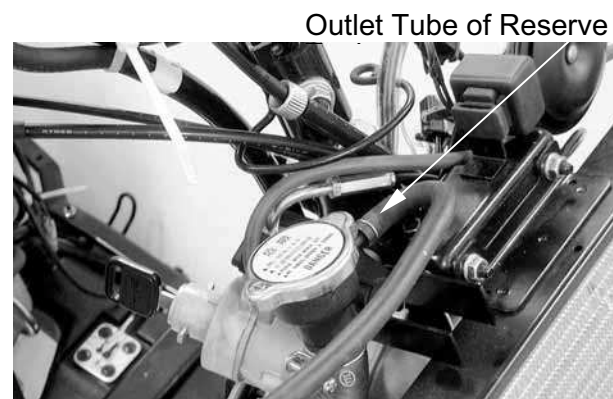
Connect the fan motor wire couplers.
Connect the overflow tube and secure with the tube clamp.
Fill the radiator with coolant. (⇒3-9)
Connect the vent tube to the radiator filler.
After installation, check for coolant leaks.

If you want to refill the coolant , the following procedure must be checked.

1. Please make the radiator filler and the air vent tube to be separated.
2. Then start the engine , filled in the coolant till the coolant flowed out from the air vent tube.
3. Put the air vent tube on.



Connect the outlet tube of the reserve tank and secure with the tube clamp.



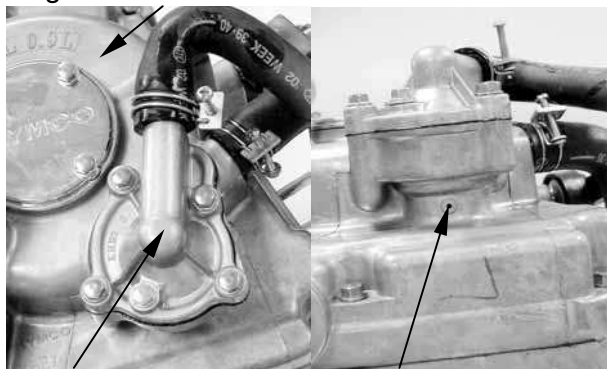
12. COOLING SYSTEM

WATER PUMP

MECHANICAL SEAL (WATER SEAL) INSPECTION

Inspect the telltale hole for signs of mechanical seal coolant leakage. If the mechanical seal is leaking, remove the right crankcase cover and replace the mechanical seal.

Right Crankcase Cover



Water Pump

Telltale Hole

WATER PUMP/IMPELLER REMOVAL

Remove the coolant inlet hose and outlet hose.

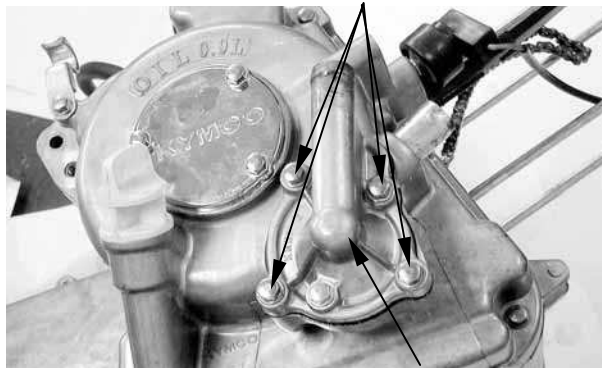
Inlet Hose



Outlet Hose

Remove the four bolts and the water pump cover, gasket and 2 dowel pins.

Bolts



Water Pump Cover

Impeller (Left Hand Threads)



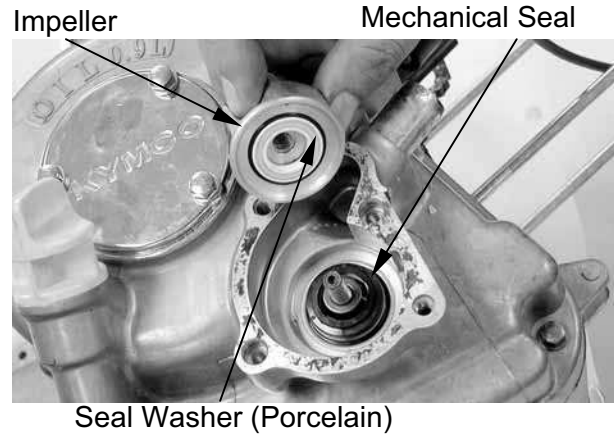
Remove the water pump impeller.

* The impeller has left hand threads.

12. COOLING SYSTEM

Inspect the mechanical (water) seal and seal washer for wear or damage.

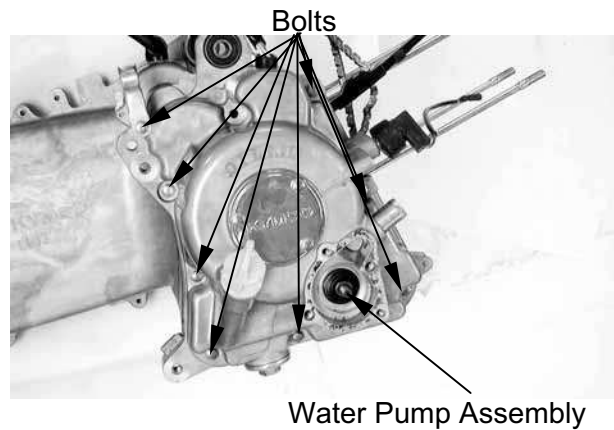
* The mechanical seal and seal washer must be replaced as a set.



WATER PUMP SHAFT REMOVAL

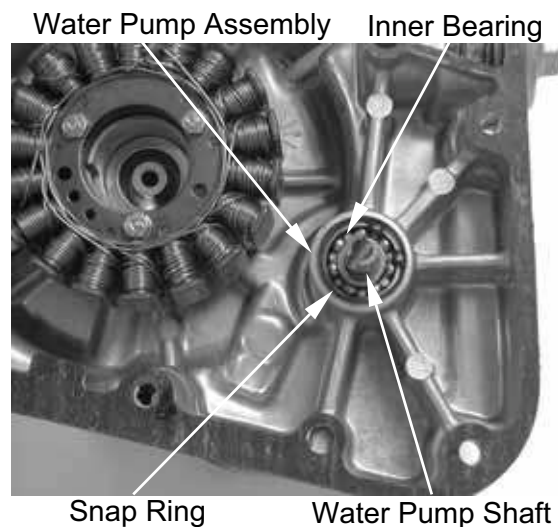
Disconnect the water hose from the right crankcase cover.

Remove the eight bolts attaching the right crankcase cover.



Remove the water pump bearing snap ring from the water pump assembly.

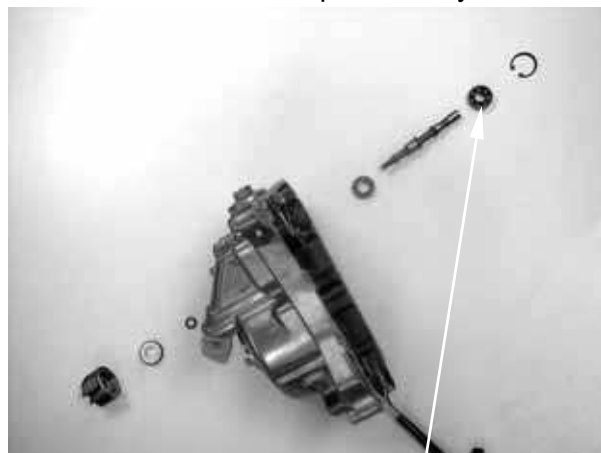
Remove the water pump shaft and inner bearing.



12. COOLING SYSTEM

Remove the water pump shaft outer bearing.

Water Pump Assembly



Inner Bearing

MECHANICAL SEAL REPLACEMENT

Drive the mechanical seal out of the water pump assembly from the inside.

Water Pump Assembly



Mechanical Seal (Water Seal)

Drive in a new mechanical seal using a mechanical seal driver.

* Apply sealant to the right crankcase cover fitting surface of a new mechanical seal and then drive in the mechanical seal.

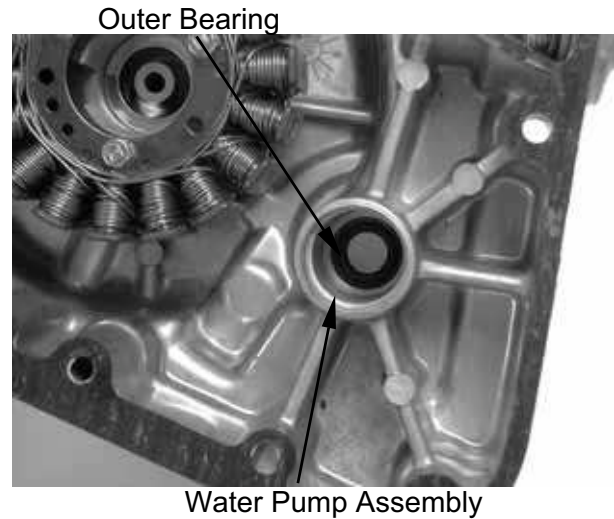
Mechanical Seal Driver



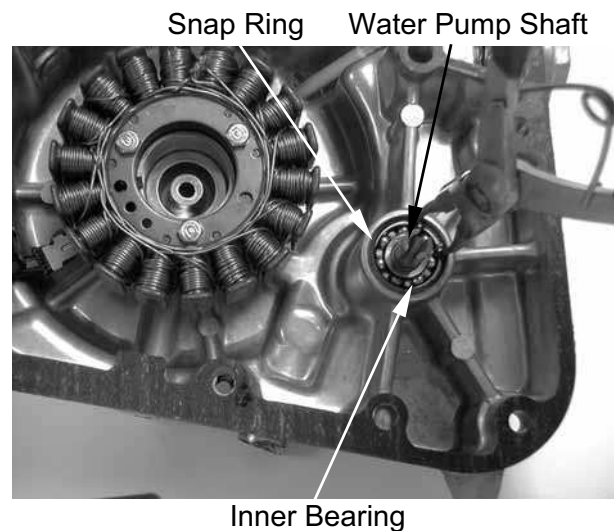
12. COOLING SYSTEM

WATER PUMP SHAFT INSTALLATION

Drive a new water pump shaft outer bearing into the water pump assembly from the inside.

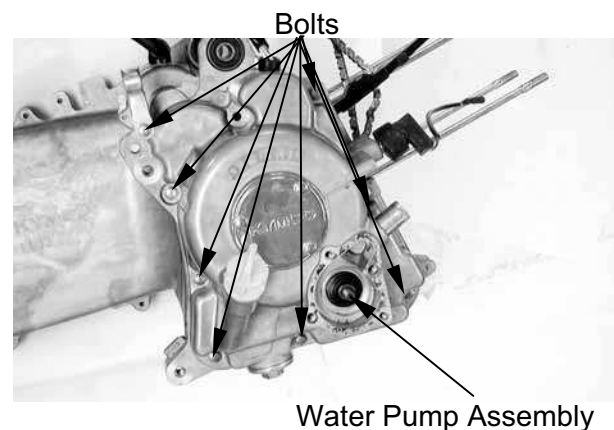


Install the water pump shaft and shaft inner bearing into the water pump assembly. Install the snap ring to secure the inner bearing properly.



Install the dowel pins and a new gasket and then install the water pump assembly to the right crankcase cover. Tighten the eight bolts to secure the right crankcase cover.

* When installing the water pump assembly, aligning the groove on the water pump shaft with the tab on the oil pump shaft.



12. COOLING SYSTEM

WATER PUMP/IMPELLER INSTALLATION

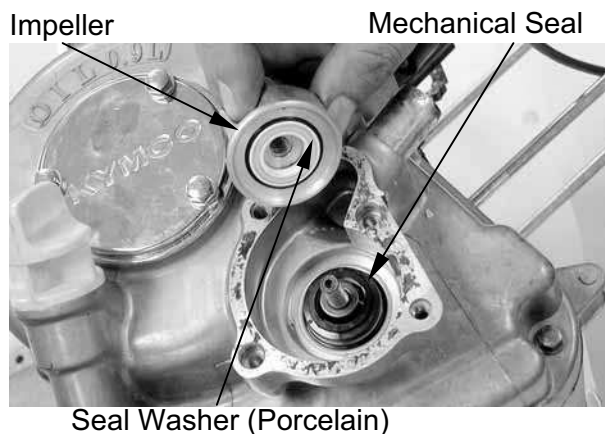
When the mechanical seal is replaced, a new seal washer must be installed to the impeller.

Install the impeller onto the water pump shaft.

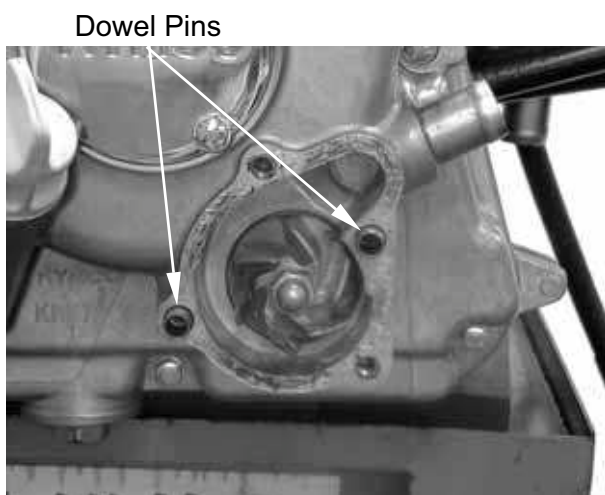
Torque: 9.8~13.7N-m

*

The impeller has left hand threads.

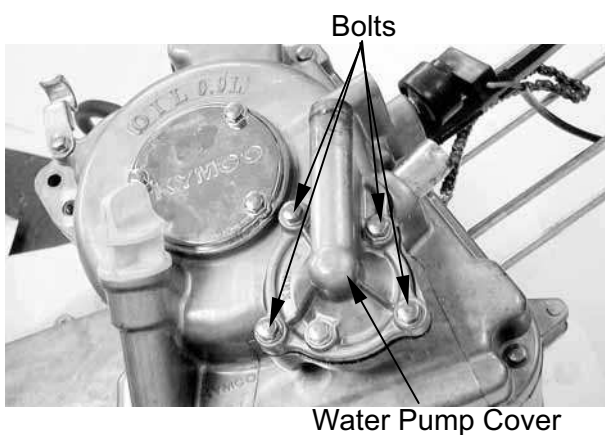


Install the two dowel pins and a new gasket.



Install the water pump cover and tighten the 4 bolts.

Torque: 7.8~11.8N-m

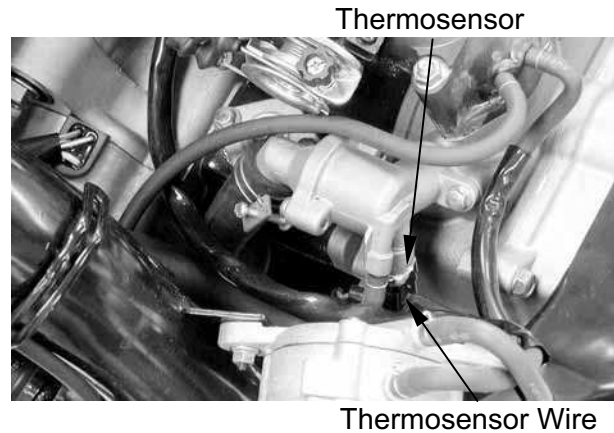


12. COOLING SYSTEM

THERMOSENSOR

THERMOSENSOR REMOVAL

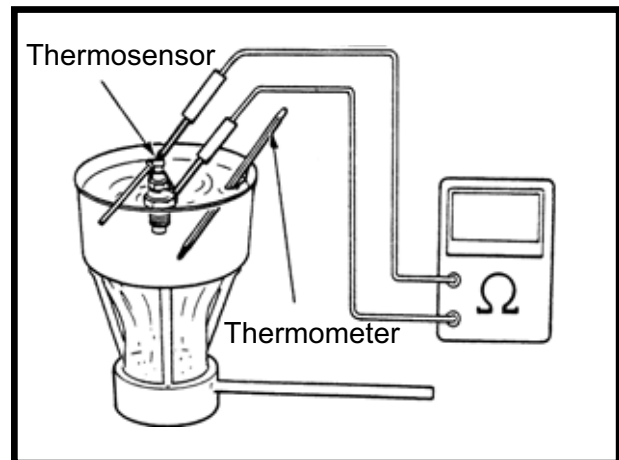
Remove the met-in box and carrier.
 Remove the body cover, center cover and rear fender cover A.
 Drain the coolant.
 Disconnect the thermosensor wire.
 Remove the thermosensor.



THERMOSENSOR INSPECTION

Suspend the thermosensor in a pan of water over a burner and measure the resistance through the sensor as the water heats up.

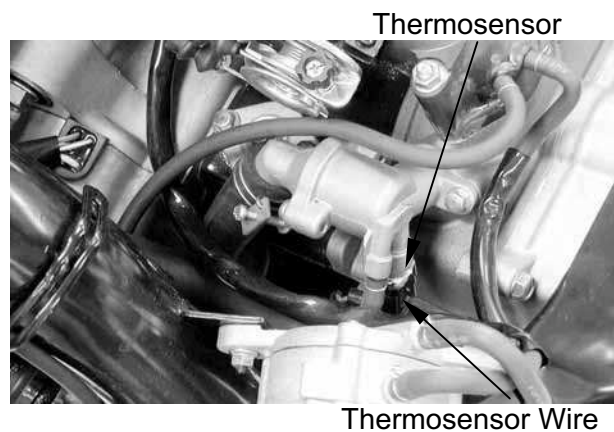
Temperature(°C)	50	80	100	120
Resistance(Ω)	154	52	27	16



THERMOSENSOR INSTALLATION

Apply 3-BOND No. 1212 sealant or equivalent to the thermosensor threads and install it into the thermostat housing.
 Connect the thermosensor wire.
 Fill the radiator with coolant. (⇒3-9)
 Install the center cover, met-in box and seat. (⇒2-3)

* Be sure to bleed air from the cooling system.



12. COOLING SYSTEM

THERMOSTAT

THERMOSTAT REMOVAL

Remove the met-in box and carrier.

Remove the body cover, center cover and rear fender cover A.

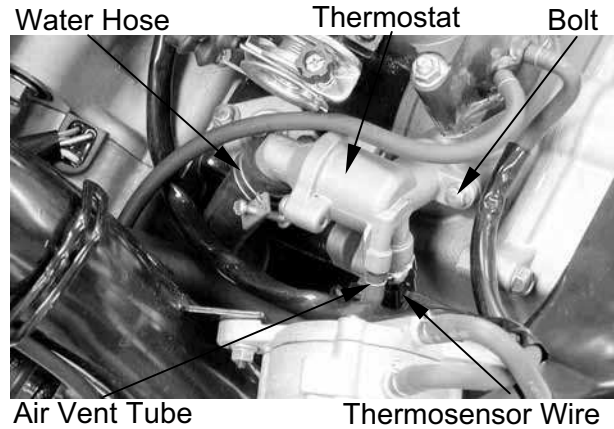
Drain the coolant.

Disconnect the thermosensor wire from the thermosensor.

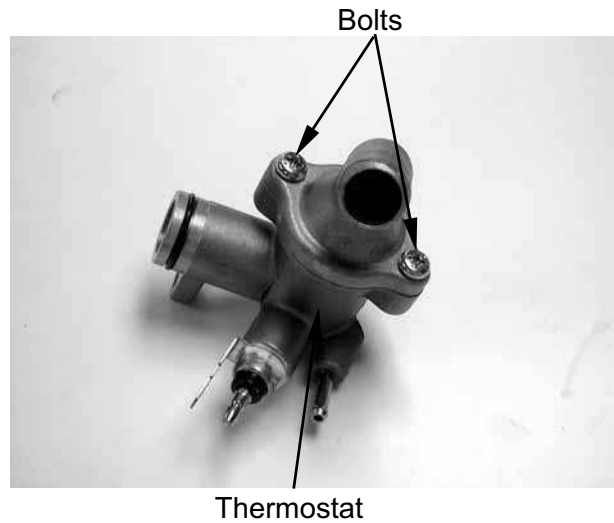
Disconnect the water hose from the thermostat housing.

Disconnect the air vent tube from the thermostat housing.

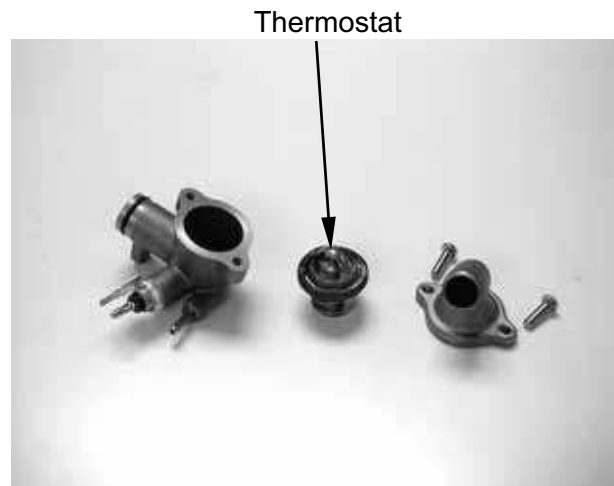
Remove the mounting bolt and the thermostat housing from the cylinder head.



Remove the two bolts and separate the thermostat housing halves.



Remove the thermostat from the thermostat housing.



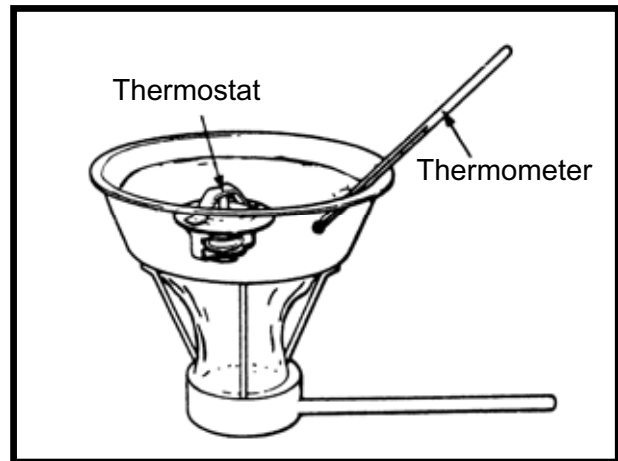
12. COOLING SYSTEM

THERMOSTAT INSPECTION

Suspend the thermostat in a pan of water over a burner and gradually raise the water temperature to check its operation.

Technical Data

Begins to open	$80 \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$
Full-open	90°C
Valve lift	3.5~4.5mm

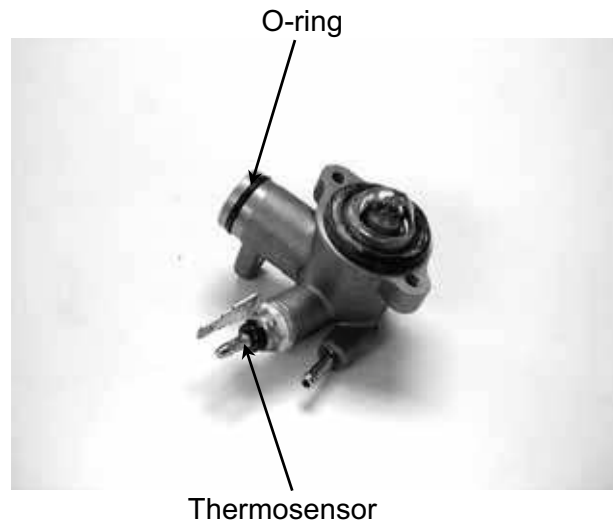


- * Do not let the thermostat touch the pan as it will give a false reading.
- Replace the thermostat if the valve stays open at room temperature.
- Test the thermostat after it is opened for about 5 minutes and holds the temperature at 70°C .

THERMOSTAT INSTALLATION

The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

- * Replace the O-ring with a new one and apply grease to it.



Fill the cooling system with the specified coolant. (⇒3-9)

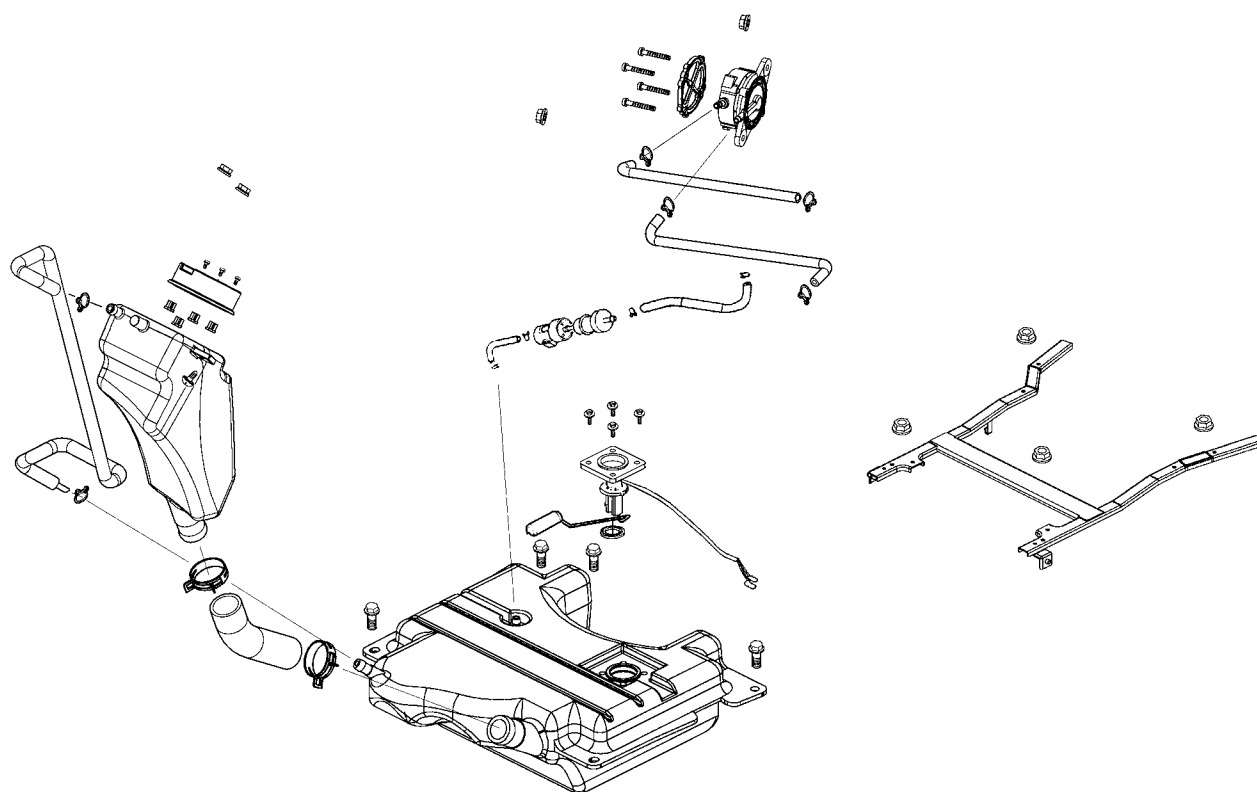


FUEL SYSTEM/CARBURETOR/FUEL PUMP

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13. FUEL SYSTEM/CARBURETOR/ FUEL PUMP/ FUEL TANK

FUEL SYSTEM



KYMCO
PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

[illegible]

OPERATION OF CARBURETOR JETS

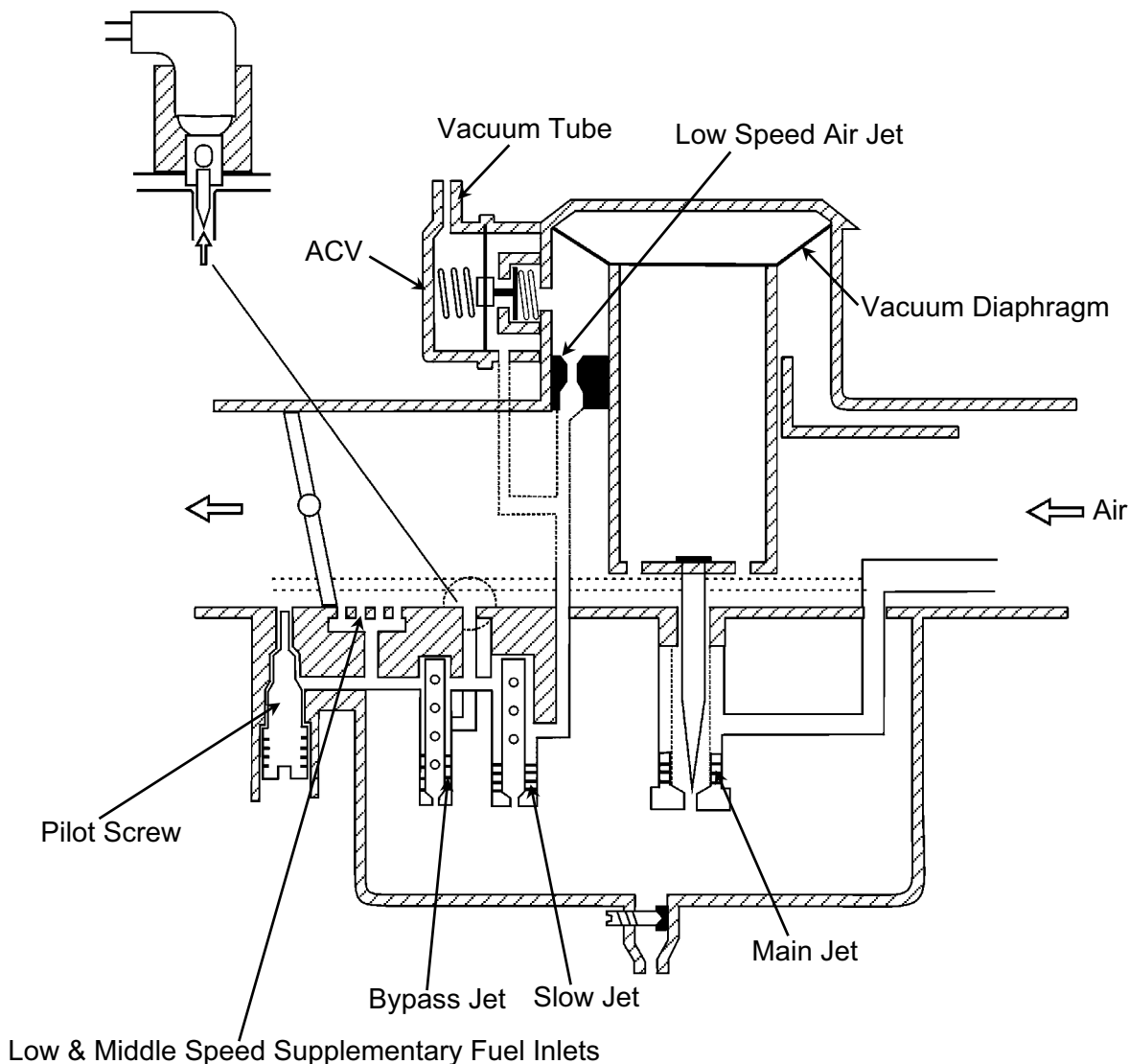
1. LOW SPEED

- ※ Air — [Venturi (slightly opened throttle valve)] — Air Bleed Holes → Mixture.....
Low Speed Air Inlet
- ※ Fuel in Float Chamber → Slow Jet ————— Low Speed Small Jet Holes

2. MIDDLE SPEED

- ※ Air — [Venturi (halfway opened throttle valve)] — Air Bleed Holes → Mixture.....
High Speed Air Jet
- ※ Fuel in Float Chamber → Main Jet
Main Jet (The slow jet also works.)

Low & Middle Speed Supplementary Device:

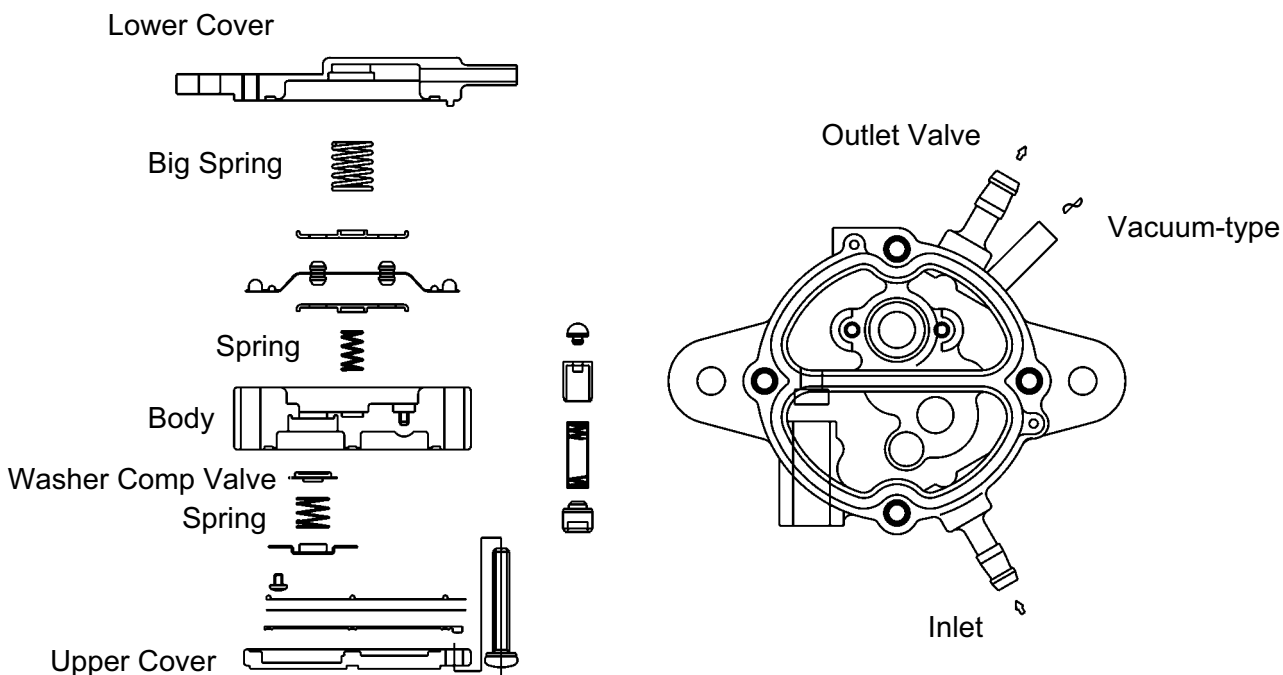


FUEL PUMP

CONSTRUCTION:

The fuel pump adopted for this model is a fuel pump which utilizes the positive and negative pulsating pressures produced by the engine crankcase to control the oil pump diaphragms and deliver fuel from the fuel tank to the carburetor through the suction valve and outlet valve.

FUEL PUMP CONSTRUCTION



SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- When working with gasoline, keep away from sparks and flames.
- Note the locations of O-rings when disassembling and replace them with new ones during assembly.
- Before float chamber disassembly, drain the residual gasoline from the float chamber.
- Do not try to disassemble the auto bystarter.
- When assembling the vacuum chamber and air cut-off valve, be careful not to damage the diaphragms.
- All cables, fuel lines and wires must be routed and secured at correct locations.
- When removing the fuel tank, keep sparks and flames away from the working area.
- When removing the fuel tank, the remaining fuel in the tank must be lower than $\frac{1}{2}$ of the fuel tank capacity to avoid gasoline overflowing.
- Fuel tank capacity: 8.0 liters

SPECIFICATIONS

	PEOPLE 250	PEOPLE S 250
Type	CVK	CVK
Size of bore (mm)	30	30
Main jet NO	108#	104#
Pilot screw opening	$2\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2}$	$1\frac{1}{4} \pm \frac{3}{4}$
Piston diameter (mm)	28.8	26
Idle speed	1700	1600
Throttle type	Butterfly type	Butterfly type
Fuel pump output	33cc/1800rpm/10 Seconds	33cc/1800rpm/10 Seconds

SPECIAL TOOLS

Float level gauge

Fuel unit remover

TROUBLESHOOTING

Engine does not start

- No fuel in tank
- Restricted fuel line
- Too much fuel getting to cylinder
- Clogged air cleaner
- Contaminated fuel
- Faulty fuel pump

Engine idles roughly, stalls or runs poorly

- Incorrect idle speed
- Rich mixture
- Lean mixture
- Clogged air cleaner
- Intake air leak
- Contaminated fuel
- Faulty air-cut off valve
- Damaged vacuum tube and connectors
- Damaged carburetor insulator

Throttle does not open fully, so engine stalls

- Damaged vacuum piston diaphragm
- Clogged diaphragm hole

Lean mixture

- Clogged fuel jets
- Clogged fuel tank cap breather hole
- Clogged fuel filter
- Bent, kinked or restricted fuel line
- Faulty float valve
- Float level too low
- Faulty fuel pump or insufficient output

Rich mixture

- Auto bystarter valve opens excessively
- Faulty float valve
- Float level too high
- Clogged air jets
- Auto bystarter valve set plate installed in the wrong groove
- Clogged air cleaner

Engine is hard to start

- No fuel in tank
- Restricted fuel line
- Clogged fuel strainer
- Faulty fuel pump
- Broken or clogged vacuum tube
- Faulty or clogged charcoal canister

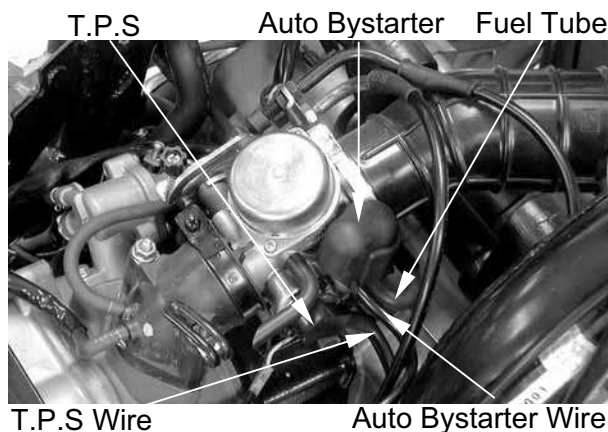
Lean mixture

- Clogged charcoal canister
- Bent, kinked or restricted fuel line
- Clogged fuel strainer
- Float level too low

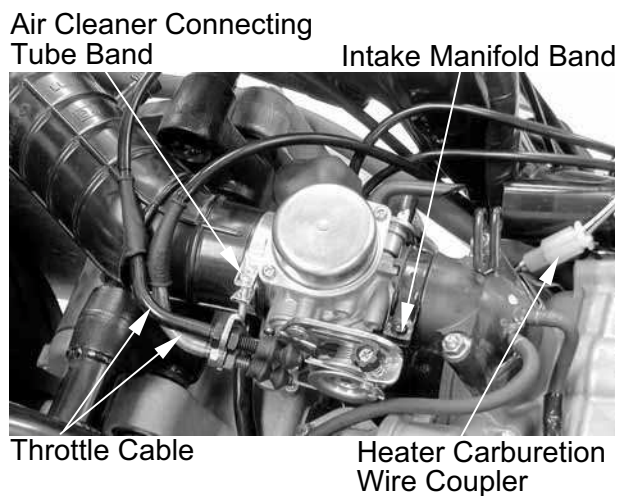
13. FUEL SYSTEM/CARBURETOR/ FUEL PUMP/ FUEL TANK

CARBURETOR REMOVAL

Remove the met-in box.
Disconnect the fuel tube at the carburetor.
Disconnect the auto bystarter wire.
Disconnect the throttle position sensor wire.

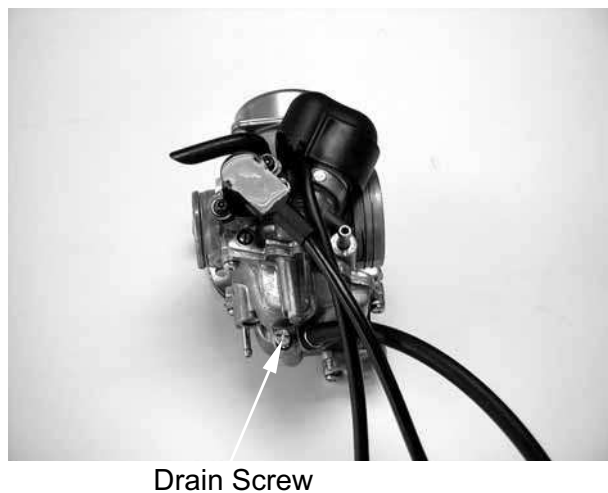


Disconnect the heater carburetion wire coupler
Loosen the throttle cable adjusting nut and lock nut, and disconnect the throttle cable from the carburetor.
Loosen the air cleaner connecting tube band and carburetor intake manifold band and then remove the carburetor.



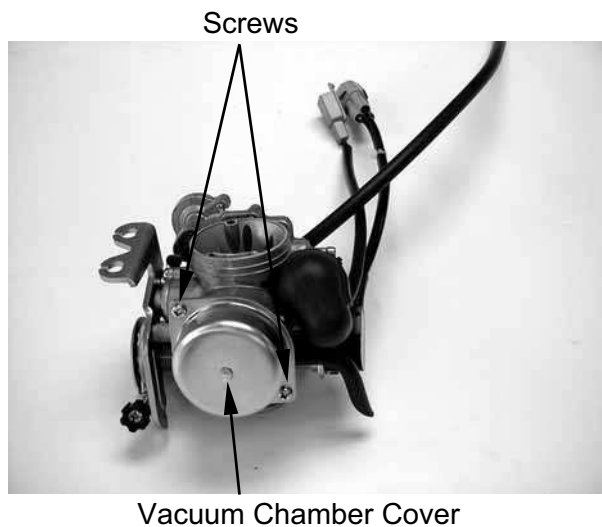
VACUUM CHAMBER DISASSEMBLY

Loosen the drain screw and drain the fuel from the float chamber.

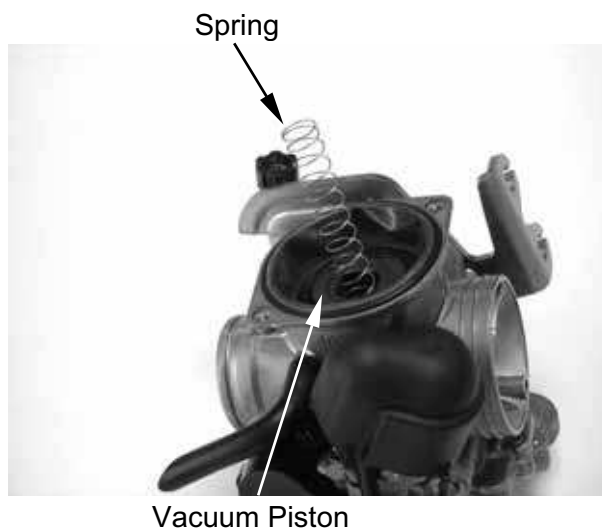


13. FUEL SYSTEM/CARBURETOR/ FUEL PUMP/ FUEL TANK

Remove the two vacuum chamber cover screws and the cover.



Remove the compression spring and vacuum piston.

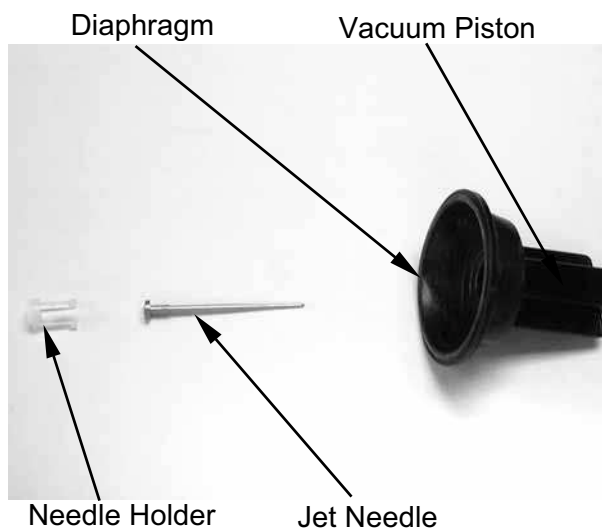


Remove the needle holder, spring and jet needle from the piston.

- * Be careful not to damage the vacuum piston diaphragm.

VACUUM PISTON INSPECTION

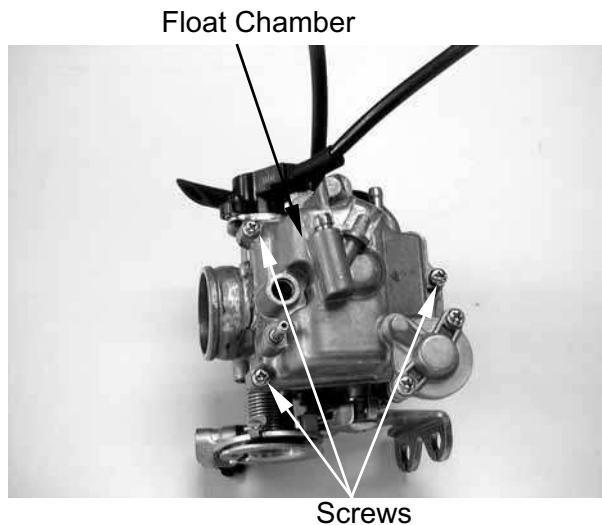
Inspect the vacuum piston and jet needle for wear or damage.
Inspect the diaphragm for deterioration and tears.



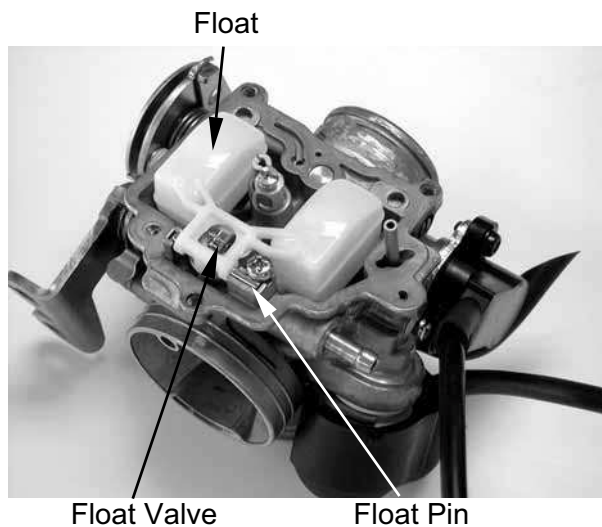
13. FUEL SYSTEM/CARBURETOR/ FUEL PUMP/ FUEL TANK

FLOAT CHAMBER DISASSEMBLY

Remove the three float chamber screws and the float chamber.

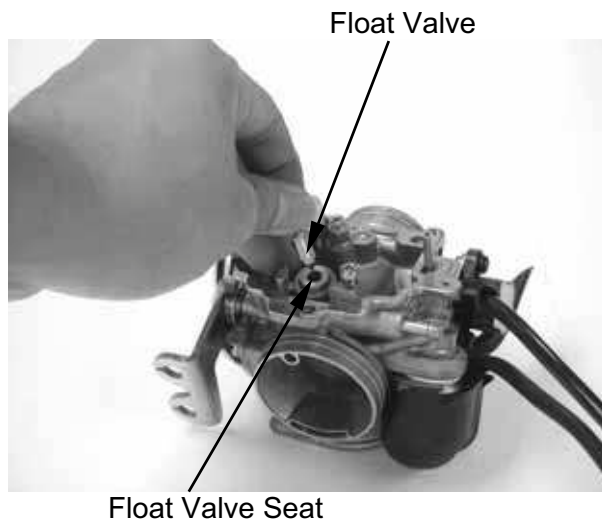


Remove the float pin, float and float valve.



FLOAT VALVE INSPECTION

Inspect the float valve seat contact area for wear.



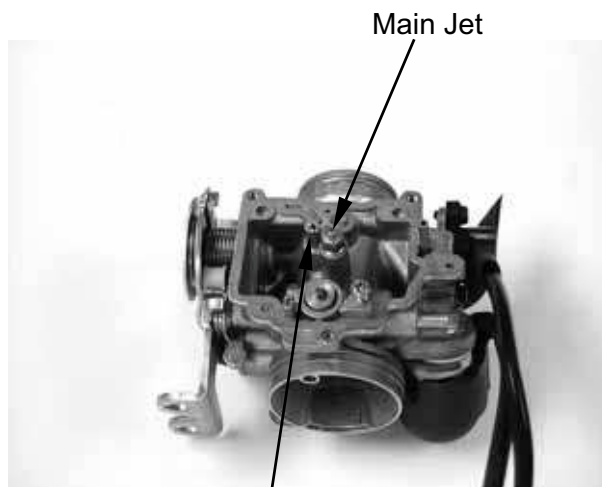
JETS/SCREWS REMOVAL

- * Before removing the pilot screw, turn the pilot screw clockwise until it seats lightly and record the rotating turns. Do not force the pilot screw against its seat to avoid seat damage.



Pilot Screw (P.S.)

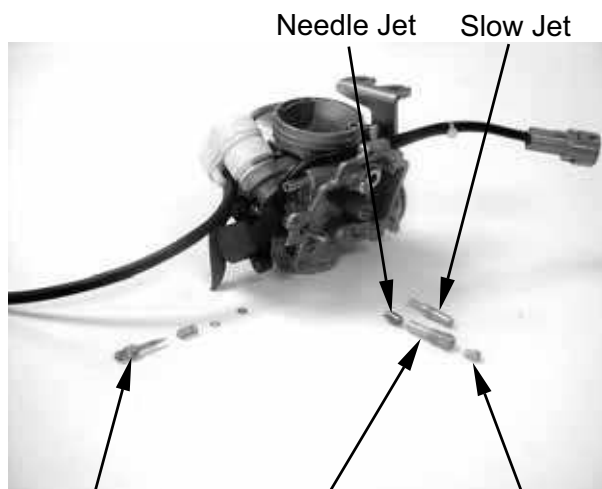
Remove the main jet, needle jet holder and needle jet.
Remove the slow jet.



Slow Jet

Clean the removed the main jet, needle jet holder, needle jet and slow jet with detergent oil.

- * Be sure to use clean detergent oil.



Pilot Screw Needle Jet Holder Main Jet

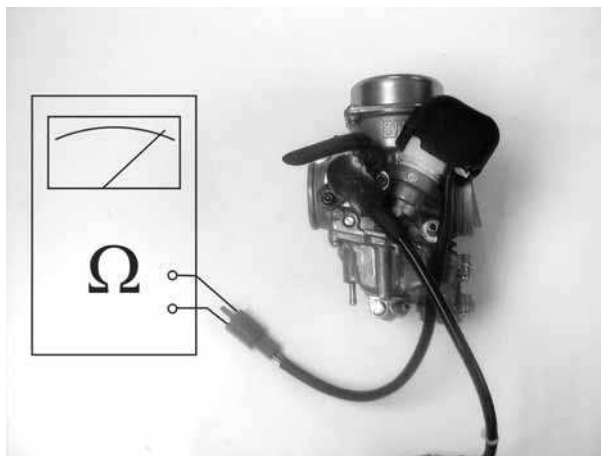
AUTO BYSTARTER INSPECTION /REMOVAL

AUTO BYSTARTER INSPECTION

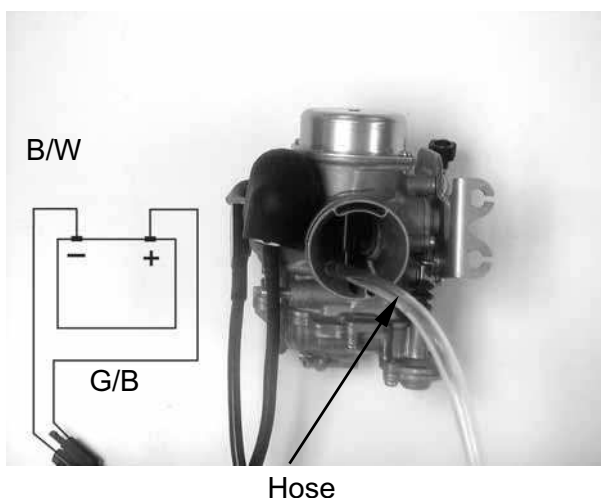
Measure the resistance between the auto bystarter wire terminals.

Resistance: 14-20 Ω (10 minutes minimum after stopping the engine)

If the reading is not within the limit, replace the auto bystarter with a new one.

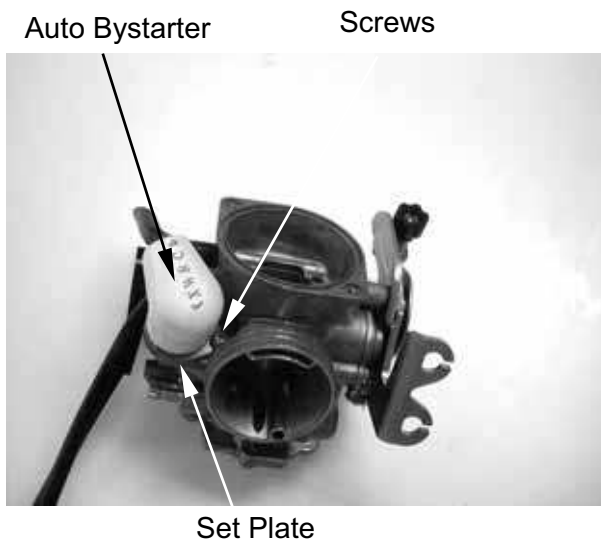


Connect a hose to the fuel enriching circuit of the carburetor. Connect the auto bystarter green/black wire to the positive (+) terminal of a battery and black/white wire to the negative (-) terminal. Wait 5 minutes and blow the hose with mouth. If the passage is blocked, the auto bystarter is normal. Disconnect the auto bystarter from the battery. Wait 30 minutes and blow the hose with mouth.. If air can be blown into the hose, the auto bystarter is normal.



AUTO BYSTARTER REMOVAL

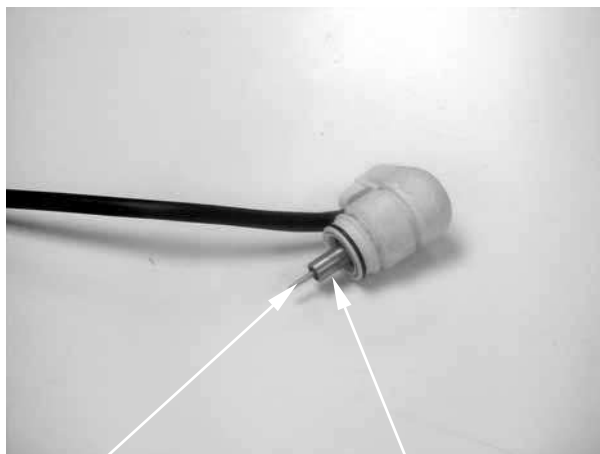
Remove the one set plate screw and set plate and then remove the auto bystarter from the carburetor body.



AUTO BYSTARTER INSPECTION

Check the auto bystarter valve and needle for nicks, wear or damage.

If any faulty part is found, replace the auto bystarter with a new one.



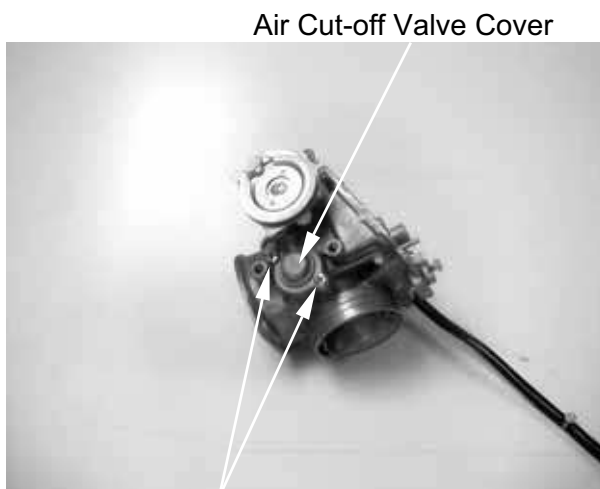
Bystarter Needle

Bystarter Valve

AIR CUT-OFF VALVE (A.C.V.)

A.C.V. REMOVAL

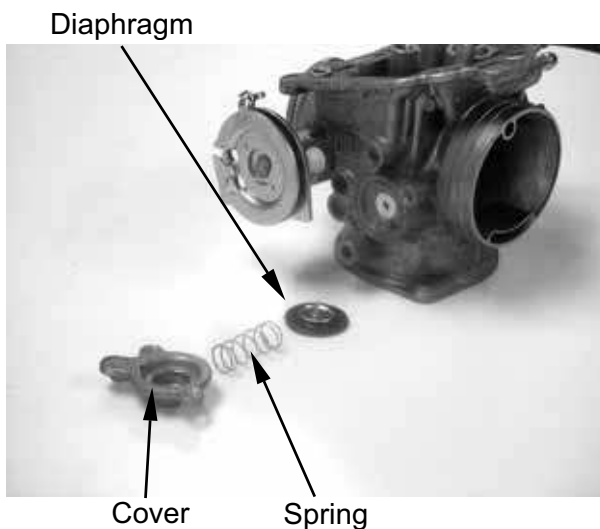
Remove the two screws and the air cut-off valve cover.



Air Cut-off Valve Cover

Screws

Remove the spring, diaphragm and O-rings. Inspect the diaphragm and spring for wear or damage.



Diaphragm

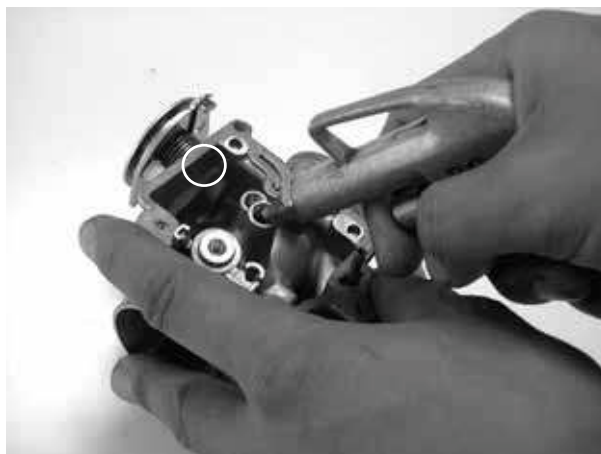
Cover

Spring

CARBURETOR BODY CLEANING

Blow compressed air through all passages of the carburetor body.

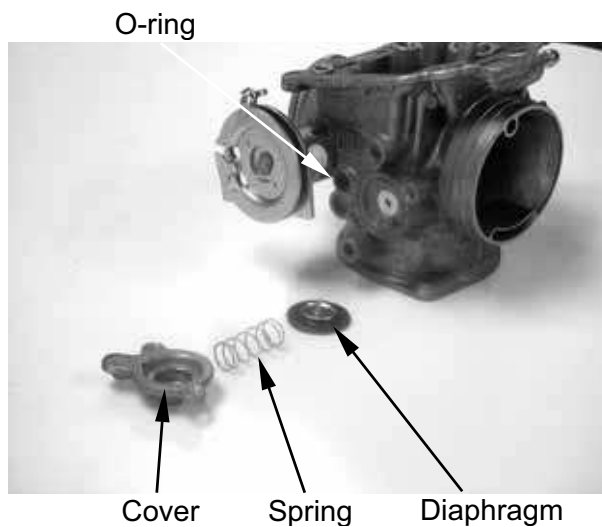
- * • Make sure that no fuel jet is clogged.



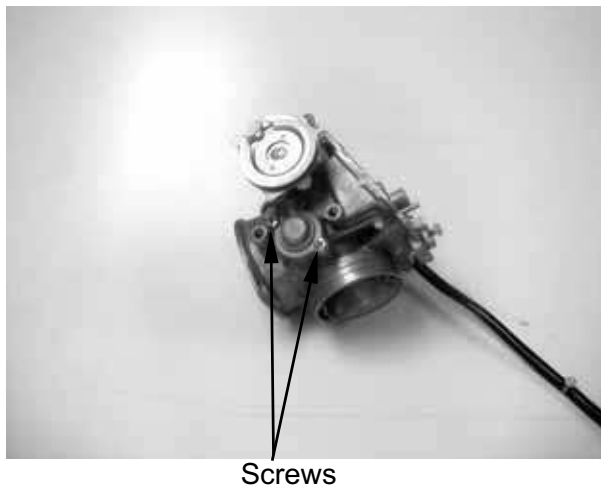
Install the O-ring onto the air-cut-off valve body securely.

- * • Install the O-ring with the flat face toward the valve body side.

Install the diaphragm, spring, and cover.

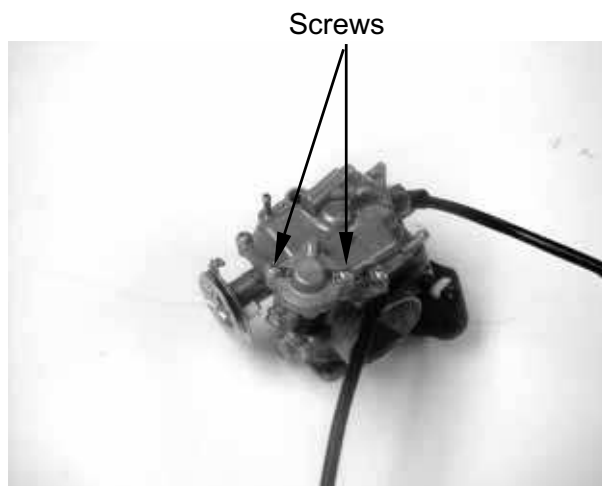


Install and tighten the two screws attaching the air cut-off valve cover.
Connect the hose.



ACCELERATING PUMP DISASSEMBLY

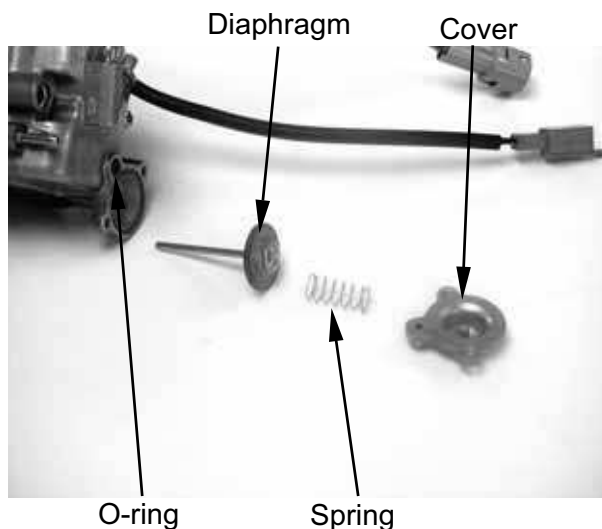
Remove the two accelerating pump cover screws and accelerating pump cover. Remove the spring and accelerating pump diaphragm.



INSPECTION

Inspect the accelerating pump diaphragm for cracks, damage or deterioration. Replace if necessary.

Assemble the accelerating pump in the reverse order of disassembly.

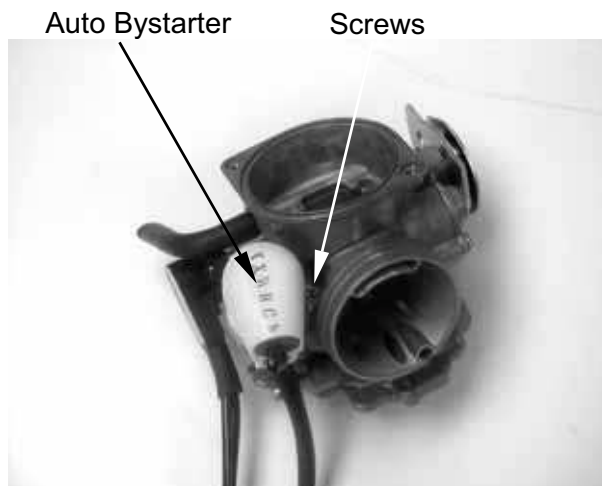


AUTO BYSTARTER INSTALLATION

Install the auto bystarter and set plate. Install and tighten the two screws.

*

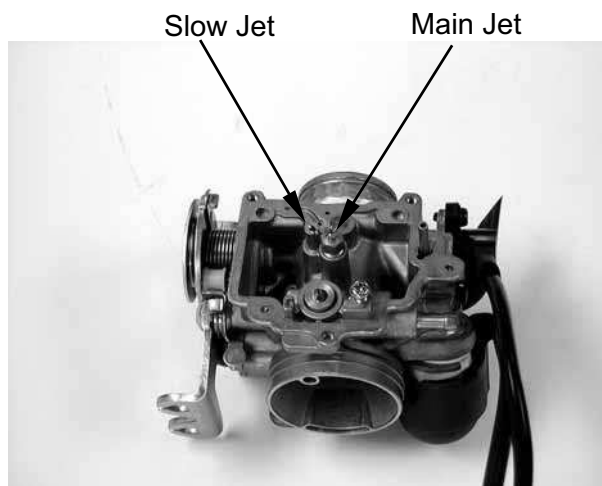
- Insert the auto bystarter into the carburetor body until it bottoms and position the set plate into the upper groove in the bystarter.
- Install the set plate with its round face facing down.



13. FUEL SYSTEM/CARBURETOR/ FUEL PUMP/ FUEL TANK

FLOAT CHAMBER ASSEMBLY

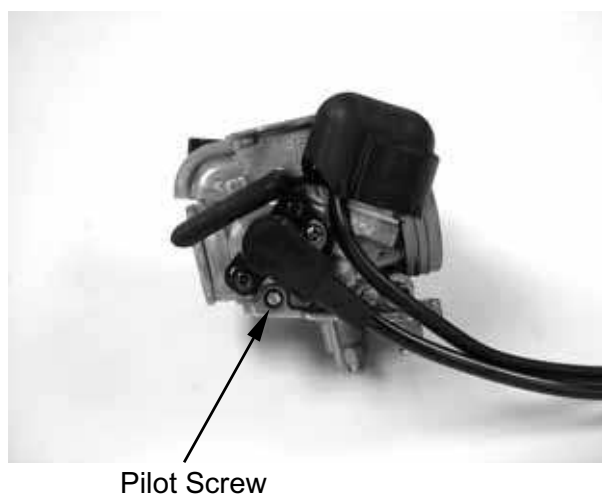
Install the main jet.
Install the slow jet.



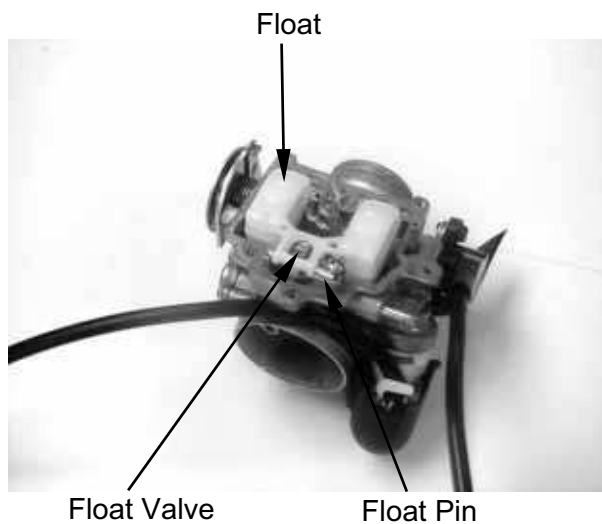
Install the pilot screw.

*

- Be sure to record the rotating turns when it is removed.



Install the float valve, float and float pin.



FLOAT LEVEL INSPECTION

Measure the float level at the location of the main jet (just contacting the float valve).

Float Level: $18.5 \pm 1.0 \text{ mm}$

: $18 \pm 1.0 \text{ mm}$ (PEOPLE S 250)

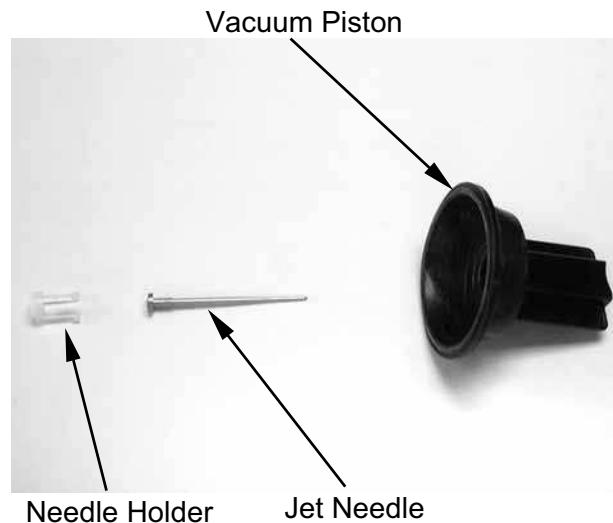
Replace the float if the level is incorrect.
Check the operation of the float and then reinstall the float chamber.



Float

VACUUM CHAMBER ASSEMBLY

First install the jet needle and spring into the vacuum chamber and then install the needle holder.

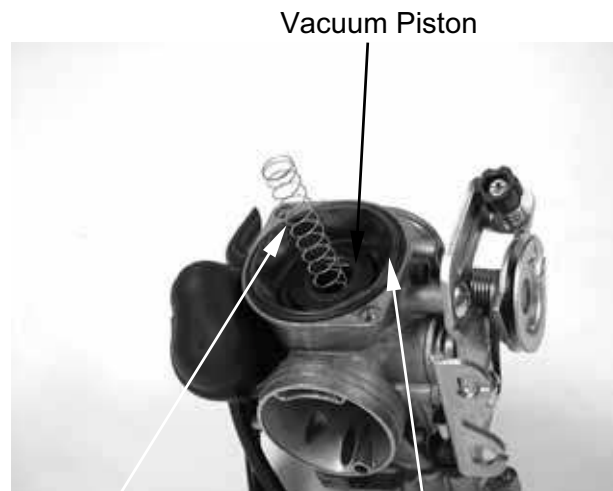


Install the vacuum piston into the carburetor body.

Install the spring.

Install the vacuum chamber cover and tighten it with the two screws.

- *
- Be careful not to let the diaphragm slip.
 - If the diaphragm cannot be positioned correctly because of expansion, dry the diaphragm before installation.



Spring

Diaphragm

Check the heater with battery.

If the heater is getting hot, means the heater without problem, otherwise the heater has to be changed.



Heater

CARBURETOR INSTALLATION

Tighten the drain screw.

Install the carburetor onto the intake manifold and tighten the band.

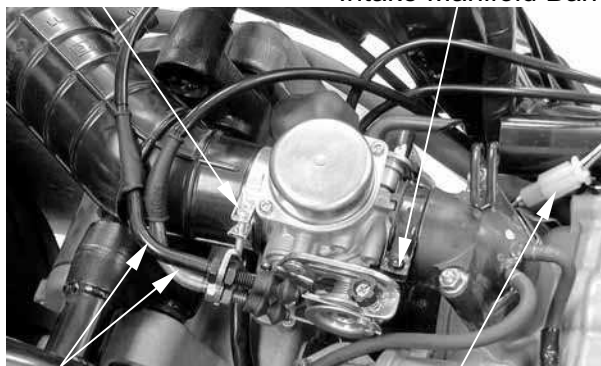
Install the air cleaner connecting tube and tighten the band.

Connect the throttle cable to the carburetor.

Connect the heater carburetion wire coupler.

* After connecting the throttle cable, adjust the throttle grip free play to 2~6mm.

Air Cleaner Connecting
Tube Band Intake Manifold Band



Throttle Cable Heater Carburetion
Wire Coupler

Connect the auto bystarter wire.

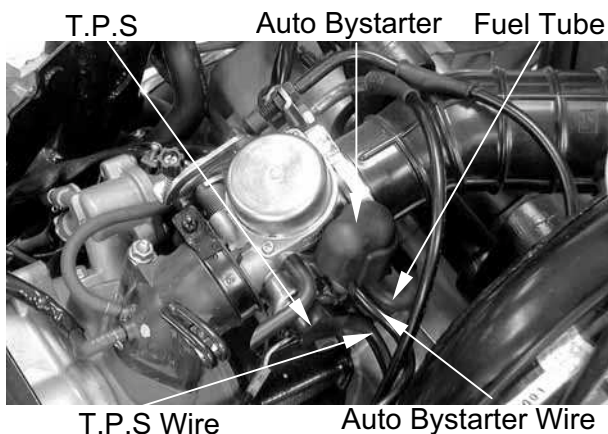
Connect the fuel tube and vacuum tube to the carburetor.

Connect the throttle position sensor wire.

Perform the following inspections and adjustments:

- Throttle grip free play (⇒3-3)
- Idle speed (⇒3-6)

Install the seat, met-in box and frame body cover.

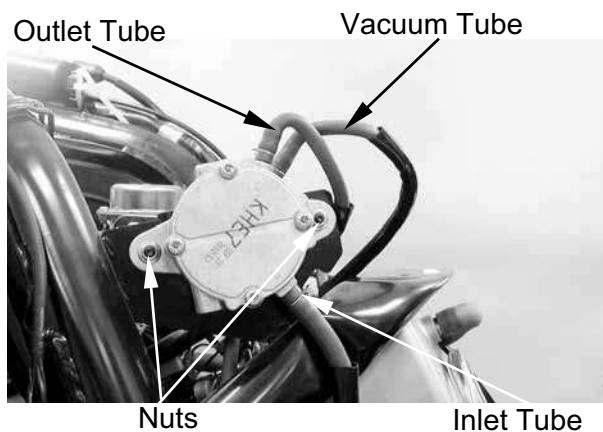


T.P.S Auto Bystarter Fuel Tube
T.P.S Wire Auto Bystarter Wire

13. FUEL SYSTEM/CARBURETOR/ FUEL PUMP/ FUEL TANK

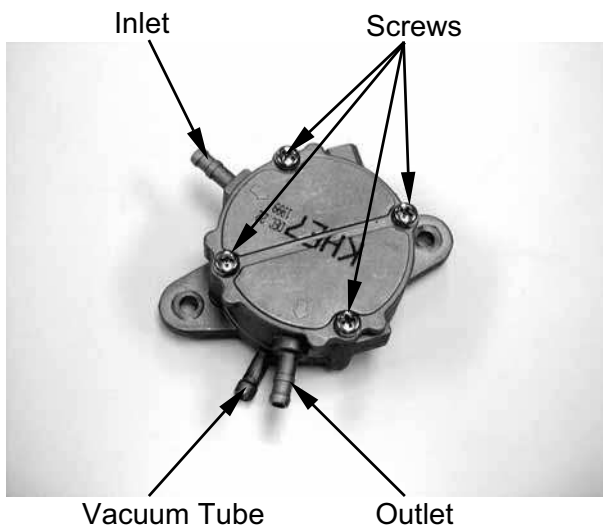
FUEL PUMP REMOVAL

Remove met-in box and carrier.
Remove the body cover, center cover and rear fender cover A.
Disconnect the fuel pump inlet, outlet and vacuum tubes.
Remove the two fuel pump attaching nuts and the fuel pump.

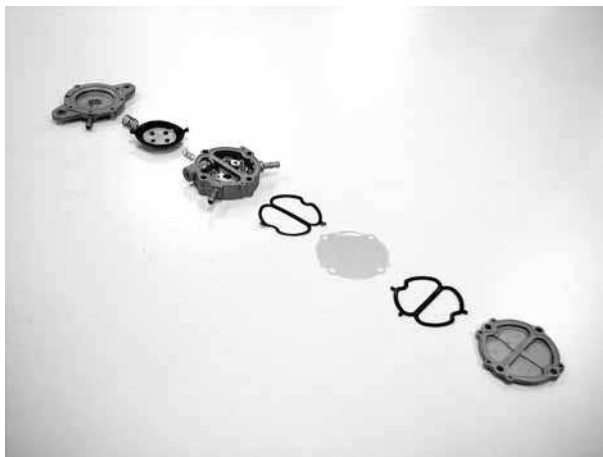


FUEL PUMP DISASSEMBLY

Remove the four fuel pump body screws.

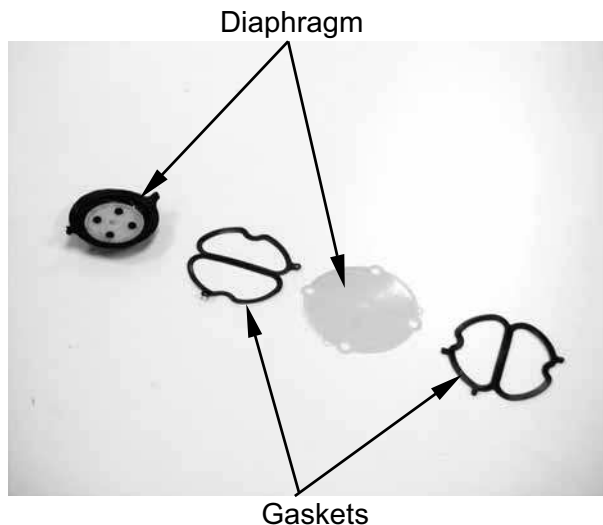


Disassemble the fuel pump.

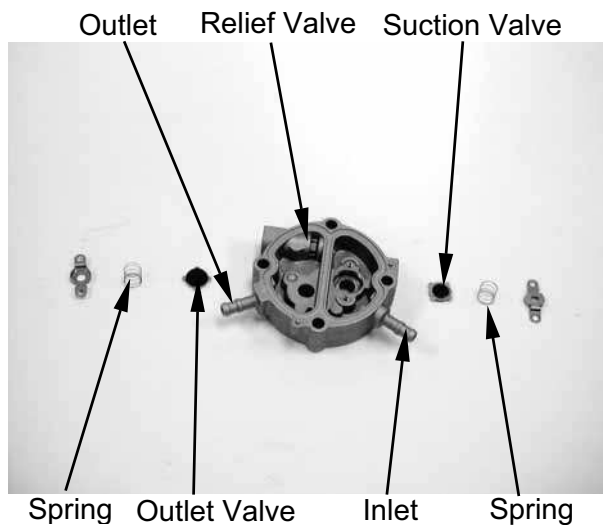


FUEL PUMP INSPECTION

Inspect the fuel pump diaphragms A and B for damage.
Inspect each gasket for damage.



Inspect the suction valve, outlet valve and relief valve in the fuel pump body for damage, cracks or foreign matters.

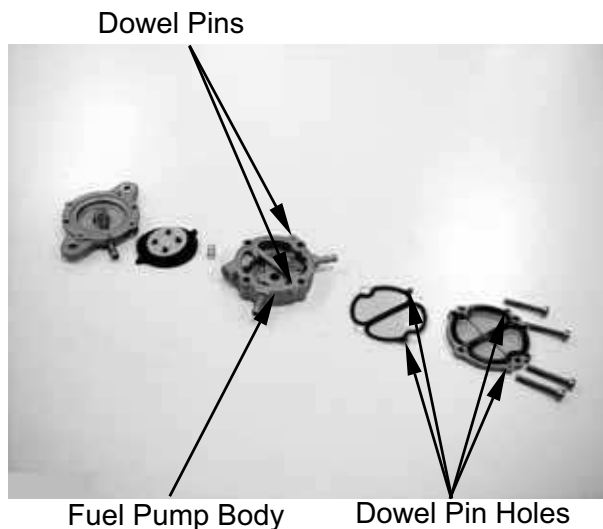


FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY

Assemble the fuel pump in the reverse order of disassembly.

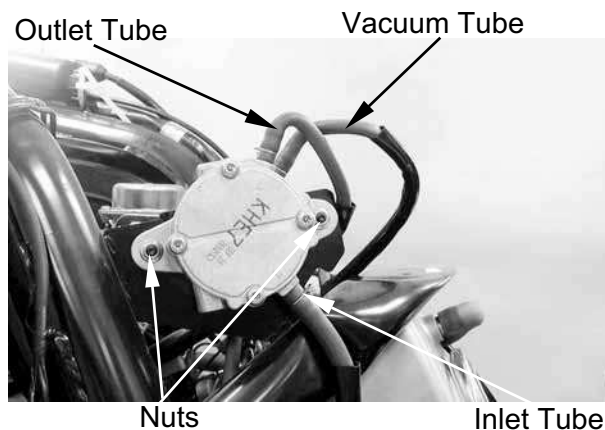
*

- During assembly, be sure to install the gaskets and diaphragms properly to avoid damage.
- Do not allow any foreign matter to enter the fuel pump during assembly.



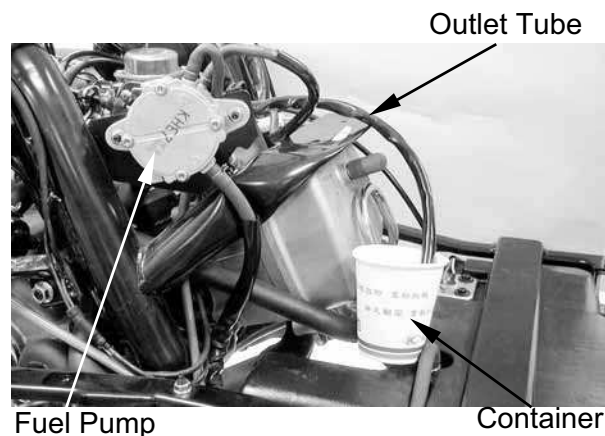
FUEL PUMP INSTALLATION

Install the fuel pump and secure it with the two nuts.
Connect the fuel pump inlet, outlet and vacuum tubes.
Install the met-in box and carrier.
Install the body cover, center cover and rear fender A.



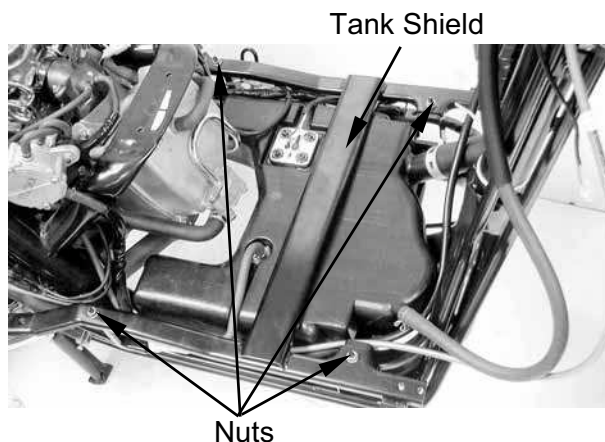
Measure the fuel pump output.
Start the engine and disconnect the fuel outlet tube and place a clean container under the tube to check the fuel output.

Output: 33cc/1800rpm/10 seconds .



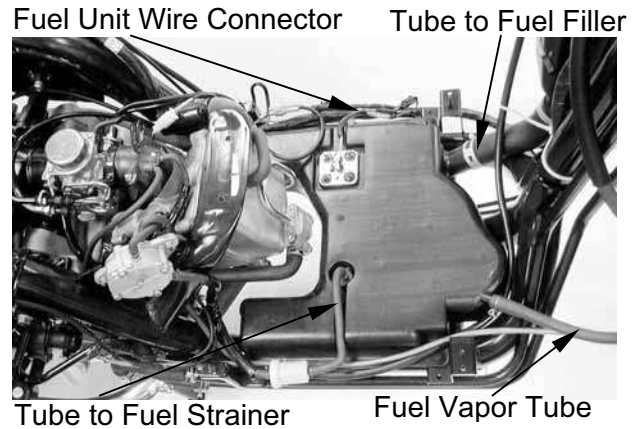
FUEL TANK REMOVAL

Remove the floor board. (⇒2-7)
Remove four nuts at the tank shield and remove the tank shield.

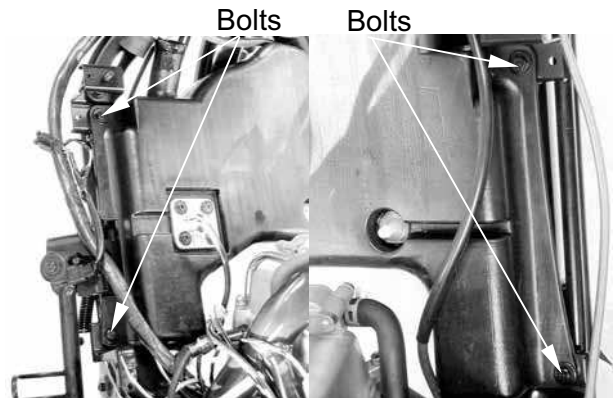


13. FUEL SYSTEM/CARBURETOR/ FUEL PUMP/ FUEL TANK

Disconnect the fuel unit wire connector.
Remove the fuel tube between the fuel tank and the fuel filler.
Disconnect the fuel vapor tube.
Disconnect the fuel tube between the fuel tank and fuel strainer.



Remove the four bolts on the fuel tank.
Remove the fuel tank.



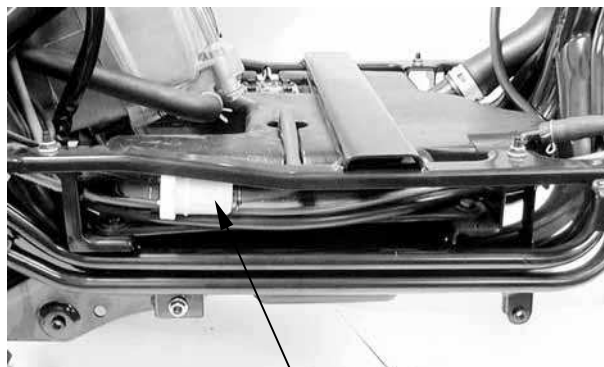
The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.



FUEL STRAINER REMOVAL

Remove the right side cover.

Remove the fuel strainer from the fuel line.



Fuel Strainer

INSPECTION

Inspect if the fuel strainer is clogged and clean it with compressed air.

- * When removing the fuel strainer, do not allow flames or sparks near the working area and drain the residual gasoline into a container.



INSTALLATION

Install the fuel strainer with its arrow mark toward the fuel pump.

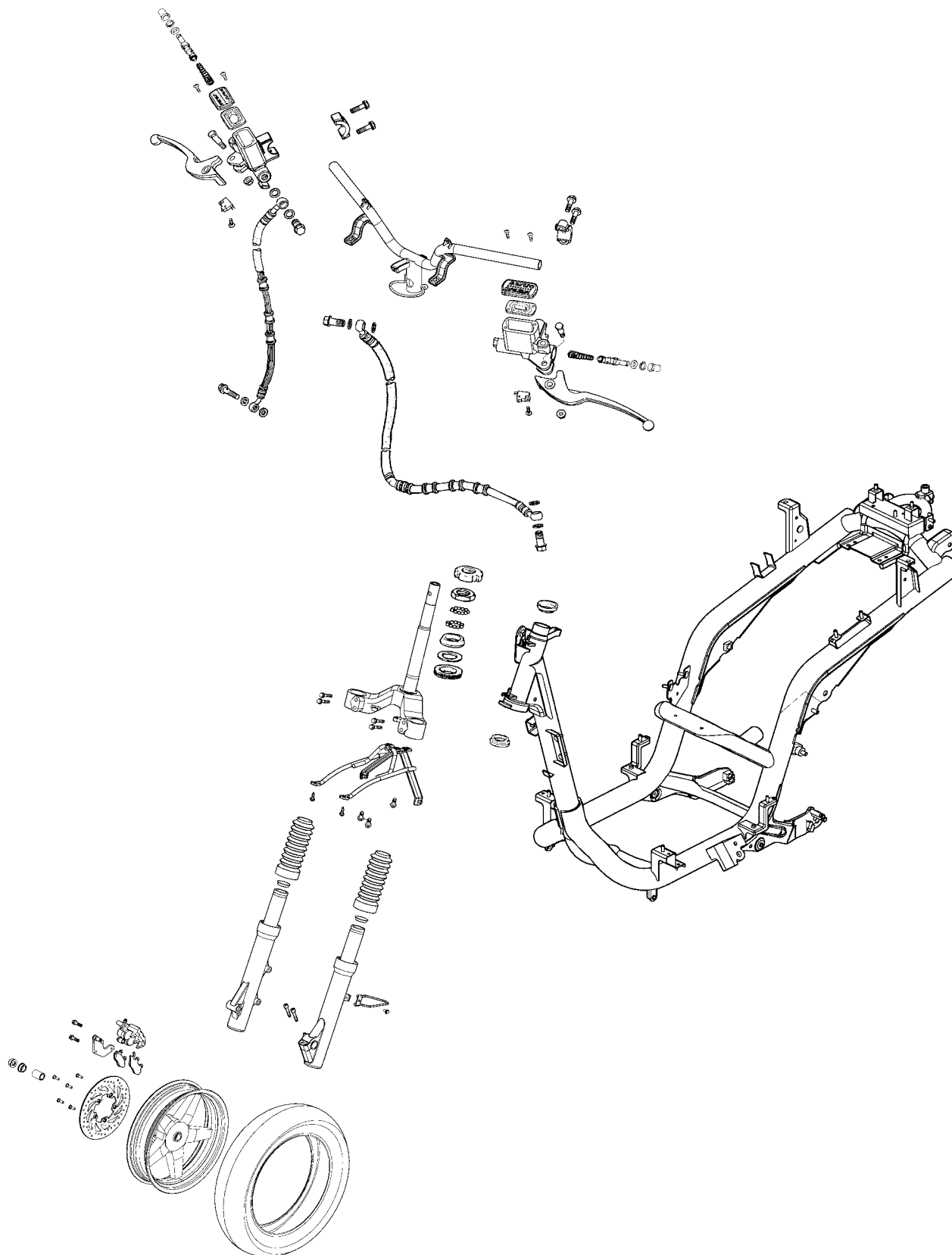


Fuel Strainer

**STEERING HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT
BRAKE/FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER/FRONT FORK**

SCHEMATIC DRAWING-----	14-	1
SERVICE INFORMATION-----	14-	2
TROUBLESHOOTING -----	14-	3
STEERING HANDLEBAR -----	14-	4
FRONT WHEEL-----	14-	5
FRONT BRAKE -----	14-	8
FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER -----	14-	14
FRONT FORK-----	14-	15

SCHEMATIC DRAWING



SERVICE INFORMATION**GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

- Remove the motorcycle frame covers before removing the front wheel, steering handlebar, front shock absorber and front fork. Jack the motorcycle front wheel off the ground and be careful to prevent the motorcycle from falling down.
- During servicing, keep oil or grease off the brake pads and brake disk.

SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
Axle shaft runout		—	0.2
Front wheel rim runout	Radial	—	2.0
	Axial	—	2.0
Brake disk thickness		4.0	3.0
Brake disk runout		—	0.30
Brake caliper piston O.D.		25.33~25.36	25.3
Brake caliper cylinder I.D.		25.4~25.45	25.45
Brake master cylinder O.D.		12.65~12.68	12.64
Brake master cylinder I.D.		12.70~12.74	12.75

TORQUE VALUES

Steering stem lock nut	40~50N-m
Steering top cone race	4.9~12.7N-m
Front shock absorber bolt	29~35N-m
Front axle	29~35N-m
Brake caliper holder bolt	29~35N-m

SPECIAL TOOLS

Lock nut wrench	F002
Oil seal & bearing installer	E014

TROUBLESHOOTING

Hard steering (heavy)

- Excessively tightened steering stem top cone race
- Broken steering balls
- Insufficient tire pressure

Steers to one side or does not track straight

- Uneven front shock absorbers
- Bent front fork
- Bent front axle or uneven tire

Poor brake performance

- Worn brake pads
- Contaminated brake pad surface
- Deformed brake disk
- Air in brake system
- Deteriorated brake fluid
- Worn brake master cylinder piston oil seal
- Clogged brake fluid line
- Unevenly worn brake caliper

Front wheel wobbling

- Bent rim
- Loose front axle
- Bent spoke plate
- Faulty tire
- Improperly tightened axle nut

Soft front shock absorber

- Weak shock springs
- Insufficient damper oil

Front shock absorber noise

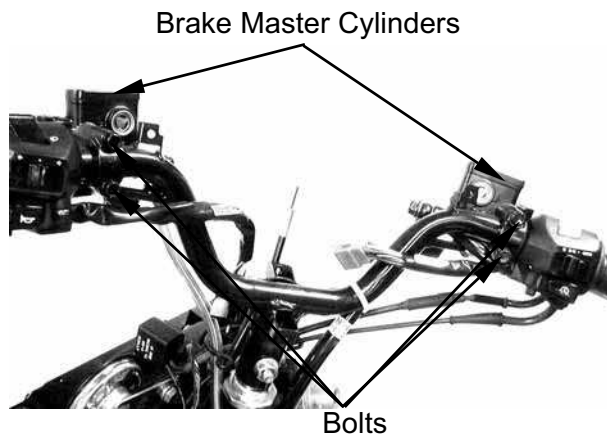
- Slider bending
- Loose fork fasteners
- Lack of lubrication

STEERING HANDLEBAR

REMOVAL

Remove the handlebar front and rear covers.
(⇒2-3)

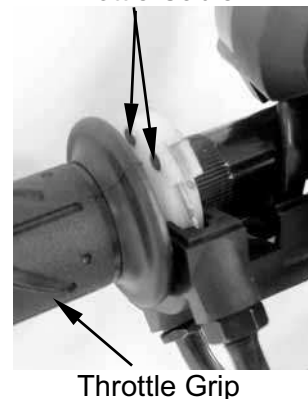
Remove the front and rear brake master cylinder attaching bolts.



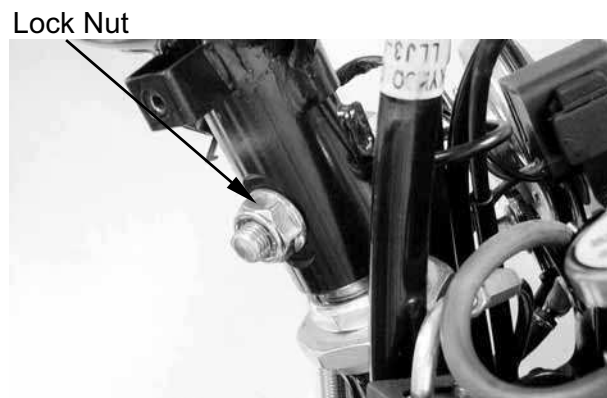
Remove the four screws attaching the right and left handlebar switches.
Disconnect the throttle cable from the throttle grip and remove the throttle grip from the handlebar.



Throttle Cable



Remove the handlebar lock nut then take out the bolt and collar.
Remove the handlebar.

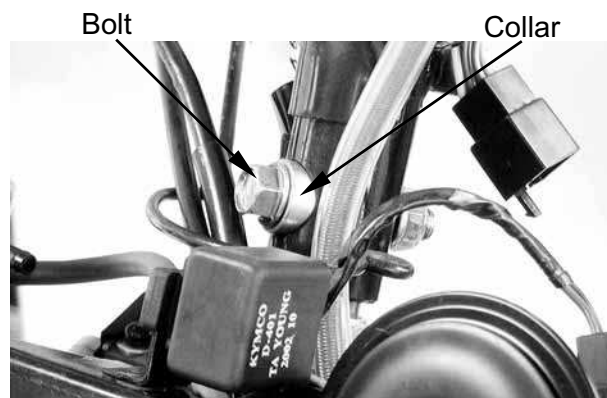


INSTALLATION

Install the handlebar onto the steering stem and install the handlebar collar, lock nut and bolt.

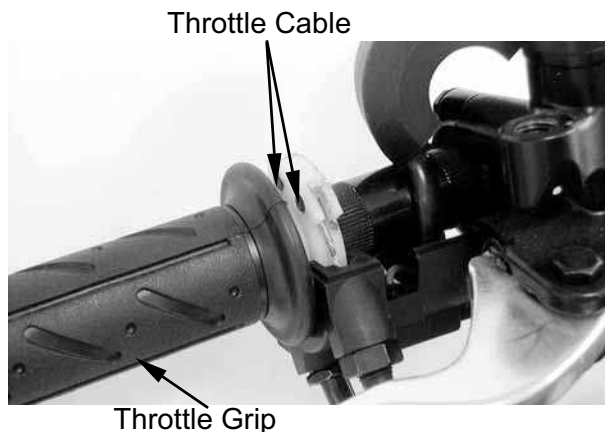
Tighten the bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: 40~50N-m



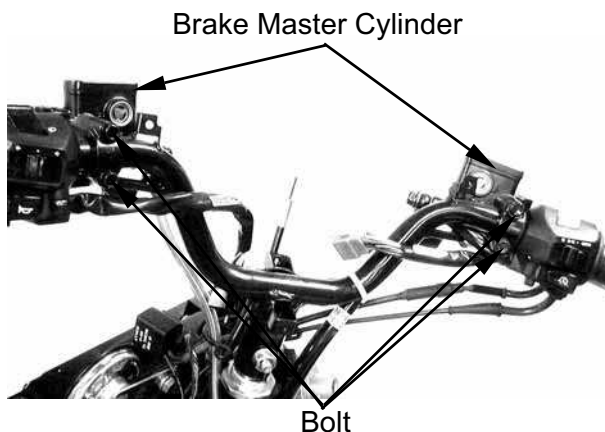
Lubricate the throttle grip front end with grease and then install the throttle grip. Connect the throttle cable to the throttle grip. Install the right and left handlebar switches and tighten the screws.

- * Adjust the throttle grip free play to the specified range of 2~6mm.



Install the front and rear brake master cylinders.

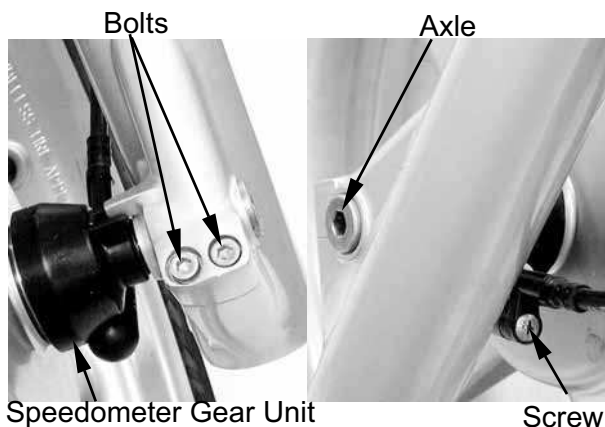
- * Install the brake master cylinders by aligning the index marks.



FRONT WHEEL

REMOVAL

Remove the two bolts from the left front absorber.
Remove the screw from the speedometer gear unit then disconnect the speed wire from the speedometer gear unit.
Remove the front axle to pull out the axle.
Remove the front wheel and the speedometer gear unit.

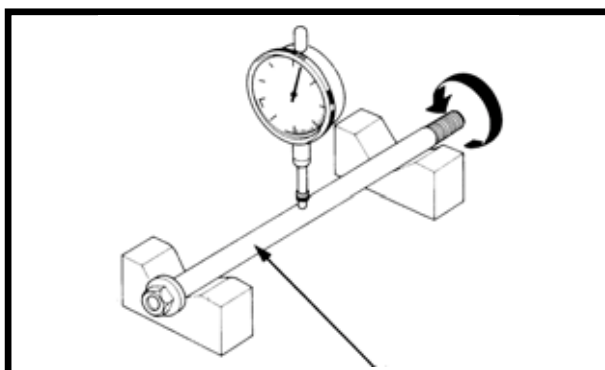


INSPECTION

AXLE RUNOUT

Set the axle in V blocks and measure the runout using a dial gauge.
The actual runout is $\frac{1}{2}$ of the total indicator reading.

Service Limit: 0.2mm replace if over



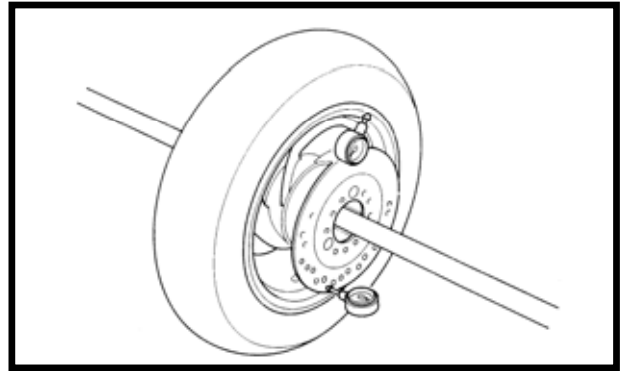
WHEEL RIM

Check the wheel rim runout.

Service Limits:

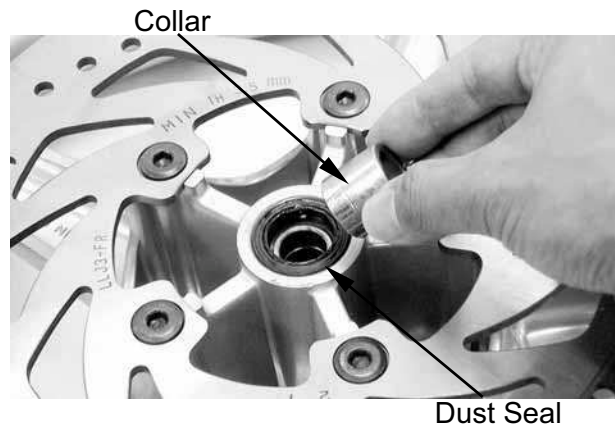
Radial: 2.0mm replace if over

Axial: 2.0mm replace if over



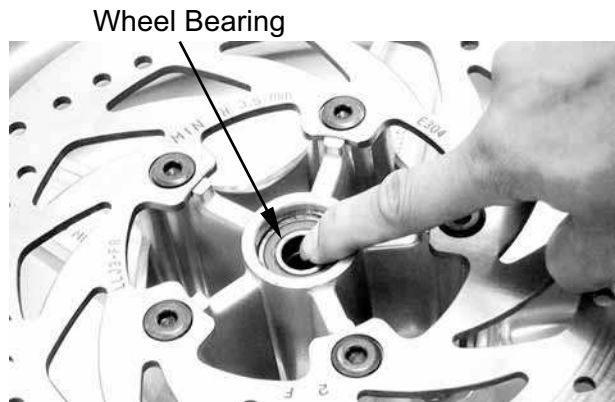
FRONT WHEEL BEARING

Remove the side collar and dust seal.



Turn the inner race of each bearing with your finger to see if they turn smoothly and quietly. Also check if the outer race fits tightly in the hub.

Replace the bearings if the races do not turn smoothly, quietly, or if they fit loosely in the hub.



BEARING REPLACEMENT

Remove the front wheel bearings and distance collar.



Pack all bearing cavities with grease.
Drive in the left bearing.
Install the distance collar.
Drive in the right bearing.



- Do not allow the bearings to tilt while driving them in.
- Drive in the bearing squarely with the sealed end facing out.

Special Tools

Oil seal & bearing installer E014

INSTALLATION

Apply grease to the speedometer gear unit.
Install the speedometer gear unit by aligning its retaining pawl with the hub cutout.



- If not aligned, the retaining pawl will be deformed when the axle nut is tightened.
- After installing the axle, turn the wheel to make sure that the speedometer drive shaft rotates freely.

Install the front wheel by aligning the speedometer gear unit groove with the front shock absorber tab.
Insert the axle and tighten the axle.

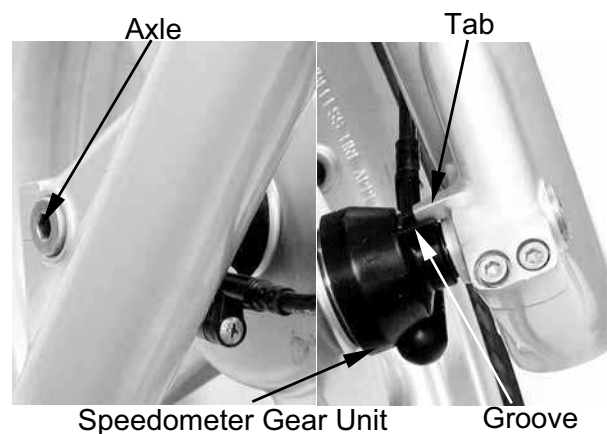
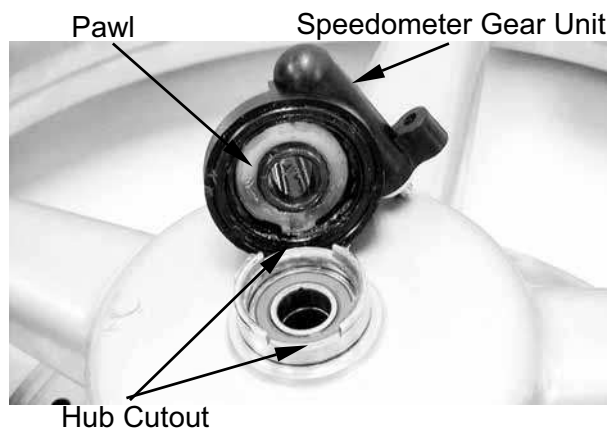
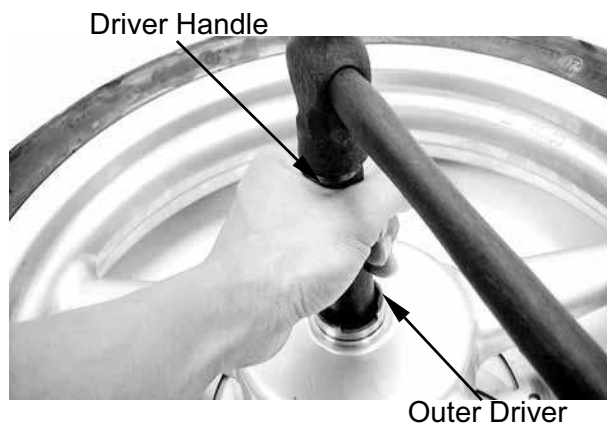


- When installing the front wheel, position the brake disk between the two brake pads.

Torque: 29 ~ 35N-m

Install and tighten the two bolts.

Torque: 29 ~ 35N-m

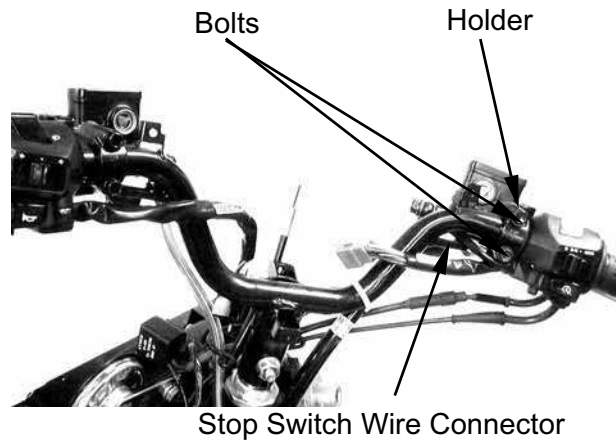


FRONT BRAKE

BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER

REMOVAL

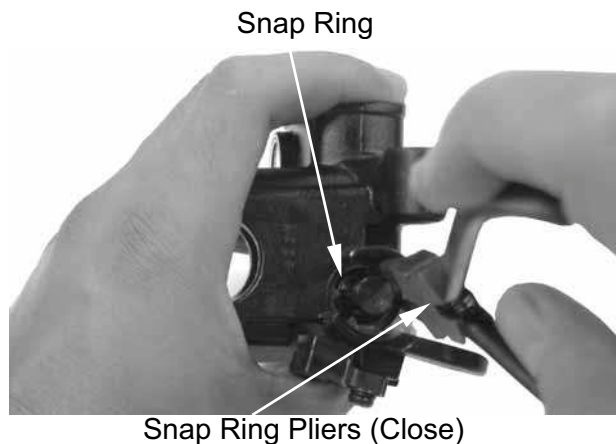
Remove the handlebar covers. (⇒2-3)
First drain the brake fluid from the hydraulic brake system.
Disconnect the front stop switch wire connector.
Remove the brake fluid tube bolt.
Remove the two bolts attaching the brake master cylinder
Remove the brake master cylinder.



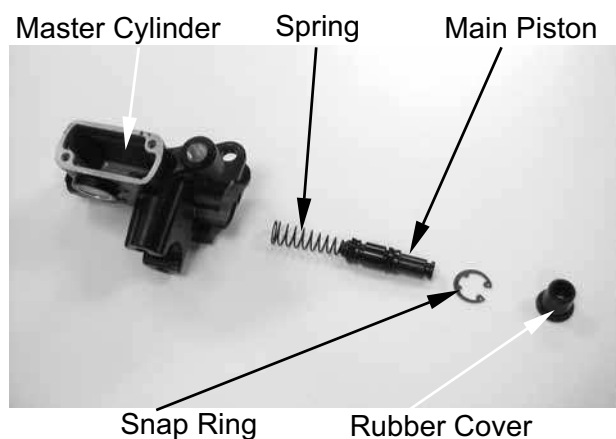
- * When servicing the brake system, use shop towels to cover rubber and plastic parts and coated surfaces to avoid being contaminated by brake fluid.
- * When removing the brake fluid tube bolt, be sure to plug the tube end to avoid brake fluid leakage.

DISASSEMBLY

Remove the brake lever bolt and the brake lever.
Remove the piston rubber cover and snap ring from the brake master cylinder.



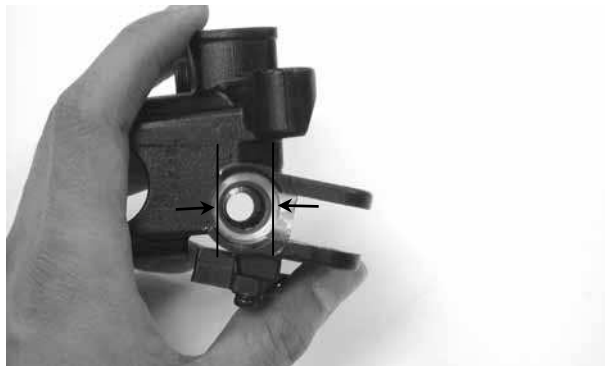
Remove the washer, main piston and spring from the brake master cylinder.
Clean the inside of the master cylinder and brake reservoir with brake fluid.



INSPECTION

Measure the brake master cylinder I.D.
Inspect the master cylinder for scratches or cracks.

Service Limit: 12.75mm



Measure the brake master cylinder piston O.D.

Service Limit: 12.64mm

Before assembly, inspect the 1st and 2nd rubber cups for wear.



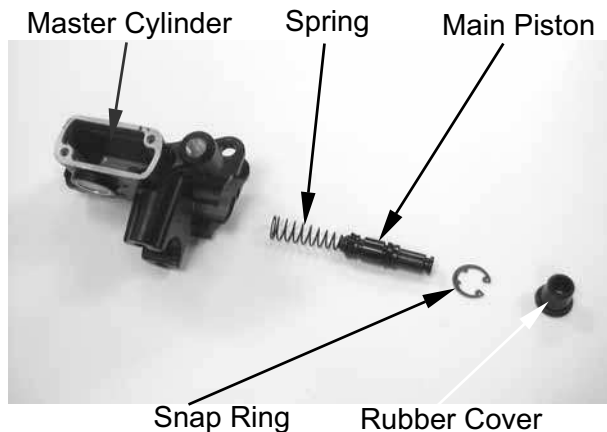
ASSEMBLY

Before assembly, apply brake fluid to all removed parts.
Install the spring together with the 1st rubber cup.

*

- During assembly, the main piston and spring must be installed as a unit without exchange.
- When assembling the piston, soak the cups in brake fluid for a while.
- Install the cups with the cup lips facing the correct direction.

Install the main piston, spring and snap ring.
Install the rubber cover.
Install the brake lever.

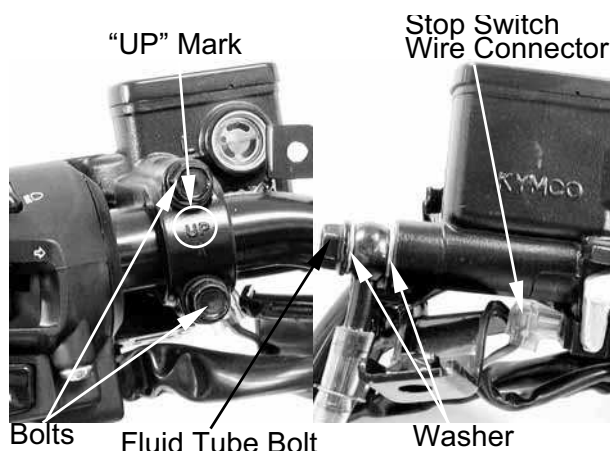


Place the brake master cylinder on the handlebar and install the holder with the “up” mark facing up. Also align the punch mark with the holder joint seam. First tighten the upper bolt and then tighten the lower bolt.

Torque: 10 ~ 14N·m

Install the brake fluid tube with the attaching bolt and two sealing washers, then tighten the fluid tube bolt.

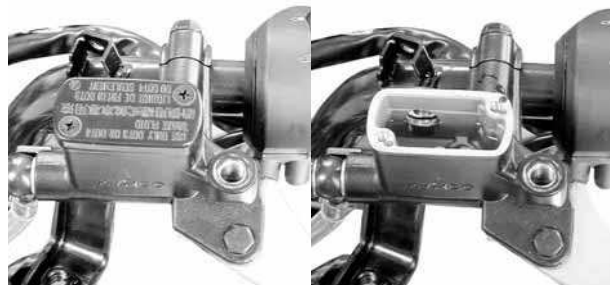
Connect the front stop switch wire connector. Install the handlebar covers. (⇒ 2-3)



BRAKE FLUID REFILLING

Keep the handlebar upright and remove the brake reservoir cover and diaphragm. Add DOT-4 brake fluid to the brake reservoir.

- * When bleeding, be careful not to allow air in the brake reservoir flowing into the brake system.
- When using a brake bleeder, follow the manufacturer's instructions.
- Never use dirty or unspecified brake fluid or mix different brake fluids because it will damage the brake system.



BRAKE FLUID BLEEDING

Keep the handlebar upright and remove the brake reservoir cover and diaphragm. Add the specified brake fluid to the upper limit.

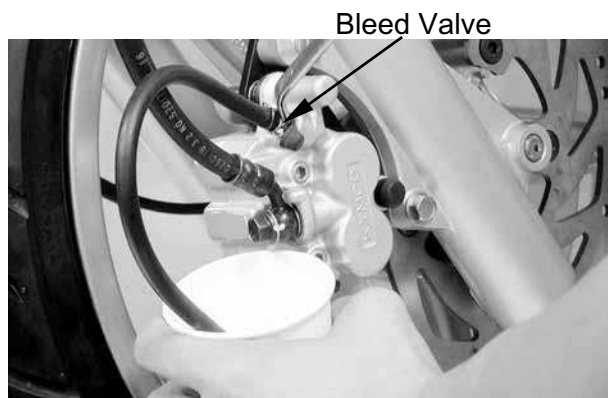
- * Do not allow dust or water to enter the brake system during refilling.
- When servicing the brake system, use shop towels to cover plastic parts and coated surfaces to avoid damage caused by splash of brake fluid.

In order to avoid spilling brake fluid, connect a transparent hose to the bleed valve.

Warning

Brake fluid spilled on brake pads or brake disk will reduce the braking effect. Clean the brake pads and brake disk with a high quality brake degreaser.

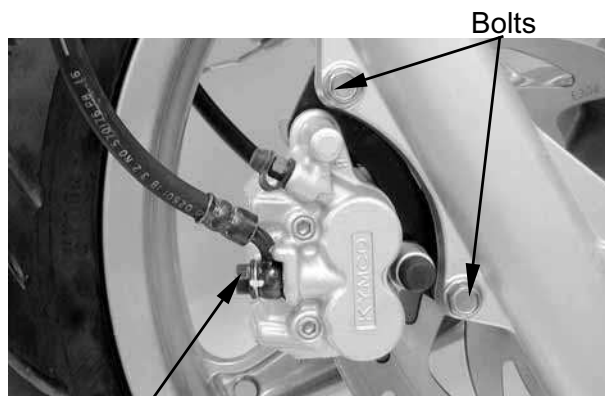
Fully apply the brake lever and then loosen the brake caliper bleed valve to drain the brake fluid until there is no air bubbles in the brake fluid. Then, tighten the bleed valve. Repeat these steps until the brake system is free of air.



BRAKE CALIPER

REMOVAL

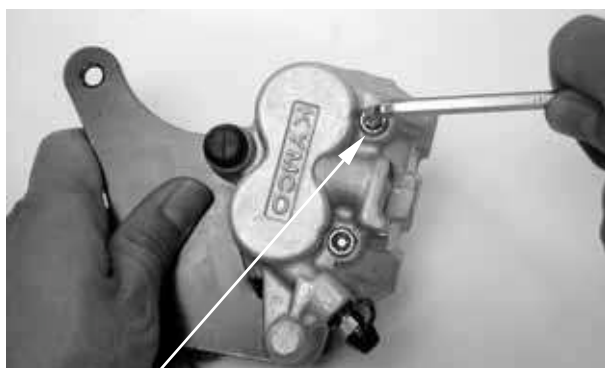
First drain the brake fluid from the hydraulic brake system.
Remove the brake fluid tube bolt.
Remove the two bolts attaching the brake caliper.
Remove the brake caliper.



Fluid Tube Bolt

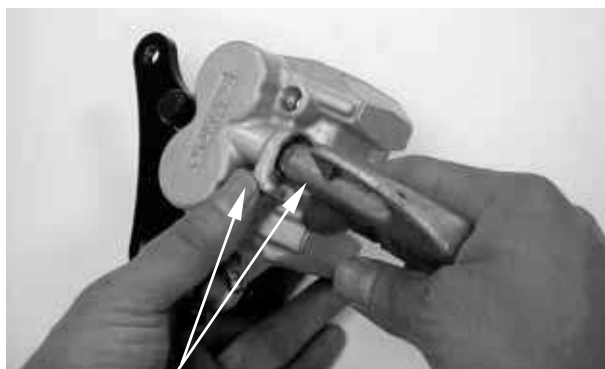
DISASSEMBLY

Remove the two brake pad dowel pins from the brake caliper.
Remove the brake pads.



Dowel Pin

Remove the piston from the brake caliper.
If necessary, use compressed air to squeeze out the piston through the brake fluid inlet opening and place a shop towel under the caliper to avoid contamination caused by the removed piston.
Check the piston cylinder for scratches or wear and replace if necessary.



Compressed Air

Push the piston oil seal outward to remove it.
Clean the oil seal groove with brake fluid.



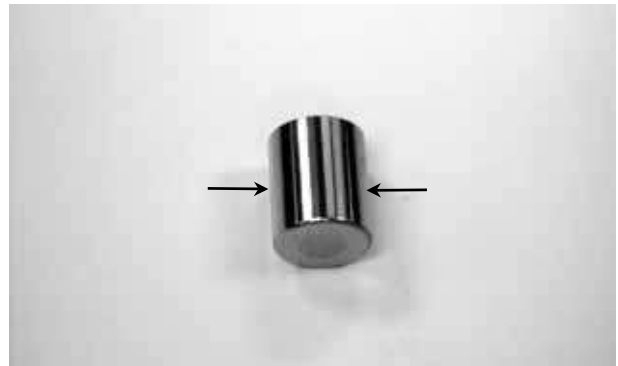
Be careful not to damage the piston surface.



Piston Oil Seal

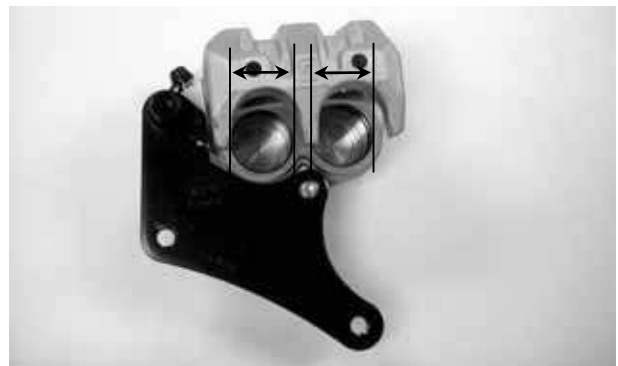
Check the piston for scratches or wear.
Measure the piston O.D. with a micrometer
gauge.

Service Limit: 25.30mm



Check the caliper cylinder for scratches or
wear and measure the cylinder bore.

Service Limit: 25.45mm



ASSEMBLY

Clean all removed parts.
Apply silicon grease to the piston and oil seal.
Lubricate the brake caliper cylinder inside
wall with brake fluid.
Install the brake caliper piston with grooved
side facing out.

- * Install the piston with its outer end
protruding 3~5mm beyond the brake
caliper.

Wipe off excessive brake fluid with a clean
shop towel. Apply silicon grease to the
brake caliper seat pin and caliper inside.
Install the brake caliper seat.



INSTALLATION

Install the two brake pads.
Install the two brake pad dowel pin and
tighten them.

- * When installing the brake caliper, be
sure to position the brake disk between
the two brake pads.



Brake Pads

Install the brake caliper to the shock absorber and tighten the two bolts.

Torque: 29~35N-m

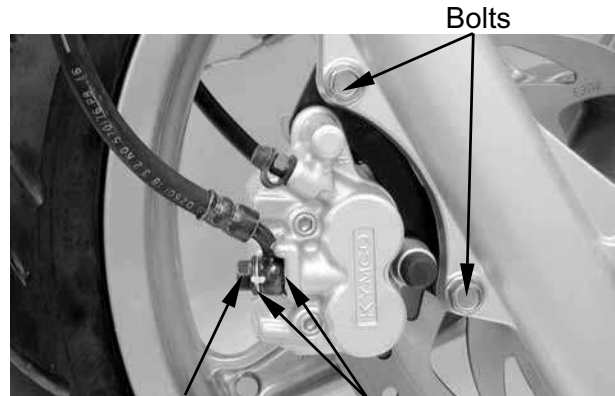
Connect the brake fluid tube with the attaching bolt and two sealing washers to the brake caliper and tighten the fluid tube bolt.

Torque: 24~30N-m

Fill the brake reservoir with the specified brake fluid and bleed air from the brake system. (⇒14-10)

*

When installing the brake fluid tube, be sure to install the two sealing washers.

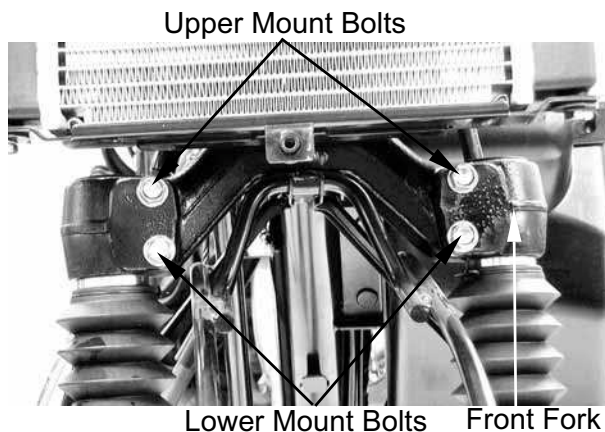


Bolts
Brake Fluid Tube Washers

FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER

REMOVAL

Remove the front cover. (⇒2-5)
Remove the front fender cover A and B. (⇒2-5)
Remove the front wheel. (⇒14-5)
Remove the front brake caliper. (⇒14-11)
Remove the front shock absorber upper mount bolts.
Loosen the lower mount bolts to remove the front shock absorbers.

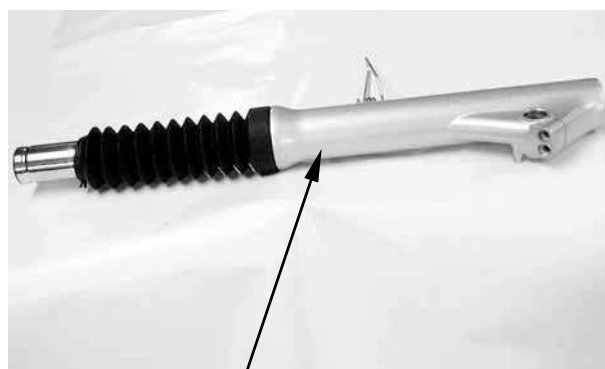


INSTALLATION

Install the front shock absorbers onto the front fork.
Install and tighten the front shock absorber upper mount bolts.
Tighten the lower mount bolts.

Torque: 29~35N-m

Align the upper mount bolt hole with the groove on the front fork.



Install the front wheel. (⇒14-7)

FRONT FORK

REMOVAL

Remove the handlebar covers. (⇒2-3)
Remove the steering handlebar. (⇒14-4)
Remove the front cover. (⇒2-5)
Remove the front leg shield. (⇒2-8)
Remove the front fender cover A and B. (⇒2-6)
Remove the front wheel. (⇒14-5)
Remove the front brake caliper. (⇒14-11)
Remove the front shock absorbers.
Hold the steering stem top cone race and remove the steering stem lock nut.
Remove the top cone race and remove the front fork.



Be careful not to lose the steel balls (26 on top race and 19 on bottom race).

Inspect the ball races, cone races and steel balls for wear or damage. Replace if necessary.

BOTTOM CONE RACE REPLACEMENT

Remove the bottom cone race using a chisel.

Drive a new bottom cone race into place with a proper driver.



Be careful not to damage the steering stem and front fork.

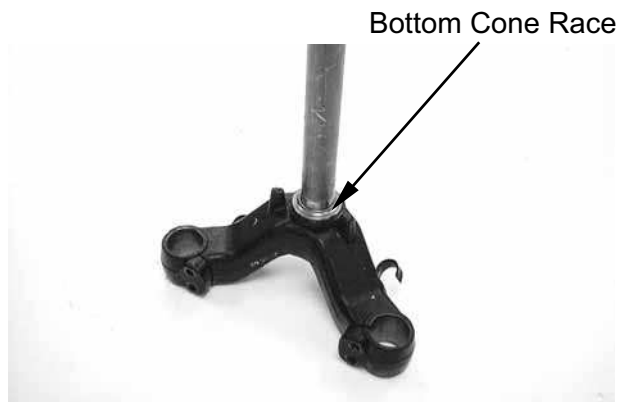
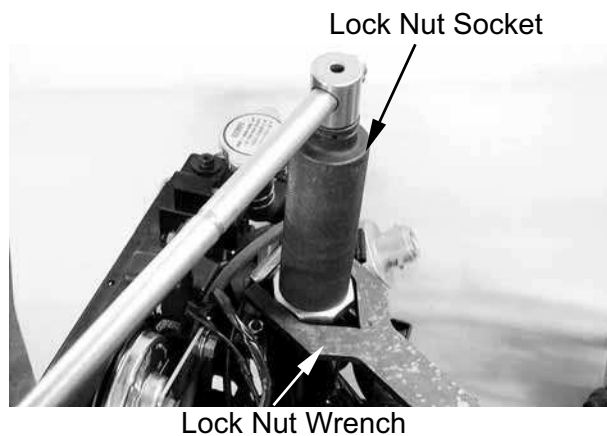
BALL RACE REPLACEMENT

Drive out the ball races.

Drive in new ball races.

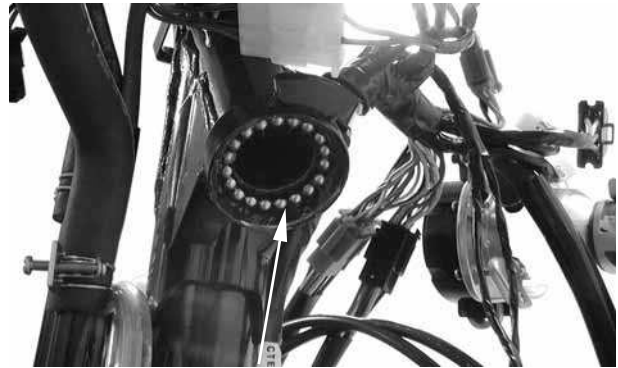


Be sure to drive the ball races into place completely.



INSTALLATION

Apply grease to the top and bottom ball races and install 26 steel balls on the top ball race and 19 steel balls on the bottom ball race. Then, install the front fork.



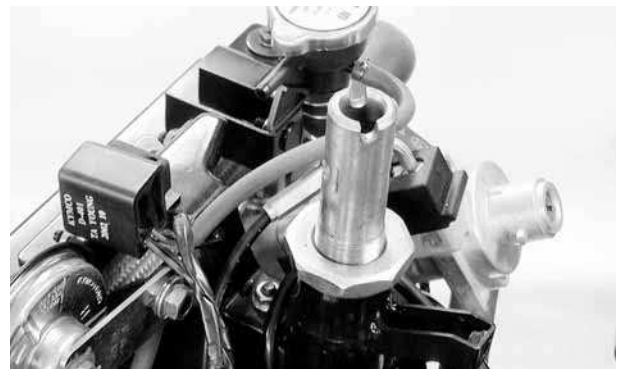
Bottom Ball Race

Apply grease to the top cone race and install it.

Tighten the top cone race and then turn the steering stem right and left several times to make steel balls contact each other closely.

*

Check that the steering stem rotates freely without vertical play.



Install the steering stem lock nut and tighten it while holding the top cone race.

Torque: 80 ~ 120N·m

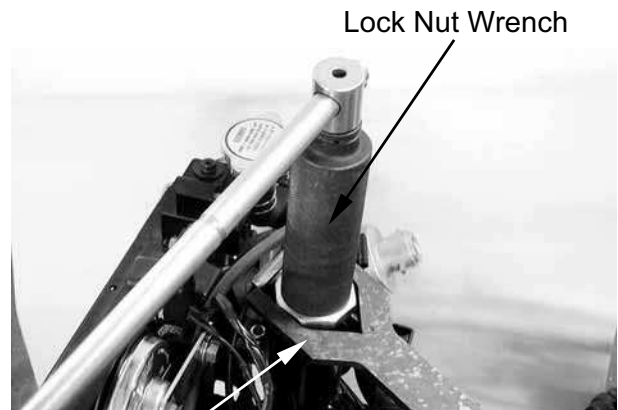
Install the front wheel. (⇒ 14-7)

Install the front brake caliper. (⇒ 14-12)

Install the front fender cover A and B. (⇒ 2-6)

Install the throttle grip and the right and left handlebar switches. (⇒ 14-5)

Install the right and left brake master cylinders. (⇒ 14-5)



Lock Nut Wrench

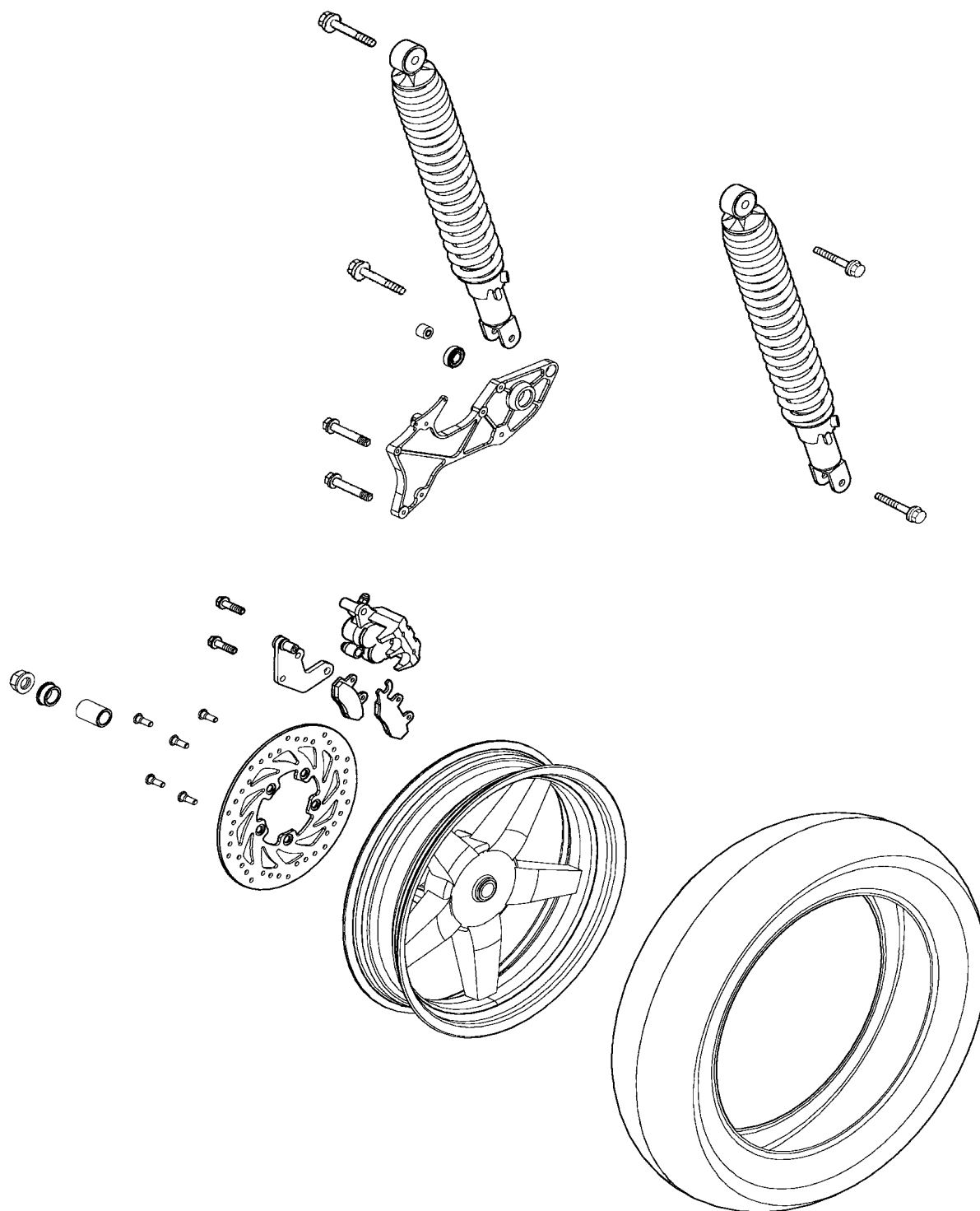
Lock Nut Wrench

REAR BRAKE/REAR FORK/REAR WHEEL/ REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

SCHEMATIC DRAWING-----	15-1
SERVICE INFORMATION-----	15-2
TROUBLESHOOTING -----	15-2
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REAR FORK -----	15-6
REAR WHEEL-----	15-7
REAR SHOCK ABSORBER -----	15-7

15. REAR BRAKE/REAR FORK/REAR WHEEL/REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

SCHEMATIC DRAWING



SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- When performing the services stated in this section, the engine and exhaust muffler must be cold to avoid scalding.
- During servicing, keep oil or grease off the brake pads and brake disk.

SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
Rear wheel rim runout	—	2.0
Rear brake disk thickness	4.0	3.0
Rear brake disk runout	—	0.30
Rear brake master cylinder I.D.	27.00	27.05
Rear brake master cylinder piston O.D.	26.95	26.90

TORQUE VALUES

Exhaust muffler lock bolt	32~38N-m
Exhaust muffler pipe nut	18~22N-m
Rear axle nut	110~130N-m
Rear shock absorber lower mount bolt	35~45N-m
Rear shock absorber upper mount bolt	35~45N-m
Rear brake caliper holder bolt	29~35N-m

TROUBLESHOOTING

Rear wheel wobbling

- Bent rim
- Faulty tire
- Axle not tightened properly

Soft rear shock absorber

- Weak shock absorber spring
- Damper oil leaks

Rear wheel noise

- Worn rear wheel axle bearings
- Worn rear fork bearings
- Deformed rear fork

Poor brake performance

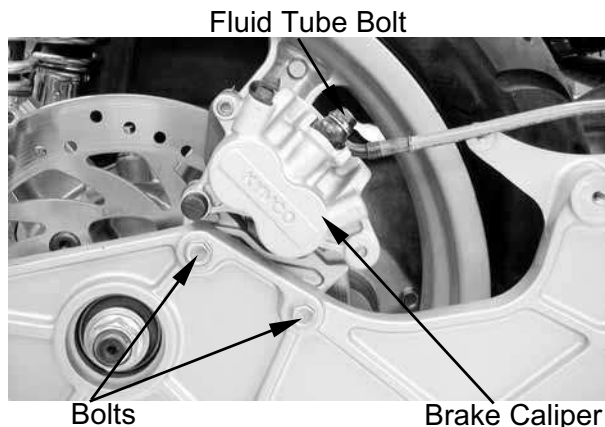
- Air in brake system
- Deteriorated brake fluid
- Contaminated brake pad surface
- Worn brake pads
- Clogged brake fluid line
- Deformed brake disk
- Unevenly worn brake caliper

REAR BRAKE

REAR BRAKE CALIPER REMOVAL

First remove the exhaust muffler. (⇒2-10)
Remove the rear brake fluid tube bolt and disconnect the brake fluid tube.
Remove the two bolts attaching the rear brake caliper.
Remove the rear brake caliper.

* When removing the brake fluid tube, use shop towels to cover plastic parts and coated surfaces to avoid damage.



INSPECTION

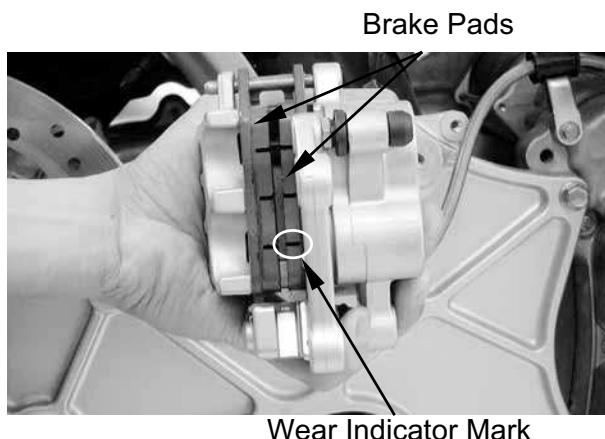
Inspect the brake pads and brake disk.

Measure the brake disk thickness.

Service Limit: 3.0mm replace if below

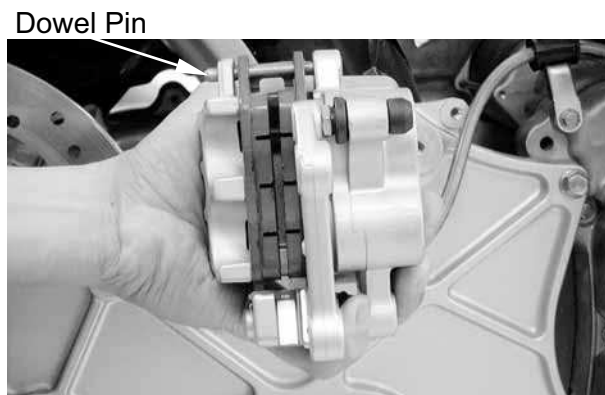


Visually check the brake pad thickness and it should not exceed the wear indicator mark.



DISASSEMBLY

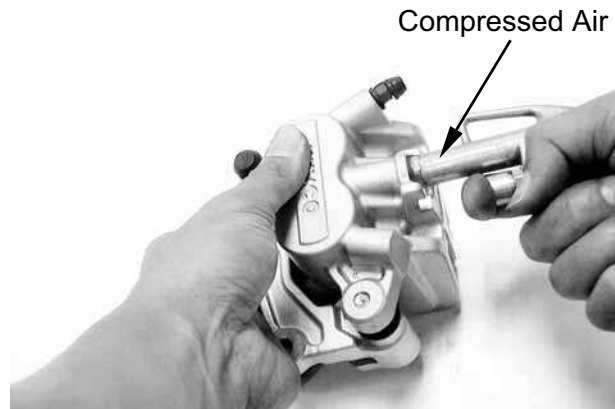
Remove the two brake pads dowel pins and three bolts from the brake caliper.
Remove the brake pads.



15. REAR BRAKE/REAR FORK/REAR WHEEL/REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

Remove the piston from the brake caliper. If necessary, use compressed air to squeeze out the piston through the brake fluid inlet opening and place a shop towel under the caliper to avoid contamination caused by the removed piston.

Check the piston cylinder for scratches or wear and replace if necessary.



Push the piston oil seal outward to remove it. Clean the oil seal groove with brake fluid.

* Be careful not to damage the piston surface.



Check the piston for scratches or wear.

Measure the piston O.D. with a micrometer gauge.

Service Limit: 26.90mm



Check the caliper cylinder for scratches or wear and measure the cylinder bore.

Service Limit: 27.05mm



15. REAR BRAKE/REAR FORK/REAR WHEEL/REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

ASSEMBLY

Clean all removed parts.

Apply silicon grease to the piston and oil seal.
Lubricate the brake caliper cylinder inside wall with brake fluid.

Install the brake caliper piston with grooved side facing out.

*

Install the piston with its outer end protruding 3~5mm beyond the brake caliper.

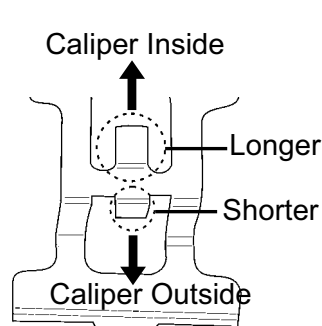
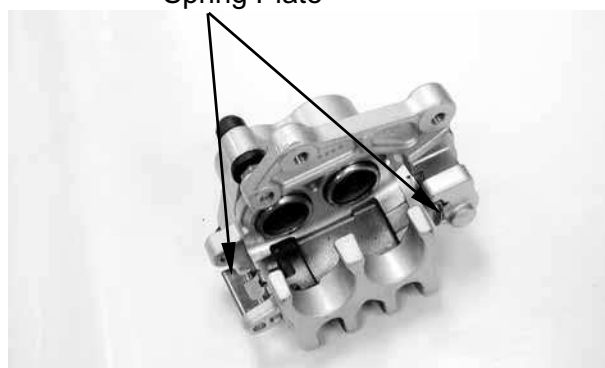
Install the two spring plate into the groove of the caliper.

*

Make sure the spring plate next to the brake pad dowel pin orientation.

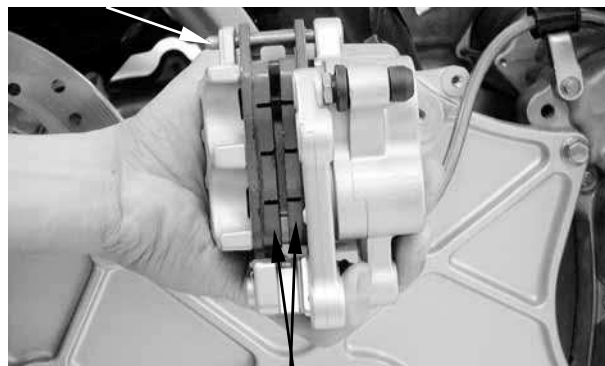


Spring Plate



Install the two brake pads and brake pad dowel pin.

Dowel Pin



Brake Pads

15. REAR BRAKE/REAR FORK/REAR WHEEL/REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

INSTALLATION

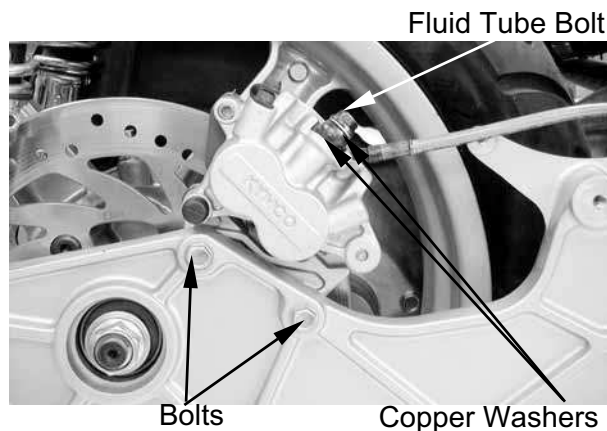
Install the brake caliper to the rear fork and tighten the two bolts.

Torque: 29~35N-m

Connect the brake fluid tube to the brake caliper and install fluid tube bolt, copper washers and tighten the fluid tube bolt. Fill the brake reservoir with the specified brake fluid and bleed air from the brake system. (⇒14-10)



When installing the brake fluid tube, be sure to install the two copper sealing washers.

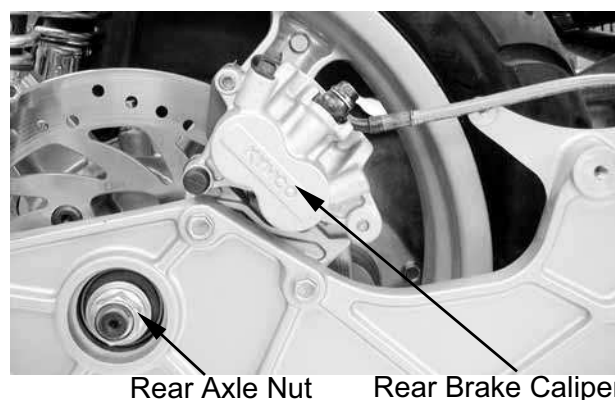


REAR FORK

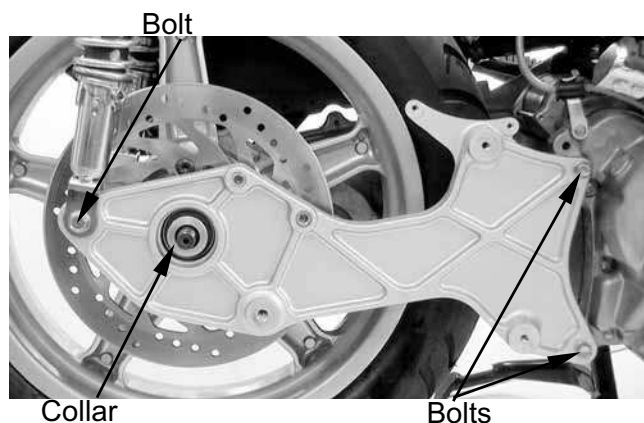
REMOVAL

Remove the exhaust muffler. (⇒2-10)

Remove the rear brake caliper. (⇒15-3)



Remove the right rear shock absorber lower mount bolt.
Remove the rear axle nut and remove the collar.
Remove the rear fork.



The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

Turn the inner race of each bearing with your finger to see if they turn smoothly and quietly. Also check if the outer race fits tightly in the hub.

Replace the bearings if the races do not turn smoothly, quietly, or if they fit loosely in the hub.



15. REAR BRAKE/REAR FORK/REAR WHEEL/REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

REAR WHEEL

REMOVAL

Remove the exhaust muffler. (⇒2-10)
Remove the rear brake caliper. (⇒15-3)
Remove the rear fork. (⇒15-6)
Remove the rear axle collar.
Remove the rear wheel.



Rear Brake Disk

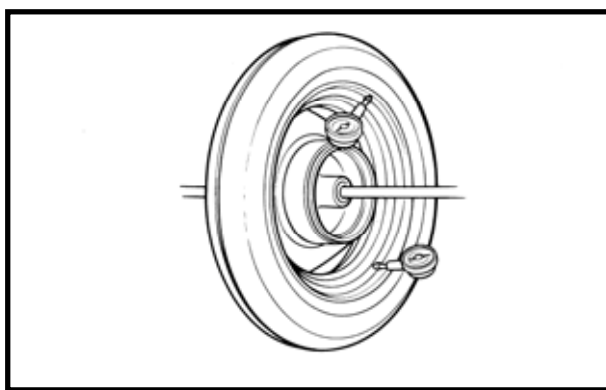
Rear Axle Collar

INSPECTION

Measure the rear wheel rim runout.

Service Limits:

Radial: 2.0mm replace if over
Axial: 2.0mm replace if over



INSTALLATION

The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

Torque:

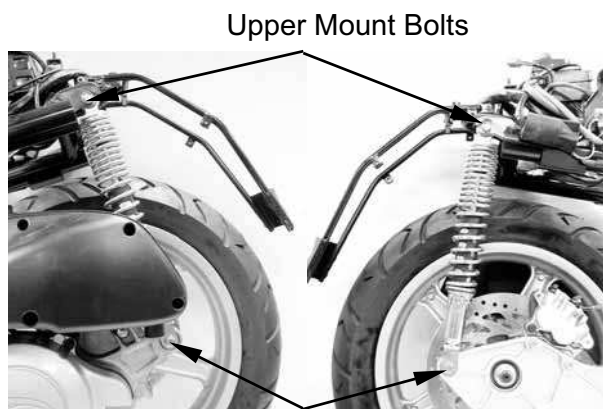
Rear shock absorber lower mount bolt:
35~45N-m
Rear axle nut: 110~130N-m



REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

REMOVAL

Remove the met-in box and carrier. (⇒2-6)
Remove the body cover, center cover and rear fender A together. (⇒2-6)
Remove the right/left rear shock absorber upper and lower mount bolts.
Remove the right and left rear shock absorbers.



Upper Mount Bolts

Lower Mount Bolts

15. REAR BRAKE/REAR FORK/REAR WHEEL/REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

INSTALLATION

Install the rear shock absorbers in the reverse order of removal.

Torque:

Upper Mount Bolt: 35~45N-m

Lower Mount Bolt: 35~45N-m

ADJUSTABLE REAR CUSHION

To suit scooter behaviour to load condition rear cushion could be adjusted in spring preload.

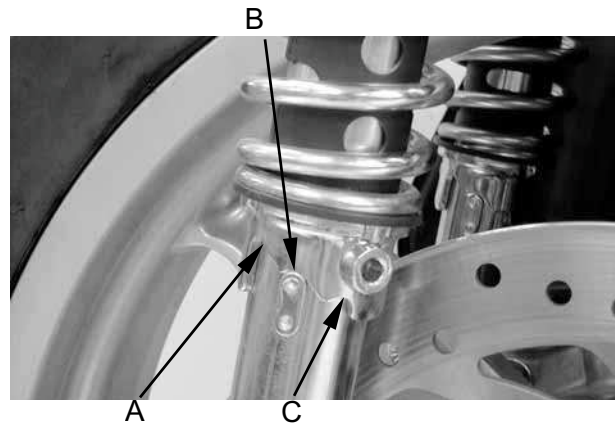
It is possible to adjust rear cushion in three positions:

A position "soft"

B position "medium"

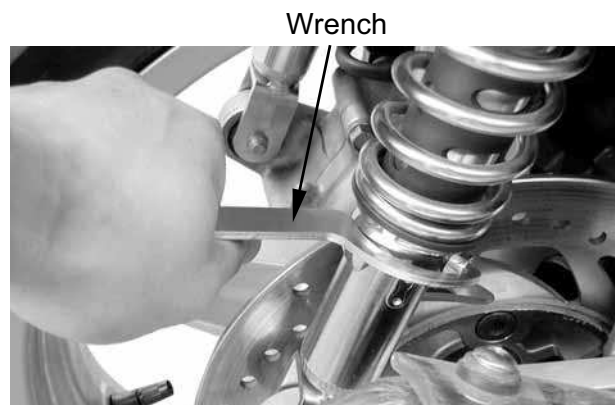
C position "hard"

When you adjust rear cushion, the spring preload of rear cushions must be the same.

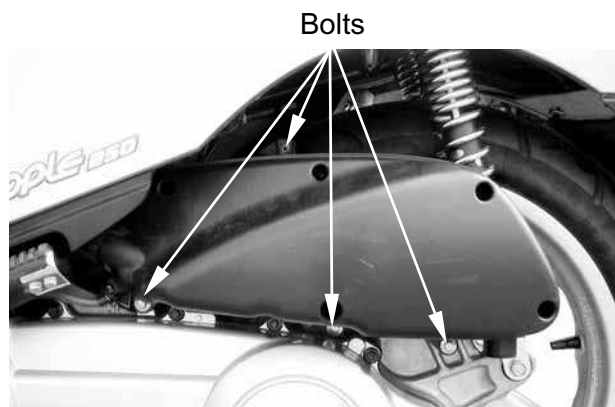


A cushion adjust wrench is provided with PEOPLE 250.

The rear right cushion can be adjusted directly with the wrench.

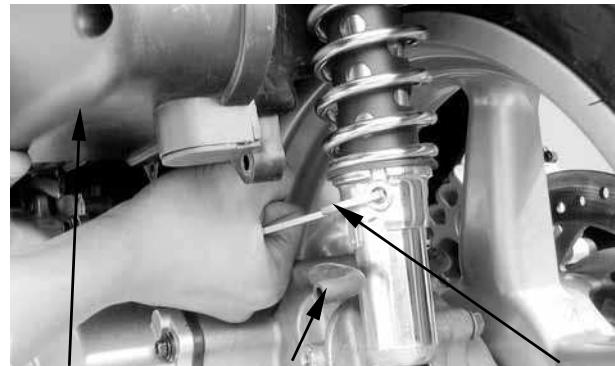


Remove the four bolts from air cleaner before rear left cushion to be adjusted.



15. REAR BRAKE/REAR FORK/REAR WHEEL/REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

Disconnect the breather hose from air cleaner and keep air cleaner up to adjust rear left cushion with wrench.



Air Cleaner

Breather Hose

Wrench

16. BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM

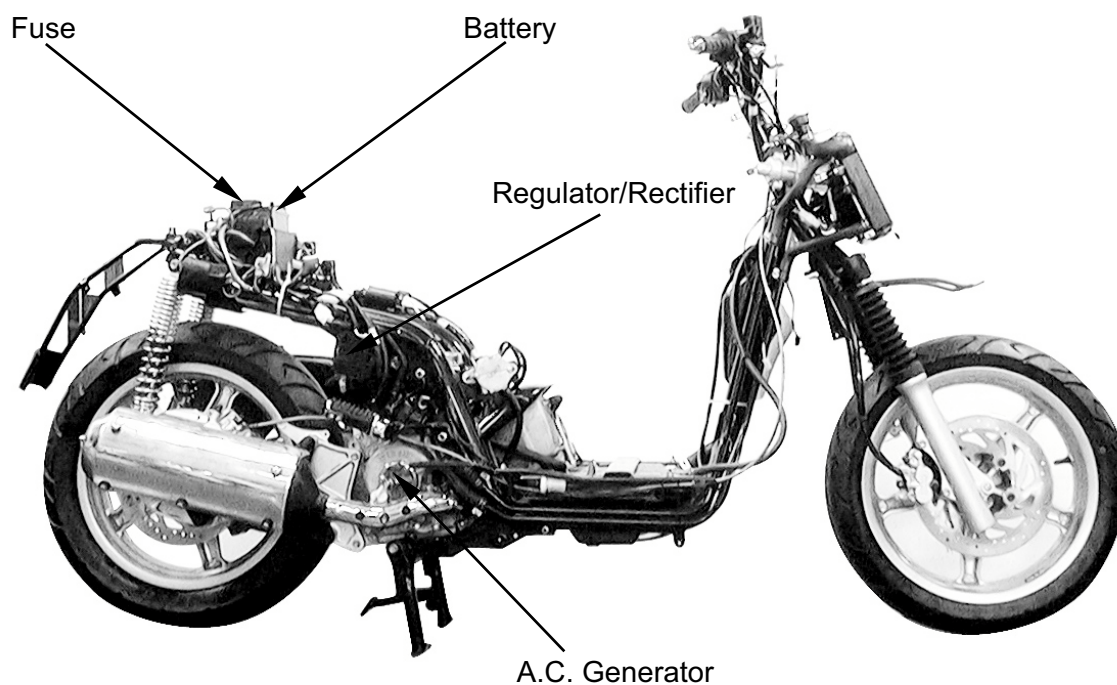
16

BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM

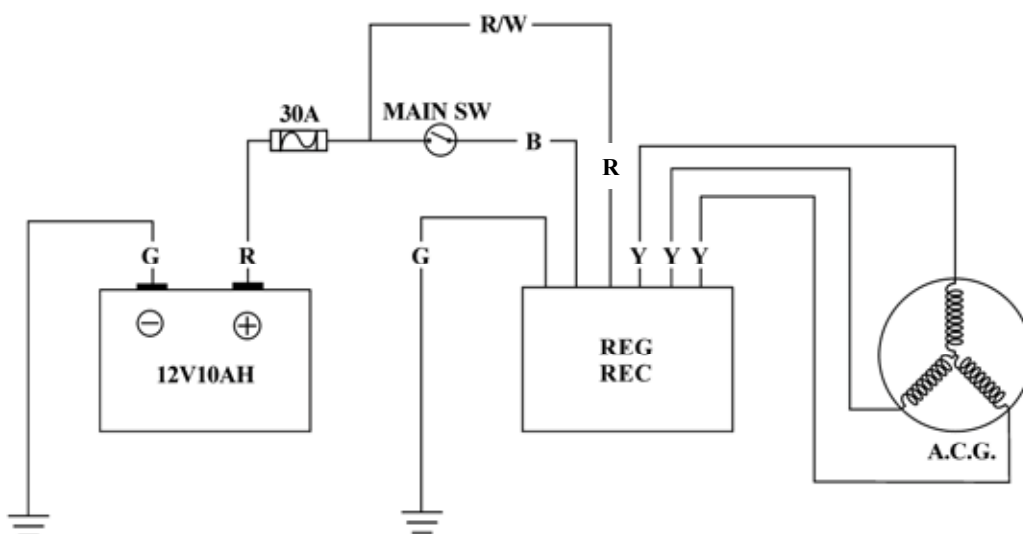
CHARGING SYSTEM LAYOUT	16-1
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BATTERY.....	16-4
CHARGING SYSTEM	16-5
A.C. GENERATOR INSPECTION.....	16-5
REGULATOR/RECTIFIER INSPECTION	16-6

16. BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM

CHARGING SYSTEM LAYOUT



CHARGING CIRCUIT



16. BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

The battery electrolyte (sulfuric acid) is poisonous and may seriously damage the skin and eyes. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. In case of contact, flush with water and get prompt medical attention

- The battery can be charged and discharged repeatedly. If a discharged battery is not used for a long time, its service life will be shortened. Generally, the capacity of a battery will decrease after it is used for 2~3 years. A capacity-decreased battery will resume its voltage after it is recharged but its voltage decreases suddenly and then increases when a load is added.
- When a battery is overcharged, some symptoms can be found. If there is a short circuit inside the battery, no voltage is produced on the battery terminals. If the rectifier won't operate, the voltage will become too high and shorten the battery service life.
- If a battery is not used for a long time, it will discharge by itself and should be recharged every 3 months.
- A new battery filled with electrolyte will generate voltage within a certain time and it should be recharged when the capacity is insufficient. Recharging a new battery will prolong its service life.
- Inspect the charging system according to the sequence specified in the Troubleshooting.
- Do not disconnect and soon reconnect the power of any electrical equipment because the electronic parts in the regulator/rectifier will be damaged. Turn off the ignition switch before operation.
- It is not necessary to check the MF battery electrolyte or fill with distilled water.
- Check the load of the whole charging system.
- Do not quick charge the battery. Quick charging should only be done in an emergency.
- Remove the battery from the motorcycle for charging.
- When replacing the battery, do not use a traditional battery.
- When charging, check the voltage with an electric tester.

SPECIFICATIONS

Item			Standard
Battery	Capacity		12V10AH
	Voltage (20°C)	Fully charged	13.2V
		Undercharged	12.3V
	Charging current		STD: 1.2 A Quick: 5.0A
	Charging time		STD: 5-10hr Quick: 60min
A.C. Generator	Capacity		180W/5000rpm
	Charging coil resistance (20°C)		Yellow~Yellow 1.6~2.5Ω
	Charging rpm		1300rpm max (14V)
	Charging performance		10.5A min/5000rpm
Regulator/Rectifier	Limit voltage		14.5±0.5V

TESTING INSTRUMENTS

Ammeter
Electric tester: YF-3501
Tachometer

TORQUE VALUES

Pulser coil bolt 4.9N-m
Coil lock bolt 8.8N-m
Flywheel nut 58.8N-m

16. BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM

SPECIAL TOOLS

Flywheel holder	E021
Flywheel puller	E003

TROUBLESHOOTING

No power

- Dead battery
- Disconnected battery cable
- Fuse burned out
- Faulty ignition switch

Low power

- Weak battery
- Loose battery connection
- Charging system failure
- Faulty regulator/rectifier

Intermittent power

- Loose battery cable connection
- Loose charging system connection
- Loose connection or short circuit in ignition system

Charging system failure

- Loose, broken or shorted wire or connector
- Faulty regulator/rectifier
- Faulty A.C. generator

BATTERY

Remove the seat and met-in box. (⇒2-3)
Remove the battery cover screw and the battery cover.
Remove the battery.
First disconnect the battery negative (-) cable and then the positive (+) cable.

- * When disconnecting the battery positive (+) cable, do not touch the frame with tool; otherwise it will cause short circuit and sparks to fire the fuel.

The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

- * First connect the positive (+) cable and then negative (-) cable to avoid short circuit.

BATTERY VOLTAGE INSPECTION (OPEN CIRCUIT VOLTAGE)

Disconnect the battery cables.
Measure the voltage between the battery terminals.

Fully charged : 13.2V

Undercharged : 12.3V max.

- * Battery charging inspection must be performed with a voltmeter.

CHARGING

Connect the charger positive (+) cable to the battery positive (+) terminal.
Connect the charger negative (-) cable to the battery negative (-) terminal.

- *
 - Keep flames and sparks away from a charging battery.
 - Turn power ON/OFF at the charger, not at the battery terminals to prevent sparks near the battery.
 - Charge the battery according to the current specified on the battery.
 - During quick charging, the battery temperature should not exceed 45°C.

- *
 - Quick charging should only be done in an emergency.
 - Measure the voltage 60 minutes after the battery is charged.

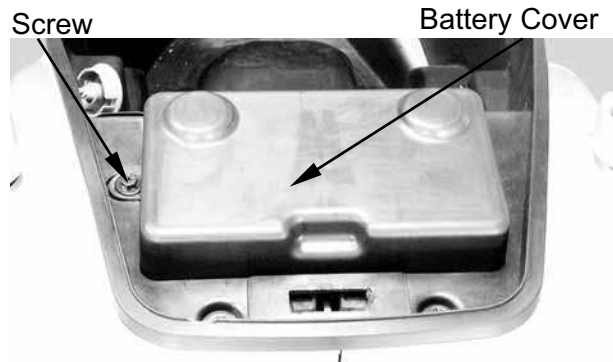
Charging current: Standard: 1.2A

Quick : 5A

Charging time : Standard: 5~10 hours

Quick : 60 minutes

After charging: Open circuit voltage: 12.8V min.



16. BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM

CHARGING SYSTEM

CURRENT TEST

- * Use a fully charged battery (12.8V min.) to check the charging system.

Warm up the engine before taking readings. Connect an electric tester across the battery terminals.

Disconnect the red wire from the fuse terminal and connect an ammeter between the red wire lead and the fuse terminal. Attach a tachometer to the engine.

Start the engine and gradually increase the engine speed to measure the limit voltage and current.

Limit Voltage/Current: 14 ~ 15V/0.5A max. (5000rpm max.)

If the limit voltage is not within the specified range, check the regulator/rectifier.

PERFORMANCE TEST

Engine Speed	2000rpm	5000rpm
Charging Current	7.5A min.	10.5A min.

- * When measuring the charging current, disconnect the black wire from the regulator/rectifier wire coupler.

If the readings do not meet the specified values, check the regulator/rectifier.

A.C. GENERATOR INSPECTION

- * This test can be made without removing the stator from the engine. Disconnect the yellow wire from the auto bystarter.

Remove the met-in box.

Disconnect the A.C. generator connector. Check the continuity between the yellow wires and ground.

There should be continuity between the yellow wires and no continuity between each yellow wire and ground.

Resistance:

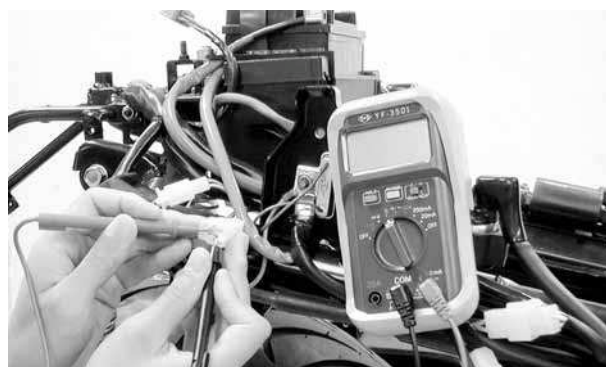
Yellow ~ Yellow	1.6 ~ 2.5Ω
-----------------	------------

Electric tester: YF-3501

Red Wire



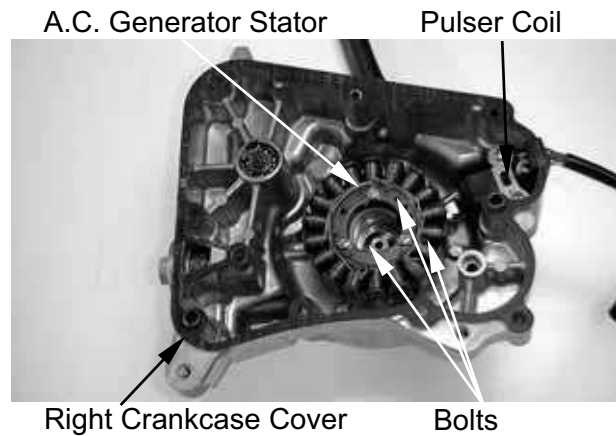
A.C. Generator Connector



A.C. GENERATOR REMOVAL

A.C. generator removal (⇒10-3)

A.C. generator installation (⇒10-6)



REGULATOR/RECTIFIER

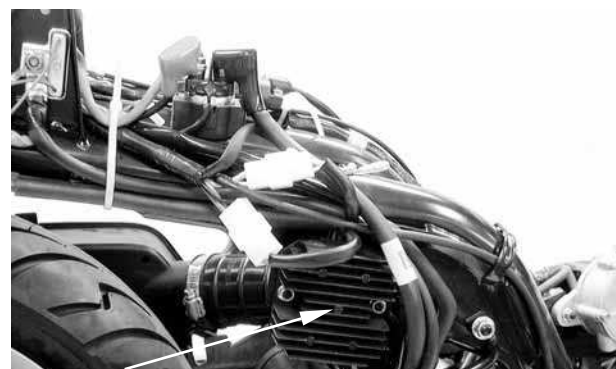
INSPECTION

Remove the met-in box. (⇒2-6)

Remove the regulator/rectifier wire coupler.
Check the continuity between the wire terminals.

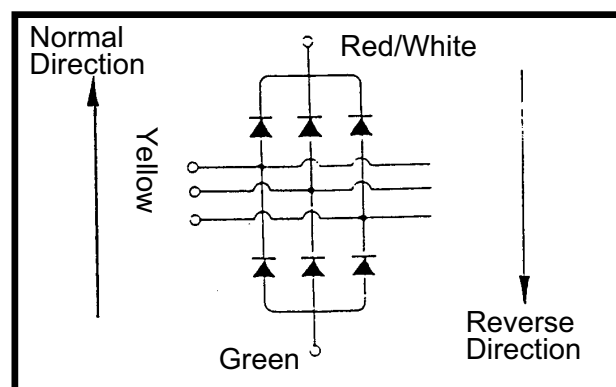
Normal Direction: Continuity

	(+) Probe	(-) Probe
I	Yellow	Green
II	Red/White	Yellow



Reverse Direction: No Continuity

	(+) Probe	(-) Probe
I	Green	Yellow
II	Yellow	Red/White

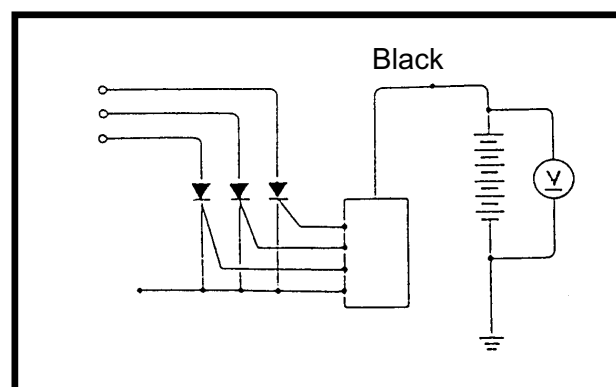


VOLTAGE REGULATION TEST

Connect a voltmeter across the battery terminals.

Start the engine and gradually increase the engine speed.

The battery terminal voltage should be within 14.0~15.0V.



17. IGNITION SYSTEM

17

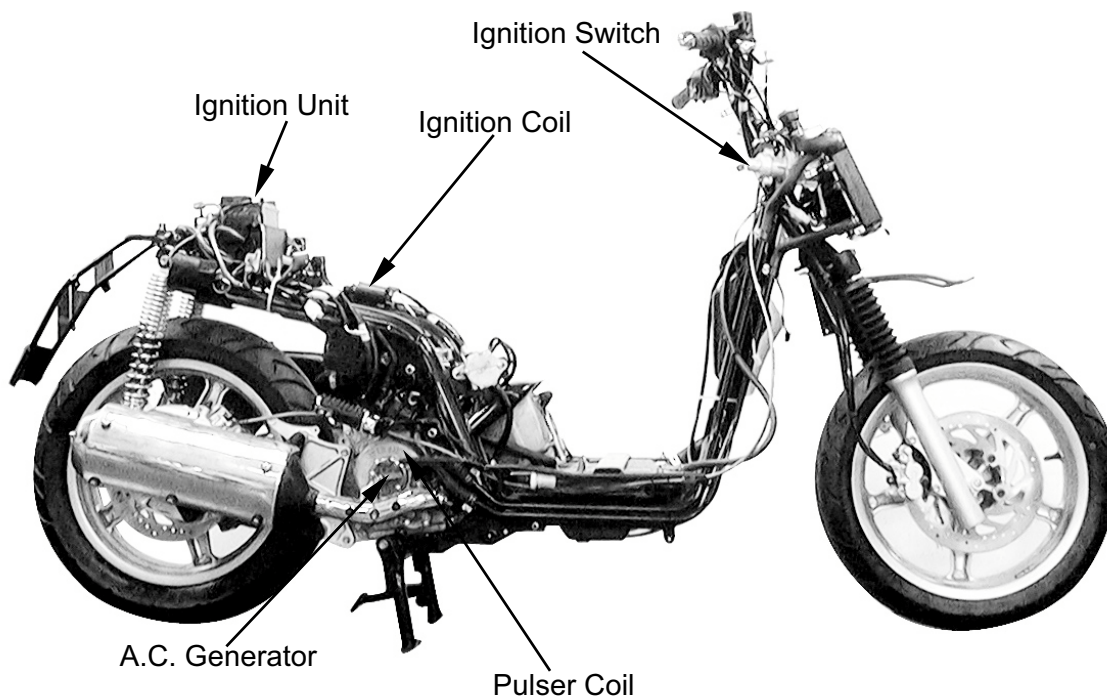
IGNITION SYSTEM

IGNITION SYSTEM LAYOUT -----	17-1
SERVICE INFORMATION-----	17-2
TROUBLESHOOTING -----	17-2
SPARK PLUG -----	17-3
IGNITION COIL INSPECTION -----	17-3
A.C. GENERATOR INSPECTION-----	17-4
IGNITION UNIT RESISTANCE INSPECTION -----	17-4

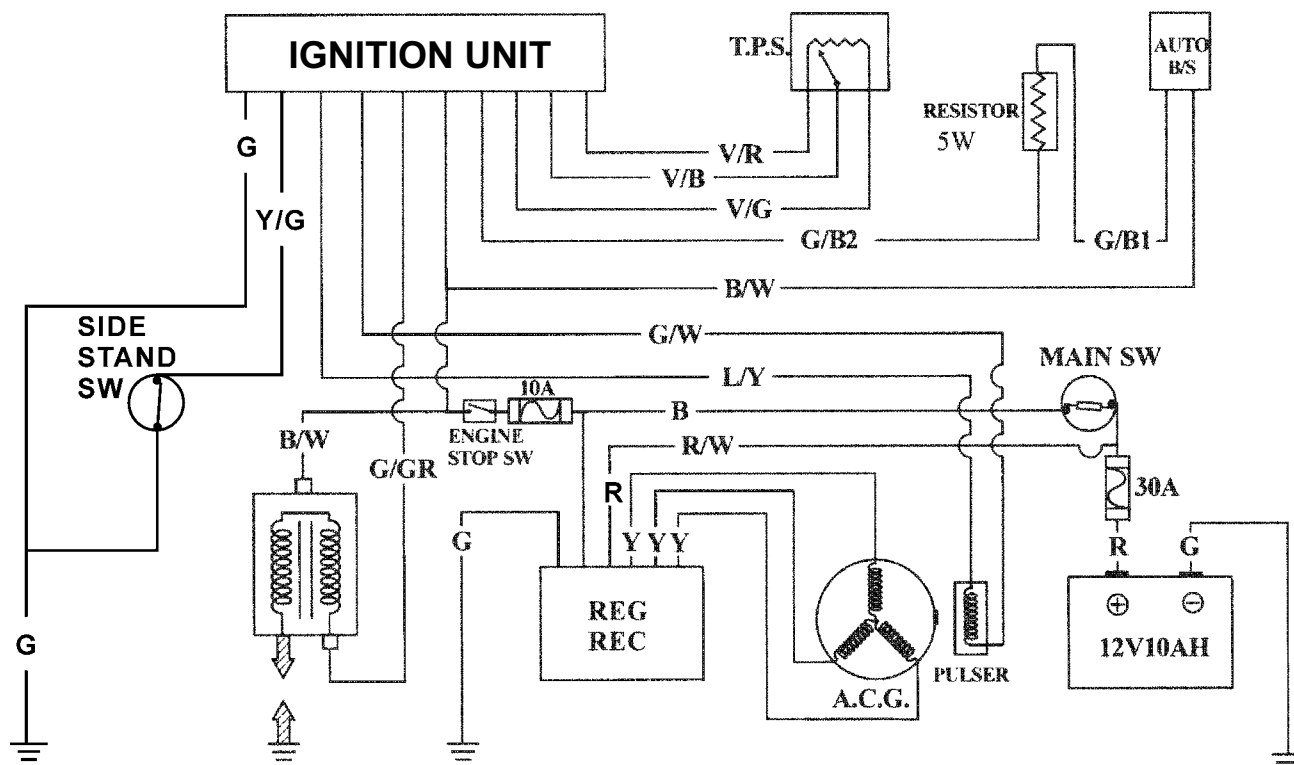
17. IGNITION SYSTEM

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

IGNITION SYSTEM LAYOUT



IGNITION CIRCUIT



17. IGNITION SYSTEM

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- Check the ignition system according to the sequence specified in the Troubleshooting. (⇒1-28)
- The ignition system adopts ignition unit and the ignition timing cannot be adjusted.
- If the timing is incorrect, inspect the ignition unit and A.C. generator and replace any faulty parts. Inspect the ignition unit with a ignition unit tester
- Loose connector and poor wire connection are the main causes of faulty ignition system. Check each connector before operation.
- Use of spark plug with improper heat range is the main cause of poor engine performance.
- The inspections in this section are focused on maximum voltage. The inspection of ignition coil resistance is also described in this section.
- Inspect the ignition switch according to the continuity table specified in page 19-3.
- Inspect the spark plug referring to Section 3.
- Remove the A.C. generator and pulser coil referring to Section 10.

SPECIFICATIONS

Item			Standard
Spark plug	Standard type		NGK DPR7EA9
Spark plug gap			0.7mm
Ignition timing	“F” mark Full advance		repeatedly
Ignition coil resistance (20℃)	Primary coil		3.6~4.1Ω
	Secondary coil	without plug cap	14KΩ
		with plug cap	19KΩ
Pulser coil resistance (20℃)			105~110Ω
Exciter coil resistance (20℃)			1.8~2.1Ω
Ignition coil primary side max. voltage			14V
Pulser coil max. voltage			1.6V
Exciter coil max. voltage			14V

TESTING INSTRUMENT

Electric tester: YF-3501

TROUBLESHOOTING

No spark at plug

- Faulty spark plug
- Poorly connected, broken or shorted wire
- Faulty ignition switch
- Faulty ignition coil
- Faulty ignition unit
- Faulty A.C. generator

Engine starts but turns poorly

- Ignition primary circuit
 - Faulty ignition coil
 - Poorly connected wire or connector
 - Poorly contacted ignition switch
- Ignition secondary circuit
 - Faulty ignition coil
 - Faulty spark plug
 - Faulty high-tension wire
 - Poorly insulated plug cap
- Improper ignition timing
 - Faulty A.C. generator
 - Stator not installed properly
 - Faulty ignition unit

17. IGNITION SYSTEM

SPARK PLUG

For spark plug inspection and adjustment, refer to page 3-5.

IGNITION COIL INSPECTION

Remove the seat and met-in box. (⇒2-6)
Remove the ignition coil

IGNITION COIL CONTINUITY TEST

Inspect the continuity of the ignition coil, primary coil and secondary coil.

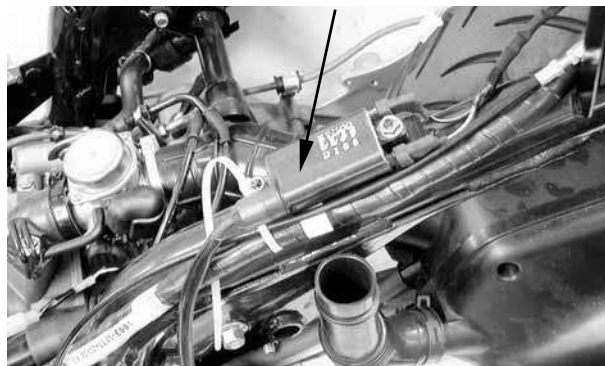
* This is a general test. Accurate ignition coil test must be performed with a ignition unit tester.

Measure the ignition coil resistances at 20°C.

Primary coil	3.6~4.1Ω
Secondary coil without plug cap	14KΩ
Secondary coil with plug cap	19KΩ

Electric tester: YF-3501

Ignition Coil



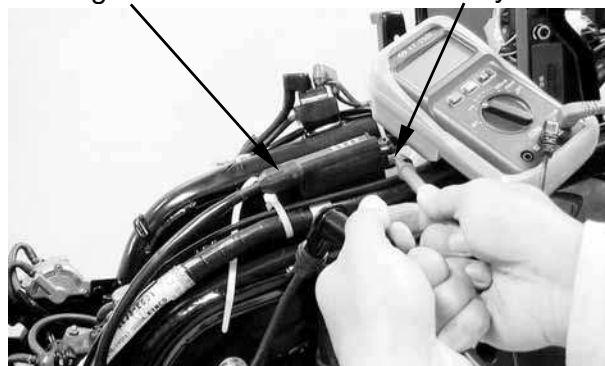
Ignition Coil

Primary Coil



Ignition Coil

Secondary Coil



17. IGNITION SYSTEM

A .C. GENERATOR INSPECTION

EXCITER COIL/PULSER COIL INSPECTION

- * This test is performed with the stator installed in the engine.

Remove the seat and met-in box. (⇒2-6)
Disconnect the A.C. generator connector.
Measure the exciter coil resistance between the black/white wire terminal and ground.

Black/white ~ Ground	8.1MΩ
----------------------	-------

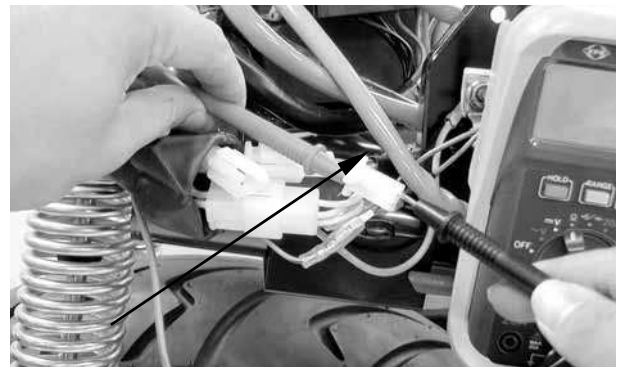
- * Measure the resistance in the XΩ range.

Electric tester: YF-3501

For A.C. generator removal/installation, refer to pages 10-3 and 10-6.
Disconnect the pulser coil wire coupler.
Measure the pulser coil resistance between the blue/white and green/white wire terminals.

Blue/Yellow ~ Green/White	105 ~ 110Ω
---------------------------	------------

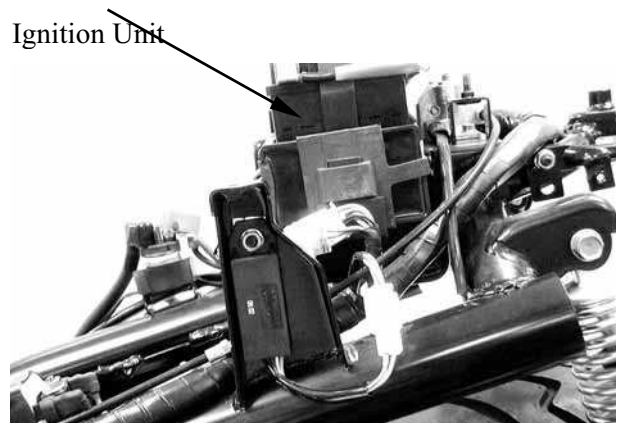
Electric tester: YF-3501



Pulser Coil Wire Coupler

IGNITION UNIT RESISTANCE INSPECTION

Measure the resistance between the terminals.
Replace the ignition unit if the readings are not within the specifications in the table below.

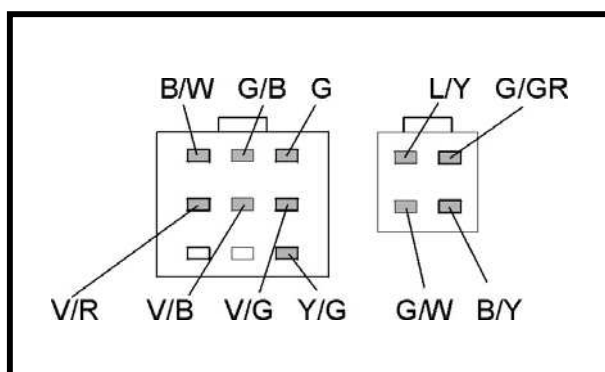
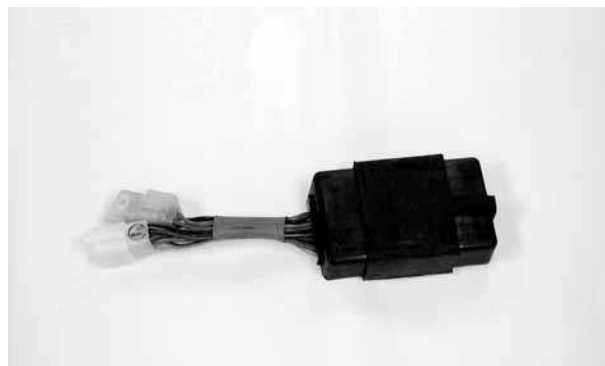


17. IGNITION SYSTEM

PEOPLE/PEOPLE S 250

*

- Due to the semiconductor in circuit, it is necessary to use a specified tester for accurate testing. Use of an improper tester in an improper range may give false readings.
- In this table, "Needle swings then returns" indicates that there is a charging current applied to a condenser. The needle will then remain at " ∞ " unless the condenser is discharged.



Unit: Ω

(+) (-)	L/Y	B/Y	G/GR	G/W	B/W	G/B	V/R	V/B	V/G	G	Y/G
L/Y		∞	∞	93K Ω	∞	∞	49.3K Ω	149K Ω	46.1K Ω	46.1K Ω	∞
B/Y	11M Ω		∞	11M Ω	991 Ω	∞	11M Ω	11M Ω	11M Ω	11M Ω	∞
G/GR	∞	∞		∞	∞	∞	∞	∞	∞	∞	∞
G/W	93K Ω	∞	13M Ω		∞	∞	50K Ω	150K Ω	47K Ω	47K Ω	∞
B/W	11M Ω	984 Ω	∞	11M Ω		∞	11M Ω	11M Ω	11M Ω	11M Ω	18M Ω
G/B	∞	∞	∞	∞	∞		∞	∞	∞	∞	∞
V/R	50K Ω	∞	12M Ω	49K Ω	∞	∞		99K Ω	4K Ω	4K Ω	∞
V/B	150K Ω	∞	12M Ω	150K Ω	∞	∞	99K Ω		103K Ω	103K Ω	∞
V/G	46K Ω	∞	12M Ω	47K Ω	∞	∞	4K Ω	103K Ω		0.5 Ω	∞
G	46K Ω	∞	12M Ω	47K Ω	∞	∞	4K Ω	103K Ω	0.5 Ω		∞
Y/G	∞	∞	∞	∞	∞	∞	∞	∞	∞	∞	

Electric tester: YF-3501

18. STARTING SYSTEM

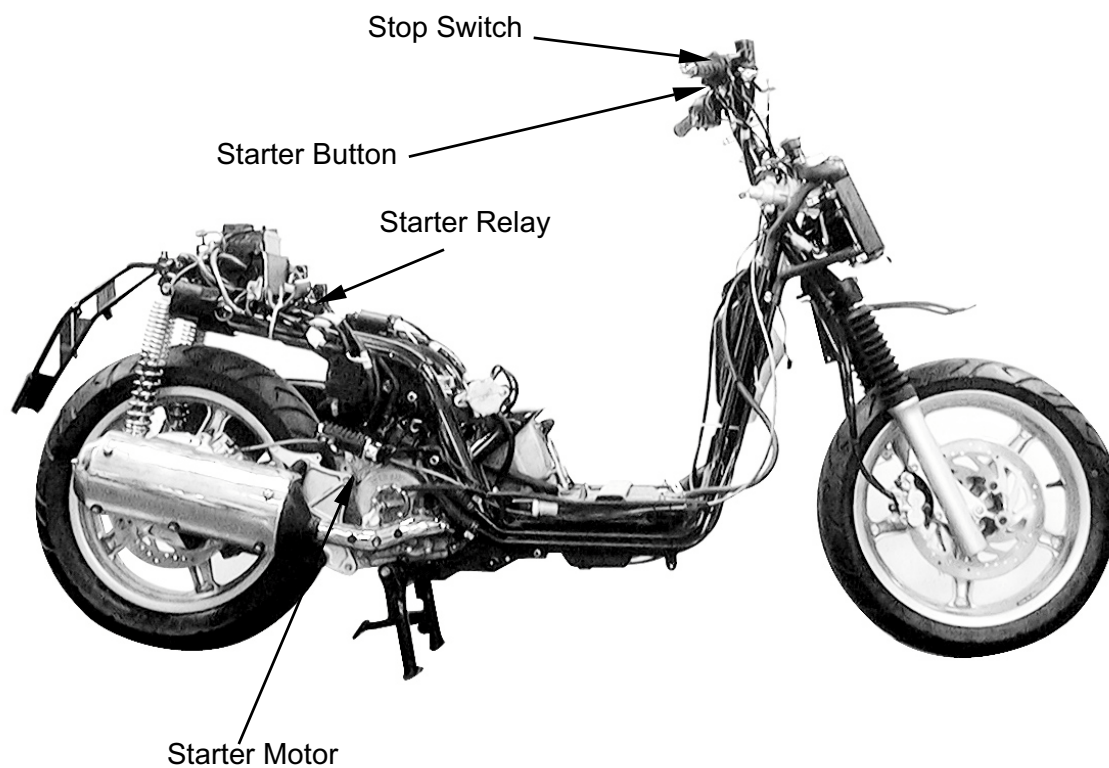
18

STARTING SYSTEM

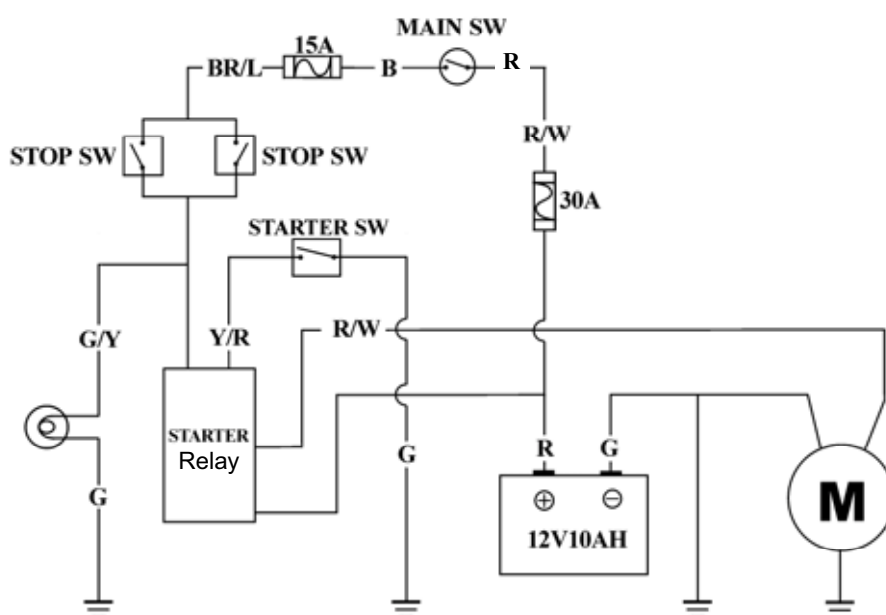
STARTING SYSTEM LAYOUT -----	18-1
SERVICE INFORMATION-----	18-2
TROUBLESHOOTING -----	18-2
STARTER MOTOR-----	18-3
STARTER CLUTCH INSPECTION -----	18-6
STARTER RELAY INSPECTION-----	18-6

18. STARTING SYSTEM

STARTING SYSTEM LAYOUT



STARTING CIRCUIT



18. STARTING SYSTEM

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The removal of starter motor can be accomplished with the engine installed.
- For the starter clutch removal, refer to page 10-3.
- After the starter clutch is installed, be sure to add the engine oil and coolant and then bleed air from the cooling system.

SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
Starter motor brush length	12.5mm	8.5mm

TORQUE VALUES

Starter motor mounting bolt	6.7~10.8N-m
Starter motor case screw	2.9~4.9N-m
Starter clutch bolt	9.8~13.7N-m

SPECIAL TOOLS

Flywheel holder
Flywheel puller

TROUBLESHOOTING

Starter motor won't turn

- Fuse burned out
- Weak battery
- Faulty ignition switch
- Faulty starter clutch
- Faulty front or rear stop switch
- Faulty starter relay
- Poorly connected, broken or shorted wire
- Faulty starter motor

Lack of power

- Weak battery
- Loose wire or connection
- Foreign matter stuck in starter motor or gear

Starter motor rotates but engine does not start

- Faulty starter pinion
- Starter motor rotates reversely
- Weak battery

18. STARTING SYSTEM

STARTER MOTOR

REMOVAL

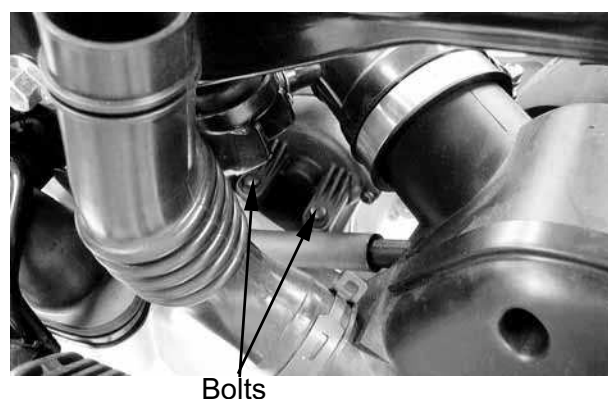
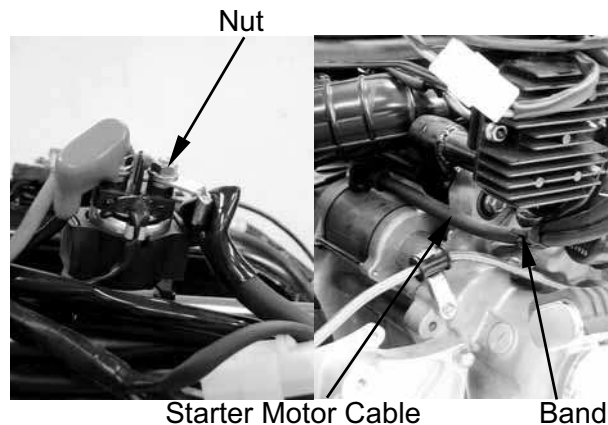
- Before removing the starter motor, turn the ignition switch OFF and remove the battery ground. Then, turn on the ignition switch and push the starter button to see if the starter motor operates properly.

Remove the seat, met-in box and carrier.
(⇒2-6)

Remove the body cover, center cover and rear fender A together. (⇒2-6)

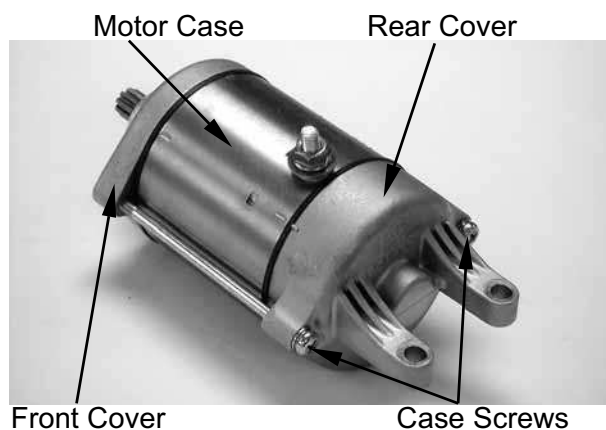
Remove the nut goes to the starter relay and relax cable band to disconnect the starter motor cable.

Remove the two starter motor mounting bolts and the motor.



DISASSEMBLY

Remove the two starter motor case screws, front cover, rear cover, motor case and other parts.



INSPECTION

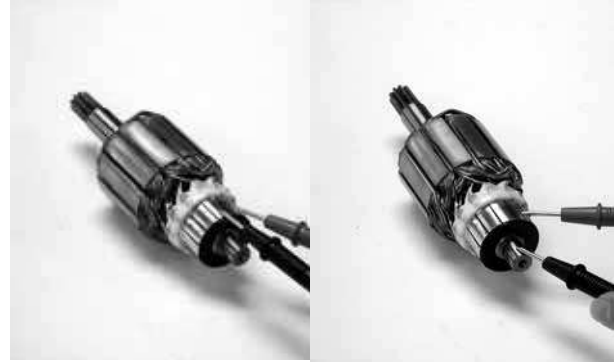
Inspect the removed parts for wear, damage or discoloration. Replace if necessary. Clean the commutator if there is metal powder between the segments.



18. STARTING SYSTEM

Check for continuity between pairs of the commutator segments and there should be continuity.

Also, make a continuity check between individual commutator segments and the armature shaft. There should be no continuity.



STARTER MOTOR CASE CONTINUITY CHECK

Check to confirm that there is no continuity between the starter motor wire terminal and the motor front cover.

Also check for the continuity between the wire terminal and each brush.

Replace if necessary.



Wire Terminal

Measure the length of the brushes.

Service Limit: 8.5mm replace if below

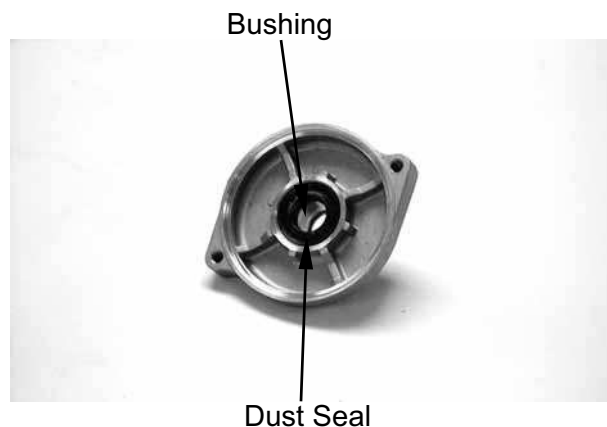


Check for continuity between the brushes. If there is continuity, replace with new ones.



18. STARTING SYSTEM

Check if the needle bearing in the front cover turns freely and has no excessive play.
Replace if necessary.
Check the dust seal for wear or damage.



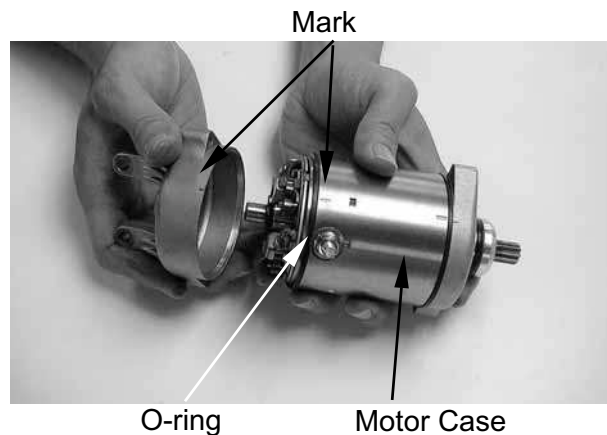
ASSEMBLY

Apply grease to the dust seal in the front cover.
Install the brushes onto the brush holders.
Apply a thin coat of grease to the two ends of the armature shaft.
Insert the commutator into the front cover.



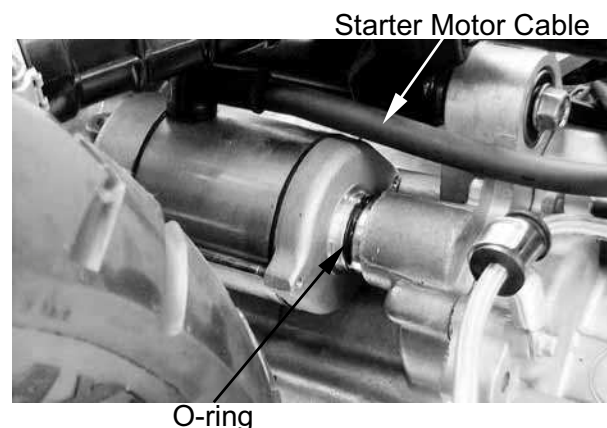
Motor Case

Install a new O-ring to the front cover.
Install the starter motor case, aligning the tab on the motor case with the groove on the front cover.
Tighten the starter motor case screws.



INSTALLATION

Connect the starter motor cable.
Check the O-ring for wear or damage and replace if necessary.
Apply grease to the O-ring and install it to the starter motor.
Tighten the two mounting bolts.



18. STARTING SYSTEM

STARTER CLUTCH INSPECTION

Refer to pages 10-4 and 10-5 for the starter clutch removal, inspection and installation.



STARTER RELAY INSPECTION

Disconnect the starter relay wire connector. Check for continuity between the yellow/red wire terminal and ground. There should be continuity when the starter button is depressed. If there is no continuity, check the starter button for continuity and inspect the wire.



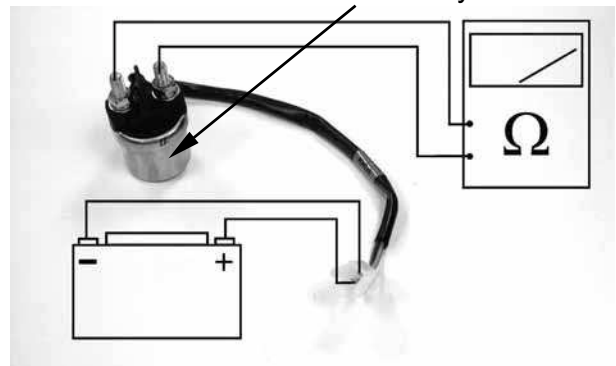
Yellow/Red Wire

Starter Relay

OPERATION TEST

Connect the electric tester to the starter relay larger terminals that connect to the battery positive cable and the starter motor cable. Connect a fully charged battery across the starter relay yellow/red and green/yellow wire terminals.

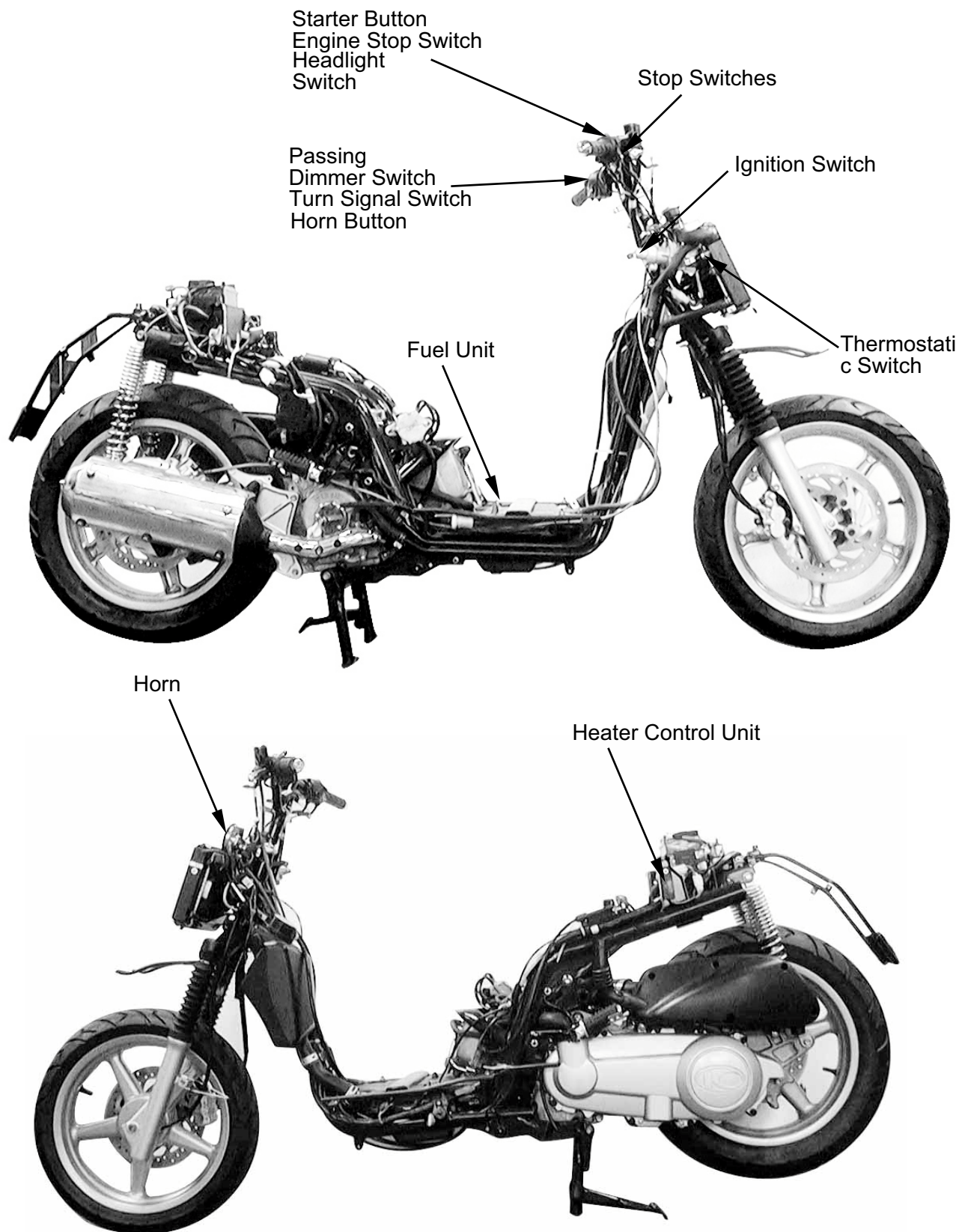
Check for continuity between the starter relay large terminals. The relay is normal if there is continuity.



**SWITCHES/HORN/FUEL UNIT/THERMOSTATIC SWITCH/TEMPERATURE GAUGE/
INSTRUMENTS/LIGHTS**

ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT LAYOUT	19-1
SERVICE INFORMATION.....	19-2
TROUBLESHOOTING	19-2
SWITCHES.....	19-3
HORN INSPECTION.....	19-5
FUEL UNIT	19-5
THERMOSTATIC SWITCH	19-6
TEMPERATURE METER.....	19-6
INSTRUMENTS	19-7
LIGHTS.....	19-8
SIDE STAND SWITCH	19-8
HEATER WIRING DIAGRAM.....	19-9

ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT LAYOUT



SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- After installation of each switch, a continuity check must be performed. A continuity check can usually be made without removing the part from the motorcycle.

TESTING INSTRUMENT

Electric tester

TROUBLESHOOTING

Lights do not come on when ignition switch is "ON"

- Burned bulb
- Faulty switch
- Poorly connected, broken or shorted wire

Temperature gauge does not register correctly

- Faulty temperature gauge
- Faulty thermosensor
- Broken or shorted wire between temperature gauge and thermosensor

Fuel gauge pointer does not move or register correctly

- Faulty fuel gauge
- Faulty fuel unit
- Poorly connected wire between fuel gauge and fuel unit
- Fuse burned out

SPECIFICATIONS

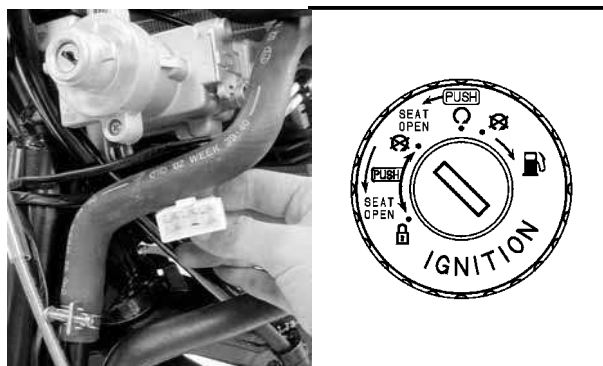
Fuse	10A,15A,30A
Headlight bulb	12V 35W/35W
Turn signal light bulb	12V 10W
Stoplight/taillight	12V 21/5W
License plate light	12V 5W
Position light	12V 5W
Turn signal indicator light	12V 3W

SWITCHES

IGNITION SWITCH INSPECTION

Remove the frame front covers. (⇒2-5)
Disconnect the ignition switch wire couplers.
Check for continuity between the wire terminals.

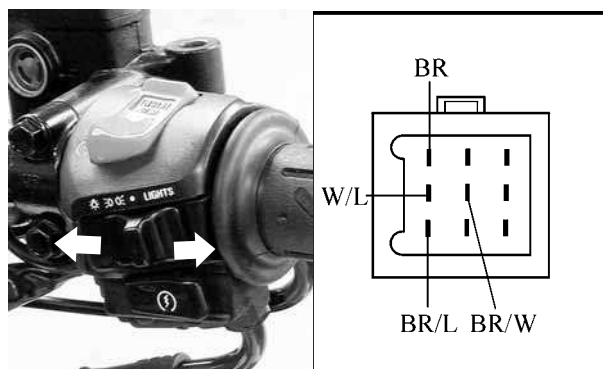
Color Position	Red	Black/W hite	Green	Black
PARK				
LOCK		○	○	
OFF		○	○	
ON	○			○



HEADLIGHT SWITCH INSPECTION

Remove the handlebar front covers. (⇒2-3)
Disconnect the headlight switch wire couplers.
Check for continuity between the wire terminals.

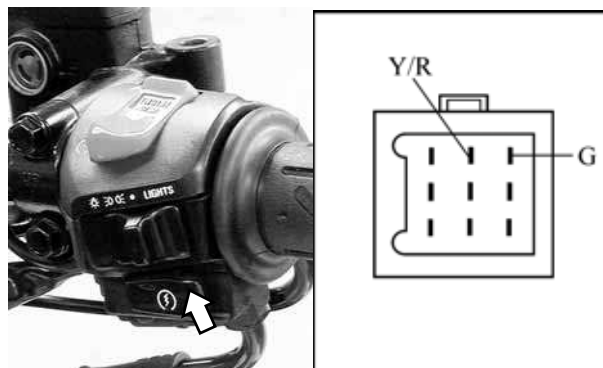
Color Position	White / Blue	Brown/ Blue	Brown	Brown/ White
■				
P		○	○	○
H	○	○	○	



STARTER SWITCH INSPECTION

Remove the handlebar front covers. (⇒2-3)
Disconnect the starter switch wire couplers.
Depress the starter button and check for continuity between the wire terminals.

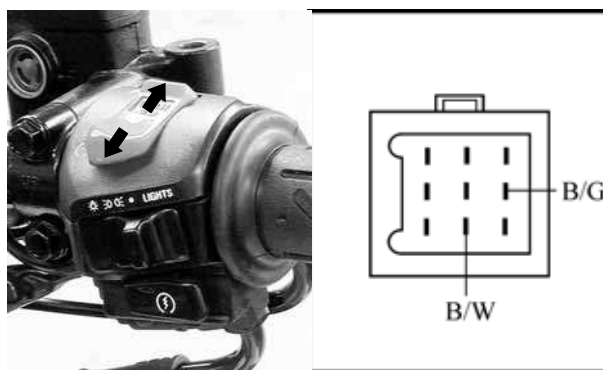
Color Position	Yellow/Red	Green
FREE		
PUSH	○	○



ENGINE STOP SWITCH

Remove the handlebar front cover. (⇒2-3)
Disconnect the wire couplers.
Checks for continuity between the engine stop switch wire terminals.

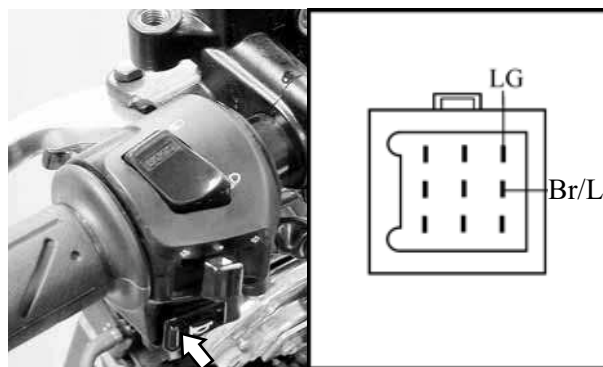
Color Position	Black/White	Black/Green
OFF		
ON	○	○



HORN BUTTON INSPECTION

Remove the handlebar front covers. (⇒2-3)
Disconnect the horn wire couplers.
Depress the horn button and check for continuity between the wire terminals.

Color Position	Light Green	Brown/Blue
FREE		
PUSH		

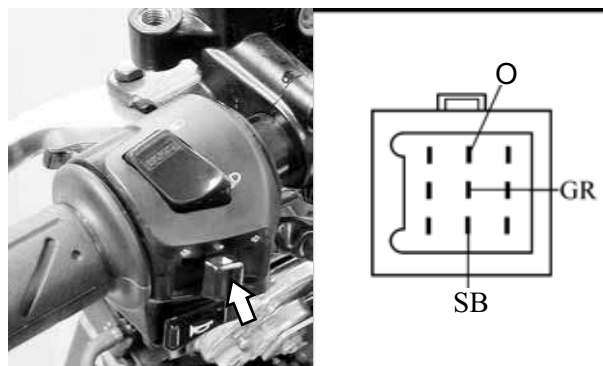


Horn Button

TURN SIGNAL SWITCH INSPECTION

Remove the handlebar front covers. (⇒2-3)
Disconnect the turn signal switch wire couplers and turn on the turn signal switch.
Check for continuity between the wire terminals.

Color Position	Light Blue	Gray	Orange
L			
N			
R			



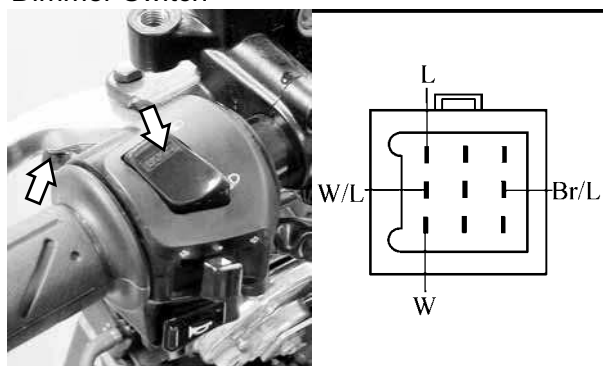
Turn Signal Switch

DIMMER SWITCH INSPECTION

Remove the handlebar front covers. (⇒2-3)
Disconnect the headlight dimmer switch wire couplers.
Turn on the dimmer switch and check for continuity between the wire terminals.

Color Position	White/Blue	Blue	White	Brown/Blue
LO				
HI				
PASSING				

Dimmer Switch

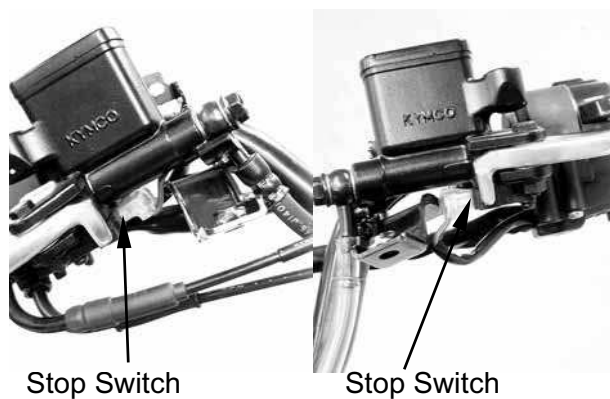


PASSING

STOP SWITCH INSPECTION

Remove the handlebar front covers. (⇒2-3)
Disconnect the front/rear stop switch wire couplers.
Check for continuity between the wire terminals when the front brake lever is applied.

Color Position	Brown/Blue	Green/Yellow
FREE		
APPLY		



Stop Switch

Stop Switch

HORN INSPECTION

Remove the front cover. (⇒2-5)
Disconnect the horn wire couplers.
The horn is normal if it sounds when a 12V battery is connected across the horn wire terminals.

Horn



FUEL UNIT

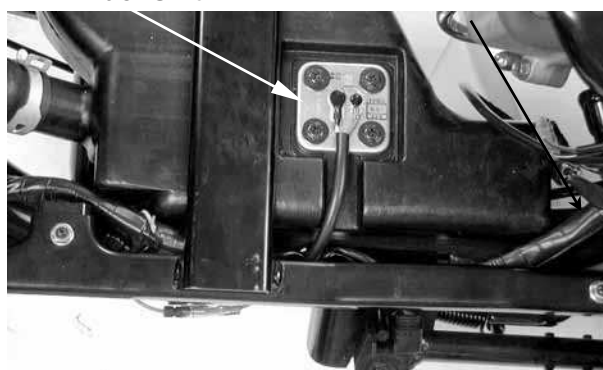
FUEL UNIT INSPECTION

Remove the fuel unit.
Disconnect the fuel unit wire connectors.
Measure the resistance between the fuel unit wire terminals with the float at upper and lower positions.

Wire Terminals	Upper	Lower
Y/W~G	9.1~9.3Ω	95~96Ω

Electric tester: YF-3501

Fuel Unit



FUEL METER INSPECTION

Connect the fuel unit wire connectors and turn the ignition switch "ON".

* Before performing the following test, operate the turn signals to determine that the battery circuit is normal.

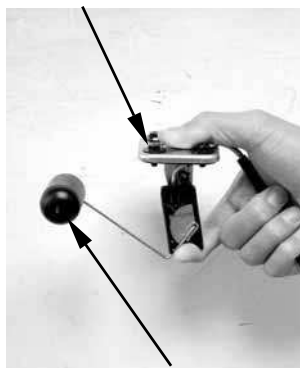
Check the fuel meter for correct indication by moving the fuel unit float up and down.

Float Position	Display
Upper	Much (Full)
Lower	Less (Empty)

Wire Terminals	Display
Free	From Much to Less
Apply	From Less to Much

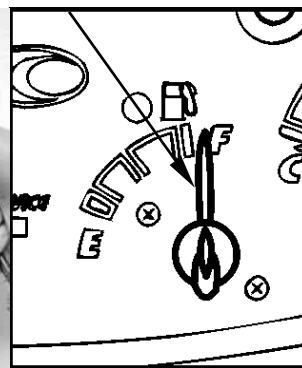
The fuel meter is normal if it operates as above indicated. If not, check for loosely tightened nuts, poorly connected terminals or shorted wires.

Fuel Unit

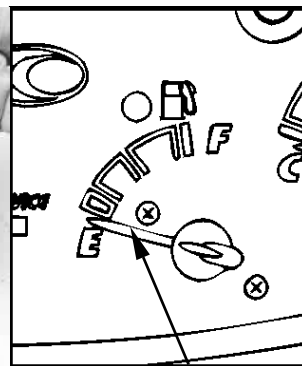


Upper

Fuel Full



Lower



Fuel Empty

THERMOSTATIC SWITCH

INSPECTION

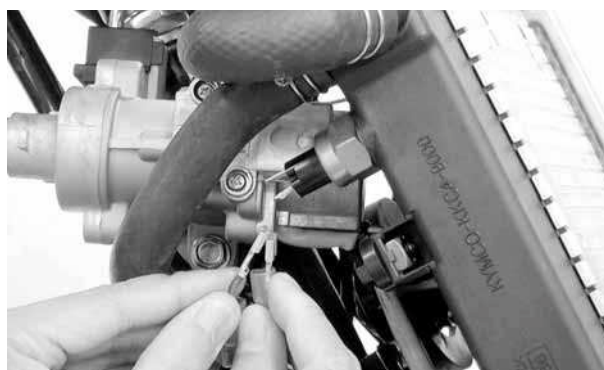
Remove the front covers. (⇒2-5)
Start and run the engine to make the water temperature reaches $85^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 90^{\circ}\text{C}$ and check if the cooling fan motor operates. Lower the water temperature to 85°C and check if the fan motor stops.
If the fan motor does not start, disconnect the wires from the thermostatic switch and then connect a jumper wire between the wire harness and thermosensor wires (black and green wires).

Turn the ignition switch ON. The thermostatic switch is faulty if the cooling fan motor runs properly.
If it does not start, check for voltage between the fan motor coupler wire terminals (black~green).
If there is no voltage, check for the following:

- Blown or faulty fuse
- Loose terminals or connectors
- Shorted wire in the wire harness



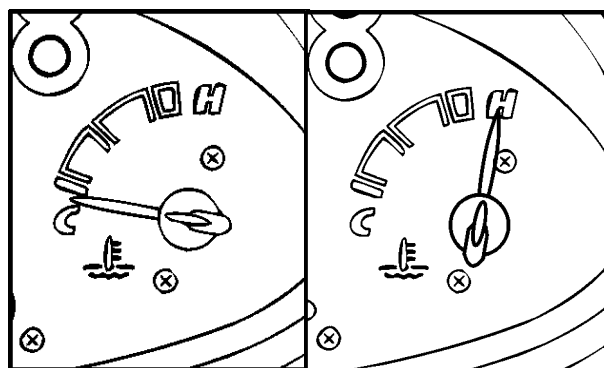
Wire Thermostatic Switch



TEMPERATURE METER

Disconnect the wire from the thermosensor and ground it to the engine.
Turn the ignition switch ON.
The temperature gauge needle should move all the way to "H".

* Do not leave the thermosensor wire grounded for longer than 5 seconds or the temperature gauge will be damaged.



HEATER CONTROLLER UNIT INSPECTION

1. Open ignition switch to check if the brown /blue wire of it is enough voltage.
2. Put the heater controller unit in refrigerator.
Start engine after keeping the temperature under $10 \pm 4^{\circ}\text{C}$.
3. Check if the yellow wire of heater controller unit has output voltage.
Start engine and if the temperature of heater controller unit is under $10 \pm 4^{\circ}\text{C}$. Check if the white/yellow wire of heater controller unit has output voltage. If it has not any voltage. It is damaged.



THROTTLE POSTTION SENSOR

Unit:KΩ

⊕	V/R	V/G	V/B
V/R		4~6	∞
V/G	4~6		0~5±1
V/B	∞	0~5±1	



T.P.S.

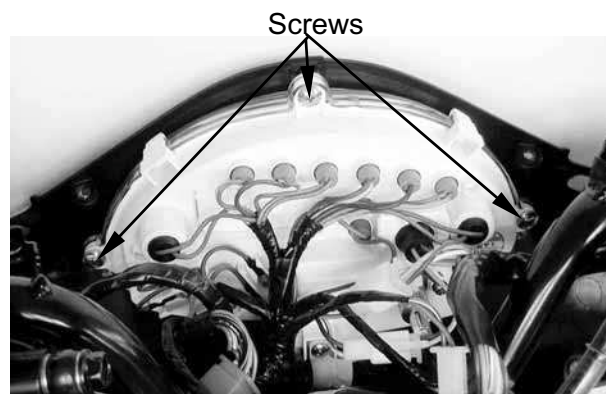
INSTRUMENTS

REMOVAL

Remove the handlebar rear cover. (⇒2-4)
Remove the three screws under instruments.
Remove the instruments from the handlebar rear cover.

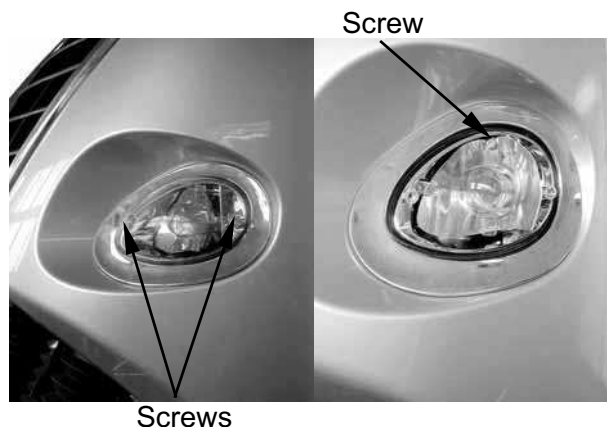
INSTALLATION

The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.



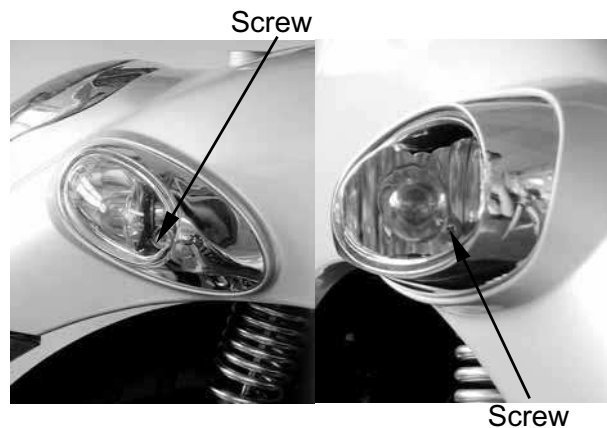
FRONT TURN SIGNAL LIGHT BULB REPLACEMENT

Remove the two screws attaching the turn signal light shell and remove the screw attaching bulb shell.
Remove the bulb and replace with a new one.



REAR TURN SIGNAL LIGHT BULB REPLACEMENT

Remove the one screw attaching the turn signal light shell and remove the screw bulb shell.
Remove the bulb and replace with a new one.



FRONT POSITION LIGHT /HEADLIGHT BULB REPLACEMENT

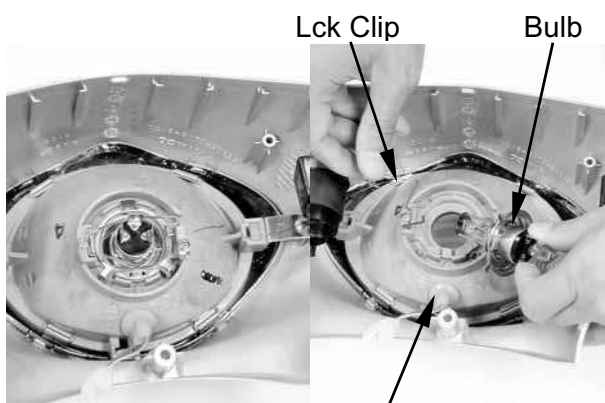
Remove the handlebar front cover. (⇒2-3)
Remove the position bulb socket by turning
them counterclockwise.
Remove the bulb and replace with new one.

Disconnect the headlight wire couplers.
Remove the rubber boot from the bulb socket.



Front Position Light Bulb Socket

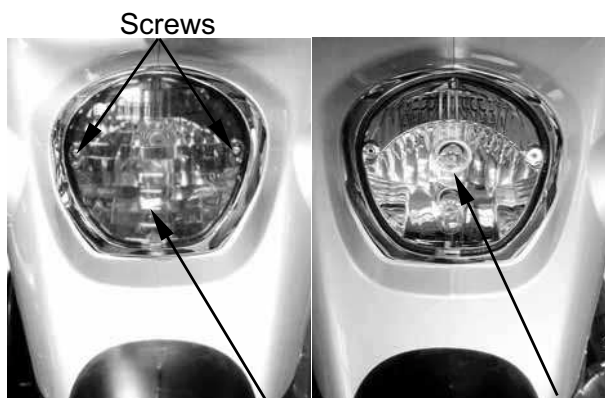
Relax the lock clip to remove the bulb and
replace with new one.
Install the bulb, aligning the bulb socket tab
with the groove and set the lock clip.
Install the rubber boot.
Install the handlebar front cover in the
reverse order of removal.



Front Position Light Bulb Sockets

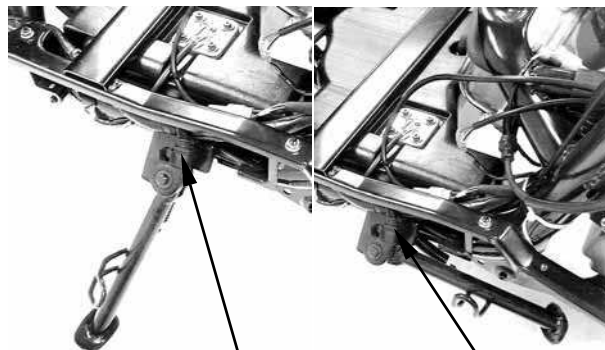
TAILLIGHT LIGHT BULB EPLACEMENT

Remove the two screws attaching the rear
light shell and remove the light shell.
Remove the bulb and replace with new ones.
The installation sequence is the reverse of
removal.



SIDE STAND SWITCH

Color Position	Yellow/ Green	Green	Yellow/ Black
DOWN		○	○
UP	○	○	



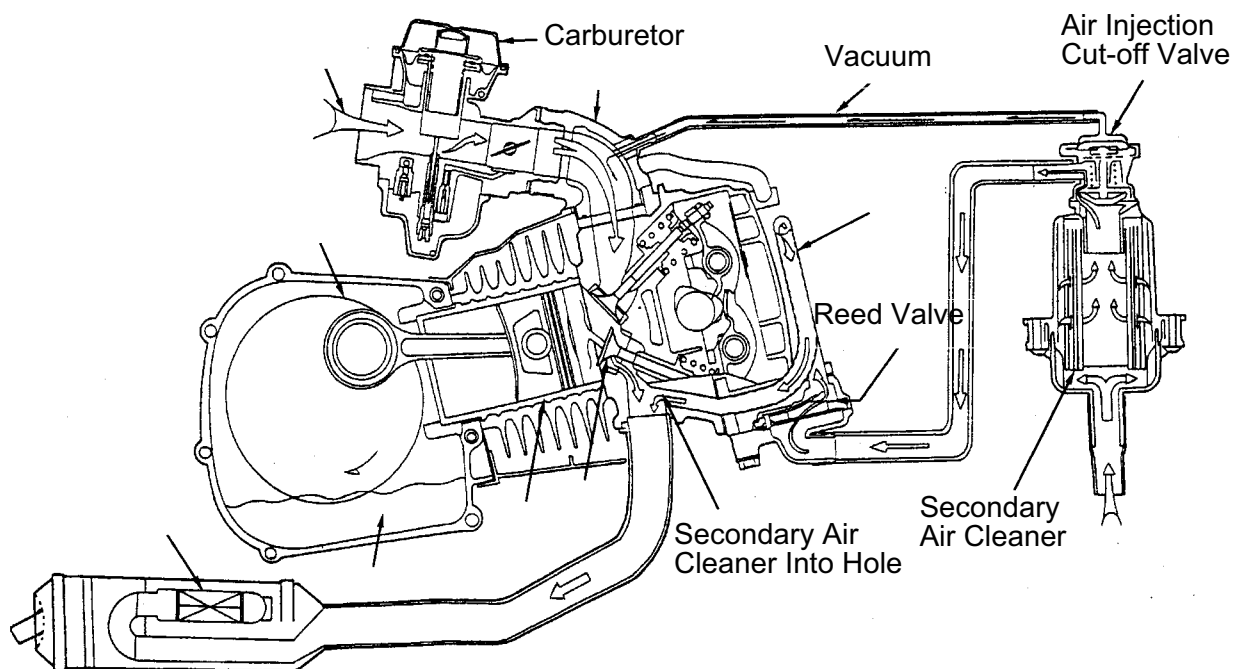
Side Stand Switch

Side Stand Switch

EXHAUST EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM

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SCHEMATIC DRAWING



EXHAUST EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM

The exhaust emission control system adopted in this model utilizes the reed valve to draw secondary air into the exhaust system for re-combustion by means of exhaust pulsation so as to minimize the exhaust emission.

FUNCTION

Item	Purpose	Function
Secondary Air Cleaner	Filter secondary air.	It filters the fresh air drawn for re-burning to prevent dirt or dust from affecting the operation of the air injection cut-off valve.
Air Injection Cut-off Valve	Prevent exhaust muffler noise and backfiring at sudden deceleration.	The air injection cut-off valve usually opens to lead air into the exhaust muffler in which air is re-burned to reduce CO. When the throttle valve closes suddenly, the air injection cut-off valve is actuated by vacuum to close and cut off secondary air in order to prevent exhaust muffler backfiring due to air in the exhaust system.
Reed Valve	Control the secondary air inlet to reduce CO.	When the motorcycle speed is less than 50km per hour, the reed valve operates to draw secondary air into the exhaust system for re-combustion.

TROUBLESHOOTING

High CO at idle speed

1. Damaged or clogged reed valve
2. Damaged or clogged air injection cut-off valve
3. Clogged air cleaner

Backfiring at sudden deceleration

1. Damaged reed valve (malfunction)
2. Faulty air injection cut-off valve (unable to close)
3. Carburetor incorrectly adjusted
4. Faulty air cut-off valve
5. Leaking vacuum tube

Exhaust muffler noise

1. Faulty air injection cut-off valve
2. Broken vacuum tube
3. Faulty reed valve

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- During operation, be careful to avoid scalding caused by the exhaust muffler.
- Note the locations of tubes for proper installation.
- Replace any damaged tube with a new one.
- Make sure to tighten the connector of each tube securely

TOOLS

- Vacuum pump

SPECIFICATIONS

Air injection cut-off valve actuating pressure —
250mm/Hg — 30 liter/min.

Reed valve stopper clearance — 4.6mm

SECONDARY AIR CLEANER / AIR INJECTION CUT-OFF VALVE (A.I.C.V.)

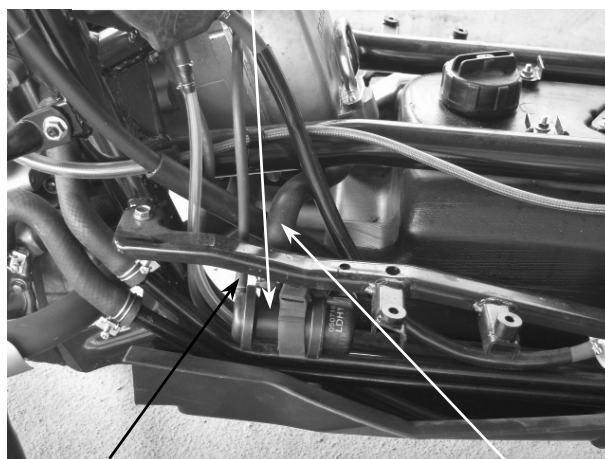
REMOVAL

Remove the seat. (⇒2-4)

Remove the body cover.

Disconnect the secondary air cleaner / (A.I.C.V) connecting tube.

Secondary Air Cleaner / A.I.C.V.



Vacuum Tube

Air Outlet Tube

INSPECTION

Inspect the air injection cut-off valve flow using a vacuum pump. If the flow is not within the specified values, replace with a new one.

The flow should be at least 30 liter/min when a vacuum of 250mm/Hg is applied.

The flow should be at least 1.6 liter/min when a vacuum of 320mm/Hg is applied.

Check each connecting tube for cracks or damage and replace if necessary.

INSTALLATION

The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

Air Outlet Tube



Air Inlet Tube

Vacuum Tube

*

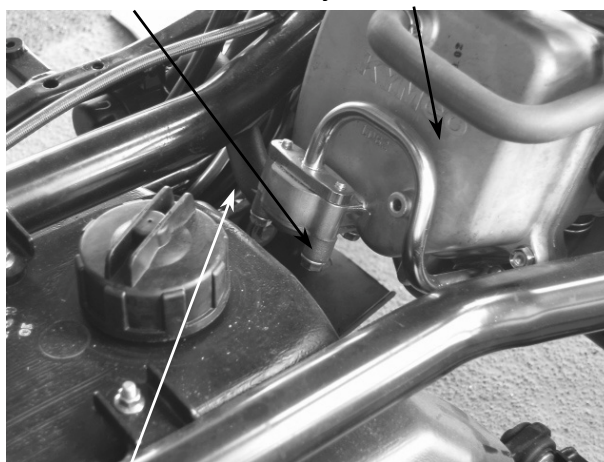
- The secondary air cleaner must be assembled and installed properly to avoid dust entering the air cleaner.
- When installing, be careful not to bend or twist the tubes and check for proper installation.
- The tube length is very important to its performance, use the tube of same specification for replacement.

REED VALVE

REMOVAL

Remove the frame body cover.
Remove the floor-foot cover.
Disconnect the secondary air inlet tube connector.
Remove the reed valve cover three bolts and two secondary air outlet tube bolts.

Reed Valve Cover Cylinder Head Cover



Secondary Air Inlet Tube

Remove the three bolts attaching the reed valve cover and the reed valve.



Reed Valve

INSPECTION

Check the reed valve for cracks, damage, big clearance or weak reeds. Replace if necessary.
Check the gasket and O-ring for damage or deterioration and replace if necessary.
Reed valve stopper clearance: 4.6mm

INSTALLATION

Install the reed valve in the reverse order of removal.

*

- When installing, be careful not to bend or twist the tubes and check for proper installation.



Reed Stopper